

Magenta B Simmons

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

75
papers

2,818
citations

236925

25
h-index

189892

50
g-index

79
all docs

79
docs citations

79
times ranked

3260
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Long-term Follow-up of a Group at Ultra High Risk (â€œProdromalâ€) for Psychosis. JAMA Psychiatry, 2013, 70, 793.	11.0	373
2	Validation of â€œprodromalâ€ criteria to detect individuals at ultra high risk of psychosis: 2Â year follow-up. Schizophrenia Research, 2008, 105, 10-17.	2.0	325
3	Shared decision making: what do clinicians need to know and why should they bother?. Medical Journal of Australia, 2014, 201, 35-39.	1.7	237
4	Newer generation antidepressants for depressive disorders in children and adolescents. The Cochrane Library, 2021, 2021, CD004851.	2.8	163
5	Experience of trauma and conversion to psychosis in an ultraâ€highâ€risk (prodromal) group. Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica, 2010, 121, 377-384.	4.5	154
6	Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions for Young People at Ultra High Risk for Psychosis. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2011, 72, 430-440.	2.2	128
7	Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions for Young People at Ultra-High Risk of Psychosis. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2013, 74, 349-356.	2.2	128
8	Youth Codesign of a Mobile Phone App to Facilitate Self-Monitoring and Management of Mood Symptoms in Young People With Major Depression, Suicidal Ideation, and Self-Harm. JMIR Mental Health, 2018, 5, e9.	3.3	102
9	Randomized Controlled Trial of Interventions for Young People at Ultra-High Risk of Psychosis: Study Design and Baseline Characteristics. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2009, 43, 818-829.	2.3	74
10	A Systematic Review of the Attributes and Outcomes of Peer Work and Guidelines for Reporting Studies of Peer Interventions. Psychiatric Services, 2018, 69, 961-977.	2.0	70
11	Shared Decision-Making: Benefits, Barriers and Current Opportunities for Application. Australasian Psychiatry, 2010, 18, 394-397.	0.7	64
12	Spot the difference: shared decision-making and supported decision-making in mental health. Irish Journal of Psychological Medicine, 2017, 34, 275-286.	1.0	59
13	Psychotic symptoms with sexual content in the â€œultra high riskâ€ for psychosis population: Frequency and association with sexual trauma. Psychiatry Research, 2010, 177, 84-91.	3.3	57
14	Experiences of treatment decision making for young people diagnosed with depressive disorders: a qualitative study in primary care and specialist mental health settings. BMC Psychiatry, 2011, 11, 194.	2.6	51
15	Barriers and enablers to meaningful youth participation in mental health research: qualitative interviews with youth mental health researchers. Journal of Mental Health, 2019, 28, 56-63.	1.9	49
16	The Choice Project: Peer Workers Promoting Shared Decision Making at a Youth Mental Health Service. Psychiatric Services, 2017, 68, 764-770.	2.0	45
17	Neurocognitive predictors of transition to psychosis: medium- to long-term findings from a sample at ultra-high risk for psychosis. Psychological Medicine, 2013, 43, 2349-2360.	4.5	44
18	Evaluating effectiveness in adolescent mental health inpatient units: A systematic review. International Journal of Mental Health Nursing, 2018, 27, 498-513.	3.8	44

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19	History of trauma and the association with baseline symptoms in an Ultra-High Risk for psychosis cohort. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2013, 210, 75-81.	3.3	41
20	Putting Technology Into Youth Mental Health Practice. <i>SAGE Open</i> , 2015, 5, 215824401558101.	1.7	40
21	Right choice, right time: Evaluation of an online decision aid for youth depression. <i>Health Expectations</i> , 2017, 20, 714-723.	2.6	34
22	SSRIs and Depression in Children and Adolescents: The Imperative for Shared Decision-Making. <i>Australasian Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 16, 354-358.	0.7	31
23	Essential ingredients of engagement when working alongside people after their first episode of psychosis: A qualitative meta-synthesis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018, 12, 784-795.	1.7	31
24	The approved Italian version of the comprehensive assessment of at-risk mental states (CAARMS-ITA): Field test and psychometric features. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2019, 13, 810-817.	1.7	31
25	Comprehensive Online Self-Monitoring to Support Clinicians Manage Risk of Suicide in Youth Depression. <i>Crisis</i> , 2017, 38, 147-157.	1.2	30
26	Longitudinal Cognitive Performance in Individuals at Ultrahigh Risk for Psychosis: A 10-year Follow-up. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019, 45, 1101-1111.	4.3	27
27	Interventions for preventing relapse and recurrence of a depressive disorder in children and adolescents. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2014, 2014, CD007504.	2.8	26
28	Making decisions about treatment for young people diagnosed with depressive disorders: a qualitative study of clinicians' experiences. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 13, 335.	2.6	22
29	Does specific psychopathology predict development of psychosis in ultra high-risk (UHR) patients?. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 47, 380-390.	2.3	22
30	What are Specialist Mental Health Clinician Attitudes to Guideline Recommendations for the Treatment of Depression in Young People?. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2011, 45, 993-1001.	2.3	20
31	Three Nontraditional Approaches to Improving the Capacity, Accessibility, and Quality of Mental Health Services: An Overview. <i>Psychiatric Services</i> , 2018, 69, 508-516.	2.0	20
32	The Experiences of Youth Mental Health Peer Workers over Time: A Qualitative Study with Longitudinal Analysis. <i>Community Mental Health Journal</i> , 2020, 56, 906-914.	2.0	20
33	Satisfaction with youth mental health services: further scale development and findings from headspace Australia's national youth mental health foundation. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2017, 11, 296-305.	1.7	19
34	Development and pilot testing of an online monitoring tool of depression symptoms and side effects for young people being treated for depression. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2015, 9, 66-69.	1.7	18
35	Development of practice principles for the management of ongoing suicidal ideation in young people diagnosed with major depressive disorder. <i>SAGE Open Medicine</i> , 2014, 2, 205031211455957.	1.8	17
36	The CHOICE pilot project: Challenges of implementing a combined peer work and shared decision-making programme in an early intervention service. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018, 12, 964-971.	1.7	17

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37	Development of a satisfaction scale for young people attending youth mental health services. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2014, 8, 382-386.	1.7	16
38	Engagement at entry to an early intervention service for first episode psychosis: an exploratory study of young people and caregivers. <i>Psychosis</i> , 2018, 10, 175-186.	0.8	16
39	Identifying the Ultra-High Risk (Prodromal) Population: Evaluation of Training Workshops with Mental Health Services. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 42, 236-243.	2.3	13
40	Disclosing conflicts of interest in patient decision aids. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 2013, 13, S3.	3.0	8
41	Youth partnerships in suicide prevention research: A failed investigator survey. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021, 15, 1429-1432.	1.7	8
42	Digital technology for addressing cognitive impairment in recent-onset psychosis: A perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2022, 28, 100247.	1.3	8
43	The missing voice of engagement: an exploratory study from the perspectives of case-managers at an early intervention service for first-episode psychosis. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 19, 312.	2.6	7
44	A profile of adolescents admitted to a private inpatient unit and mental health outcomes. <i>Australasian Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 28, 563-567.	0.7	7
45	Inside the black box of youth participation and engagement: Development and implementation of an organization-wide strategy for Orygen, a national youth mental health organization in Australia. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021, 15, 1002-1009.	1.7	7
46	Experiences of an adolescent inpatient model of care: Adolescent and caregiver perspectives. <i>Journal of Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Nursing</i> , 2020, 33, 109-124.	1.4	7
47	Subjective ratings of neurocognitive functioning in depressed young people undergoing treatment: utility of a brief screening tool. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2016, 10, 252-257.	1.7	6
48	Physical health assistance in early recovery of psychosis: Study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 14, 587-593.	1.7	6
49	Primary care monitoring of depressive symptoms in young people. <i>Australian Family Physician</i> , 2014, 43, 147-50.	0.5	6
50	“Prodromal” research and clinical services: The imperative for shared decision-making. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2012, 46, 66-66.	2.3	5
51	Improving child and youth mental health: Stakeholder perspectives from a cross-sectional survey to inform research priorities. <i>Mental Health and Prevention</i> , 2021, 22, 200201.	1.3	5
52	Improving the Sexual Health of Young People (under 25) in High-Risk Populations: A Systematic Review of Behavioural and Psychosocial Interventions. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021, 18, 9063.	2.6	5
53	Co-producing to understand what matters to young people living in youth residential rehabilitation services. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2022, 16, 782-791.	1.7	5
54	LONG TERM FOLLOW UP OF AN ULTRA HIGH RISK ("PRODROMAL") GROUP. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2010, 117, 179.	2.0	4

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55	Newer generation antidepressants for depressive disorders in children and adolescents. <i>BJ Psych Advances</i> , 2017, 23, 74-74.	0.7	4
56	The unheard voice of the clinician: Perspectives on the key features of an adolescent inpatient model of care. <i>Journal of Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Nursing</i> , 2019, 32, 129-138.	1.4	4
57	Disengagement Processes Within an Early Intervention Service for First-Episode Psychosis: A Longitudinal, Qualitative, Multi-Perspective Study. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020, 11, 565.	2.6	4
58	“When I’m Thinking Straight, I Can Put Things in Place for When I’m Not.” Exploring the Use of Advance Statements in First-Episode Psychosis Treatment: Young People, Clinician, and Carer Perspectives. <i>Community Mental Health Journal</i> , 2021, 57, 18-28.	2.0	4
59	The youth online training and employment system: Study protocol for a randomized controlled trial of an online vocational intervention for young people with mental ill health. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021, 15, 1602-1611.	1.7	4
60	“The Best of Both Worlds” Experiences of young people attending groups co-facilitated by peer workers and clinicians in a youth mental health service. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2022, , .	1.7	4
61	Introducing the youth residential rehabilitation service: An operational and experiential overview of a psychosocial residential support option for young people experiencing mental health challenges. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2022, 16, 444-452.	1.7	3
62	TRAUMA IN THE ULTRA HIGH RISK (“PRODROMAL”) POPULATION. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2008, 102, 156.	2.0	2
63	Evidence Translation in a Youth Mental Health Service. <i>SAGE Open</i> , 2016, 6, 215824401663138.	1.7	2
64	Protocol for a prospective, longitudinal mixed-methods case study: supporting a Model of Care for Healthier Adolescents (The MoCHA study). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e025098.	1.9	2
65	What works for mental health problems in youth? Survey of real-world experiences of treatments and side effects. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2020, 15, 1502-1512.	1.7	2
66	Young people key to improving mental health research. <i>Nature Human Behaviour</i> , 2021, 5, 1263-1263.	12.0	2
67	Decisional capacity in young people with first episode psychosis, major depressive disorder and no mental disorder. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2022, 28, 100228.	1.3	2
68	Key features of adolescent inpatient units and development of a checklist to improve consistency in reporting of settings. <i>Journal of Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing</i> , 2023, 30, 74-100.	2.1	2
69	Sociodemographic correlates of antidepressant utilisation in Australia. <i>Medical Journal of Australia</i> , 2009, 191, 471-471.	1.7	1
70	Patients’ carers’ and clinicians’ attitudes towards alternative terms to describe the at-risk for psychosis state. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021, 237, 69-75.	2.0	1
71	The Need for Representative Research on Shared Decision Making. <i>Psychiatric Services</i> , 2021, 72, 1245-1245.	2.0	1
72	Co-research with People with Mental Health Challenges. , 2022, , 281-307.		1

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73	EXPERIENCE OF TRAUMA AND CONVERSION TO PSYCHOTIC DISORDER IN INDIVIDUALS AT ULTRA HIGH RISK ("PRODROMAL") OF DEVELOPING FIRST EPISODE PSYCHOSIS. Schizophrenia Research, 2010, 117, 529-530.	2.0	0
74	WHY TRANSITION TO PSYCHOSIS IS NOT THE WHOLE STORY - NEUROCOGNITIVE MARKERS OF TRANSITION AND POOR FUNCTIONAL OUTCOME SEVEN TO 14YEARS AFTER IDENTIFICATION AS ULTRA-HIGH RISK AT THE PACE CLINIC. Schizophrenia Research, 2010, 117, 174-175.	2.0	0
75	Embracing patient choice. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2012, 201, 492-493.	2.8	0