

Kamal Rahmouni

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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190
papers

13,752
citations

22132

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194
times ranked

15419
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Obesity-Associated Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2005, 45, 9-14.	1.3	688
2	A guide to analysis of mouse energy metabolism. <i>Nature Methods</i> , 2012, 9, 57-63.	9.0	655
3	Hypothalamic AMPK and fatty acid metabolism mediate thyroid regulation of energy balance. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2010, 16, 1001-1008.	15.2	581
4	BMP8B Increases Brown Adipose Tissue Thermogenesis through Both Central and Peripheral Actions. <i>Cell</i> , 2012, 149, 871-885.	13.5	481
5	FGF21 Acts Centrally to Induce Sympathetic Nerve Activity, Energy Expenditure, and Weight Loss. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2014, 20, 670-677.	7.2	403
6	Estradiol Regulates Brown Adipose Tissue Thermogenesis via Hypothalamic AMPK. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2014, 20, 41-53.	7.2	342
7	The central melanocortin system directly controls peripheral lipid metabolism. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2007, 117, 3475-3488.	3.9	341
8	The cellular and molecular bases of leptin and ghrelin resistance in obesity. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2017, 13, 338-351.	4.3	304
9	Role of Selective Leptin Resistance in Diet-Induced Obesity Hypertension. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2005, 54, 2012-2018.	0.3	289
10	Requirement of Bardet-Biedl syndrome proteins for leptin receptor signaling. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2009, 18, 1323-1331.	1.4	272
11	FGF21 Mediates Endocrine Control of Simple Sugar Intake and Sweet Taste Preference by the Liver. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2016, 23, 335-343.	7.2	270
12	A knockin mouse model of the Bardet-Biedl syndrome 1 M390R mutation has cilia defects, ventriculomegaly, retinopathy, and obesity. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 19422-19427.	3.3	237
13	AgRP Neurons Control Systemic Insulin Sensitivity via Myostatin Expression in Brown Adipose Tissue. <i>Cell</i> , 2016, 165, 125-138.	13.5	222
14	SIRT1 Deacetylase in POMC Neurons Is Required for Homeostatic Defenses against Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2010, 12, 78-87.	7.2	216
15	The Concept of Selective Leptin Resistance: Evidence From Agouti Yellow Obese Mice. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2002, 51, 439-442.	0.3	202
16	Leptin resistance contributes to obesity and hypertension in mouse models of Bardet-Biedl syndrome. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2008, 118, 1458-1467.	3.9	201
17	Central Ceramide-Induced Hypothalamic Lipotoxicity and ER Stress Regulate Energy Balance. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2014, 9, 366-377.	2.9	195
18	Direct Control of Brown Adipose Tissue Thermogenesis by Central Nervous System Glucagon-Like Peptide-1 Receptor Signaling. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2012, 61, 2753-2762.	0.3	188

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19	The Ion Channel ASIC2 Is Required for Baroreceptor and Autonomic Control of the Circulation. <i>Neuron</i> , 2009, 64, 885-897.	3.8	186
20	FGF19, FGF21, and an FGFR1/ β 2-Klotho-Activating Antibody Act on the Nervous System to Regulate Body Weight and Glycemia. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2017, 26, 709-718.e3.	7.2	184
21	Mkks-null mice have a phenotype resembling Bardet-Biedl syndrome. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2005, 14, 1109-1118.	1.4	181
22	Brain mineralocorticoid receptors and centrally regulated functions. <i>Kidney International</i> , 2000, 57, 1329-1336.	2.6	180
23	Selective leptin resistance: a new concept in leptin physiology with cardiovascular implications. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2002, 20, 1245-1250.	0.3	178
24	Role of Melanocortin-4 Receptors in Mediating Renal Sympathoactivation to Leptin and Insulin. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 5998-6004.	1.7	169
25	Hypothalamic ERK Mediates the Anorectic and Thermogenic Sympathetic Effects of Leptin. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2009, 58, 536-542.	0.3	169
26	Hypothalamic AMPK-ER Stress-JNK1 Axis Mediates the Central Actions of Thyroid Hormones on Energy Balance. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2017, 26, 212-229.e12.	7.2	167
27	Hypothalamic PI3K and MAPK differentially mediate regional sympathetic activation to insulin. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2004, 114, 652-658.	3.9	162
28	A leptin-BDNF pathway regulating sympathetic innervation of adipose tissue. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 583, 839-844.	13.7	161
29	Hypothalamic Arcuate Nucleus Mediates the Sympathetic and Arterial Pressure Responses to Leptin. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2007, 49, 647-652.	1.3	159
30	Direct Control of Peripheral Lipid Deposition by CNS GLP-1 Receptor Signaling Is Mediated by the Sympathetic Nervous System and Blunted in Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 29, 5916-5925.	1.7	144
31	The Brain Renin-Angiotensin System Controls Divergent Efferent Mechanisms to Regulate Fluid and Energy Balance. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2010, 12, 431-442.	7.2	140
32	Bardet-Biedl syndrome 3 (Bbs3) knockout mouse model reveals common BBS-associated phenotypes and Bbs3 unique phenotypes. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 20678-20683.	3.3	135
33	Ablation of the Leptin Receptor in the Hypothalamic Arcuate Nucleus Abrogates Leptin-Induced Sympathetic Activation. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2011, 108, 808-812.	2.0	128
34	The brain and brown fat. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2015, 47, 150-168.	1.5	124
35	Enhanced Leptin-Stimulated Pi3k Activation in the CNS Promotes White Adipose Tissue Transdifferentiation. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2007, 6, 431-445.	7.2	121
36	Leptin Signaling in the Nucleus Tractus Solitarii Increases Sympathetic Nerve Activity to the Kidney. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2009, 53, 375-380.	1.3	118

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37	Selective Resistance to Central Neural Administration of Leptin in Agouti Obese Mice. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2002, 39, 486-490.	1.3	114
38	Mediation of the Acute Stress Response by the Skeleton. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2019, 30, 890-902.e8.	7.2	110
39	A brain leptin-renin angiotensin system interaction in the regulation of sympathetic nerve activity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2012, 303, H197-H206.	1.5	105
40	Adipocyte-secreted BMP8b mediates adrenergic-induced remodeling of the neuro-vascular network in adipose tissue. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 4974.	5.8	104
41	Adipose depot-specific modulation of angiotensinogen gene expression in diet-induced obesity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2004, 286, E891-E895.	1.8	103
42	Role of leptin in the cardiovascular and endocrine complications of metabolic syndrome. <i>Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism</i> , 2006, 8, 603-610.	2.2	103
43	Obesity-Associated Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 64, 215-221.	1.3	101
44	Glucose Depletion in the Airway Surface Liquid Is Essential for Sterility of the Airways. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e16166.	1.1	99
45	Leptin and the Cardiovascular System. <i>Endocrine Reviews</i> , 2004, 59, 225-244.	7.1	98
46	Intracellular Mechanisms Involved in Leptin Regulation of Sympathetic Outflow. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2003, 41, 763-767.	1.3	97
47	The BBSome Controls Energy Homeostasis by Mediating the Transport of the Leptin Receptor to the Plasma Membrane. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2016, 12, e1005890.	1.5	97
48	Leptin as a Mediator of Obesity-Induced Hypertension. <i>Current Obesity Reports</i> , 2016, 5, 397-404.	3.5	96
49	Food Perception Primes Hepatic ER Homeostasis via Melanocortin-Dependent Control of mTOR Activation. <i>Cell</i> , 2018, 175, 1321-1335.e20.	13.5	86
50	Mechanisms mediating renal sympathetic activation to leptin in obesity. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2008, 295, R1730-R1736.	0.9	83
51	Hypothalamic mTORC1 Signaling Controls Sympathetic Nerve Activity and Arterial Pressure and Mediates Leptin Effects. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2013, 17, 599-606.	7.2	81
52	Central Melanin-Concentrating Hormone Influences Liver and Adipose Metabolism Via Specific Hypothalamic Nuclei and Efferent Autonomic/JNK1 Pathways. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2013, 144, 636-649.e6.	0.6	79
53	Molecular basis of the obesity associated with Bardet-Biedl syndrome. <i>Trends in Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2011, 22, 286-93.	3.1	75
54	Involvement of Hypothalamic AMP-Activated Protein Kinase in Leptin-Induced Sympathetic Nerve Activation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e56660.	1.1	75

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55	Leptin-Induced Sympathetic Nerve Activation: Signaling Mechanisms and Cardiovascular Consequences in Obesity. <i>Current Hypertension Reviews</i> , 2010, 6, 104-109.	0.5	74
56	Contrasting effects of afferent and efferent vagal nerve stimulation on insulin secretion and blood glucose regulation. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2016, 4, e12718.	0.7	74
57	Traveling from the hypothalamus to the adipose tissue: The thermogenic pathway. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2017, 12, 854-863.	3.9	74
58	Intracranial Pressure Is a Determinant of Sympathetic Activity. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2018, 9, 11.	1.3	71
59	Obesity-associated hyperleptinemia alters the gliovascular interface of the hypothalamus to promote hypertension. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2021, 33, 1155-1170.e10.	7.2	68
60	ER Stress Inhibits Liver Fatty Acid Oxidation while Unmitigated Stress Leads to Anorexia-Induced Lipolysis and Both Liver and Kidney Steatosis. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017, 19, 1794-1806.	2.9	67
61	Liver sympathetic denervation reverses obesity-induced hepatic steatosis. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2019, 597, 4565-4580.	1.3	65
62	Liver Derived FGF21 Maintains Core Body Temperature During Acute Cold Exposure. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 630.	1.6	63
63	Regulation of Glucose Tolerance and Sympathetic Activity by MC4R Signaling in the Lateral Hypothalamus. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2015, 64, 1976-1987.	0.3	62
64	Angiotensin AT1A receptors on leptin receptor-expressing cells control resting metabolism. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2017, 127, 1414-1424.	3.9	59
65	Regulation of Insulin Receptor Trafficking by Bardet Biedl Syndrome Proteins. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2015, 11, e1005311.	1.5	57
66	Oxidative and inflammatory signals in obesity-associated vascular abnormalities. <i>Clinical Science</i> , 2017, 131, 1689-1700.	1.8	57
67	A leptin-sympathetic-leptin feedback loop: potential implications for regulation of arterial pressure and body fat. <i>Acta Physiologica Scandinavica</i> , 2003, 177, 345-349.	2.3	55
68	Exposure to Static Magnetic and Electric Fields Treats Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2020, 32, 561-574.e7.	7.2	55
69	Leptin Receptor Signaling in the Hypothalamus Regulates Hepatic Autonomic Nerve Activity via Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase and AMP-Activated Protein Kinase. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 35, 474-484.	1.7	54
70	Differential contribution of POMC and AgRP neurons to the regulation of regional autonomic nerve activity by leptin. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2018, 8, 1-12.	3.0	54
71	Neuronal Receptor Activity-Modifying Protein 1 Promotes Energy Expenditure in Mice. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2011, 60, 1063-1071.	0.3	53
72	Cardiovascular and sympathetic effects of leptin. <i>Current Hypertension Reports</i> , 2002, 4, 119-125.	1.5	50

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73	Involvement of Brain Mineralocorticoid Receptor in Salt-Enhanced Hypertension in Spontaneously Hypertensive Rats. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2001, 38, 902-906.	1.3	48
74	Three Months of High-Fructose Feeding Fails to Induce Excessive Weight Gain or Leptin Resistance in Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e107206.	1.1	48
75	SF1-Specific AMPK $\hat{\pm}$ 1 Deletion Protects Against Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2018, 67, 2213-2226.	0.3	48
76	Endothelial effects of leptin: Implications in health and diseases. <i>Current Diabetes Reports</i> , 2005, 5, 260-266.	1.7	46
77	Obesity, Sympathetic Overdrive, and Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2010, 55, 844-845.	1.3	45
78	Amylin Acts in the Central Nervous System to Increase Sympathetic Nerve Activity. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2013, 154, 2481-2488.	1.4	45
79	OPA1 deletion in brown adipose tissue improves thermoregulation and systemic metabolism via FGF21. <i>ELife</i> , 2021, 10, .	2.8	45
80	Small extracellular vesicle-mediated targeting of hypothalamic AMPK $\hat{\pm}$ 1 corrects obesity through BAT activation. <i>Nature Metabolism</i> , 2021, 3, 1415-1431.	5.1	45
81	Selective Deletion of the Brain-Specific Isoform of Renin Causes Neurogenic Hypertension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2016, 68, 1385-1392.	1.3	43
82	Leptin signaling pathways in the central nervous system: interactions between neuropeptide Y and melanocortins. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2001, 23, 1095-1099.	1.2	42
83	Chronic vagal nerve stimulation prevents high-salt diet-induced endothelial dysfunction and aortic stiffening in stroke-prone spontaneously hypertensive rats. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2016, 311, H276-H285.	1.5	42
84	Cardiovascular Regulation by the Arcuate Nucleus of the Hypothalamus. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2016, 67, 1064-1071.	1.3	41
85	A Mitochondrial-Targeted Coenzyme Q Analog Prevents Weight Gain and Ameliorates Hepatic Dysfunction in High-Fat-Fed Mice. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 351, 699-708.	1.3	39
86	The Role of Hypothalamic mTORC1 Signaling in Insulin Regulation of Food Intake, Body Weight, and Sympathetic Nerve Activity in Male Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2015, 156, 1398-1407.	1.4	38
87	Suppression of Resting Metabolism by the Angiotensin AT 2 Receptor. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2016, 16, 1548-1560.	2.9	36
88	Brain Mineralocorticoid Receptor Control of Blood Pressure and Kidney Function in Normotensive Rats. <i>Hypertension</i> , 1999, 33, 1201-1206.	1.3	35
89	The $\hat{\sim}$ 20 and $\hat{\sim}$ 217 Promoter Variants Dominate Differential Angiotensinogen Haplotype Regulation in Angiotensinogen-Expressing Cells. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2007, 49, 631-639.	1.3	35
90	Prolonged treatment with angiotensin $\hat{\sim}$ 7 improves endothelial function in diet-induced obesity. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 730-738.	0.3	35

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91	Calcium/Calmodulin-Dependent Kinase II Inhibition in Smooth Muscle Reduces Angiotensin II-Induced Hypertension by Controlling Aortic Remodeling and Baroreceptor Function. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2015, 4, e001949.	1.6	35
92	Neuronal modulation of brown adipose activity through perturbation of white adipocyte lipogenesis. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2018, 16, 116-125.	3.0	34
93	MCH Regulates SIRT1/FoxO1 and Reduces POMC Neuronal Activity to Induce Hyperphagia, Adiposity, and Glucose Intolerance. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2019, 68, 2210-2222.	0.3	34
94	Neuroanatomical determinants of the sympathetic nerve responses evoked by leptin. <i>Clinical Autonomic Research</i> , 2013, 23, 1-7.	1.4	33
95	Beta-adrenergic receptors are critical for weight loss but not for other metabolic adaptations to the consumption of a ketogenic diet in male mice. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2017, 6, 854-862.	3.0	33
96	Central nicotine induces browning through hypothalamic μ opioid receptor. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 4037.	5.8	32
97	The BBSome in POMC and AgRP Neurons Is Necessary for Body Weight Regulation and Sorting of Metabolic Receptors. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2019, 68, 1591-1603.	0.3	32
98	Endocannabinoid Receptor-1 and Sympathetic Nervous System Mediate the Beneficial Metabolic Effects of Gastric Bypass. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2020, 33, 108270.	2.9	31
99	Loss of Leptin Actions in Obesity: Two Concepts with Cardiovascular Implications. <i>Clinical and Experimental Hypertension</i> , 2004, 26, 629-636.	0.5	30
100	Differential effects of insulin on sympathetic nerve activity in agouti obese mice. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2010, 28, 1913-1919.	0.3	30
101	Reduced renal sympathetic nerve activity contributes to elevated glycosuria and improved glucose tolerance in hypothalamus-specific Pomc knockout mice. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2017, 6, 1274-1285.	3.0	29
102	Celastrol Reduces Obesity in MC4R Deficiency and Stimulates Sympathetic Nerve Activity Affecting Metabolic and Cardiovascular Functions. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2019, 68, 1210-1220.	0.3	28
103	Liver-derived FGF21 is essential for full adaptation to ketogenic diet but does not regulate glucose homeostasis. <i>Endocrine</i> , 2020, 67, 95-108.	1.1	28
104	Effects of brain mineralocorticoid receptor blockade on blood pressure and renal functions in DOCA-salt hypertension. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 436, 207-216.	1.7	26
105	Inactivation of Bardet-Biedl syndrome genes causes kidney defects. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2011, 300, F574-F580.	1.3	26
106	Metabolic rate regulation by the renin-angiotensin system: brain vs. body. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 2013, 465, 167-175.	1.3	26
107	KATP-Channel-Dependent Regulation of Catecholaminergic Neurons Controls BAT Sympathetic Nerve Activity and Energy Homeostasis. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2013, 18, 445-455.	7.2	25
108	Ciliopathy Is Differentially Distributed in the Brain of a Bardet-Biedl Syndrome Mouse Model. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e93484.	1.1	25

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109	Hypertension-Causing Mutation in Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor β Impairs Nuclear Export of Nuclear Factor- κ B p65 in Vascular Smooth Muscle. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017, 70, 174-182.	1.3	25
110	A leptin-regulated circuit controls glucose mobilization during noxious stimuli. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2017, 127, 3103-3113.	3.9	25
111	Activation of ADAM17 (A Disintegrin and Metalloprotease 17) on Glutamatergic Neurons Selectively Promotes Sympathoexcitation. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019, 73, 1266-1274.	1.3	24
112	Mechanistic Target of Rapamycin Complex 1 Signaling Modulates Vascular Endothelial Function Through Reactive Oxygen Species. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2019, 8, e010662.	1.6	24
113	Ectopic Expression of Human BBS4 Can Rescue Bardet-Biedl Syndrome Phenotypes in Bbs4 Null Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e59101.	1.1	23
114	Single-Nucleus RNA Sequencing of the Hypothalamic Arcuate Nucleus of C57BL/6J Mice After Prolonged Diet-Induced Obesity. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020, 76, 589-597.	1.3	23
115	Metabolic effects of a mitochondrial-targeted coenzyme Q analog in high fat fed obese mice. <i>Pharmacology Research and Perspectives</i> , 2017, 5, e00301.	1.1	22
116	Optogenetics and pharmacogenetics: principles and applications. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2017, 313, R633-R645.	0.9	22
117	cAMP-inducible coactivator CRTC3 attenuates brown adipose tissue thermogenesis. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, E5289-E5297.	3.3	22
118	PI3K signaling: A key pathway in the control of sympathetic traffic and arterial pressure by leptin. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2013, 2, 69-73.	3.0	21
119	Central PACAP mediates the sympathetic effects of leptin in a tissue-specific manner. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 238, 297-304.	1.1	21
120	Angiotensin type 1a receptors in the forebrain subfornical organ facilitate leptin-induced weight loss through brown adipose tissue thermogenesis. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2015, 4, 337-343.	3.0	21
121	Leptin and the central neural mechanisms of obesity hypertension. <i>Drugs of Today</i> , 2002, 38, 807.	2.4	21
122	Cardiovascular and Sympathetic Effects of Disrupting Tyrosine 985 of the Leptin Receptor. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2011, 57, 627-632.	1.3	20
123	Metabolic Control by S6 Kinases Depends on Dietary Lipids. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32631.	1.1	20
124	Activation of hypothalamic AgRP and POMC neurons evokes disparate sympathetic and cardiovascular responses. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2020, 319, H1069-H1077.	1.5	20
125	Failure to vasodilate in response to salt loading blunts renal blood flow and causes salt-sensitive hypertension. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2021, 117, 308-319.	1.8	20
126	Nicotine™ actions on energy balance: Friend or foe?. , 2021, 219, 107693.		20

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127	Selective Deletion of Renin-b in the Brain Alters Drinking and Metabolism. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017, 70, 990-997.	1.3	18
128	Orexin receptors 1 and 2 in serotonergic neurons differentially regulate peripheral glucose metabolism in obesity. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 5249.	5.8	17
129	Hypothalamic MC4R regulates glucose homeostasis through adrenaline-mediated control of glucose reabsorption via renal GLUT2 in mice. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2021, 64, 181-194.	2.9	16
130	Influence of sodium intake on the cardiovascular and renal effects of brain mineralocorticoid receptor blockade in normotensive rats. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2002, 20, 1829-1834.	0.3	15
131	BBSome ablation in SF1 neurons causes obesity without comorbidities. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2021, 48, 101211.	3.0	15
132	Id3, E47, and SREBP-1c. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2008, 103, 565-567.	2.0	14
133	Contrasting vascular effects caused by loss of Bardet-Biedl syndrome genes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2010, 299, H1902-H1907.	1.5	14
134	Nervous System Expression of PPAR β and Mutant PPAR β Has Profound Effects on Metabolic Regulation and Brain Development. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 157, 4266-4275.	1.4	14
135	Interference With Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor- β in Vascular Smooth Muscle Causes Baroreflex Impairment and Autonomic Dysfunction. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 64, 590-596.	1.3	13
136	Effect of selective expression of dominant-negative PPAR β in pro-opiomelanocortin neurons on the control of energy balance. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2016, 48, 491-501.	1.0	13
137	Lack of dilator effect of leptin in the hindlimb vascular bed of conscious rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2005, 518, 175-181.	1.7	12
138	Neonatal leptin deficiency reduces frontal cortex volumes and programs adult hyperactivity in mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2014, 263, 115-121.	1.2	12
139	The Bardet-Biedl syndrome protein complex regulates cell migration and tissue repair through a Cullin-3/RhoA pathway. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2019, 317, C457-C465.	2.1	12
140	BBSome: a New Player in Hypertension and Other Cardiovascular Risks. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2022, 79, 303-313.	1.3	12
141	Inflaming Hypothalamic Neurons Raises Blood Pressure. <i>Cell Metabolism</i> , 2011, 14, 3-4.	7.2	11
142	Smooth Muscle Cell-Specific Disruption of the BBSome Causes Vascular Dysfunction. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019, 74, 817-825.	1.3	11
143	mTORC1 (Mechanistic Target of Rapamycin Complex 1) Signaling in Endothelial and Smooth Muscle Cells Is Required for Vascular Function. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021, 77, 594-604.	1.3	11
144	Cardiovascular and renal effects of central administration of a mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist in conscious female rats. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 385, 199-202.	1.7	10

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145	The Adipose/Circulating Renin-Angiotensin System Cross-Talk Enters a New Dimension. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2012, 60, 1389-1390.	1.3	10
146	mTORC1 Signaling Contributes to Drinking But Not Blood Pressure Responses to Brain Angiotensin II. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016, 157, 3140-3148.	1.4	10
147	DIFFERENTIAL CONTROL OF THE SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM BY LEPTIN: IMPLICATIONS FOR OBESITY. <i>Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology</i> , 2007, 34, S8-S10.	0.9	9
148	Sympathetic Inhibition After Bariatric Surgery. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2014, 64, 235-236.	1.3	8
149	Effects of leptin on sympathetic nerve activity in conscious mice. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2015, 3, e12554.	0.7	8
150	Increased Susceptibility of Mice Lacking Renin-b to Angiotensin II-Induced Organ Damage. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020, 76, 468-477.	1.3	8
151	Cardiovascular Regulation by the Neuronal BBSome. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2020, 75, 1082-1090.	1.3	7
152	Endothelial BBSome is essential for vascular, metabolic, and retinal functions. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2021, 53, 101308.	3.0	6
153	Obesity induces resistance to central action of BMP8B through a mechanism involving the BBSome. <i>Molecular Metabolism</i> , 2022, 59, 101465.	3.0	6
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