

# Gilles Kayem

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

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|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 74<br>papers      | 2,626<br>citations      | 25<br>h-index  | 50<br>g-index   |
| 84<br>ext. papers | 3,475<br>ext. citations | 3.3<br>avg, IF | 4.64<br>L-index |

| #  | Paper   | IF  | Citations |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 74 | Conservative management or cesarean-hysterectomy for placenta accreta spectrum? Local resources and organization of care matter.. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2022</b> ,  | 6.4 | 2         |
| 73 | Assessing conservative management versus cesarean-hysterectomy for placenta accreta spectrum: the importance of comparing data collected at the same study period.. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2022</b> ,  | 6.4 | 0         |
| 72 | Conservative Management or Cesarean Hysterectomy for Placenta Accreta Spectrum: the PACCRETA Prospective Study.. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2021</b> ,   | 6.4 | 8         |
| 71 | The Endometrial Immune Profiling May Positively Affect the Management of Recurrent Pregnancy Loss. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 12, 656701  | 8.4 | 4         |
| 70 | Description of a late miscarriage case at 16 Weeks of Gestation associated with a SARS-CoV-2 infection. <i>Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2021</b> , 50, 102064   | 1.9 | 3         |
| 69 | Intrahepatic cholestasis of pregnancy associated with azathioprine: A case series. <i>Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2021</b> , 50, 102083  | 1.9 | 1         |
| 68 | Tocolysis after preterm premature rupture of membranes: Time for change?. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 259, 223-224   | 2.4 |           |
| 67 | Prevalence and incidence of postpartum depression and environmental factors: The IGEDEPP cohort. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 138, 366-374  | 5.2 | 4         |
| 66 | Unexplained recurrent implantation failures: Predictive factors of pregnancy and therapeutic management from a French multicentre study. <i>Journal of Reproductive Immunology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 145, 103313  | 4.2 | 2         |
| 65 | Conservative approach: Intentional retention of the placenta. <i>Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 72, 52-66  | 4.6 | 6         |
| 64 | Association between extremely preterm caesarean delivery and maternal depressive and anxious symptoms: a national population-based cohort study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 128, 594-602                                       | 3.7 | 0         |
| 63 | Endometriosis with infertility: A comprehensive review on the role of immune deregulation and immunomodulation therapy. <i>American Journal of Reproductive Immunology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 85, e13384   | 3.8 | 12        |
| 62 | SARS-COV-2 IgG antibody response in pregnant women at delivery. <i>Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2021</b> , 50, 102041   | 1.9 | 5         |
| 61 | Cause of preterm birth and late-onset sepsis in very preterm infants: the EPIPAGE-2 cohort study. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 90, 584-592   | 3.2 | 10        |
| 60 | Association of peripartum management and high maternal blood loss at cesarean delivery for placenta accreta spectrum (PAS): A multinational database study. <i>Acta Obstetrica Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2021</b> , 100 Suppl 1, 29-40                                      | 3.8 | 13        |
| 59 | Evaluation of the usefulness of ultrasound measurement of the lower uterine segment before delivery of women with a prior cesarean delivery: a randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2021</b> ,   | 6.4 | 4         |
| 58 | Tocolysis in the management of preterm prelabor rupture of membranes at 22-33 weeks of gestation: study protocol for a multicenter, double-blind, randomized controlled trial comparing nifedipine with placebo (TOCOPROM). <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2021</b> , 21, 614 | 3.2 | 1         |

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| 57 | Preterm and term prelabour rupture of membranes: A review of timing and methods of labour induction. <i>Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 77, 27-41  | 4.6  | 3   |
| 56 | Association of Chorioamnionitis with Cerebral Palsy at Two Years after Spontaneous Very Preterm Birth: The EPIPAGE-2 Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>2020</b> , 222, 71-78.e6  | 3.6  | 6   |
| 55 | A snapshot of the Covid-19 pandemic among pregnant women in France. <i>Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2020</b> , 49, 101826  | 1.9  | 98  |
| 54 | Intralipid therapy for unexplained recurrent miscarriage and implantation failure: Case-series and literature review. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 252, 100-104  | 4    | 13  |
| 53 | Evaluation of the implementation of a protocol for the restrictive use of oxytocin during spontaneous labor. <i>Journal of Gynecology Obstetrics and Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2020</b> , 49, 101664   | 1.9  | 1   |
| 52 | Proportion of Cytotoxic Peripheral Blood Natural Killer Cells and T-Cell Large Granular Lymphocytes in Recurrent Miscarriage and Repeated Implantation Failure: Case-Control Study and Meta-analysis. <i>Archivum Immunologiae Et Therapiae Experimentalis</i> , <b>2019</b> , 67, 225-236 | 4    | 10  |
| 51 | Evidence-based guidelines for the management of abnormally invasive placenta: recommendations from the International Society for Abnormally Invasive Placenta. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 220, 511-526   | 6.4  | 111 |
| 50 | Preterm premature rupture of the membranes: Guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynaecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 236, 1-6                                      | 2.4  | 34  |
| 49 | Outpatient versus inpatient care for preterm premature rupture of membranes before 34 weeks of gestation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2019</b> , 9, 4280  | 4.9  | 2   |
| 48 | Association between gestational age and severe maternal morbidity and mortality of preterm cesarean delivery: a population-based cohort study. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 220, 399.e1-399.e9   | 6.4  | 14  |
| 47 | Planned delivery route of preterm breech singletons, and neonatal and 2-year outcomes: a population-based cohort study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 126, 73-82   | 3.7  | 10  |
| 46 | FIGO consensus guidelines on placenta accreta spectrum disorders: Conservative management. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 140, 291-298  | 4    | 122 |
| 45 | Preterm premature rupture of membranes at 22-25 weeks gestation: perinatal and 2-year outcomes within a national population-based study (EPIPAGE-2). <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 219, 298.e1-298.e14  | 6.4  | 27  |
| 44 | Tranexamic Acid for the Prevention of Blood Loss after Vaginal Delivery. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , <b>2018</b> , 379, 731-742   | 59.2 | 85  |
| 43 | Antibiotics for amniotic-fluid colonization by <i>Ureaplasma</i> and/or <i>Mycoplasma</i> spp. to prevent preterm birth: A randomized trial. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2018</b> , 13, e0206290  | 3.7  | 7   |
| 42 | Neonatal Outcomes in Extremely Preterm Newborns Admitted to Intensive Care after No Active Antenatal Management: A Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>2018</b> , 203, 150-155  | 3.6  | 10  |
| 41 | Conservative Management of Placenta Accreta Spectrum. <i>Clinical Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 61, 783-794  | 1.7  | 24  |
| 40 | Placenta percreta is associated with more frequent severe maternal morbidity than placenta accreta. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 219, 193.e1-193.e9  | 6.4  | 61  |

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| 39 | Leading causes of preterm delivery as risk factors for intraventricular hemorrhage in very preterm infants: results of the EPIPAGE 2 cohort study. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 216, 518.e1-518.e12  | 6.4 | 39  |
| 38 | Impact of Latency Duration on the Prognosis of Preterm Infants after Preterm Premature Rupture of Membranes at 24 to 32 Weeks of Gestation: A National Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 182, 47-52.e2   | 3.6 | 37  |
| 37 | Authors' Reply: Quantifying haemorrhage is a central difficulty when dealing with primary postpartum haemorrhage. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 124, 526-527   | 3.7 |     |
| 36 | Predictive value of vaginal IL-6 and TNF- $\alpha$ bedside tests repeated until delivery for the prediction of maternal-fetal infection in cases of premature rupture of membranes. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 211, 8-14                                 | 2.4 | 8   |
| 35 | Tocolysis after preterm premature rupture of membranes and neonatal outcome: a propensity-score analysis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 217, 212.e1-212.e12   | 6.4 | 13  |
| 34 | Invasive therapies for primary post-partum haemorrhage as missed opportunities for medical prevention. <i>Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 29, 66-70   | 2.4 | 1   |
| 33 | Histologic Chorioamnionitis and Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia in Preterm Infants: The Epidemiologic Study on Low Gestational Ages 2 Cohort. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , <b>2017</b> , 187, 98-104.e3   | 3.6 | 21  |
| 32 | Incidence and risk factors of caesarean section in preterm breech births: A population-based cohort study. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 212, 37-43   | 2.4 | 5   |
| 31 | Prevention of spontaneous preterm birth: Guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynaecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 210, 217-224   | 2.4 | 74  |
| 30 | Providing active antenatal care depends on the place of birth for extremely preterm births: the EPIPAGE 2 cohort study. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2017</b> , 102, F476-F482   | 4.7 | 17  |
| 29 | Prolonged latency after preterm premature rupture of membranes: an independent risk factor for neonatal sepsis?. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 216, 84  | 6.4 | 2   |
| 28 | Postpartum hemorrhage: guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynaecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF): in collaboration with the French Society of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care (SFAR). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 188, 12-21 | 2.4 | 129 |
| 27 | Neonatal Mortality and Long-Term Outcome of Infants Born between 27 and 32 Weeks of Gestational Age in Breech Presentation: The EPIPAGE Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2016</b> , 11, e0145768   | 3.7 | 14  |
| 26 | Preterm Breech Presentation: A Comparison of Intended Vaginal and Intended Cesarean Delivery. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 127, 1170   | 4.9 | 3   |
| 25 | Re: The risks of planned vaginal breech delivery versus planned caesarean section for term breech birth: a meta-analysis including observational studies: Let's avoid simplistic radicalism when reality is complex. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 123, 145-7      | 3.7 | 4   |
| 24 | Authors' Reply: re: Invasive therapies for primary postpartum haemorrhage: a population-based study in France. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 123, 1034   | 3.7 | 1   |
| 23 | Number of episodes of reduced fetal movement at term: methodological considerations. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 215, 254-5   | 6.4 |     |
| 22 | Mortality and morbidity in early preterm breech singletons: impact of a policy of planned vaginal delivery. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 192, 61-5   | 2.4 | 24  |

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| 21 | Selective rather than universal screening for gestational diabetes mellitus?. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 191, 95-100   | 2.4 | 34  |
| 20 | Survival and morbidity of preterm children born at 22 through 34 weeksTgestation in France in 2011: results of the EPIPAGE-2 cohort study. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , <b>2015</b> , 169, 230-8   | 8.3 | 381 |
| 19 | Neonatal outcome of very preterm twins: policy of planned vaginal or cesarean delivery. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 213, 73.e1-73.e7  | 6.4 | 21  |
| 18 | PACCRETA: clinical situations at high risk of placenta ACCRETA/percreta: impact of diagnostic methods and management on maternal morbidity. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2013</b> , 92, 476-82  | 3.8 | 28  |
| 17 | Delivery for women with a previous cesarean: guidelines for clinical practice from the French College of Gynecologists and Obstetricians (CNGOF). <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 170, 25-32                | 2.4 | 97  |
| 16 | Risk factors for progression from severe maternal morbidity to death: a national cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2011</b> , 6, e29077   | 3.7 | 55  |
| 15 | Maternal and obstetric factors associated with delayed postpartum eclampsia: a national study population. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2011</b> , 90, 1017-23   | 3.8 | 8   |
| 14 | Maternal markers for detecting early-onset neonatal infection and chorioamnionitis in cases of premature rupture of membranes at or after 34 weeks of gestation: a two-center prospective study. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2011</b> , 11, 26            | 3.2 | 33  |
| 13 | Uterine compression sutures for the management of severe postpartum hemorrhage. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2011</b> , 117, 14-20  | 4.9 | 51  |
| 12 | Maternal outcome after conservative treatment of placenta accreta. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2010</b> , 115, 526-534   | 4.9 | 296 |
| 11 | Fertility and pregnancy outcomes following conservative treatment for placenta accreta. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , <b>2010</b> , 25, 2803-10  | 5.7 | 115 |
| 10 | Active versus expectant management for preterm prelabor rupture of membranes at 34-36 weeks of completed gestation: comparison of maternal and neonatal outcomes. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2010</b> , 89, 776-81                      | 3.8 | 6   |
| 9  | Prediction of clinical infection in women with preterm labour with intact membranes: a score based on ultrasonographic, clinical and biological markers. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 145, 36-40         | 2.4 | 11  |
| 8  | Conservative management of a near-term cervico-isthmic pregnancy, followed by a successful subsequent pregnancy: a case report. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , <b>2008</b> , 89, 1826.e13-5  | 4.8 | 6   |
| 7  | Early preterm breech delivery: is a policy of planned vaginal delivery associated with increased risk of neonatal death?. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2008</b> , 198, 289.e1-6   | 6.4 | 28  |
| 6  | Selective use of fetal fibronectin detection after cervical length measurement to predict spontaneous preterm delivery in women with preterm labor. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2006</b> , 194, 138-43                                   | 6.4 | 67  |
| 5  | Detection of interleukin-6 in vaginal secretions of women with preterm premature rupture of membranes and its association with neonatal infection: a rapid immunochromatographic test. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2005</b> , 192, 140-5 | 6.4 | 30  |
| 4  | Conservative versus extirpative management in cases of placenta accreta. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2004</b> , 104, 531-6   | 4.9 | 195 |

- 3 Fertility after conservative treatment of placenta accreta. *Fertility and Sterility*, **2002**, 78, 637-8 4.8 48
- 2 Endometriosis and autoimmunity. *Exploration of Immunology*, 25-31
- 1 Risk of preterm delivery after medically indicated termination of pregnancy with induced vaginal delivery: a case-control study. *Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology*, 1-10 1.3