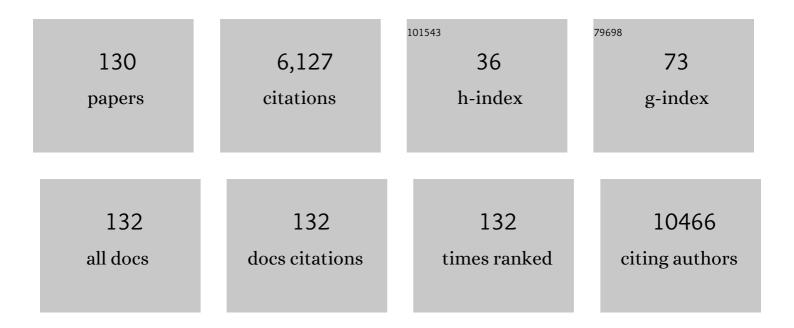
Susan A Kirkland

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Pandemic-related factors predicting physician burnout beyond established organizational factors: cross-sectional results from the COPING survey. Psychology, Health and Medicine, 2023, 28, 2353-2367.	2.4	5
2	Moving Toward the Promise of Participatory Engagement of Older Adults in Gerotechnology. Gerontologist, The, 2022, 62, 324-331.	3.9	12
3	Methodological considerations when establishing reliable and valid normative data: Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA) neuropsychological battery. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2022, 36, 2168-2187.	2.3	8
4	Haptoglobin Phenotype Modifies the Effect of Fenofibrate on Risk of Coronary Event: ACCORD Lipid Trial. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 241-250.	8.6	6
5	Influenza vaccination uptake among Canadian adults before and during the COVID-19 pandemic: An analysis of the Canadian Longitudinal study on Aging (CLSA). Vaccine, 2022, 40, 503-511.	3.8	14
6	Unequal access to opioid agonist treatment and sterile injecting equipment among hospitalized patients with injection drug use-associated infective endocarditis. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0263156.	2.5	9
7	Assessment of Functional Mobility After COVID-19 in Adults Aged 50 Years or Older in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. JAMA Network Open, 2022, 5, e2146168.	5.9	25
8	Multimorbidity resilience and COVID-19 pandemic self-reported impact and worry among older adults: a study based on the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). BMC Geriatrics, 2022, 22, 92.	2.7	11
9	Levels of Depression and Anxiety Among Informal Caregivers During the COVID-19 Pandemic: A Study Based on the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2022, 77, 1740-1757.	3.9	19
10	Frailty indices based on self-report, blood-based biomarkers and examination-based data in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Age and Ageing, 2022, 51, .	1.6	7
11	Factors Associated With Willingness to Receive a COVID-19 Vaccine Among 23,819 Adults Aged 50 Years or Older: An Analysis of the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 191, 987-998.	3.4	24
12	Cohort profile: genomic data for 26 622 individuals from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e059021.	1.9	17
13	Cardiovascular Outcomes in Nova Scotia During the Early Phase of the COVID-19 Pandemic. CJC Open, 2022, 4, 324-336.	1.5	2
14	Prospective study of breakfast frequency and timing and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes in community-dwelling older adults: the Cardiovascular Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 116, 325-334.	4.7	7
15	Predictors of reported alcohol intake during the first and second waves of the COVID-19 pandemic in Canada among middle-aged and older adults: results from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2022, 113, 665-677.	2.3	3
16	Assistive Device Use among Community-Dwelling Older Adults: A Profile of Canadians Using Hearing, Vision, and Mobility Devices in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2021, 40, 23-38.	1.1	11
17	Prospective Study of Skipping Meals to Lose Weight as a Predictor of Incident Type 2 Diabetes With Potential Modification by Cardiometabolic Risk Factors: The Canadian 1995 Nova Scotia Health Survey. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2021, 45, 306-312.	0.8	6
18	Frailty among middle-aged and older Canadians: population norms for the frailty index using the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Age and Ageing, 2021, 50, 447-456.	1.6	29

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19	Potentially Inappropriate Drug Duplication in a Cohort of Older Adults with Dementia. Current Therapeutic Research, 2021, 95, 100644.	1.2	2
20	An examination of three prescribing cascades in a cohort of older adults with dementia. BMC Geriatrics, 2021, 21, 297.	2.7	14
21	Reliability and Minimal Detectable Change Values for Performance-Based Measures of Physical Functioning in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2021, 76, 2030-2038.	3.6	19
22	Barriers and facilitators encountered by family physicians prescribing opioids for chronic non-cancer pain: a qualitative study. Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention in Canada: Research, Policy and Practice, 2021, 41, 182-189.	1.1	5
23	Comparisons of disease cluster patterns, prevalence and health factors in the USA, Canada, England and Ireland. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1674.	2.9	15
24	Comorbidity and persistence of disease-modifying therapy use in relapsing remitting multiple sclerosis and Related Disorders, 2021, 56, 103249.	2.0	4
25	Location-Based Sedentary Time and Physical Activity in People Living With Coronary Artery Disease. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 2021, 41, 337-342.	2.1	2
26	Impact of electronic cigarette ever use on lung function in adults aged 45–85: a cross-sectional analysis from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e051519.	1.9	7
27	A longitudinal analysis of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the mental health of middle-aged and older adults from the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Nature Aging, 2021, 1, 1137-1147.	11.6	59
28	The Canadian longitudinal study on aging as a platform for exploring cognition in an aging population. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2020, 34, 174-203.	2.3	23
29	Construction of a Frailty Index as a Novel Health Measure in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. Journal of Rheumatology, 2020, 47, 72-81.	2.0	34
30	Prediction of Damage Accrual in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Using the Systemic Lupus International Collaborating Clinics Frailty Index. Arthritis and Rheumatology, 2020, 72, 658-666.	5.6	26
31	Cautionary tails of grip strength in health inequality studies: An analysis from the Canadian longitudinal study on aging. Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 265, 113382.	3.8	1
32	Neuropathologic burden and the degree of frailty in relation to global cognition and dementia. Neurology, 2020, 95, e3269-e3279.	1.1	33
33	Prediction of hospitalizations in systemic lupus erythematosus using the Systemic Lupus International Collaborating Clinics Frailty Index (SLICCâ€FI). Arthritis Care and Research, 2020, , .	3.4	9
34	Assessment of Current Mental Health Status in a Population-Based Sample of Canadian Men With and Without a History of Prostate Cancer Diagnosis: An Analysis of the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2020, 11, 586260.	2.6	14
35	Graph-based Topic Extraction Using Centroid Distance of Phrase Embeddings on Healthy Aging Open-ended Survey Questions. , 2020, , .		0
36	Cohort Profile: The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 1752-1753j.	1.9	237

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37	Evaluating the Properties of a Frailty Index and Its Association With Mortality Risk Among Patients With Systemic Lupus Erythematosus. Arthritis and Rheumatology, 2019, 71, 1297-1307.	5.6	25
38	Geriatric Syndromes in People Living with HIV Associated with Ageing and Increasing Comorbidities: Implications for Neurocognitive Complications of HIV Infection. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2019, 50, 301-327.	1.7	5
39	Equalization of four cardiovascular risk algorithms after systematic recalibration: individual-participant meta-analysis of 86 prospective studies. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 621-631.	2.2	97
40	Miami Prospective Memory Test in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2019, 33, 137-165.	2.3	9
41	Normative comparison standards for measures of cognition in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA): Does applying sample weights make a difference?. Psychological Assessment, 2019, 31, 1081-1091.	1.5	7
42	Validity and Reliability of a Short Diet Questionnaire to Estimate Dietary Intake in Older Adults in a Subsample of the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1522.	4.1	18
43	Health inequalities and inequities by age: Stability for the Health Utilities Index and divergence for the Frailty Index. SSM - Population Health, 2018, 5, 17-32.	2.7	9
44	Osteoporotic fractures and obesity affect frailty progression: a longitudinal analysis of the Canadian multicentre osteoporosis study. BMC Geriatrics, 2018, 18, 4.	2.7	27
45	Reply to Weber, von Cube, Sommer, Wolkewitz: Necessity of a Competing Risk Approach in Risk Factor Analysis of Central-Line–Associated Bloodstream Infection. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2017, 38, 511-511.	1.8	2
46	The Long-Term Pelvic Floor Health Outcomes of Women After Childbirth: The Influence of Labour in the First Pregnancy – In Response. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2017, 39, 218-219.	0.7	0
47	Correlates of frailty phenotype and frailty index and their associations with clinical outcomes. HIV Medicine, 2017, 18, 764-771.	2.2	44
48	An evidence-based approach to the creation of normative data: base rates of impaired scores within a brief neuropsychological battery argue for age corrections, but against corrections for medical conditions. Clinical Neuropsychologist, 2017, 31, 1188-1203.	2.3	8
49	Lower Frailty Is Associated with Successful Cognitive Aging Among Older Adults with HIV. AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, 2017, 33, 157-163.	1.1	35
50	Predictors of transitions in frailty severity and mortality among people aging with HIV. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0185352.	2.5	33
51	Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging, A Platform for Psychogeriatric Research. , 2017, , 431-439.		Ο
52	The Long-Term Pelvic Floor Health Outcomes of Women After Childbirth: The Influence of Labour in the First Pregnancy. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology Canada, 2016, 38, 827-838.	0.7	3
53	Risk Factors for Central Venous Catheter–Associated Bloodstream Infection in Pediatric Patients: A Cohort Study. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 939-945.	1.8	38
54	Mining a Unique Canadian Resource: The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2015, 34, 366-377.	1.1	79

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55	Exploitation d'une ressource canadienne unique : l'Étude longitudinale canadienne sur le vieillissement. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2015, 34, 378-390.	1.1	Ο
56	A frailty index predicts survival and incident multimorbidity independent of markers of HIV disease severity. Aids, 2015, 29, 1633-1641.	2.2	136
57	The association between sedentary behaviour, moderate–vigorous physical activity and frailty in NHANES cohorts. Maturitas, 2015, 80, 187-191.	2.4	170
58	Frailty in NHANES: Comparing the frailty index and phenotype. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2015, 60, 464-470.	3.0	261
59	Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging: A Platform for Psychogeriatric Research. , 2015, , 1-10.		0
60	Assessing Risk Prediction Models Using Individual Participant Data From Multiple Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 621-632.	3.4	47
61	Frailty in relation to sedentary behaviours and moderate-vigorous intensity physical activity. Reviews in Clinical Gerontology, 2014, 24, 239-254.	0.5	10
62	Improving psychosocial health and employment outcomes for individuals receiving methadone treatment: a realist synthesis of what makes interventions work. BMC Psychology, 2014, 2, 26.	2.1	10
63	Gene-centric Meta-analysis in 87,736 Individuals of European Ancestry Identifies Multiple Blood-Pressure-Related Loci. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2014, 94, 349-360.	6.2	158
64	Gene-centric meta-analyses for central adiposity traits in up to 57 412 individuals of European descent confirm known loci and reveal several novel associations. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 2498-2510.	2.9	28
65	A Frailty Index predicts 10-year fracture risk in adults age 25Âyears and older: results from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). Osteoporosis International, 2014, 25, 2825-2832.	3.1	71
66	Prospectively measured 10-year changes in health-related quality of life and comparison with cross-sectional estimates in a population-based cohort of adult women and men. Quality of Life Research, 2014, 23, 2707-2721.	3.1	10
67	Comparison of alternate scoring of variables on the performance of the frailty index. BMC Geriatrics, 2014, 14, 25.	2.7	78
68	Frailty in People Aging With Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, 1170-1179.	4.0	127
69	Accumulation of Non-Traditional Risk Factors for Coronary Heart Disease Is Associated with Incident Coronary Heart Disease Hospitalization and Death. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e90475.	2.5	51
70	Loci influencing blood pressure identified using a cardiovascular gene-centric array. Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, 22, 1663-1678.	2.9	141
71	Relation Between Leukocyte Telomere Length and Incident Coronary Heart Disease Events (from the) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314	1 rgBT /Overld

⁷² Loci influencing blood pressure identified using a cardiovascular gene-centric array. Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, 22, 3394-3395.

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73	Gene-centric meta-analyses of 108 912 individuals confirm known body mass index loci and reveal three novel signals. Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, 22, 184-201.	2.9	82
74	Validating Chronic Disease Ascertainment Algorithms for Use in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging*. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2013, 32, 232-239.	1.1	5
75	Social Aspects of HIV/AIDS and Aging: A Thematic Review. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2013, 32, 298-306.	1.1	42
76	Blood Pressure Reactivity to an Anger Provocation Interview Does Not Predict Incident Cardiovascular Disease Events: The Canadian Nova Scotia Health Survey (NSHS95) Prospective Population Study. International Journal of Hypertension, 2012, 2012, 1-8.	1.3	5
77	The impact of social vulnerability on the survival of the fittest older adults. Age and Ageing, 2012, 41, 161-165.	1.6	78
78	Body mass index versus waist circumference as predictors of mortality in Canadian adults. International Journal of Obesity, 2012, 36, 1450-1454.	3.4	110
79	Adult height and the risk of cause-specific death and vascular morbidity in 1 million people: individual participant meta-analysis. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 1419-1433.	1.9	230
80	Physical activity level, waist circumference, and mortality. Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism, 2012, 37, 1008-1013.	1.9	13
81	Physicians' attitudes towards office-based delivery of methadone maintenance therapy: results from a cross-sectional survey of Nova Scotia primary-care physicians. Harm Reduction Journal, 2012, 9, 20.	3.2	17
82	Large-Scale Gene-Centric Meta-analysis across 32 Studies Identifies Multiple Lipid Loci. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2012, 91, 823-838.	6.2	227
83	Depressive Symptoms Are Not Associated with Leukocyte Telomere Length: Findings from the Nova Scotia Health Survey (NSHS95), a Population-Based Study. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e48318.	2.5	48
84	Body Mass Index and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease, Cancer and All-cause Mortality. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2012, 103, 147-151.	2.3	67
85	Discrepancies between knowledge and practice of childhood motor vehicle occupant safety in Nova Scotia—A population-based study. Accident Analysis and Prevention, 2012, 45, 326-333.	5.7	19
86	Observed Hostility and the Risk of Incident Ischemic Heart Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2011, 58, 1222-1228.	2.8	29
87	Coping Strategies Used by Patients Infected with Hepatitis C Virus Who Are Facing Medication Costs. Canadian Journal of Hospital Pharmacy, 2011, 64, 131-40.	0.1	5
88	Normative Bone Mineral Density Z-Scores for Canadians Aged 16 to 24 Years: The Canadian Multicenter Osteoporosis Study. Journal of Clinical Densitometry, 2010, 13, 267-276.	1.2	14
89	Proxy reports of physical activity were valid in older people with and without cognitive impairment. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2010, 63, 435-440.	5.0	9
90	Feasibility of Biological Specimen Collection for the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA) Biorepository. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 261-274.	1.1	6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Exploring the Acceptability and Feasibility of Conducting a Large Longitudinal Population-Based Study in Canada. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 231-242.	1.1	18
92	Ascertainment of Chronic Diseases in the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA), Systematic Review. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 275-285.	1.1	9
93	The Canadian Community Health Survey as a Potential Recruitment Vehicle for the Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 243-249.	1.1	14
94	Accessing Health Care Utilization Databases for Health Research: A Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging Feasibility Study. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 287-294.	1.1	10
95	The Canadian Longitudinal Study on Aging (CLSA). Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 221-229.	1.1	402
96	Telephone-Administered Cognitive Tests as Tools for the Identification of Eligible Study Participants for Population-Based Research in Aging. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2009, 28, 251-259.	1.1	14
97	The impact of statins on health services utilization and mortality in older adults discharged from hospital with ischemic heart disease: a cohort study. BMC Health Services Research, 2009, 9, 198.	2.2	12
98	Relation of Inflammation to Depression and Incident Coronary Heart Disease (from the Canadian Nova) Tj ETQqC 103, 755-761.	0 0 rgBT 1.6	Overlock 10 70
99	Chronic disease risk factors associated with health service use in the elderly. BMC Health Services Research, 2008, 8, 237.	2.2	16
100	Prevention of CIND by physical activity: Different impact on VCI-ND compared with MCI. Journal of the Neurological Sciences, 2008, 269, 80-84.	0.6	74
101	Role of the fractalkine receptor CX3CR1 polymorphisms V249I and T280M as risk factors for earlyâ€onset coronary artery disease in patients with no classic risk factors. Scandinavian Journal of Clinical and Laboratory Investigation, 2008, 68, 286-291.	1.2	18
102	Changes in Cognition and Mortality in Relation to Exercise in Late Life: A Population Based Study. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e3124.	2.5	103
103	Re: The relationship between childhood behaviour disorders and unintentional injury events. Paediatrics and Child Health, 2008, 13, 128-128.	0.6	Ο
104	A comprehensive view of sex-specific issues related to cardiovascular disease. Cmaj, 2007, 176, S1-S44.	2.0	348
105	Symptoms and Related Severity Experienced by Women with Breast Hypertrophy. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2007, 119, 481-486.	1.4	36
106	Validation of a Questionnaire for Measuring Morbidity in Breast Hypertrophy. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2007, 120, 1108-1114.	1.4	17
107	The relationship between childhood behaviour disorders and unintentional injury events. Paediatrics and Child Health, 2007, 12, 749-754.	0.6	33
108	Exercise: A Potential Contributing Factor to the Relationship Between Folate and Dementia. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2007, 55, 1095-1098.	2.6	11

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109	What is the Number of Older Canadians Needed to Screen by Measurement of Bone Density to Detect an Undiagnosed Case of Osteoporosis? A Population-Based Study From CaMos. Journal of Clinical Densitometry, 2006, 9, 413-418.	1.2	6
110	What Are the Effects of Tobacco Policies on Vulnerable Populations?. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2006, 97, 310-315.	2.3	25
111	Breast Volume Determination in Breast Hypertrophy: An Accurate Method Using Two Anthropomorphic Measurements. Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, 2006, 118, 313-320.	1.4	73
112	Improved prediction of early-onset coronary artery disease using APOE Îμ4, BChE-K, PPARγ2 Pro12 and ENOS T-786C in a polygenic model. Clinical Biochemistry, 2006, 39, 109-114.	1.9	30
113	Perspective: Gender as a Health Determinant and Implications for Health Education. Health Education and Behavior, 2006, 33, 731-743.	2.5	31
114	Risk factors associated with incident clinical vertebral and nonvertebral fractures in postmenopausal women: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). Osteoporosis International, 2005, 16, 568-578.	3.1	69
115	Stability of Normative Data for the SF-36. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2004, 95, 387-391.	2.3	19
116	Validation of Four Clinical Indicators of Preventable Drug-Related Morbidity. Annals of Pharmacotherapy, 2004, 38, 20-24.	1.9	8
117	Gender Differences in Smoking and Self Reported Indicators of Health. BMC Women's Health, 2004, 4, S7.	2.0	12
118	Associations Among Disease Conditions, Bone Mineral Density, and Prevalent Vertebral Deformities in Men and Women 50 Years of Age and Older: Cross-Sectional Results From the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2003, 18, 784-790.	2.8	147
119	The association between osteoporotic fractures and health-related quality of life as measured by the Health Utilities Index in the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). Osteoporosis International, 2003, 14, 895-904.	3.1	125
120	Use of Lipid-Lowering Agents, Indication Bias, and the Risk of Dementia in Community-Dwelling Elderly People. Archives of Neurology, 2002, 59, 223.	4.5	495
121	Is There Regional Variation in the SF-36 Scores of Canadian Adults?. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2002, 93, 233-237.	2.3	14
122	Relation between butyrylcholinesterase K variant, paraoxonase 1 (PON1) Q and R and apolipoprotein E ϵ4 genes in early-onset coronary artery disease. Clinical Biochemistry, 2002, 35, 205-209.	1.9	20
123	Relationship of the Glu298Asp polymorphism of the endothelial nitric oxide synthase gene and early-onset coronary artery disease. American Heart Journal, 2001, 142, 586-589.	2.7	52
124	Incidence of Cancer in Sydney and Cape Breton County, Nova Scotia 1979–1997. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2000, 91, 285-292.	2.3	13
125	Relation of genetic polymorphisms of apolipoprotein E, angiotensin converting enzyme, apolipoprotein B-100, and glycoprotein IIIa and early-onset coronary heart disease. Clinical Biochemistry, 1999, 32, 275-282.	1.9	27
126	Risk Scoring, Fetal Fibronectin, and Bacterial Vaginosis to Predict Preterm Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 93, 517-522.	2.4	12

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127	Relation of a Common Mutation in Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase to Plasma Homocysteine and Early Onset Coronary Artery Disease. Clinical Biochemistry, 1998, 31, 95-100.	1.9	29
128	Effects of rear-wheel camber on wheelchair stability. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 1997, 78, 78-81.	0.9	25
129	Hospitalization and Case-Fatality Rates for Stroke in Canada From 1982 Through 1991. Stroke, 1996, 27, 1215-1220.	2.0	67
130	WHEELCHAIR-RELATED ACCIDENTS CAUSED BY TIPS AND FALLS AMONG NONINSTITUTIONALIZED USERS OF MANUALLY PROPELLED WHEELCHAIRS IN NOVA SCOTIA. American Journal of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 1994, 73, 319-330.	1.4	127