## Giuseppe Foti

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		236612	155451
58	8,105	25	55
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
59	59	59	16278
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Baseline Characteristics and Outcomes of 1591 Patients Infected With SARS-CoV-2 Admitted to ICUs of the Lombardy Region, Italy. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 323, 1574.	3.8	4,411
2	Risk Factors Associated With Mortality Among Patients With COVID-19 in Intensive Care Units in Lombardy, Italy. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 1345.	2.6	1,165
3	Feasibility and physiological effects of prone positioning in non-intubated patients with acute respiratory failure due to COVID-19 (PRON-COVID): a prospective cohort study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine, the, 2020, 8, 765-774.	5.2	386
4	Intubation Practices and Adverse Peri-intubation Events in Critically III Patients From 29 Countries. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 325, 1164.	3.8	232
5	Hospital-Acquired Infections in Critically Ill Patients With COVID-19. Chest, 2021, 160, 454-465.	0.4	225
6	Prone position in intubated, mechanically ventilated patients with COVID-19: a multi-centric study of more than 1000 patients. Critical Care, 2021, 25, 128.	2.5	157
7	Estimation of Patient's Inspiratory Effort From the Electrical Activity of the Diaphragm*. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, 1483-1491.	0.4	136
8	Noninvasive Ventilatory Support of Patients with COVID-19 outside the Intensive Care Units (WARd-COVID). Annals of the American Thoracic Society, 2021, 18, 1020-1026.	1.5	111
9	Nursing Activities Score is increased in COVID-19 patients. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2020, 59, 102876.	1.4	95
10	Prone Position in Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome Patients. Dimensions of Critical Care Nursing, 2020, 39, 39-46.	0.4	82
11	End-Inspiratory Airway Occlusion. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 1997, 156, 1210-1216.	2.5	77
12	Driving Pressure Is Associated with Outcome during Assisted Ventilation in Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. Anesthesiology, 2019, 131, 594-604.	1.3	71
13	Bedside selection of positive end-expiratory pressure by electrical impedance tomography in hypoxemic patients: a feasibility study. Annals of Intensive Care, 2017, 7, 76.	2.2	67
14	Plateau and driving pressure in the presence of spontaneous breathing. Intensive Care Medicine, 2019, 45, 97-98.	3.9	65
15	Prone Positioning during Venovenous Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation in Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome. A Multicenter Cohort Study and Propensity-matched Analysis. Annals of the American Thoracic Society, 2021, 18, 495-501.	1.5	64
16	Neurologic outcome of postanoxic refractory status epilepticus after aggressive treatment. Neurology, 2018, 91, e2153-e2162.	1.5	54
17	The "helmet bundle―in COVID-19 patients undergoing non invasive ventilation. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2020, 58, 102859.	1.4	53
18	One-year pulmonary impairment after severe COVID-19: a prospective, multicenter follow-up study. Respiratory Research, 2022, 23, 65.	1.4	47

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19	Detailed stratified GWAS analysis for severe COVID-19 in four European populations. Human Molecular Genetics, 2022, 31, 3945-3966.	1.4	46
20	The evaluation of nursing workload within an Italian ECMO Centre: A retrospective observational study. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2019, 55, 102749.	1.4	40
21	Application of prone position in hypoxaemic patients supported by veno-venous ECMO. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2018, 48, 61-68.	1.4	39
22	Measurement of Diaphragmatic Electrical Activity by Surface Electromyography in Intubated Subjects and Its Relationship With Inspiratory Effort. Respiratory Care, 2018, 63, 1341-1349.	0.8	37
23	Increase of Oxygen Consumption during a Progressive Decrease of Ventilatory Support Is Lower in Patients Failing the Trial in Comparison with Those Who Succeed. Anesthesiology, 2010, 113, 378-385.	1.3	33
24	Six-Month Pulmonary Impairment after Severe COVID-19: A Prospective, Multicentre Follow-Up Study. Respiration, 2021, 100, 1078-1087.	1.2	31
25	Prone positioning during venovenous extracorporeal membrane oxygenation for acute respiratory distress syndrome: a pooled individual patient data analysis. Critical Care, 2022, 26, 8.	2.5	28
26	Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation for COVID-19 and influenza H1N1 associated acute respiratory distress syndrome: a multicenter retrospective cohort study. Critical Care, 2022, 26, 34.	2.5	28
27	Paradoxical Effect of Chest Wall Compression on Respiratory System Compliance. Chest, 2021, 160, 1335-1339.	0.4	27
28	Occurrence of pendelluft under pressure support ventilation in patients who failed a spontaneous breathing trial: an observational study. Annals of Intensive Care, 2020, 10, 39.	2.2	27
29	Ultrasound-guided tip location of midline catheters. Journal of Vascular Access, 2020, 21, 764-768.	0.5	20
30	Short and long-term complications due to standard and extended prone position cycles in CoViD-19 patients. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2022, 69, 103158.	1.4	19
31	ABO blood types and major outcomes in patients with acute hypoxaemic respiratory failure: A multicenter retrospective cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0206403.	1.1	18
32	How different helmet fixing options could affect patients' pain experience during helmetâ€continuous positive airway pressure. Nursing in Critical Care, 2019, 24, 369-374.	1.1	18
33	Early Clinical Experience in Using Helmet Continuous Positive Airway Pressure and High-Flow Nasal Cannula in Overweight and Obese Patients With Acute Hypoxemic Respiratory Failure From Coronavirus Disease 2019., 2020, 2, e0216.		18
34	Neurological outcome of postanoxic refractory status epilepticus after aggressive treatment. Epilepsy and Behavior, 2019, 101, 106374.	0.9	16
35	Sigh in Patients With Acute Hypoxemic Respiratory Failure and ARDS. Chest, 2021, 159, 1426-1436.	0.4	16
36	Assisted mechanical ventilation promotes recovery of diaphragmatic thickness in critically ill patients: a prospective observational study. Critical Care, 2020, 24, 85.	2.5	15

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37	Effect of Face Mask Design and Bias Flow on Rebreathing During Noninvasive Ventilation. Respiratory Care, 2019, 64, 793-800.	0.8	13
38	Procedures to minimize viral diffusion in the intensive care unit during the COVID-19 pandemic. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2020, 60, 102894.	1.4	13
39	Difference between prolonged versus standard duration of prone position in COVID-19 patients: a retrospective study. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2021, 87, 1383-1385.	0.6	12
40	Cytopathology of bronchoalveolar lavages in COVIDâ€19 pneumonia: A pilot study. Cancer Cytopathology, 2021, 129, 632-641.	1.4	10
41	Helmet and face mask for non-invasive respiratory support in patients with acute hypoxemic respiratory failure: A retrospective study. Journal of Critical Care, 2021, 65, 56-61.	1.0	10
42	Extracorporeal Gas Exchange for Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome: Open Questions, Controversies and Future Directions. Membranes, 2021, 11, 172.	1.4	9
43	A Calibration Technique for the Estimation of Lung Volumes in Nonintubated Subjects by Electrical Impedance Tomography. Respiration, 2019, 98, 189-197.	1.2	8
44	Effect of Percutaneous Tracheostomy on Gas Exchange in Hypoxemic and Non-hypoxemic Mechanically Ventilated Patients. Respiratory Care, 2013, 58, 482-486.	0.8	7
45	Bedside Selection of Positive End Expiratory Pressure by Electrical Impedance Tomography in Patients Undergoing Veno-Venous Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation Support: A Comparison between COVID-19 ARDS and ARDS from Other Etiologies. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2022, 11, 1639.	1.0	7
46	The heterogeneity of lung perfusion patterns in SPECT/CT during COVID-19: not only embolism. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2021, 48, 3020-3021.	3.3	6
47	Synergistic Effect of Static Compliance and D-dimers to Predict Outcome of Patients with COVID-19-ARDS: A Prospective Multicenter Study. Biomedicines, 2021, 9, 1228.	1.4	6
48	Accessory and Expiratory Muscles Activation During Spontaneous Breathing Trial: A Physiological Study by Surface Electromyography. Frontiers in Medicine, 2022, 9, 814219.	1.2	6
49	Good clinical practice for the use of vasopressor and inotropic drugs in critically ill patients: state-of-the-art and expert consensus. Minerva Anestesiologica, 2021, 87, 714-732.	0.6	5
50	COVIDâ€19â€associated immuneâ€mediated encephalitis mimicking acuteâ€onset Creutzfeldtâ€Jakob disease. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2021, 8, 2314.	1.7	5
51	Event-triggered averaging of electrical impedance tomography (EIT) respiratory waveforms as compared to low-pass filtering for removal of cardiac related impedance changes. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2020, 34, 553-558.	0.7	3
52	A brief airway occlusion is sufficient to measure the patient's inspiratory effort/electrical activity of the diaphragm index (PEI). Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2021, 35, 183-188.	0.7	3
53	Implementation of a Follow-Up Program for Intensive Care Unit Survivors. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 10122.	1.2	3
54	To Recruit or Not Recruit, This Is …*. Critical Care Medicine, 2015, 43, 719-720.	0.4	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Feasibility of CPAP application and variables related to worsening of respiratory failure in pregnant women with SARS-CoV-2 pneumonia: Experience of a tertiary care centre. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0258754.	1.1	1
56	Individualized positive end-expiratory pressure guided by end-expiratory lung volume in early acute respiratory distress syndrome: study protocol for the multicenter, randomized IPERPEEP trial. Trials, 2022, 23, 63.	0.7	1
57	Beta blockers during veno-venous ECMO to improve oxygenation: A case report. Journal of Critical Care, 2019, 54, 269-270.	1.0	0
58	Bag valve resuscitator versus Mapleson C circuit during manual ventilation: A bench top study. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing, 2021, , 103186.	1.4	0