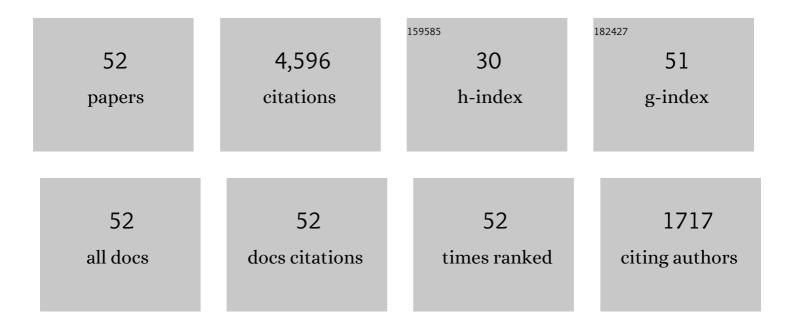
Susan A Cotter

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Does coexisting accommodative dysfunction impact clinical convergence measures, symptoms and treatment success for symptomatic convergence insufficiency in children?. Ophthalmic and Physiological Optics, 2022, 42, 59-70.	2.0	5
2	A Randomized Trial of Binocular Dig Rush Game Treatment for Amblyopia in Children Aged 4 to 6 Years. Optometry and Vision Science, 2022, 99, 213-227.	1.2	16
3	The Pediatric Optic Neuritis Prospective Outcomes Study – Two-Year Results. Ophthalmology, 2022, , .	5.2	5
4	Rasch-calibrated Intermittent Exotropia Symptom Questionnaire for Children. Optometry and Vision Science, 2022, Publish Ahead of Print, .	1.2	1
5	Effectiveness of vergence/accommodative therapy for accommodative dysfunction in children with convergence insufficiency. Ophthalmic and Physiological Optics, 2021, 41, 21-32.	2.0	10
6	Health-related quality of life in children with untreated intermittent exotropia and their parents. Journal of AAPOS, 2021, 25, 80.e1-80.e4.	0.3	3
7	Assessment of Pediatric Optic Neuritis Visual Acuity Outcomes at 6 Months. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2020, 138, 1253.	2.5	18
8	Threeâ€year observation of children 12 to 35 months old with untreated intermittent exotropia. Ophthalmic and Physiological Optics, 2020, 40, 202-215.	2.0	4
9	A Randomized Clinical Trial of Immediate Versus Delayed Glasses for Moderate Hyperopia in Children 3 to 5 Years of Age. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2019, 208, 145-159.	3.3	2
10	Prevalence, Characteristics, and Risk Factors of Moderate or High Hyperopia among Multiethnic Children 6 to 72 Months of Age. Ophthalmology, 2019, 126, 989-999.	5.2	20
11	A Randomized Clinical Trial of Immediate versus Delayed Glasses for Moderate Hyperopia in 1- and 2-Year-Olds. Ophthalmology, 2019, 126, 876-887.	5.2	11
12	Three-Year Observation of Children 3 to 10 Years of Age with Untreated Intermittent Exotropia. Ophthalmology, 2019, 126, 1249-1260.	5.2	30
13	Relationship among clinical factors in childhood intermittent exotropia. Journal of AAPOS, 2017, 21, 268-273.	0.3	20
14	The Amblyopia Treatment Studies. Advances in Ophthalmology and Optometry, 2016, 1, 287-305.	0.3	42
15	Reply. Ophthalmology, 2016, 123, e22.	5.2	0
16	A Randomized Trial Comparing Part-time Patching with Observation for Intermittent Exotropia in Children 12 to 35 Months of Age. Ophthalmology, 2015, 122, 1718-1725.	5.2	35
17	Accommodative Performance of Children With Unilateral Amblyopia. Investigative Ophthalmology and Visual Science, 2015, 56, 1193-1207.	3.3	31
18	Convergence Insufficiency Treatment Trial - Attention and Reading Trial (CITT-ART): Design and Methods. Vision Development and Rehabilitation, 2015, 1, 214-228.	0.0	18

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19	A Randomized Trial Comparing Part-Time Patching with Observation for Children 3 to 10 Years of Age with Intermittent Exotropia. Ophthalmology, 2014, 121, 2299-2310.	5.2	54
20	Should amblyopia be treated?. Ophthalmic and Physiological Optics, 2014, 34, 226-232.	2.0	5
21	A Randomized Trial of Increasing Patching for Amblyopia. Ophthalmology, 2013, 120, 2270-2277.	5.2	59
22	Prevalence of Amblyopia or Strabismus in Asian and Non-Hispanic White Preschool Children. Ophthalmology, 2013, 120, 2117-2124.	5.2	232
23	Feasibility of a Clinical Trial of Vision Therapy for Treatment of Amblyopia. Optometry and Vision Science, 2013, 90, 475-481.	1.2	8
24	Optical Treatment of Strabismic and Combined Strabismic–Anisometropic Amblyopia. Ophthalmology, 2012, 119, 150-158.	5.2	102
25	Visual acuity through Bangerter filters in nonamblyopic eyes. Journal of AAPOS, 2011, 15, 131-134.	0.3	15
26	Risk Factors Associated with Childhood Strabismus. Ophthalmology, 2011, 118, 2251-2261.	5.2	131
27	Treatment of Accommodative Dysfunction in Children: Results from a Randomized Clinical Trial. Optometry and Vision Science, 2011, 88, 1343-1352.	1.2	71
28	Randomized Trial to Evaluate Combined Patching and Atropine for Residual Amblyopia. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2011, 129, 960-962.	2.4	34
29	A Randomized Trial Comparing Bangerter Filters and Patching for the Treatment of Moderate Amblyopia in Children. Ophthalmology, 2010, 117, 998-1004.e6.	5.2	118
30	Fixation Preference and Visual Acuity Testing in a Population-based Cohort of Preschool Children with Amblyopia Risk Factors. Ophthalmology, 2009, 116, 145-153.	5.2	44
31	Treatment of severe amblyopia with weekend atropine: Results from 2 randomized clinical trials. Journal of AAPOS, 2009, 13, 258-263.	0.3	93
32	Reply. Journal of AAPOS, 2009, 13, 529.	0.3	6
33	Visual Acuity Norms in Pre-School Children: The Multi-Ethnic Pediatric Eye Disease Study. Optometry and Vision Science, 2009, 86, 607-612.	1.2	98
34	Validity of the Convergence Insufficiency Symptom Survey: A Confirmatory Study. Optometry and Vision Science, 2009, 86, 357-363.	1.2	128
35	Treatment of Convergence Insufficiency in Childhood: A Current Perspective. Optometry and Vision Science, 2009, 86, 420-428.	1.2	45
36	Monocular Oral Reading Performance After Amblyopia Treatment in Children. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2008, 146, 942-947.	3.3	17

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37	A Randomized Trial of Atropine vs Patching for Treatment of Moderate Amblyopia. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2008, 126, 1039.	2.4	107
38	Treatment of Strabismic Amblyopia With Refractive Correction. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2007, 143, 1060-1063.	3.3	65
39	Visual Acuity Testability in African-American and Hispanic Children: The Multi-Ethnic Pediatric Eye Disease Study. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2007, 144, 663-667.	3.3	43
40	Treatment of Anisometropic Amblyopia in Children with Refractive Correction. Ophthalmology, 2006, 113, 895-903.	5.2	271
41	A Randomized Trial to Evaluate 2 Hours of Daily Patching for Strabismic and Anisometropic Amblyopia in Children. Ophthalmology, 2006, 113, 904-912.	5.2	191
42	Causes of Low Vision and Blindness in Adult LatinosThe Los Angeles Latino Eye Study. Ophthalmology, 2006, 113, 1574-1582.	5.2	142
43	ACCOMMODATIVE INSUFFICIENCY IS THE PRIMARY SOURCE OF SYMPTOMS IN CHILDREN DIAGNOSED WITH CONVERGENCE INSUFFICIENCY. Optometry and Vision Science, 2006, 83, 857-858.	1.2	6
44	Randomized Trial of Treatment of Amblyopia in Children Aged 7 to 17 Years. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2005, 123, 437.	2.4	400
45	A Randomized Clinical Trial of Treatments for Convergence Insufficiency in Children. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2005, 123, 14.	2.4	199
46	Two-Year Follow-up of a 6-Month Randomized Trial of Atropine vs Patching for Treatment of Moderate Amblyopia in Children. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2005, 123, 149.	2.4	168
47	A randomized trial of atropine regimens for treatment of moderate amblyopia in children. Ophthalmology, 2004, 111, 2076-2085.e4.	5.2	207
48	A randomized trial of prescribed patching regimens for treatment of severe amblyopia in children. Ophthalmology, 2003, 110, 2075-2087.	5.2	343
49	Reliability of the electronic early treatment diabetic retinopathy study testing protocol in children 7 to <13 years old. American Journal of Ophthalmology, 2003, 136, 655-661.	3.3	89
50	A Randomized Trial of Patching Regimens for Treatment of Moderate Amblyopia in Children. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2003, 121, 603.	2.4	407
51	Validity and Reliability of the Revised Convergence Insufficiency Symptom Survey in Children Aged 9 to 18 Years. Optometry and Vision Science, 2003, 80, 832-838.	1.2	238
52	Frequency of Convergence Insufficiency Among Fifth and Sixth Graders. Optometry and Vision Science, 1999, 76, 643-649.	1.2	189