

Daniel Sol

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

133
papers

13,283
citations

41258

49
h-index

24179

110
g-index

142
all docs

142
docs citations

142
times ranked

10385
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A test of Darwin's naturalization conundrum in birds reveals enhanced invasion success in the presence of close relatives. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 661-672.	3.0	9
2	Niche expansion and adaptive divergence in the global radiation of crows and ravens. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2086.	5.8	5
3	Neuron numbers link innovativeness with both absolute and relative brain size in birds. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 1381-1389.	3.4	27
4	Contrasting Impacts of Cultivated Exotics on the Functional Diversity of Domestic Gardens in Three Regions with Different Aridity. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2021, 24, 875-890.	1.6	2
5	Validation of a globally-applicable method to measure urban tolerance of birds using citizen science data. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2021, 120, 106905.	2.6	9
6	Intelligence Versus Natural Selection. , 2021, , 4174-4177.		0
7	Technical Intelligence Hypothesis, The. , 2021, , 8112-8116.		0
8	Brain size predicts learning abilities in bees. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2021, 8, 201940.	1.1	10
9	Resource preferences and the emergence of individual niche specialization within populations. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2021, 32, 1202-1211.	1.0	5
10	A framework for understanding how biodiversity patterns unfold across multiple spatial scales in urban ecosystems. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2021, 12, e03650.	1.0	24
11	Innovation and Problem-Solving Overview. , 2021, , 639-652.		0
12	Niche shifts after island colonization spurred adaptive diversification and speciation in a cosmopolitan bird clade. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2021, 288, 20211022.	1.2	7
13	Cognitive Buffer Hypothesis, The. , 2021, , 1147-1152.		0
14	Invasion success and tolerance to urbanization in birds. <i>Ecography</i> , 2021, 44, 1642-1652.	2.1	11
15	Innovation in solitary bees is driven by exploration, shyness and activity levels. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2021, 224, .	0.8	3
16	Vultures as an overlooked model in cognitive ecology. <i>Animal Cognition</i> , 2021, , 1.	0.9	5
17	Daily Nest Predation Rates Decrease with Body Size in Passerine Birds. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2020, 196, 743-754.	1.0	22
18	Feeding specialization and longer generation time are associated with relatively larger brains in bees. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020, 287, 20200762.	1.2	12

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19	Host Cognition and Parasitism in Birds: A Review of the Main Mechanisms. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 8, .	1.1	7
20	The worldwide impact of urbanisation on avian functional diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2020, 23, 962-972.	3.0	95
21	Brain Size and Life History Interact to Predict Urban Tolerance in Birds. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 8, .	1.1	51
22	Behavioural plasticity is associated with reduced extinction risk in birds. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 788-793.	3.4	104
23	Cognition and Adaptation to Urban Environments. , 2020, , 253-267.		9
24	Behaviour, life history and persistence in novel environments. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 374, 20180056.	1.8	27
25	Larger brains spur species diversification in birds. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2019, 73, 2085-2093.	1.1	15
26	Fast attrition of springtail communities by experimental drought and richnessâ€“decomposition relationships across Europe. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 2727-2738.	4.2	23
27	Bees use anthropogenic habitats despite strong natural habitat preferences. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2019, 25, 924-935.	1.9	25
28	El futur de la biodiversitat al planeta Terra. <i>Metode</i> , 2019, , .	0.0	0
29	Risk-taking behavior, urbanization and the pace of life in birds. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2018, 72, 1.	0.6	59
30	Predictable evolution towards larger brains in birds colonizing oceanic islands. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 2820.	5.8	61
31	Are Urban Vertebrates City Specialists, Artificial Habitat Exploiters, or Environmental Generalists?. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2018, 58, 929-938.	0.9	57
32	Why Are Exotic Birds So Successful in Urbanized Environments?. , 2017, , 75-89.		27
33	Urbanisation and the loss of phylogenetic diversity in birds. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2017, 20, 721-729.	3.0	145
34	Tropical insect diversity: evidence of greater host specialization in seedâ€“feeding weevils. <i>Ecology</i> , 2017, 98, 2180-2190.	1.5	26
35	Revisiting the open-field test: what does it really tell us about animal personality?. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2017, 123, 69-79.	0.8	130
36	Intelligence vs. Natural Selection. , 2017, , 1-4.		0

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37	Invading New Environments: A Mechanistic Framework Linking Motor Diversity and Cognition to Establishment Success. , 2016, , 26-46.		13
38	How Behaviour Contributes to the Success of an Invasive Poeciliid Fish: The Trinidadian Guppy (<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>) as a Model Species. , 2016, , 266-290.		16
39	Wildlife Trade, Behaviour and Avian Invasions. , 2016, , 324-344.		2
40	The Role of Dispersal Behaviour and Personality in Post-establishment Spread. , 2016, , 96-116.		9
41	Life History, Behaviour and Invasion Success. , 2016, , 63-81.		16
42	Invasive Plants as Novel Food Resources, the Pollinators's Perspective. , 2016, , 119-132.		9
43	Testing the island effect on phenotypic diversification: insights from the <i>Hemidactylus</i> geckos of the Socotra Archipelago. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 23729.	1.6	25
44	Environmental variation and the evolution of large brains in birds. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 13971.	5.8	118
45	The Role of Behavioural Variation across Different Stages of the Introduction Process. , 2016, , 7-25.		13
46	Relative Brain Size and Its Relation with the Associative Pallium in Birds. <i>Brain, Behavior and Evolution</i> , 2016, 87, 69-77.	0.9	59
47	Progresses and Controversies in Invasion Biology. <i>Wildlife Research Monographs</i> , 2016, , 177-200.	0.4	3
48	Competition, niche opportunities and the successful invasion of natural habitats. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 3535-3546.	1.2	18
49	The life-history basis of behavioural innovations. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 371, 20150187.	1.8	107
50	The role of motor diversity in foraging innovations: a cross-species comparison in urban birds. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2016, 27, 584-591.	1.0	52
51	Cognitive Buffer Hypothesis, The. , 2016, , 1-6.		1
52	Biological Invasions and Animal Behaviour. , 2016, , .		12
53	Integrating behavior into life-history theory: a comment on Wong and Candolin. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2015, 26, 677-678.	1.0	3
54	The Evolution of Innovativeness. , 2015, , 163-187.		16

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55	Singing in the city: high song frequencies are no guarantee for urban success in birds. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2015, 26, 843-850.	1.0	32
56	Random processes and phylogenetic loss caused by plant invasions. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2015, 24, 774-785.	2.7	16
57	Do close relatives make bad neighbors?. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, E534-5.	3.3	10
58	Urbanisation tolerance and the loss of avian diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2014, 17, 942-950.	3.0	283
59	Addressing a critique of the TEASI framework for invasive species risk assessment. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 1415-e6.	3.0	4
60	Measuring Tolerance to Urbanization for Comparative Analyses. <i>Ardeola</i> , 2013, 60, 3-13.	0.4	18
61	Behavioural changes and the adaptive diversification of pigeons and doves. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20122893.	1.2	60
62	Fitness costs and benefits of personality disorder traits. <i>Evolution and Human Behavior</i> , 2013, 34, 41-48.	1.4	19
63	Behavioural adjustments for a life in the city. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2013, 85, 1101-1112.	0.8	507
64	Sexual selection on brain size in shorebirds (<sc>C</sc>haradriiformes). <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2013, 26, 878-888.	0.8	17
65	Do smart birds stress less? An interspecific relationship between brain size and corticosterone levels. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2013, 280, 20131734.	1.2	29
66	Innovating Innovation Rate and Its Relationship with Brains, Ecology and General Intelligence. <i>Brain, Behavior and Evolution</i> , 2013, 81, 143-145.	0.9	60
67	Improved empirical tests of area-heterogeneity tradeoffs. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, E2858-60.	3.3	13
68	TEASing apart alien species risk assessments: a framework for best practices. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2012, 15, 1475-1493.	3.0	241
69	Unraveling the Life History of Successful Invaders. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 337, 580-583.	6.0	226
70	The paradox of invasion in birds: competitive superiority or ecological opportunism?. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 169, 553-564.	0.9	96
71	Consumer and motor innovation in the common myna: the role of motivation and emotional responses. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2012, 83, 179-188.	0.8	56
72	Deconstructing the nativeâ€œexotic richness relationship in plants. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2012, 21, 524-533.	2.7	43

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73	A framework for estimating niche metrics using the resemblance between qualitative resources. <i>Oikos</i> , 2011, 120, 1341-1350.	1.2	63
74	Are innovative species ecological generalists? A test in North American birds. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2011, 22, 1286-1293.	1.0	74
75	Exploring or Avoiding Novel Food Resources? The Novelty Conflict in an Invasive Bird. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e19535.	1.1	185
76	Large-brained mammals live longer. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2010, 23, 1064-1074.	0.8	113
77	Evolutionary Divergence in Brain Size between Migratory and Resident Birds. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e9617.	1.1	82
78	Ant versus bird exclusion effects on the arthropod assemblage of an organic citrus grove. <i>Ecological Entomology</i> , 2010, 35, 367-376.	1.1	33
79	A global risk assessment for the success of bird introductions. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2009, 46, 787-795.	1.9	36
80	Exploring species attributes and site characteristics to assess plant invasions in Spain. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2009, 15, 50-58.	1.9	90
81	Prominent role of invasive species in avian biodiversity loss. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2043-2049.	1.9	160
82	Revisiting the cognitive buffer hypothesis for the evolution of large brains. <i>Biology Letters</i> , 2009, 5, 130-133.	1.0	259
83	The Cognitive-Buffer Hypothesis for the Evolution of Large Brains. , 2009, , 111-134.		44
84	The comparative analysis of historical alien introductions. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2008, 10, 1119-1129.	1.2	62
85	Random sampling, abundance-extinction dynamics and niche-filtering immigration constraints explain the generation of species richness gradients. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2008, 17, 352-362.	2.7	26
86	Grasping at the routes of biological invasions: a framework for integrating pathways into policy. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 403-414.	1.9	784
87	Brain Size and the Diversification of Body Size in Birds. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2008, 172, 170-177.	1.0	44
88	Brain Size Predicts the Success of Mammal Species Introduced into Novel Environments. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2008, 172, S63-S71.	1.0	382
89	Brains, Lifestyles and Cognition: Are There General Trends?. <i>Brain, Behavior and Evolution</i> , 2008, 72, 135-144.	0.9	161
90	Introduction: Genetics of Colonizing Species. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2008, 172, S1-S3.	1.0	20

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91	Do Successful Invaders Exist? Pre-Adaptations to Novel Environments in Terrestrial Vertebrates. , 2008, , 127-141.		34
92	Big-brained birds survive better in nature. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2007, 274, 763-769.	1.2	181
93	Community-based processes behind species richness gradients: contrasting abundance extinction dynamics and sampling effects in areas of low and high productivity. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2007, 16, 709-719.	2.7	28
94	Integrating animal temperament within ecology and evolution. Biological Reviews, 2007, 82, 291-318.	4.7	2,671
95	Food stealing in birds: brain or brawn?. Animal Behaviour, 2007, 74, 1725-1734.	0.8	73
96	Wildlife conservation and animal temperament: causes and consequences of evolutionary change for captive, reintroduced, and wild populations. Animal Conservation, 2006, 9, 39-48.	1.5	255
97	DOES DIVING LIMIT BRAIN SIZE IN CETACEANS?. Marine Mammal Science, 2006, 22, 413-425.	0.9	29
98	Large Brains and Lengthened Life History Periods in Odontocetes. Brain, Behavior and Evolution, 2006, 68, 218-228.	0.9	12
99	Establishment Success across Convergent Mediterranean Ecosystems: an Analysis of Bird Introductions. Conservation Biology, 2005, 19, 1519-1527.	2.4	27
100	BEHAVIORAL DRIVE OR BEHAVIORAL INHIBITION IN EVOLUTION: SUBSPECIFIC DIVERSIFICATION IN HOLARCTIC PASSERINES. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2005, 59, 2669-2677.	1.1	85
101	How predictable is the abundance of double gametocyte infections?. Parasitology Research, 2005, 97, 84-86.	0.6	3
102	Big brains, enhanced cognition, and response of birds to novel environments. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2005, 102, 5460-5465.	3.3	780
103	BEHAVIORAL DRIVE OR BEHAVIORAL INHIBITION IN EVOLUTION: SUBSPECIFIC DIVERSIFICATION IN HOLARCTIC PASSERINES. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2005, 59, 2669.	1.1	27
104	Comparing cognition across species. Trends in Cognitive Sciences, 2005, 9, 411.	4.0	5
105	Brain size, innovative propensity and migratory behaviour in temperate Palaearctic birds. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2005, 272, 1433-1441.	1.2	186
106	ECOLOGICAL MECHANISMS OF A RESOURCE POLYMORPHISM IN ZENAIIDA DOVES OF BARBADOS. Ecology, 2005, 86, 2397-2407.	1.5	35
107	Behavioral drive or behavioral inhibition in evolution: subspecific diversification in Holarctic passerines. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2005, 59, 2669-77.	1.1	28
108	Global patterns of introduction effort and establishment success in birds. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2004, 271, S405-8.	1.2	184

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109	Dunking behaviour in Carib grackles. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2004, 68, 1267-1274.	0.8	100
110	Double gametocyte infections in apicomplexan parasites of birds and reptiles. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2004, 94, 155-7.	0.6	13
111	Brains, Innovations and Evolution in Birds and Primates. <i>Brain, Behavior and Evolution</i> , 2004, 63, 233-246.	0.9	623
112	Behavioural flexibility predicts species richness in birds, but not extinction risk. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2003, 65, 445-452.	0.8	144
113	Parasite mediated mortality and host immune response explain age-related differences in blood parasitism in birds. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2003, 135, 542-547.	0.9	133
114	The Ecology of Bird Introductions. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2003, 34, 71-98.	3.8	286
115	Behavioural Innovation: A Neglected Issue in the Ecological and Evolutionary Literature?. , 2003, , 63-82.		41
116	Behavioural flexibility and invasion success in birds. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2002, 63, 495-502.	0.8	532
117	Predicting invaders. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2001, 16, 544.	4.2	12
118	Age-related habitat segregation by Robins <i>Erithacus rubecula</i> during the winter. <i>Bird Study</i> , 2001, 48, 252-255.	0.4	10
119	Competition between the yellow-legged gull <i>Larus cachinnans</i> and Audouin's gull <i>Larus audouinii</i> associated with commercial fishing vessels: the influence of season and fishing fleet. <i>Marine Biology</i> , 2001, 139, 807-816.	0.7	65
120	Behavioural flexibility predicts invasion success in birds introduced to New Zealand. <i>Oikos</i> , 2000, 90, 599-605.	1.2	238
121	Geographical variation in blood parasites in feral pigeons: the role of vectors. <i>Ecography</i> , 2000, 23, 307-314.	2.1	119
122	Are islands more susceptible to be invaded than continents? Birds say no. <i>Ecography</i> , 2000, 23, 687-692.	2.1	47
123	Age-related feeding site selection in urban pigeons (<i>Columba livia</i>): experimental evidence of the competition hypothesis. <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> , 2000, 78, 144-149.	0.4	36
124	Are islands more susceptible to be invaded than continents? Birds say no. <i>Ecography</i> , 2000, 23, 687-692.	2.1	15
125	Geographical variation in blood parasites in feral pigeons: the role of vectors. <i>Ecography</i> , 2000, 23, 307-314.	2.1	31
126	Age-related feeding site selection in urban pigeons (<i>Columba livia</i>): experimental evidence of the competition hypothesis. <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> , 2000, 78, 144-149.	0.4	5

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127	Competition for Food in Urban Pigeons: The Cost of Being Juvenile. <i>Condor</i> , 1998, 100, 298-304.	0.7	66
128	Habitat selection and breeding success in Yellow-legged Gulls <i>Larus cachinnans</i> . <i>Ibis</i> , 1998, 140, 415-421.	1.0	39
129	Habitat Selection by the Monk Parakeet during Colonization of a New Area in Spain. <i>Condor</i> , 1997, 99, 39-46.	0.7	66
130	The influence of refuse tips on the winter distribution of Yellow-legged Gulls <i>Larus cachinnans</i> . <i>Bird Study</i> , 1995, 42, 216-221.	0.4	33
131	Urban pigeon populations: stability, home range, and the effect of removing individuals. <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> , 1995, 73, 1154-1160.	0.4	56
132	Artificial selection, naturalization, and fitness: Darwin's pigeons revisited. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 0, 93, 657-665.	0.7	26
133	In the Light of Introduction: Importance of Introduced Populations for the Study of Brood Parasite-Host Coevolution. , 0, , 133-157.		6