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List of Publications by Year in descending order

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24 papers

535 citations

687363 13 h-index 19 g-index

24 all docs

24 docs citations

24 times ranked 1162 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Interdependent regulation of p53 and miR-34a in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Cell Cycle, 2010, 9, 2836-2840.	2.6	116
2	microRNA-34a expression correlates with MDM2 SNP309 polymorphism and treatment-free survival in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Blood, 2010, 115, 4191-4197.	1.4	99
3	Tiam1/Rac1 signals contribute to the proliferation and chemoresistance, but not motility, of chronic lymphocytic leukemia cells. Blood, 2014, 123, 2181-2188.	1.4	61
4	CD40-Mediated Activation of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Cells Promotes Their CD44-Dependent Adhesion to Hyaluronan and Restricts CCL21-Induced Motility. Cancer Research, 2013, 73, 561-570.	0.9	34
5	CD18 (ITGB2) expression in chronic lymphocytic leukaemia is regulated by DNA methylationâ€dependent and â€independent mechanisms. British Journal of Haematology, 2015, 169, 286-289.	2.5	26
6	Arsenic trioxide induces apoptosis preferentially in B-CLL cells of patients with unfavourable prognostic factors including del17p13. Journal of Molecular Medicine, 2008, 86, 541-552.	3.9	24
7	Mimicking the microenvironment in chronic lymphocytic leukaemia – where does the journey go?. British Journal of Haematology, 2013, 160, 711-714.	2.5	24
8	BIRC3 Expression Predicts CLL Progression and Defines Treatment Sensitivity via Enhanced NF-κB Nuclear Translocation. Clinical Cancer Research, 2019, 25, 1901-1912.	7.0	23
9	Exome sequencing of the TCL1 mouse model for CLL reveals genetic heterogeneity and dynamics during disease development. Leukemia, 2019, 33, 957-968.	7.2	22
10	Microenvironment-induced CD44v6 promotes early disease progression in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Blood, 2018, 131, 1337-1349.	1.4	18
11	CXCL12-induced VLA-4 activation is impaired in trisomy 12 chronic lymphocytic leukemia cells: a role for CCL21. Oncotarget, 2015, 6, 12048-12060.	1.8	18
12	B-cell–specific IRF4 deletion accelerates chronic lymphocytic leukemia development by enhanced tumor immune evasion. Blood, 2019, 134, 1717-1729.	1.4	17
13	ILK Induction in Lymphoid Organs by a TNFα–NF-κB–Regulated Pathway Promotes the Development of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. Cancer Research, 2016, 76, 2186-2196.	0.9	13
14	B cell receptor usage correlates with the sensitivity to CD40 stimulation and the occurrence of CD4+T cell clonality in chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Haematologica, 2015, 100, e307-10.	3.5	10
15	The AKT 1 isoform plays a dominant role in the survival and chemoresistance of chronic lymphocytic leukaemia cells. British Journal of Haematology, 2016, 172, 815-819.	2.5	8
16	CD1d expression on chronic lymphocytic leukemia B cells affects disease progression and induces T cell skewing in CD8 positive and CD4CD8 double negative T cells. Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 49459-49469.	1.8	8
17	Evaluation of circulating cellâ€'free DNA as a molecular monitoring tool in patients with metastatic cancer. Oncology Letters, 2020, 19, 1551-1558.	1.8	8
18	Deletion of Puma and p21Waf1 In Mice Deactivates p53-Induced Cell Death and Cell Cycle Arrest, but Protects Mice From Irradiation-Induced Lymphomagenesis by a Mechanism Involving Hemopoietic Stem Cell Quiescence. Blood, 2010, 116, 90-90.	1.4	5

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
19	MicroRNAs as biomarkers for the diagnosis and prognosis of human cancer. Journal of Nucleic Acids Investigation, 2010, 1, 14.	0.8	1
20	Clonal Diversity of the T Cell Repertoire Predicts Disease Progression in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukaemia. Blood, 2011, 118, 803-803.	1.4	0
21	KCa3.1 Blockers Inhibit Cell Proliferation in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia. Blood, 2012, 120, 3887-3887.	1.4	O
22	BIRC3 but Not BIRC2 mRNA Expression in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Correlates with Disease Progression and Mediates Decreased Fludarabine Sensitivity in Vitro. Blood, 2012, 120, 563-563.	1.4	0
23	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Cells With Trisomy 12 Home To The Bone Marrow In a CXCR4-Independent Manner and Are Prone To Proliferate In Vitro. Blood, 2013, 122, 870-870.	1.4	O
24	The Transcription Factor IRF4 Is Crucial for CLL Progression and Regulates Survival and Proliferation in a Microenvironment Related Manner. Blood, 2014, 124, 1973-1973.	1.4	0