

Manuela De Allegri

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

102
papers

2,224
citations

27
h-index

44
g-index

112
ext. papers

2,812
ext. citations

3.7
avg, IF

5.62
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
102	The economic cost of implementing antigen-based rapid diagnostic tests for COVID-19 screening in high-risk transmission settings: evidence from Germany.. <i>Health Economics Review</i> , 2022 , 12, 15	2	0
101	How equitable is health spending on curative services and institutional delivery in Malawi? Evidence from a quasi-longitudinal benefit incidence analysis.. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2022 , 21, 25	4.6	
100	Healthcare system resilience in Bangladesh and Haiti in times of global changes (climate-related events, migration and Covid-19): an interdisciplinary mixed method research protocol.. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2022 , 22, 340	2.9	
99	No impact of performance-based financing on the availability of essential medicines in Burkina Faso: A mixed-methods study. <i>PLOS Global Public Health</i> , 2022 , 2, e0000212		1
98	How much does it cost to combine supply-side and demand-side RBF approaches in a single intervention? Full cost analysis of the Results Based Financing for Maternal and Newborn Health Initiative in Malawi.. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022 , 12, e050885	3	
97	Why did performance-based financing in Burkina Faso fail to achieve the intended equity effects? A process tracing study. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2022 , 115065	5.1	0
96	Using Information and Communication Technologies to Engage Citizens in Health System Governance in Burkina Faso: Protocol for Action Research. <i>JMIR Research Protocols</i> , 2021 , 10, e28780	2	
95	Implementation of a performance-based financing scheme in Malawi and resulting externalities on the quality of care of non-incentivized services. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2021 , 21, 408	3.2	
94	Impact of Performance-Based Financing on effective coverage for curative child health services in Burkina Faso: Evidence from a quasi-experimental design. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2021 , 26, 1002-1013	2.3	2
93	Preferences for long-term care insurance in China: Results from a discrete choice experiment. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2021 , 281, 114104	5.1	3
92	Factors influencing variation in implementation outcomes of the redesigned community health fund in the Dodoma region of Tanzania: a mixed-methods study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 1	4.1	275
91	User fees removal and community-based management of undernutrition in Burkina Faso: what effects on children's nutritional status?. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 24, 3768-3779	3.3	0
90	Determinants of healthcare seeking and out-of-pocket expenditures in a "free" healthcare system: evidence from rural Malawi. <i>Health Economics Review</i> , 2020 , 10, 14	2	5
89	The cost-effectiveness of using results-based financing to reduce maternal and perinatal mortality in Malawi. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020 , 5,	6.6	3
88	Effect Heterogeneity in Responding to Performance-Based Incentives: A Quasi-Experimental Comparison of Impacts on Health Service Indicators Between Hospitals and Health Centers in Malawi. <i>Health Systems and Reform</i> , 2020 , 6, e1745580	4.2	3
87	What happens when performance-based financing meets free healthcare? Evidence from an interrupted time-series analysis. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2020 , 35, 906-917	3.4	4
86	No effects of pilot performance-based intervention implementation and withdrawal on the coverage of maternal and child health services in the Koulikoro region, Mali: an interrupted time series analysis. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2020 , 35, 379-387	3.4	2

85	Economic Evaluation of User-Fee Exemption Policies for Maternal Healthcare in Burkina Faso: Evidence From a Cost-Effectiveness Analysis. <i>Value in Health</i> , 2020 , 23, 300-308	3.3	3
84	Exploiting the emergent nature of mixed methods designs: insights from a mixed methods impact evaluation in Malawi. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2020 , 35, 102-106	3.4	1
83	Can Combining Performance-Based Financing With Equity Measures Result in Greater Equity in Utilization of Maternal Care Services? Evidence From Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal of Health Policy and Management</i> , 2020 ,	2.5	5
82	Transnational Networks Contribution to Health Policy Diffusion: A Mixed Method Study of the PerformanceBased Financing Community of Practice in Africa. <i>International Journal of Health Policy and Management</i> , 2020 ,	2.5	1
81	"It Depends on What They Experience in Each Health Facility. Some Are Satisfied, Others Are Not." A MixedMethods Exploration of Health Workers Attitudes Towards Performance-Based Financing in Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal of Health Policy and Management</i> , 2020 ,	2.5	4
80	How actors, processes, context and evidence influenced the development of Malawi's Health Sector Strategic Plan II. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2020 , 35, 1571-1592	2.2	3
79	Identifying the determinants of health insurance coverage among Peruvian women of reproductive age: an assessment based on the national Peruvian demographic survey of 2017. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2020 , 19, 195	4.6	
78	Patterns of healthcare seeking among people reporting chronic conditions in rural sub-Saharan Africa: findings from a population-based study in Burkina Faso. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2020 , 25, 1542-1552	2.3	
77	Factors related to excessive out-of-pocket expenditures among the ultra-poor after discontinuity of PBF: a cross-sectional study in Burkina Faso. <i>Health Economics Review</i> , 2020 , 10, 36	2	0
76	Policy learning and Universal Health Coverage in low- and middle-income countries. <i>Health Research Policy and Systems</i> , 2020 , 18, 85	3.7	0
75	Intended and unintended effects: community perspectives on a performance-based financing programme in Malawi. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020 , 5, e001894	6.6	4
74	Evaluating performance-based financing in low-income and middle-income countries: the need to look beyond average effect. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2020 , 5,	6.6	5
73	Do Targeted User Fee Exemptions Reach the Ultra-Poor and Increase their Healthcare Utilisation? A Panel Study from Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020 , 17,	4.6	5
72	Health Insurance in Sub-Saharan Africa: A Scoping Review of the Methods Used to Evaluate its Impact. <i>Applied Health Economics and Health Policy</i> , 2020 , 18, 825-840	3.4	6
71	Responding to policy makers Evaluation needs: combining experimental and quasi-experimental approaches to estimate the impact of performance based financing in Burkina Faso. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2019 , 19, 733	2.9	7
70	From Amsterdam to Bamako: a qualitative case study on diffusion entrepreneurs Contribution to performance-based financing propagation in Mali. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2019 , 34, 656-666	3.4	7
69	Determinants of individual healthcare expenditure: A cross-sectional analysis in rural Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2019 , 34, e1478-e1494	2.2	5
68	At what cost is performance-based financing implemented? Novel evidence from Malawi. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2019 , 34, 282-288	3.4	3

67	Factors associated with misreporting in performance-based financing in Burkina Faso: Implications for risk-based verification. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2019 , 34, 1217-1237 ^{2,2}		1
66	How is the discourse of performance-based financing shaped at the global level? A poststructural analysis. <i>Globalization and Health</i> , 2019 , 15, 6	10	37
65	An Evaluation of Healthcare Use and Child Morbidity 4 Years After User Fee Removal in Rural Burkina Faso. <i>Maternal and Child Health Journal</i> , 2019 , 23, 777-786	2.4	2
64	Climate change, migration and health systems resilience: Need for interdisciplinary research. <i>F1000Research</i> , 2019 , 8, 22	3.6	5
63	Effect of results-based financing on facility-based maternal mortality at birth: an interrupted time-series analysis with independent controls in Malawi. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2019 , 4, e001184	6.6	3
62	Psychological wellbeing in a resource-limited work environment: examining levels and determinants among health workers in rural Malawi. <i>Human Resources for Health</i> , 2019 , 17, 85	4.6	1
61	Determinants of health seeking behavior for chronic non-communicable diseases and related out-of-pocket expenditure: results from a cross-sectional survey in northern Bangladesh. <i>Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 38, 48	2.5	8
60	How does performance-based financing affect the availability of essential medicines in Cameroon? A qualitative study. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2019 , 34, iii4-iii19	3.4	5
59	The money can be a motivator, to me a little, but mostly PBF just helps me to do better in my job. An exploration of the motivational mechanisms of performance-based financing for health workers in Malawi. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2018 , 33, 183-191	3.4	28
58	Unraveling PBF effects beyond impact evaluation: results from a qualitative study in Cameroon. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2018 , 3, e000693	6.6	26
57	"I wanted a skeleton they brought a prince": A qualitative investigation of factors mediating the implementation of a Performance Based Incentive program in Malawi. <i>SSM - Population Health</i> , 2018 , 5, 64-72	3.8	8
56	How does performance-based financing affect health workers' intrinsic motivation? A Self-Determination Theory-based mixed-methods study in Malawi. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2018 , 208, 1-8	5.1	28
55	Implementation of the redesigned Community Health Fund in the Dodoma region of Tanzania: A qualitative study of views from rural communities. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2018 , 33, 121-135	2.2	4
54	Inequities and their determinants in coverage of maternal health services in Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2018 , 17, 58	4.6	24
53	Street-level workers' inadequate knowledge and application of exemption policies in Burkina Faso jeopardize the achievement of universal health coverage: evidence from a cross-sectional survey. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2018 , 17, 5	4.6	10
52	Factors associated with effective coverage of child health services in Burkina Faso. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2018 , 23, 1188-1199	2.3	4
51	Impact of results-based financing on effective obstetric care coverage: evidence from a quasi-experimental study in Malawi. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2018 , 18, 791	2.9	9
50	The impact of reducing and eliminating user fees on facility-based delivery: a controlled interrupted time series in Burkina Faso. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2018 , 33, 948-956	3.4	24

49	The unintended consequences of combining equity measures with performance-based financing in Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal for Equity in Health</i> , 2018 , 17, 109	4.6	9
48	How much does community-based targeting of the ultra-poor in the health sector cost? Novel evidence from Burkina Faso. <i>Health Economics Review</i> , 2018 , 8, 19	2	4
47	Immediate and sustained effects of user fee exemption on healthcare utilization among children under five in Burkina Faso: A controlled interrupted time-series analysis. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2017 , 179, 27-35	5.1	28
46	The unintended consequences of community verifications for performance-based financing in Burkina Faso. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2017 , 191, 226-236	5.1	33
45	Household costs and time to seek care for pregnancy related complications: The role of results-based financing. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0182326	3.7	5
44	Determinants of unmet need for family planning in rural Burkina Faso: a multilevel logistic regression analysis. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2017 , 17, 426	3.2	19
43	Applying stated-preference methods to improve health systems in sub-Saharan Africa: a systematic review. <i>Expert Review of Pharmacoeconomics and Outcomes Research</i> , 2017 , 17, 441-458	2.2	15
42	Perceptions of quality across the maternal care continuum in the context of a health financing intervention: Evidence from a mixed methods study in rural Malawi. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2017 , 17, 392	2.9	14
41	Measuring health workers' motivation composition: validation of a scale based on Self-Determination Theory in Burkina Faso. <i>Human Resources for Health</i> , 2017 , 15, 33	4.6	18
40	Community preferences for a social health insurance benefit package: an exploratory study among the uninsured in Vietnam. <i>BMJ Global Health</i> , 2017 , 2, e000277	6.6	2
39	Implementation research to improve quality of maternal and newborn health care, Malawi. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2017 , 95, 491-502	8.2	20
38	The economic burden of chronic non-communicable diseases in rural Malawi: an observational study. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2016 , 16, 457	2.9	32
37	Does performance-based financing increase value for money in low- and middle- income countries? A systematic review. <i>Health Economics Review</i> , 2016 , 6, 30	2	44
36	Crowding out or no crowding out? A Self-Determination Theory approach to health worker motivation in performance-based financing. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2016 , 169, 1-8	5.1	38
35	Evaluating complex health financing interventions: using mixed methods to inform further implementation of a novel PBI intervention in rural Malawi. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2016 , 16, 414	2.9	10
34	A scoping review on determinants of unmet need for family planning among women of reproductive age in low and middle income countries. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 2	2.9	99
33	A qualitative study assessing the acceptability and adoption of implementing a results based financing intervention to improve maternal and neonatal health in Malawi. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2016 , 16, 398	2.9	15
32	What factors drive heterogeneity of preferences for micro-health insurance in rural Malawi?. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2016 , 31, 1172-83	3.4	6

31	Health seeking behaviour and the related household out-of-pocket expenditure for chronic non-communicable diseases in rural Malawi. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2015 , 30, 242-52	3.4	31
30	Universal health coverage from multiple perspectives: a synthesis of conceptual literature and global debates. <i>BMC International Health and Human Rights</i> , 2015 , 15, 17	2.5	73
29	How do Malawian women rate the quality of maternal and newborn care? Experiences and perceptions of women in the central and southern regions. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2015 , 15, 169	3.2	11
28	Factors associated with delivery outside a health facility: cross-sectional study in rural Malawi. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2015 , 20, 617-626	2.3	18
27	Factors affecting adoption, implementation fidelity, and sustainability of the Redesigned Community Health Fund in Tanzania: a mixed methods protocol for process evaluation in the Dodoma region. <i>Global Health Action</i> , 2015 , 8, 29648	3	11
26	Health insurance and child mortality in rural Burkina Faso. <i>Global Health Action</i> , 2015 , 8, 27327	3	13
25	Logistic, ethical, and political dimensions of stepped wedge trials: critical review and case studies. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 351	2.8	49
24	Understanding home delivery in a context of user fee reduction: a cross-sectional mixed methods study in rural Burkina Faso. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , 2015 , 15, 330	3.2	33
23	Factors Affecting the Uptake of HIV Testing among Men: A Mixed-Methods Study in Rural Burkina Faso. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0130216	3.7	24
22	Insecticide-treated mosquito nets in rural Burkina Faso: assessment of coverage and equity in the wake of a universal distribution campaign. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2015 , 30, 171-80	3.4	16
21	Out-of-pocket expenditure on chronic non-communicable diseases in sub-Saharan Africa: the case of rural Malawi. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0116897	3.7	37
20	The quality of clinical maternal and neonatal healthcare - a strategy for identifying routine care signal functions <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0123968	3.7	18
19	An insecticide-treated bed-net campaign and childhood malaria in Burkina Faso. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2015 , 93, 750-8	8.2	23
18	Design of an impact evaluation using a mixed methods model--an explanatory assessment of the effects of results-based financing mechanisms on maternal healthcare services in Malawi. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2014 , 14, 180	2.9	33
17	Eliciting community preferences for complementary micro health insurance: a discrete choice experiment in rural Malawi. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2014 , 120, 160-8	5.1	26
16	Do community-based health insurance schemes fulfil the promise of equity? A study from Burkina Faso. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2014 , 29, 76-84	3.4	34
15	Protocol for the process evaluation of interventions combining performance-based financing with health equity in Burkina Faso. <i>Implementation Science</i> , 2014 , 9, 149	8.4	29
14	What criteria guide national entrepreneurs policy decisions on user fee removal for maternal health care services? Use of a best-worst scaling choice experiment in West Africa. <i>Journal of Health Services Research and Policy</i> , 2014 , 19, 208-15	2.4	9

13	Moving towards universal coverage with malaria control interventions: achievements and challenges in rural Burkina Faso. <i>International Journal of Health Planning and Management</i> , 2013 , 28, 102-21	2.2	27
12	The impact of targeted subsidies for facility-based delivery on access to care and equity - evidence from a population-based study in rural Burkina Faso. <i>Journal of Public Health Policy</i> , 2012 , 33, 439-53	2.9	46
11	Determinants of utilisation of maternal care services after the reduction of user fees: a case study from rural Burkina Faso. <i>Health Policy</i> , 2011 , 99, 210-8	3.2	135
10	Comparative cost analysis of insecticide-treated net delivery strategies: sales supported by social marketing and free distribution through antenatal care. <i>Health Policy and Planning</i> , 2010 , 25, 28-38	3.4	26
9	Illness reporting and demand for medical care in rural Burkina Faso. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2010 , 70, 1693-700	5.1	13
8	Community health insurance in sub-Saharan Africa: what operational difficulties hamper its successful development?. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2009 , 14, 586-96	2.3	62
7	The effect of community-based health insurance on the utilization of modern health care services: evidence from Burkina Faso. <i>Health Policy</i> , 2009 , 90, 214-22	3.2	87
6	The differences in characteristics between health-care users and non-users: implication for introducing community-based health insurance in Burkina Faso. <i>European Journal of Health Economics</i> , 2008 , 9, 41-50	3.6	28
5	Step-wedge cluster-randomised community-based trials: an application to the study of the impact of community health insurance. <i>Health Research Policy and Systems</i> , 2008 , 6, 10	3.7	47
4	A qualitative investigation into knowledge, beliefs, and practices surrounding mastitis in sub-Saharan Africa: what implications for vertical transmission of HIV?. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2007 , 7, 22	4.1	14
3	"To enrol or not to enrol?": A qualitative investigation of demand for health insurance in rural West Africa. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2006 , 62, 1520-7	5.1	81
2	Understanding consumers' preferences and decision to enrol in community-based health insurance in rural West Africa. <i>Health Policy</i> , 2006 , 76, 58-71	3.2	74
1	Understanding enrolment in community health insurance in sub-Saharan Africa: a population-based case-control study in rural Burkina Faso. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2006 , 84, 852-8	8.2	93