

# George D Weiblen

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

97  
papers

8,830  
citations

71004

43  
h-index

51423

90  
g-index

103  
all docs

103  
docs citations

103  
times ranked

10186  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Distribution of biomass dynamics in relation to tree size in forests across the world. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 234, 1664-1677.	3.5	24
2	Predicting distributions of <i>Wolbachia</i> strains through host ecological contact—Who's manipulating whom?. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 12, e8826.	0.8	1
3	Molecular Systematics, Species Concepts, and Myrmecophytism in <i>Cecropia</i> (Cecropiaceae). <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overloc</i>	0.2	0
4	ForestGEO: Understanding forest diversity and dynamics through a global observatory network. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 253, 108907.	1.9	122
5	A new <i>Cannabis</i> genome assembly associates elevated cannabidiol (CBD) with hemp introgressed into marijuana. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021, 230, 1665-1679.	3.5	87
6	Inter-specific aggression generates ant mosaics in canopies of primary tropical rainforest. <i>Oikos</i> , 2021, 130, 1087-1099.	1.2	9
7	Spatial scaling of plant and bird diversity from 50 to 10,000 ha in a lowland tropical rainforest. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2021, 196, 101-113.	0.9	1
8	Common spatial patterns of trees in various tropical forests: Small trees are associated with increased diversity at small spatial scales. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 11, 8085-8095.	0.8	4
9	Language and ethnobiological skills decline precipitously in Papua New Guinea, the world's most linguistically diverse nation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	14
10	Arbuscular mycorrhizal trees influence the latitudinal beta-diversity gradient of tree communities in forests worldwide. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 3137.	5.8	28
11	Host specificity and interaction networks of insects feeding on seeds and fruits in tropical rainforests. <i>Oikos</i> , 2021, 130, 1462-1476.	1.2	10
12	New Species Assemblages Disrupt Obligatory Mutualisms Between Figs and Their Pollinators. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 8, .	1.1	5
13	New Guinea has the world's richest island flora. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 584, 579-583.	13.7	108
14	Validating a predictive model of cannabinoid inheritance with feral, clinical, and industrial <i>Cannabis sativa</i> . <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2020, 107, 1423-1432.	0.8	17
15	Spatial covariance of herbivorous and predatory guilds of forest canopy arthropods along a latitudinal gradient. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2020, 23, 1499-1510.	3.0	12
16	Evolution and classification of figs ( <i>Ficus</i> , Moraceae) and their close relatives (Castilleae) united by involucre bracts. <i>Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2020, 193, 316-339.	0.8	10
17	Contrasting patterns of fig wasp communities along Mt. Wilhelm, Papua New Guinea. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2020, 52, 323-334.	0.8	4
18	Compound Specific Trends of Chemical Defences in <i>Ficus</i> Along an Elevational Gradient Reflect a Complex Selective Landscape. <i>Journal of Chemical Ecology</i> , 2020, 46, 442-454.	0.9	11

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19	Direct and indirect effects of climate on richness drive the latitudinal diversity gradient in forest trees. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2019, 22, 245-255.	3.0	92
20	High specialization and limited structural change in plant-herbivore networks along a successional chronosequence in tropical montane forest. <i>Ecography</i> , 2019, 42, 162-172.	2.1	19
21	Faster speciation of fig-wasps than their host figs leads to decoupled speciation dynamics: Snapshots across the speciation continuum. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2019, 28, 3958-3976.	2.0	14
22	Quantitative assessment of plant-arthropod interactions in forest canopies: A plot-based approach. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0222119.	1.1	20
23	The insect-focused classification of fruit syndromes in tropical rain forests: An intercontinental comparison. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2019, 51, 39-49.	0.8	2
24	Patterns of nitrogen-fixing tree abundance in forests across Asia and America. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2019, 107, 2598-2610.	1.9	29
25	Determinants of Piper (Piperaceae) climber composition in a lowland tropical rainforest in New Guinea. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2019, 54, 227-238.	0.4	0
26	Pollination along an elevational gradient mediated both by floral scent and pollinator compatibility in the fig and fig-wasp mutualism. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 2256-2273.	1.9	37
27	A cross-continental comparison of assemblages of seed- and fruit-feeding insects in tropical rain forests: Faunal composition and rates of attack. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2018, 45, 1395-1407.	1.4	12
28	Tropical forest dynamics in unstable terrain: a case study from New Guinea. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2018, 34, 157-175.	0.5	12
29	Community structure of insect herbivores is driven by conservatism, escalation and divergence of defensive traits in <i>Ficus</i> . <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 83-92.	3.0	80
30	Spatial scale changes the relationship between beta diversity, species richness and latitude. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2018, 5, 181168.	1.1	29
31	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	6
32	Response to Comment on "Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale". <i>Science</i> , 2018, 360, .	6.0	9
33	Global importance of large-diameter trees. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2018, 27, 849-864.	2.7	330
34	Phylogenetic trophic specialization: a robust comparison of herbivorous guilds. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2017, 185, 551-559.	0.9	21
35	Variably hungry caterpillars: predictive models and foliar chemistry suggest how to eat a rainforest. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 284, 20171803.	1.2	25
36	Plant diversity increases with the strength of negative density dependence at the global scale. <i>Science</i> , 2017, 356, 1389-1392.	6.0	222

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37	Spatial patterns of tree species distribution in New Guinea primary and secondary lowland rain forest. <i>Journal of Vegetation Science</i> , 2016, 27, 328-339.	1.1	45
38	Fruit sizes and the structure of frugivorous communities in a New Guinea lowland rainforest. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2016, 41, 228-237.	0.7	12
39	Phylogeny of the Cecropieae (Urticaceae) and the Evolution of an Ant-Plant Mutualism. <i>Systematic Botany</i> , 2016, 41, 56-66.	0.2	22
40	Gene duplication and divergence affecting drug content in <i>Cannabis sativa</i> . <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2015, 208, 1241-1250.	3.5	146
41	Forest carbon in lowland Papua New Guinea: Local variation and the importance of small trees. <i>Austral Ecology</i> , 2015, 40, 151-159.	0.7	36
42	DNA Barcodes of Lepidoptera Reared from Yawan, Papua New Guinea. <i>Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington</i> , 2015, 117, 247.	0.0	4
43	The global distribution of diet breadth in insect herbivores. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2015, 112, 442-447.	3.3	454
44	CTFS ForestGEO: a worldwide network monitoring forests in an era of global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 528-549.	4.2	473
45	Trophic phylogenetics: evolutionary influences on body size, feeding, and species associations in grassland arthropods. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 998-1009.	1.5	20
46	Frugivorous weevils are too rare to cause Janzen-Connell effects in New Guinea lowland rain forest. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2014, 30, 521-535.	0.5	16
47	Cross-continental comparisons of butterfly assemblages in tropical rainforests: implications for biological monitoring. <i>Insect Conservation and Diversity</i> , 2013, 6, 223-233.	1.4	36
48	Phylogenetic Signal Variation in the Genomes of <i>Medicago</i> (Fabaceae). <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2013, 62, 424-438.	2.7	51
49	Estimating global arthropod species richness: refining probabilistic models using probability bounds analysis. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2013, 171, 357-365.	0.9	51
50	DNA Barcodes of Caterpillars (Lepidoptera) from Papua New Guinea. <i>Proceedings of the Entomological Society of Washington</i> , 2013, 115, 107-109.	0.0	20
51	Low host specificity in species-rich assemblages of xylem- and phloem-feeding herbivores (Auchenorrhyncha) in a New Guinea lowland rain forest. <i>Journal of Tropical Ecology</i> , 2013, 29, 467-476.	0.5	6
52	An Extreme Case of Plant-Insect Codiversification: Figs and Fig-Pollinating Wasps. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2012, 61, 1029-1047.	2.7	319
53	Synthesizing phylogenetic knowledge for ecological research. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, S4-S13.	1.5	52
54	Predicting tropical insect herbivore abundance from host plant traits and phylogeny. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, S211.	1.5	90

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55	Insects on Plants: Explaining the Paradox of Low Diversity within Specialist Herbivore Guilds. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2012, 179, 351-362.	1.0	47
56	Why are there more arboreal ant species in primary than in secondary tropical forests?. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2012, 81, 1103-1112.	1.3	113
57	POLLINATOR-MEDIATED REPRODUCTIVE ISOLATION AMONG DIOECIOUS FIG SPECIES ( <i>FICUS</i> ), <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Ov</i>	1.1	40
58	Pollinator sharing in dioecious figs ( <i>Ficus</i> : Moraceae). <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2011, 103, 546-558.	0.7	39
59	Development and characterization of microsatellite loci in dioecious figs ( <i>Ficus</i> , Moraceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2011, 98, e25-7.	0.8	14
60	Nutritional Dimorphism in New Guinea Dioecious Figs. <i>Biotropica</i> , 2010, 42, 656-663.	0.8	12
61	Guild-specific patterns of species richness and host specialization in plant-herbivore food webs from a tropical forest. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2010, 79, 1193-1203.	1.3	261
62	Five New <i>Ficus</i> Species (Moraceae) from Melanesia. <i>Harvard Papers in Botany</i> , 2010, 15, 1-10.	0.1	4
63	Population genetics of ecological communities with DNA barcodes: An example from New Guinea Lepidoptera. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 5041-5046.	3.3	100
64	Molecular Divergence in Allopatric <i>Ceratosolen</i> (Agaonidae) Pollinators of Geographically Widespread <i>Ficus</i> (Moraceae) Species. <i>Annals of the Entomological Society of America</i> , 2010, 103, 1025-1037.	1.3	30
65	Quantifying Uncertainty in Estimation of Tropical Arthropod Species Richness. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2010, 176, 90-95.	1.0	199
66	Decomposition in tropical forests: a pan-tropical study of the effects of litter type, litter placement and mesofaunal exclusion across a precipitation gradient. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2009, 97, 801-811.	1.9	256
67	Molecular dating and biogeography of fig-pollinating wasps. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2009, 52, 715-726.	1.2	47
68	Morphological Evolution in the Mulberry Family (Moraceae). <i>Systematic Botany</i> , 2009, 34, 530-552.	0.2	98
69	Identification of candidate genes affecting $\delta^9$ -tetrahydrocannabinol biosynthesis in <i>Cannabis sativa</i> . <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2009, 60, 3715-3726.	2.4	130
70	Phylogeny, biogeography, and ecology of <i>Ficus</i> section <i>Malvanthera</i> (Moraceae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2008, 48, 12-22.	1.2	50
71	Low beta diversity of herbivorous insects in tropical forests. <i>Nature</i> , 2007, 448, 692-695.	13.7	227
72	DNA barcoding confirms polyphagy in a generalist moth, <i>Homona mermerodes</i> (Lepidoptera: Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /OverJock 10 Jf 50 62 To	1.7	39

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73	PHYLOGENETIC DISPERSION OF HOST USE IN A TROPICAL INSECT HERBIVORE COMMUNITY. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, S62-S75.	1.5	171
74	Genetic Variation in Hemp and Marijuana ( <i>Cannabis sativa</i> L.) According to Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphisms*. <i>Journal of Forensic Sciences</i> , 2006, 51, 371-375.	0.9	91
75	Why Are There So Many Species of Herbivorous Insects in Tropical Rainforests?. <i>Science</i> , 2006, 313, 1115-1118.	6.0	469
76	Biogeography and divergence times in the mulberry family (Moraceae). <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2005, 37, 402-416.	1.2	169
77	An altitudinal comparison of caterpillar (Lepidoptera) assemblages on <i>Ficus</i> trees in Papua New Guinea. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2005, 32, 1303-1314.	1.4	48
78	60 million years of co-divergence in the fig-wasp symbiosis. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2005, 272, 2593-2599.	1.2	201
79	On the origin of the fig: phylogenetic relationships of Moraceae from <i>ndh</i> sequences. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2004, 91, 767-777.	0.8	145
80	No tree an island: the plant-caterpillar food web of a secondary rain forest in New Guinea. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 7, 1090-1100.	3.0	64
81	Conservation and biological monitoring of tropical forests: the role of parataxonomists. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2004, 41, 163-174.	1.9	80
82	Oviposition strategies, host coercion and the stable exploitation of figs by wasps. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2004, 271, 1185-1195.	1.2	39
83	Correlated Evolution in Fig Pollination. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2004, 53, 128-139.	2.7	96
84	Colonising aliens: caterpillars (Lepidoptera) feeding on <i>Piper aduncum</i> and <i>P. umbellatum</i> in rainforests of Papua New Guinea. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2003, 28, 704-716.	1.1	47
85	How to be a Fig Wasp. <i>Annual Review of Entomology</i> , 2002, 47, 299-330.	5.7	397
86	Speciation in fig pollinators and parasites. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2002, 11, 1573-1578.	2.0	160
87	Low host specificity of herbivorous insects in a tropical forest. <i>Nature</i> , 2002, 416, 841-844.	13.7	588
88	Pollination and parasitism in functionally dioecious figs. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2001, 268, 651-659.	1.2	70
89	Molecular Phylogenies of Fig Wasps: Partial Coclادogenesis of Pollinators and Parasites. <i>Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution</i> , 2001, 21, 55-71.	1.2	106
90	Phylogenetic Relationships of Fig Wasps Pollinating Functionally Dioecious <i>Ficus</i> Based on Mitochondrial DNA Sequences and Morphology. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2001, 50, 243-267.	2.7	58

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91	Phylogenetic Relationships of Fig Wasps Pollinating Functionally Dioecious Ficus Based on Mitochondrial DNA Sequences and Morphology. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2001, 50, 243-267.	2.7	36
92	Phylogenetic relationships of functionally dioecious FICUS (Moraceae) based on ribosomal DNA sequences and morphology. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2000, 87, 1342-1357.	0.8	165
93	Phylogenetic Analysis of Dioecy in Monocotyledons. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2000, 155, 46-58.	1.0	142
94	Phenology of <i>Ficus variegata</i> in a seasonal wet tropical forest at Cape Tribulation, Australia. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 1996, 23, 467-475.	1.4	34
95	Untangling Multiple Factors in Spatial Distributions: Lilies, Gophers, and Rocks. <i>Ecology</i> , 1996, 77, 1698-1715.	1.5	337
96	Reproductive Strategies and Barriers to Hybridization Between <i>Tellima grandiflora</i> and <i>Tolmeia menziesii</i> (Saxifragaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 1996, 83, 910.	0.8	10
97	Seed Set and Wasp Predation in Dioecious <i>Ficus variegata</i> from an Australian Wet Tropical Forest. <i>Biotropica</i> , 1995, 27, 391.	0.8	22