

# Emily S Gurley

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

180  
papers

7,184  
citations

71004

43  
h-index

87275

74  
g-index

195  
all docs

195  
docs citations

195  
times ranked

6529  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ecology, evolution and spillover of coronaviruses from bats. <i>Nature Reviews Microbiology</i> , 2022, 20, 299-314.	13.6	108
2	SARS-CoV-2 Seroprevalence before Delta Variant Surge, Chattogram, Bangladesh, March–June 2021. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2022, 28, 429-431.	2.0	13
3	Indirect effects of the early phase of the COVID-19 pandemic on the coverage of essential maternal and newborn health services in a rural subdistrict in Bangladesh: results from a cross-sectional household survey. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e056951.	0.8	10
4	Prioritising health-care strategies to reduce childhood mortality, insights from Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS): a longitudinal study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2022, 10, S8.	2.9	1
5	Curating the Evidence About COVID-19 for Frontline Public Health and Clinical Care: The Novel Coronavirus Research Compendium. <i>Public Health Reports</i> , 2022, 137, 197-202.	1.3	2
6	Nipah Virus Detection at Bat Roosts after Spillover Events, Bangladesh, 2012–2019. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2022, 28, 1384-1392.	2.0	3
7	Differential Overlap in Human and Animal Fecal Microbiomes and Resistomes in Rural versus Urban Bangladesh. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2022, 88, .	1.4	3
8	Human exposures to by-products from animals suspected to have died of anthrax in Bangladesh: An exploratory study. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2021, 68, 2514-2520.	1.3	3
9	Inference of Nipah virus evolution, 1999–2015. <i>Virus Evolution</i> , 2021, 7, veaa062.	2.2	18
10	The Ecology of Nipah Virus in Bangladesh: A Nexus of Land-Use Change and Opportunistic Feeding Behavior in Bats. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 169.	1.5	41
11	Rumor surveillance in support of minimally invasive tissue sampling for diagnosing the cause of child death in low-income countries: A qualitative study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0244552.	1.1	5
12	Maximizing and evaluating the impact of test-trace-isolate programs: A modeling study. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2021, 18, e1003585.	3.9	43
13	Setting a Course for Preventing Hepatitis E in Low and Lower-Middle-Income Countries: A Systematic Review of Burden and Risk Factors. <i>Open Forum Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 8, ofab178.	0.4	5
14	Contact Tracing Is Far from Futile. <i>Inference</i> , 2021, 6, .	0.0	0
15	Cost of illness for severe and non-severe diarrhea borne by households in a low-income urban community of Bangladesh: A cross-sectional study. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009439.	1.3	6
16	Estimated impact of maternal vaccination on global paediatric influenza-related in-hospital mortality: A retrospective case series. <i>EClinicalMedicine</i> , 2021, 37, 100945.	3.2	2
17	Clinical Cholera Surveillance Sensitivity in Bangladesh and Implications for Large-Scale Disease Control. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 224, S725-S731.	1.9	2
18	Postmortem investigations and identification of multiple causes of child deaths: An analysis of findings from the Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS) network. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2021, 18, e1003814.	3.9	24

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19	Hepatitis E in Bangladesh: Insights From a National Serosurvey. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 224, S805-S812.	1.9	11
20	Global Respiratory Syncytial Virus-Related Infant Community Deaths. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S229-S237.	2.9	29
21	Assessing the feasibility of Nipah vaccine efficacy trials based on previous outbreaks in Bangladesh. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2021, 39, 5600-5606.	1.7	11
22	Deaths Attributed to Respiratory Syncytial Virus in Young Children in High-Mortality Rate Settings: Report from Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance (CHAMPS). <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 73, S218-S228.	2.9	19
23	Coding-Complete Sequence of a SARS-CoV-2 B.1.1.25 Lineage Obtained from an 8-Day-Old Deceased Neonate. <i>Microbiology Resource Announcements</i> , 2021, 10, e0075621.	0.3	0
24	Seasonality of Date Palm Sap Feeding Behavior by Bats in Bangladesh. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2021, 18, 359-371.	0.9	2
25	The economic burden of rotavirus hospitalization among children <5 years of age in selected hospitals in Bangladesh. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2021, 39, 7082-7090.	1.7	6
26	Hospital-based Surveillance for Pediatric Norovirus Gastroenteritis in Bangladesh, 2012-2016. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021, 40, 215-219.	1.1	4
27	Population genetics of fruit bat reservoir informs the dynamics, distribution and diversity of Nipah virus. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2020, 29, 970-985.	2.0	24
28	Outbreak of diarrhoea in piglets caused by novel rotavirus genotype G4P[49] in northwestern district of Bangladesh, February 2014. <i>Transboundary and Emerging Diseases</i> , 2020, 67, 442-449.	1.3	5
29	A case of primary amebic meningoencephalitis caused by <i>Naegleria fowleri</i> in Bangladesh. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2020, 119, 339-344.	0.6	11
30	HEV study protocol : design of a cluster-randomised, blinded trial to assess the safety, immunogenicity and effectiveness of the hepatitis E vaccine HEV 239 (Hecolin) in women of childbearing age in rural Bangladesh. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e033702.	0.8	42
31	The engines of SARS-CoV-2 spread. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 370, 406-407.	6.0	100
32	Comparing insights from clinic-based versus community-based outbreak investigations: a case study of chikungunya in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 97, 306-312.	1.5	1
33	Initial findings from a novel population-based child mortality surveillance approach: a descriptive study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e909-e919.	2.9	89
34	Hospital-based surveillance for Japanese encephalitis in Bangladesh, 2007-2016: Implications for introduction of immunization. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 99, 69-74.	1.5	15
35	Association of Biosecurity and Hygiene Practices with Environmental Contamination with Influenza A Viruses in Live Bird Markets, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 26, 2087-2096.	2.0	18
36	Nipah virus dynamics in bats and implications for spillover to humans. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 29190-29201.	3.3	119

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37	Twenty Years of Nipah Virus Research: Where Do We Go From Here?. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 221, S359-S362.	1.9	15
38	A Framework to Monitor Changes in Transmission and Epidemiology of Emerging Pathogens: Lessons From Nipah Virus. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 221, S363-S369.	1.9	13
39	Hepatitis E as a cause of adult hospitalization in Bangladesh: Results from an acute jaundice surveillance study in six tertiary hospitals, 2014-2017. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0007586.	1.3	12
40	Changing Contact Patterns Over Disease Progression: Nipah Virus as a Case Study. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 222, 438-442.	1.9	4
41	Hunting Bats for Human Consumption in Bangladesh. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2020, 17, 139-151.	0.9	15
42	<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> O1 transmission in Bangladesh: insights from a nationally representative serosurvey. <i>Lancet Microbe</i> , The, 2020, 1, e336-e343.	3.4	27
43	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
44	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
45	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
46	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0007586.		0
47	Hepatitis E should be considered a neglected tropical disease. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007453.	1.3	17
48	Prioritizing surveillance of Nipah virus in India. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007393.	1.3	74
49	Mortality Surveillance Methods to Identify and Characterize Deaths in Child Health and Mortality Prevention Surveillance Network Sites. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2019, 69, S262-S273.	2.9	62
50	Contamination of hospital surfaces with respiratory pathogens in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0224065.	1.1	17
51	Hospital-based zoonotic disease surveillance in Bangladesh: design, field data and difficulties. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 374, 20190019.	1.8	8
52	Transmission of Nipah Virus – 14 Years of Investigations in Bangladesh. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2019, 380, 1804-1814.	13.9	114
53	Air pollution dispersion from biomass stoves to neighboring homes in Mirpur, Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019, 19, 425.	1.2	24
54	Using healthcare-seeking behaviour to estimate the number of Nipah outbreaks missed by hospital-based surveillance in Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 48, 1219-1227.	0.9	21

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55	An epidemic of chikungunya in northwestern Bangladesh in 2011. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0212218.	1.1	9
56	Isolation and Full-Genome Characterization of Nipah Viruses from Bats, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2019, 25, 166-170.	2.0	32
57	The Cholera Phone: Diarrheal Disease Surveillance by Mobile Phone in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2019, 100, 510-516.	0.6	8
58	Nationally-representative serostudy of dengue in Bangladesh allows generalizable disease burden estimates. ELife, 2019, 8, .	2.8	58
59	Characterization of the Spatial and Temporal Distribution of Nipah Virus Spillover Events in Bangladesh, 2007â€“2013. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 217, 1390-1394.	1.9	20
60	Epidemiology and genetic characterization of Peste des petits ruminants virus in Bangladesh. Veterinary Medicine and Science, 2018, 4, 161-171.	0.6	24
61	An outbreak of classical swine fever in pigs in Bangladesh, 2015. Veterinary Medicine and Science, 2018, 4, 45-52.	0.6	10
62	Epidemiology of childhood intussusception in Bangladesh: Findings from an active national hospital based surveillance system, 2012â€“2016. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7805-7810.	1.7	11
63	Estimates of seasonal influenzaâ€“associated mortality in Bangladesh, 2010â€“2012. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses, 2018, 12, 65-71.	1.5	25
64	Preparing for safety monitoring after rotavirus vaccine introduction â€“ Assessment of baseline epidemiology of intussusception among children &lt;2â€“ years of age in four Asian countries. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7593-7598.	1.7	6
65	Case-Fatality Ratio of Blood Cultureâ€“Confirmed Typhoid Fever in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 218, S222-S226.	1.9	10
66	An update from hospital-based surveillance for rotavirus gastroenteritis among young children in Bangladesh, July 2012 to June 2017. Vaccine, 2018, 36, 7811-7815.	1.7	17
67	Identifying Acceptable and Feasible Infection Control Interventions for Nipah Encephalitis Outbreaks in Bangladesh. American Journal of Infection Control, 2018, 46, S24.	1.1	2
68	Avian influenza surveillance in domestic waterfowl and environment of live bird markets in Bangladesh, 2007â€“2012. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 9396.	1.6	54
69	Nipah Virus Contamination of Hospital Surfaces during Outbreaks, Bangladesh, 2013â€“2014. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2018, 24, 15-21.	2.0	39
70	The Drivers and Impacts of Selling Soil for Brick Making in Bangladesh. Environmental Management, 2018, 62, 792-802.	1.2	19
71	Incidence of Acute Diarrhea-Associated Death among Children &lt; 5 Years of Age in Bangladesh, 2010â€“12. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 98, 281-286.	0.6	8
72	Exploring Droughts and Floods and Their Association with Cholera Outbreaks in Sub-Saharan Africa: A Register-Based Ecological Study from 1990 to 2010. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2018, 98, 1269-1274.	0.6	42

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73	A Low-Cost, Community Knowledge Approach to Estimate Maternal and Jaundice-Associated Mortality in Rural Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2018, 99, 1633-1638.	0.6	5
74	Prevalence and clinical presentation of Rickettsia, Coxiella, Leptospira, Bartonella and chikungunya virus infections among hospital-based febrile patients from December 2008 to November 2009 in Bangladesh. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 17, 141.	1.3	21
75	Contact structure, mobility, environmental impact and behaviour: the importance of social forces to infectious disease dynamics and disease ecology. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2017, 372, 20160454.	1.8	61
76	Surveillance at Private Laboratories Identifies Small Outbreaks of Hepatitis E in Urban Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 96, 395-399.	0.6	12
77	A Controlled Trial to Reduce the Risk of Human Nipah Virus Exposure in Bangladesh. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2017, 14, 501-517.	0.9	16
78	Hospital-based Surveillance for Rotavirus Gastroenteritis Among Young Children in Bangladesh. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2017, 36, 168-172.	1.1	40
79	A large-scale behavior change intervention to prevent Nipah transmission in Bangladesh: components and costs. <i>BMC Research Notes</i> , 2017, 10, 225.	0.6	7
80	Influenza B virus outbreak at a religious residential school for boys in Northern Bangladesh, 2011. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2017, 11, 165-169.	1.5	5
81	Convergence of Humans, Bats, Trees, and Culture in Nipah Virus Transmission, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2017, 23, 1446-1453.	2.0	76
82	Evaluating Hospital-Based Surveillance for Outbreak Detection in Bangladesh: Analysis of Healthcare Utilization Data. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2017, 14, e1002218.	3.9	22
83	High Hepatitis E Seroprevalence Among Displaced Persons in South Sudan. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 96, 1296-1301.	0.6	19
84	Outbreak of Sudden Death with Acute Encephalitis Syndrome Among Children Associated with Exposure to Lychee Orchards in Northern Bangladesh, 2012. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 949-957.	0.6	12
85	Risk Factors Associated with Blood Exposure for Sporadic Hepatitis E in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 97, 1437-1444.	0.6	9
86	Costs of hospitalization with respiratory syncytial virus illness among children aged <5 years and the financial impact on households in Bangladesh, 2010. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , 2017, 7, 010412.	1.2	6
87	Low-Cost National Media-Based Surveillance System for Public Health Events, Bangladesh. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 22, 720-722.	2.0	11
88	Nipah Virus Transmission from Bats to Humans Associated with Drinking Traditional Liquor Made from Date Palm Sap, Bangladesh, 2011-2014. <i>Emerging Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016, 22, 664-670.	2.0	104
89	It's not only what you say, it's also how you say it: communicating Nipah virus prevention messages during an outbreak in Bangladesh. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 726.	1.2	27
90	Evolving epidemiology of Nipah virus infection in Bangladesh: evidence from outbreaks during 2010-2011. <i>Epidemiology and Infection</i> , 2016, 144, 371-380.	1.0	42

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91	Understanding the failure of a behavior change intervention to reduce risk behaviors for avian influenza transmission among backyard poultry raisers in rural Bangladesh: a focused ethnography. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 858.	1.2	18
92	Seasonal Distribution and Climatic Correlates of Dengue Disease in Dhaka, Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 1359-1361.	0.6	27
93	Measuring domestic water use: a systematic review of methodologies that measure unmetered water use in low-income settings. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 1389-1402.	1.0	20
94	How social structures, space, and behaviors shape the spread of infectious diseases using chikungunya as a case study. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2016, 113, 13420-13425.	3.3	100
95	Investigating Rare Risk Factors for Nipah Virus in Bangladesh: 2001–2012. EcoHealth, 2016, 13, 720-728.	0.9	41
96	Increased Morbidity and Mortality in Domestic Animals Eating Dropped and Bitten Fruit in Bangladeshi Villages: Implications for Zoonotic Disease Transmission. EcoHealth, 2016, 13, 39-48.	0.9	10
97	One in Five Maternal Deaths in Bangladesh Associated with Acute Jaundice: Results from a National Maternal Mortality Survey. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 94, 695-697.	0.6	7
98	Sampling Design Influences the Observed Dominance of Culex tritaeniorhynchus: Considerations for Future Studies of Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004249.	1.3	19
99	Micro-scale Spatial Clustering of Cholera Risk Factors in Urban Bangladesh. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004400.	1.3	17
100	Genetically Diverse Low Pathogenicity Avian Influenza A Virus Subtypes Co-Circulate among Poultry in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152131.	1.1	41
101	Reducing the Risk of Foodborne Transmission of Nipah Virus. , 2016, , 151-167.		0
102	Integrated cluster- and case-based surveillance for detecting stage III zoonotic pathogens: an example of Nipah virus surveillance in Bangladesh. Epidemiology and Infection, 2015, 143, 1922-1930.	1.0	21
103	Tracking Cholera through Surveillance of Oral Rehydration Solution Sales at Pharmacies: Insights from Urban Bangladesh. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2015, 9, e0004230.	1.3	16
104	Raw Sap Consumption Habits and Its Association with Knowledge of Nipah Virus in Two Endemic Districts in Bangladesh. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0142292.	1.1	26
105	Exposure-Based Screening for Nipah Virus Encephalitis, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2015, 21, 349-351.	2.0	13
106	Serological Evidence of Coxiella burnetii Infection in Cattle and Goats in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2015, 12, 354-358.	0.9	11
107	Cultural and Economic Motivation of Pig Raising Practices in Bangladesh. EcoHealth, 2015, 12, 611-620.	0.9	4
108	Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A(H5N1) Virus Infection among Workers at Live Bird Markets, Bangladesh, 2009–2010. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2015, 21, 629-637.	2.0	37

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109	Why highly polluting methods are used to manufacture bricks in Bangladesh. <i>Energy for Sustainable Development</i> , 2015, 28, 68-74.	2.0	36
110	Epidemiology of Henipaviruses. , 2015, , 55-71.		5
111	An Outbreak of Chikungunya in Rural Bangladesh, 2011. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003907.	1.3	47
112	Rethinking Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission: A Framework for Implicating Host and Vector Species. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004074.	1.3	65
113	Infrastructure and Contamination of the Physical Environment in Three Bangladeshi Hospitals: Putting Infection Control into Context. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e89085.	1.1	37
114	Indoor Exposure to Particulate Matter and Age at First Acute Lower Respiratory Infection in a Low-Income Urban Community in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2014, 179, 967-973.	1.6	25
115	Dynamics of Japanese Encephalitis Virus Transmission among Pigs in Northwest Bangladesh and the Potential Impact of Pig Vaccination. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e3166.	1.3	36
116	Economic burden of influenza-associated hospitalizations and outpatient visits in Bangladesh during 2010. <i>Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses</i> , 2014, 8, 406-413.	1.5	40
117	Piloting the promotion of bamboo skirt barriers to prevent Nipah virus transmission through date palm sap in Bangladesh. <i>Global Health Promotion</i> , 2014, 21, 7-15.	0.7	21
118	Outbreak of Hepatitis E in Urban Bangladesh Resulting in Maternal and Perinatal Mortality. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014, 59, 658-665.	2.9	64
119	Impact of neighborhood biomass cooking patterns on episodic high indoor particulate matter concentrations in clean fuel homes in Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Indoor Air</i> , 2014, 24, 213-220.	2.0	31
120	Family caregivers in public tertiary care hospitals in Bangladesh: Risks and opportunities for infection control. <i>American Journal of Infection Control</i> , 2014, 42, 305-310.	1.1	49
121	Febrile illness and pro-inflammatory cytokines are associated with lower neurodevelopmental scores in Bangladeshi infants living in poverty. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2014, 14, 50.	0.7	67
122	Multiple reassortment events among highly pathogenic avian influenza A(H5N1) viruses detected in Bangladesh. <i>Virology</i> , 2014, 450-451, 297-307.	1.1	35
123	Roosting behaviour and habitat selection of <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> reveal potential links to Nipah virus epidemiology. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 376-387.	1.9	58
124	Poultry Slaughtering Practices in Rural Communities of Bangladesh and Risk of Avian Influenza Transmission: A Qualitative Study. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2014, 11, 83-93.	0.9	16
125	The Role of Landscape Composition and Configuration on <i>Pteropus giganteus</i> Roosting Ecology and Nipah Virus Spillover Risk in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 90, 247-255.	0.6	62
126	Incidence of and Risk Factors for Hospital-Acquired Diarrhea in Three Tertiary Care Public Hospitals in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 91, 165-172.	0.6	16



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127	Developing Culturally Appropriate Interventions to Prevent Person-to-Person Transmission of Nipah Virus in Bangladesh. , 2013, , 329-337.		2
128	Anthropological Approaches to Outbreak Investigations in Bangladesh. , 2013, , 215-224.		3
129	Seasonal concentrations and determinants of indoor particulate matter in a low-income community in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Environmental Research, 2013, 121, 11-16.	3.7	49
130	Indoor exposure to particulate matter and the incidence of acute lower respiratory infections among children: A birth cohort study in urban Bangladesh. Indoor Air, 2013, 23, 379-386.	2.0	66
131	Piloting the use of indigenous methods to prevent Nipah virus infection by interrupting bats' access to date palm sap in Bangladesh. Health Promotion International, 2013, 28, 378-386.	0.9	38
132	Nipah Virus Infection Outbreak with Nosocomial and Corpse-to-Human Transmission, Bangladesh. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2013, 19, 210-217.	2.0	110
133	Risk practices for animal and human anthrax in Bangladesh: an exploratory study. Infection Ecology and Epidemiology, 2013, 3, 21356.	0.5	17
134	Seroprevalence of Antibodies against Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A (H5N1) Virus among Poultry Workers in Bangladesh, 2009. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e73200.	1.1	22
135	Behaviour change intervention to reduce caregiversâ€™ exposure to patientsâ€™ oral and nasal secretions in Bangladesh. International Journal of Infection Control, 2013, 9, .	0.2	8
136	Exploring pig raising in Bangladesh: implications for public health interventions. Veterinaria Italiana, 2013, 49, 7-17.	0.5	12
137	Incidence of influenza-like illness and severe acute respiratory infection during three influenza seasons in Bangladesh, 2008â€“2010. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2012, 90, 12-19.	1.5	74
138	Hospital-Based Prevalence of Malaria and Dengue in Febrile Patients in Bangladesh. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2012, 86, 58-64.	0.6	21
139	The Application of One Health Approaches to Henipavirus Research. Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology, 2012, 365, 155-170.	0.7	5
140	Epidemiology of Henipavirus Disease in Humans. Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology, 2012, 359, 25-40.	0.7	65
141	Estimating the Burden of Maternal and Neonatal Deaths Associated With Jaundice in Bangladesh: Possible Role of Hepatitis E Infection. American Journal of Public Health, 2012, 102, 2248-2254.	1.5	49
142	Date Palm Sap Linked to Nipah Virus Outbreak in Bangladesh, 2008. Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases, 2012, 12, 65-72.	0.6	174
143	Medically unexplained illness and the diagnosis of hysterical conversion reaction (HCR) in womenâ€™s medicine wards of Bangladeshi hospitals: a record review and qualitative study. BMC Women's Health, 2012, 12, 38.	0.8	5
144	Characterization of Nipah Virus from Outbreaks in Bangladesh, 2008â€“2010. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2012, 18, 248-255.	2.0	119

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145	Incidence of Respiratory Virus-Associated Pneumonia in Urban Poor Young Children of Dhaka, Bangladesh, 2009â€“2011. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32056.	1.1	64
146	A Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions to Impede Date Palm Sap Contamination by Bats to Prevent Nipah Virus Transmission in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42689.	1.1	71
147	Bangladeshi backyard poultry raisersâ€™ perceptions and practices related to zoonotic transmission of avian influenza. <i>Journal of Infection in Developing Countries</i> , 2012, 6, 156-165.	0.5	53
148	The Application of One Health Approaches to Henipavirus Research. <i>Current Topics in Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2012, , 155-170.	0.7	0
149	Pig illnesses and epidemics: a qualitative study on perceptions and practices of pig raisers in Bangladesh. <i>Veterinaria Italiana</i> , 2012, 48, 157-65.	0.5	5
150	Nipah virus transmission in south Asia: exploring the mysteries and addressing the problems. <i>Future Virology</i> , 2011, 6, 897-900.	0.9	3
151	Investigation of an Outbreak of Unintentional Acute Pesticide Poisoning: Assessment of Exposure to Carbamate and Organophosphate Insecticides, Rural Bangladesh, 2009. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2011, 22, S115.	1.2	5
152	Understanding community perceptions, social norms and current practice related to respiratory infection in Bangladesh during 2009: a qualitative formative study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2011, 11, 901.	1.2	10
153	Family and community concerns about post-mortem needle biopsies in a Muslim society. <i>BMC Medical Ethics</i> , 2011, 12, 10.	1.0	31
154	Social Ecological Analysis of an Outbreak of Pufferfish Egg Poisoning in a Coastal Area of Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2011, 85, 498-503.	0.6	5
155	A Novel Low-Cost Approach to Estimate the Incidence of Japanese Encephalitis in the Catchment Area of Three Hospitals in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2011, 85, 379-385.	0.6	38
156	Nipah virus outbreak with person-to-person transmission in a district of Bangladesh, 2007. <i>Epidemiology and Infection</i> , 2010, 138, 1630-1636.	1.0	131
157	Date Palm Sap Collection: Exploring Opportunities to Prevent Nipah Transmission. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2010, 7, 196-203.	0.9	75
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