Md Jamal Uddin

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

41 420 19 11 g-index h-index citations papers 619 4.1 4.1 45 ext. citations avg, IF L-index ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
41	Reporting methodological issues of the mendelian randomization studies in health and medical research: a systematic review <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2022 , 22, 21	4.7	O
40	Depression and Anxiety among University Students: A Comparison between COVID-19 Pandemic Panic Period and Post-panic Period in Bangladesh. <i>Open Access Macedonian Journal of Medical Sciences</i> , 2022 , 10, 52-59	1	О
39	Factors influencing voluntary blood donation practice among university students of Bangladesh <i>Transfusion and Apheresis Science</i> , 2022 , 103379	2.4	1
38	The availability of essential medicines for diabetes at health facilities in Bangladesh: evidence from 2014 and 2017 national surveys <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2022 , 22, 377	2.9	0
37	Depression and stress regarding future career among university students during COVID-19 pandemic <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0266686	3.7	O
36	Changes in prevalence and risk factors of hypertension among adults in Bangladesh: An analysis of two waves of nationally representative surveys. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0259507	3.7	0
35	Changes in prevalence, and factors associated with tobacco use among Bangladeshi school students: evidence from two nationally representative surveys. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 579	4.1	2
34	Intergenerational transmission of suicide attempt in a cohort of 4.4 million children. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021 , 1-8	6.9	3
33	Estimation of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) reproduction number and case fatality rate: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Health Science Reports</i> , 2021 , 4, e274	2.2	14
32	The Global Case-Fatality Rate of COVID-19 Has Been Declining Since May 2020. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2021 ,	3.2	10
31	Health impacts of excessive use of Facebook among university students in Bangladesh. <i>Heliyon</i> , 2021 , 7, e07271	3.6	1
30	Impact of weather on COVID-19 transmission in south Asian countries: An application of the ARIMAX model. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021 , 761, 143315	10.2	12
29	Factors associated with body mass index among university students in Bangladesh. <i>Zeitschrift Fur Gesundheitswissenschaften</i> , 2021 , 29, 345-351	1.4	O
28	No evidence of associations between genetic liability for schizophrenia and development of cannabis use disorder. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021 , 51, 479-484	6.9	7
27	Quantitative genome-wide association analyses of receptive language in the Danish High Risk and Resilience Study. <i>BMC Neuroscience</i> , 2020 , 21, 30	3.2	3
26	Cesarean delivery and early childhood diseases in Bangladesh: An analysis of Demographic and Health Survey (BDHS) and Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0242864	3.7	0
25	Language deficits in specific language impairment, attention deficit/hyperactivity disorder, and autism spectrum disorder: An analysis of polygenic risk. <i>Autism Research</i> , 2020 , 13, 369-381	5.1	7

(2015-2020)

24	Odor identification in 7-year-old children at familial high risk of schizophrenia or bipolar disorder - the Danish high risk and resilience study VIA 7. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 216, 77-84	3.6	1
23	The Global Health Security index and Joint External Evaluation score for health preparedness are not correlated with countries COVID-19 detection response time and mortality outcome. <i>Epidemiology and Infection</i> , 2020 , 148, e210	4.3	28
22	Polygenic risk for psychiatric disorder and singleness in patients with severe mental illness and controls. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2019 , 119, 60-66	5.2	5
21	Home visits in the Danish High Risk and Resilience Study - VIA 7: assessment of the home environment of 508 7-year-old children born to parents diagnosed with schizophrenia or bipolar disorder. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2019 , 140, 126-134	6.5	12
20	Social Cognition, Language, and Social Behavior in 7-Year-Old Children at Familial High-Risk of Developing Schizophrenia or Bipolar Disorder: The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study VIA 7-A Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2019 , 45, 1218-1230	1.3	16
19	Risk factors for acute respiratory infection in children younger than five years in Bangladesh. <i>Public Health</i> , 2019 , 173, 112-119	4	10
18	Psychopathology in 7-year-old children with familial high risk of developing schizophrenia spectrum psychosis or bipolar disorder - The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study - VIA 7, a population-based cohort study. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 17, 210-219	14.4	35
17	Health awareness, lifestyle and dietary behavior of university students in the northeast part of Bangladesh. <i>International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health</i> , 2018 , 33,	1.1	2
16	The Danish High Risk and Resilience Study-VIA 11: Study Protocol for the First Follow-Up of the VIA 7 Cohort -522 Children Born to Parents With Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders or Bipolar Disorder and Controls Being Re-examined for the First Time at Age 11. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018 , 9, 661	5	7
15	Factors associated with knowledge and awareness of HIV/AIDS among married women in Bangladesh: evidence from a nationally representative survey. <i>Sahara J</i> , 2018 , 15, 121-127	1.9	7
14	Correlates of attempting to quit smoking among adults in Bangladesh. <i>Addictive Behaviors Reports</i> , 2018 , 8, 1-7	3.7	7
13	Correlates of unsuccessful smoking cessation among adults in Bangladesh. <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2017 , 8, 122-128	2.6	8
12	Hypertension among adults in Bangladesh: evidence from a national cross-sectional survey. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2016 , 16, 22	2.3	76
11	Case-only designs for studying the association of antidepressants and hip or femur fracture. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2016 , 25 Suppl 1, 103-13	2.6	10
10	Methods to control for unmeasured confounding in pharmacoepidemiology: an overview. <i>International Journal of Clinical Pharmacy</i> , 2016 , 38, 714-23	2.3	24
9	Instrumental variables analysis using multiple databases: an example of antidepressant use and risk of hip fracture. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2016 , 25 Suppl 1, 122-31	2.6	5
8	Evaluating different physiciand prescribing preference based instrumental variables in two primary care databases: a study of inhaled long-acting beta2-agonist use and the risk of myocardial infarction. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2016 , 25 Suppl 1, 132-41	2.6	7
7	Type 2 diabetes and its correlates among adults in Bangladesh: a population based study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015 , 15, 1070	4.1	40

6	Performance of prior event rate ratio adjustment method in pharmacoepidemiology: a simulation study. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2015 , 24, 468-77	2.6	19
5	Instrumental Variable Analysis in Epidemiologic Studies: An Overview of the Estimation Methods. <i>Pharmaceutica Analytica Acta</i> , 2015 , 06,	О	6
4	Quantitative falsification of instrumental variables assumption using balance measures. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2014 , 25, 770-2	3.1	10
3	Performance of instrumental variable methods in cohort and nested case-control studies: a simulation study. <i>Pharmacoepidemiology and Drug Safety</i> , 2014 , 23, 165-77	2.6	11
2	Predictors of Infant Mortality in a Developing Country. Asian Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 1-16	0.4	9
1	The prevalence of olfactory dysfunction and its associated factors in patients with COVID-19 infection		2