

# Daniel Fink

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

36  
papers

4,403  
citations

257101

24  
h-index

344852

36  
g-index

42  
all docs

42  
docs citations

42  
times ranked

4387  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Continental-scale biomass redistribution by migratory birds in response to seasonal variation in productivity. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2022, 31, 727-739.	2.7	9
2	Extreme uncertainty and unquantifiable bias do not inform population sizes. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, e2113862119.	3.3	11
3	Seasonal associations with light pollution trends for nocturnally migrating bird populations. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2022, 13, .	1.0	12
4	The role of artificial light at night and road density in predicting the seasonal occurrence of nocturnally migrating birds. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2022, 28, 992-1009.	1.9	11
5	Clustering community science data to infer songbird migratory connectivity in the Western Hemisphere. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2022, 13, .	1.0	6
6	A pathway for citizen science data to inform policy: A case study using eBird data for defining low-risk collision areas for wind energy development. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 58, 1104-1111.	1.9	15
7	Analytical guidelines to increase the value of community science data: An example using eBird data to estimate species distributions. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2021, 27, 1265-1277.	1.9	121
8	Geographical associations with anthropogenic noise pollution for North American breeding birds. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2020, 29, 148-158.	2.7	15
9	Comparing abundance distributions and range maps in spatial conservation planning for migratory species. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2020, 30, e02058.	1.8	22
10	Modeling avian full annual cycle distribution and population trends with citizen science data. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2020, 30, e02056.	1.8	114
11	Statistical inference on tree swallow migrations with random forests. <i>Journal of the Royal Statistical Society Series C: Applied Statistics</i> , 2020, 69, 973-989.	0.5	5
12	Exposure to noise pollution across North American passerines supports the noise filter hypothesis. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2020, 29, 1430-1434.	2.7	12
13	Optimizing the conservation of migratory species over their full annual cycle. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 1754.	5.8	58
14	Using Semistructured Surveys to Improve Citizen Science Data for Monitoring Biodiversity. <i>BioScience</i> , 2019, 69, 170-179.	2.2	130
15	Time of emergence of novel climates for North American migratory bird populations. <i>Ecography</i> , 2019, 42, 1079-1091.	2.1	17
16	Correcting for bias in distribution modelling for rare species using citizen science data. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2018, 24, 460-472.	1.9	88
17	Estimates of observer expertise improve species distributions from citizen science data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 9, 88-97.	2.2	128
18	Using citizen science data in integrated population models to inform conservation. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2018, 227, 361-368.	1.9	41

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Seasonal abundance and survival of North America's migratory avifauna determined by weather radar. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 2, 1603-1609.	3.4	99
20	Seasonal associations with novel climates for North American migratory bird populations. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2018, 21, 845-856.	3.0	18
21	Using open access observational data for conservation action: A case study for birds. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2017, 208, 5-14.	1.9	131
22	Dynamic conservation for migratory species. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2017, 3, e1700707.	4.7	118
23	Global change and the distributional dynamics of migratory bird populations wintering in Central America. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 5284-5296.	4.2	68
24	Seasonal associations with urban light pollution for nocturnally migrating bird populations. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 4609-4619.	4.2	94
25	Novel seasonal land cover associations for eastern North American forest birds identified through dynamic species distribution modelling. <i>Diversity and Distributions</i> , 2016, 22, 717-730.	1.9	105
26	Convergence of broad-scale migration strategies in terrestrial birds. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2016, 283, 20152588.	1.2	87
27	Seasonal changes in the altitudinal distribution of nocturnally migrating birds during autumn migration. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2015, 2, 150347.	1.1	29
28	Abundance models improve spatial and temporal prioritization of conservation resources. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2015, 25, 1749-1756.	1.8	123
29	Taking a "Big Data" approach to data quality in a citizen science project. <i>Ambio</i> , 2015, 44, 601-611.	2.8	144
30	Can Observation Skills of Citizen Scientists Be Estimated Using Species Accumulation Curves?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0139600.	1.1	107
31	Crowdsourcing Meets Ecology: Hemispherewide Spatiotemporal Species Distribution Models. <i>AI Magazine</i> , 2014, 35, 19-30.	1.4	42
32	The role of atmospheric conditions in the seasonal dynamics of North American migration flyways. <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2014, 41, 1685-1696.	1.4	102
33	Spring phenology of ecological productivity contributes to the use of looped migration strategies by birds. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014, 281, 20140984.	1.2	68
34	The eBird enterprise: An integrated approach to development and application of citizen science. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2014, 169, 31-40.	1.9	703
35	Spatiotemporal exploratory models for broad-scale survey data. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2010, 20, 2131-2147.	1.8	203
36	eBird: A citizen-based bird observation network in the biological sciences. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2009, 142, 2282-2292.	1.9	1,259