

Sammy M Njenga

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

107
papers

3,716
citations

136950

32
h-index

168389

53
g-index

113
all docs

113
docs citations

113
times ranked

4576
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Has the double burden of malnutrition reached pupils in rural western Kenya?. <i>Pediatrics International</i> , 2022, 64, . | 0.5 | 1 |
| 2 | Factors influencing school re-entry among adolescents in Kenya. <i>Pediatrics International</i> , 2022, 64, . | 0.5 | 1 |
| 3 | Diagnostics and the neglected tropical diseases roadmap: setting the agenda for 2030. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2021, 115, 129-135. | 1.8 | 38 |
| 4 | Comparison of quantitative polymerase chain reaction, Kato-Katz and circulating cathodic antigen rapid test for the diagnosis of <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> infection: A cross-sectional study in Kirinyaga County, Kenya. <i>Current Research in Parasitology and Vector-borne Diseases</i> , 2021, 1, 100029. | 1.9 | 4 |
| 5 | Household finished flooring and soil-transmitted helminth and <i>Giardia</i> infections among children in rural Bangladesh and Kenya: a prospective cohort study. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2021, 9, e301-e308. | 6.3 | 20 |
| 6 | Safety and Tolerability of Mass Diethylcarbamazine and Albendazole Administration for the Elimination of Lymphatic Filariasis in Kenya: An Active Surveillance Study. <i>Pharmaceuticals</i> , 2021, 14, 264. | 3.8 | 8 |
| 7 | Potential of antibody test using <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> recombinant serpin and RP26 to detect light-intensity infections in endemic areas. <i>Parasitology International</i> , 2021, 83, 102346. | 1.3 | 4 |
| 8 | Assessment of malaria infection among pregnant women and children below five years of age attending rural health facilities of Kenya: A cross-sectional survey in two counties of Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0257276. | 2.5 | 6 |
| 9 | Diagnostics to support elimination of lymphatic filariasis—Development of two target product profiles. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009968. | 3.0 | 8 |
| 10 | Patterns of individual non-treatment during multiple rounds of mass drug administration for control of soil-transmitted helminths in the TUMIKIA trial, Kenya: a secondary longitudinal analysis. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2020, 8, e1418-e1426. | 6.3 | 16 |
| 11 | Diversity of <i>Taenia</i> and <i>Hydatigera</i> (Cestoda: Taeniidae) in domestic dogs in Kenya. <i>Parasitology Research</i> , 2020, 119, 2863-2875. | 1.6 | 5 |
| 12 | Fine-scale heterogeneity in <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> force of infection measured through antibody response. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 23174-23181. | 7.1 | 14 |
| 13 | Clinical and epidemiologic characteristics associated with dengue fever in Mombasa, Kenya. <i>International Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2020, 100, 207-215. | 3.3 | 7 |
| 14 | Prevalence and risk factors of <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> infection among children under two years of age in Mbita, Western Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008473. | 3.0 | 14 |
| 15 | Examining the appropriateness and reliability of the strategy of the Kenyan Comprehensive School Health Program. <i>Global Health Promotion</i> , 2020, 27, 78-87. | 1.3 | 6 |
| 16 | First international external quality assessment scheme of nucleic acid amplification tests for the detection of <i>Schistosoma</i> and soil-transmitted helminths, including Strongyloides: A pilot study. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2020, 14, e0008231. | 3.0 | 35 |
| 17 | Soil-transmitted helminths and schistosomiasis among pre-school age children in a rural setting of Busia County, Western Kenya: a cross-sectional study of prevalence, and associated exposures. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020, 20, 356. | 2.9 | 8 |
| 18 | Implementation of Kenyan comprehensive school health program: improvement and association with students' academic attainment. <i>Health Promotion International</i> , 2020, 35, 1441-1461. | 1.8 | 6 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Prevalence of Intestinal Parasitic Infections and Associated Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene Risk Factors among School Children in Mwea Irrigation Scheme, Kirinyaga County, Kenya. <i>Journal of Tropical Medicine</i> , 2020, 2020, 1-9. | 1.7 | 7 |
| 20 | Associations between schistosomiasis and HIV acquisition risk in four prospective cohorts: a nested case-control analysis. <i>Journal of the International AIDS Society</i> , 2020, 23, e25534. | 3.0 | 6 |
| 21 | Urban informal settlements as hotspots of antimicrobial resistance and the need to curb environmental transmission. <i>Nature Microbiology</i> , 2020, 5, 787-795. | 13.3 | 101 |
| 22 | Integrated Cross-Sectional Multiplex Serosurveillance of IgG Antibody Responses to Parasitic Diseases and Vaccines in Coastal Kenya. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2020, 102, 164-176. | 1.4 | 21 |
| 23 | Effects of Individual and Combined Water, Sanitation, Handwashing, and Nutritional Interventions on Child Respiratory Infections in Rural Kenya: A Cluster-Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2020, 102, 1286-1295. | 1.4 | 11 |
| 24 | Effective school-based preventive interventions for alcohol use in Africa: a systematic review. <i>African Health Sciences</i> , 2020, 20, 1397-1406. | 0.7 | 0 |
| 25 | Effective school-based preventive interventions for alcohol use in Africa: a systematic review. <i>African Health Sciences</i> , 2020, 20, 1397-1406. | 0.7 | 5 |
| 26 | Community-level epidemiology of soil-transmitted helminths in the context of school-based deworming: Baseline results of a cluster randomised trial on the coast of Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007427. | 3.0 | 38 |
| 27 | The WASH Benefits and SHINE trials: interpretation of WASH intervention effects on linear growth and diarrhoea. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e1139-e1146. | 6.3 | 240 |
| 28 | Effects of single and integrated water, sanitation, handwashing, and nutrition interventions on child soil-transmitted helminth and <i>Giardia</i> infections: A cluster-randomized controlled trial in rural Kenya. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2019, 16, e1002841. | 8.4 | 42 |
| 29 | Moving towards transformational WASH – Authors' reply. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2019, 7, e1494-e1495. | 6.3 | 3 |
| 30 | Heterogeneity in transmission parameters of hookworm infection within the baseline data from the TUMIKIA study in Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2019, 12, 442. | 2.5 | 24 |
| 31 | Is there a gap between health education content and practice toward schistosomiasis prevention among schoolchildren along the shores of Lake Victoria in Kenya?. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007572. | 3.0 | 16 |
| 32 | Effects, equity, and cost of school-based and community-wide treatment strategies for soil-transmitted helminths in Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> , 2019, 393, 2039-2050. | 13.7 | 79 |
| 33 | A high-intensity cluster of <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> infection around Mbita causeway, western Kenya: a confirmatory cross-sectional survey. <i>Tropical Medicine and Health</i> , 2019, 47, 26. | 2.8 | 11 |
| 34 | A multi-country study of the economic burden of dengue fever based on patient-specific field surveys in Burkina Faso, Kenya, and Cambodia. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007164. | 3.0 | 13 |
| 35 | Effect of a sanitation intervention on soil-transmitted helminth prevalence and concentration in household soil: A cluster-randomized controlled trial and risk factor analysis. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007180. | 3.0 | 29 |
| 36 | Results of a national school-based deworming programme on soil-transmitted helminths infections and schistosomiasis in Kenya: 2012–2017. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2019, 12, 76. | 2.5 | 46 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Schistosomiasis was not associated with higher HIV-1 plasma or genital set point viral loads among HIV seroconverters from four cohort studies. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007886. | 3.0 | 2 |
| 38 | Domains of transmission and association of community, school, and household sanitation with soil-transmitted helminth infections among children in coastal Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2019, 13, e0007488. | 3.0 | 7 |
| 39 | Molecular characterization of <i>Echinococcus</i> species in dogs from four regions of Kenya. <i>Veterinary Parasitology</i> , 2018, 255, 49-57. | 1.8 | 27 |
| 40 | Effects of water quality, sanitation, handwashing, and nutritional interventions on diarrhoea and child growth in rural Kenya: a cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2018, 6, e316-e329. | 6.3 | 427 |
| 41 | Modulation of immune responses by <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> infection in asymptomatic children living in the endemic region of Mbita, western Kenya. <i>Parasitology International</i> , 2018, 67, 284-293. | 1.3 | 7 |
| 42 | Evaluating dengue burden in Africa in passive fever surveillance and seroprevalence studies: protocol of field studies of the Dengue Vaccine Initiative. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e017673. | 1.9 | 29 |
| 43 | Comparing the performance of circulating cathodic antigen and Kato-Katz techniques in evaluating <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> infection in areas with low prevalence in selected counties of Kenya: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018, 18, 478. | 2.9 | 32 |
| 44 | High-density lipoprotein suppresses tumor necrosis factor alpha production by mycobacteria-infected human macrophages. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 6736. | 3.3 | 23 |
| 45 | Sickle Cell and α -Thalassemia Traits Influence the Association between Ferritin and Hepcidin in Rural Kenyan Children Aged 14–26 Months. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 148, 1903-1910. | 2.9 | 6 |
| 46 | Mosquito arbovirus survey in selected areas of Kenya: detection of insect-specific virus. <i>Tropical Medicine and Health</i> , 2018, 46, 19. | 2.8 | 22 |
| 47 | Impact of Mothers' Schistosomiasis Status During Gestation on Children's IgG Antibody Responses to Routine Vaccines 2 Years Later and Anti-Schistosome and Anti-Malarial Responses by Neonates in Western Kenya. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2018, 9, 1402. | 4.8 | 27 |
| 48 | Diagnostic tools for soil-transmitted helminths control and elimination programs: A pathway for diagnostic product development. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2018, 12, e0006213. | 3.0 | 46 |
| 49 | Tetanus Immunity Gaps in Children 5–14 Years and Men \geq 15 Years of Age Revealed by Integrated Disease Serosurveillance in Kenya, Tanzania, and Mozambique. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 96, 415-420. | 1.4 | 24 |
| 50 | High prevalence of helminths infection and associated risk factors among adults living in a rural setting, central Kenya: a cross-sectional study. <i>Tropical Medicine and Health</i> , 2017, 45, 15. | 2.8 | 20 |
| 51 | Assessment of lymphatic filariasis prior to re-starting mass drug administration campaigns in coastal Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2017, 10, 99. | 2.5 | 25 |
| 52 | Sources of variability in the measurement of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> infection intensity by Kato-Katz and qPCR. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2017, 10, 256. | 2.5 | 31 |
| 53 | Impact of single annual treatment and four-monthly treatment for hookworm and <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> , and factors associated with residual infection among Kenyan school children. <i>Infectious Diseases of Poverty</i> , 2017, 6, 30. | 3.7 | 6 |
| 54 | Detecting and enumerating soil-transmitted helminth eggs in soil: New method development and results from field testing in Kenya and Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005522. | 3.0 | 51 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Spatial distribution and risk factors of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> and hookworm infections among schoolchildren in Kwale, Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005872. | 3.0 | 26 |
| 56 | Multiplex Serologic Assessment of Schistosomiasis in Western Kenya: Antibody Responses in Preschool Aged Children as a Measure of Reduced Transmission. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2017, 96, 1460-1467. | 1.4 | 18 |
| 57 | Monitoring the impact of a national school based deworming programme on soil-transmitted helminths in Kenya: the first three years, 2012 – 2014. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 408. | 2.5 | 42 |
| 58 | A Cross-Sectional Study of Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene-Related Risk Factors for Soil-Transmitted Helminth Infection in Urban School- and Preschool-Aged Children in Kibera, Nairobi. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0150744. | 2.5 | 52 |
| 59 | Soil-Transmitted Helminth Eggs Are Present in Soil at Multiple Locations within Households in Rural Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0157780. | 2.5 | 40 |
| 60 | Agricultural chemicals: life changer for mosquito vectors in agricultural landscapes?. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 500. | 2.5 | 31 |
| 61 | Multi-parallel qPCR provides increased sensitivity and diagnostic breadth for gastrointestinal parasites of humans: field-based inferences on the impact of mass deworming. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2016, 9, 38. | 2.5 | 137 |
| 62 | Understanding the relationship between prevalence of microfilariae and antigenaemia using a model of lymphatic filariasis infection. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2016, 110, 118-124. | 1.8 | 14 |
| 63 | Sleeping on the floor decreases insecticide treated bed net use and increases risk of malaria in children under 5 years of age in Mbita District, Kenya. <i>Parasitology</i> , 2015, 142, 1516-1522. | 1.5 | 20 |
| 64 | Interrupting transmission of soil-transmitted helminths: a study protocol for cluster randomised trials evaluating alternative treatment strategies and delivery systems in Kenya. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e008950. | 1.9 | 56 |
| 65 | Comparing insecticide-treated bed net use to <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> infection among schoolchildren living near Lake Victoria, Kenya. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2015, 14, 515. | 2.3 | 17 |
| 66 | Epidemiology of coinfection with soil transmitted helminths and <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> among school children in Bumula District in western Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2015, 8, 314. | 2.5 | 21 |
| 67 | Modelling the distribution and transmission intensity of lymphatic filariasis in sub-Saharan Africa prior to scaling up interventions: integrated use of geostatistical and mathematical modelling. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2015, 8, 560. | 2.5 | 62 |
| 68 | Species-Specific Serological Detection for Schistosomiasis by Serine Protease Inhibitor (SERPIN) in Multiplex Assay. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004021. | 3.0 | 24 |
| 69 | An investigation of the disparity in estimates of microfilaraemia and antigenaemia in lymphatic filariasis surveys: Figure 1. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 109, 529-531. | 1.8 | 7 |
| 70 | Unprogrammed Deworming in the Kibera Slum, Nairobi: Implications for Control of Soil-Transmitted Helminthiasis. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0003590. | 3.0 | 13 |
| 71 | Current status of <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> and the factors associated with infection two years following mass drug administration programme among primary school children in Mwea irrigation scheme: A cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015, 15, 739. | 2.9 | 25 |
| 72 | Factors Associated with the Performance and Cost-Effectiveness of Using Lymphatic Filariasis Transmission Assessment Surveys for Monitoring Soil-Transmitted Helminths: A Case Study in Kenya. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2015, 92, 342-353. | 1.4 | 13 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 73 | Understanding Heterogeneity in the Impact of National Neglected Tropical Disease Control Programmes: Evidence from School-Based Deworming in Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004108. | 3.0 | 24 |
| 74 | A School-Based Cross-Sectional Survey of Adverse Events following Co-Administration of Albendazole and Praziquantel for Preventive Chemotherapy against Urogenital Schistosomiasis and Soil-Transmitted Helminthiasis in Kwale County, Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e88315. | 2.5 | 9 |
| 75 | A Small-Scale Field Trial of Pyriproxyfen-Impregnated Bed Nets against Pyrethroid-Resistant <i>Anopheles gambiae</i> s.s. in Western Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e111195. | 2.5 | 19 |
| 76 | Serological Surveillance Development for Tropical Infectious Diseases Using Simultaneous Microsphere-Based Multiplex Assays and Finite Mixture Models. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e3040. | 3.0 | 38 |
| 77 | Diagnostic Accuracy and Cost-Effectiveness of Alternative Methods for Detection of Soil-Transmitted Helminths in a Post-Treatment Setting in Western Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e2843. | 3.0 | 38 |
| 78 | Risk Factors and Spatial Distribution of <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> Infection among Primary School Children in Mbita District, Western Kenya. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e2991. | 3.0 | 51 |
| 79 | Insecticide-treated net use before and after mass distribution in a fishing community along Lake Victoria, Kenya: successes and unavoidable pitfalls. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2014, 13, 466. | 2.3 | 21 |
| 80 | Soil-Transmitted Helminths in Pre-School-Aged and School-Aged Children in an Urban Slum: A Cross-Sectional Study of Prevalence, Distribution, and Associated Exposures. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 91, 1002-1010. | 1.4 | 44 |
| 81 | Once a year school-based deworming with praziquantel and albendazole combination may not be adequate for control of urogenital schistosomiasis and hookworm infection in Matuga District, Kwale County, Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 74. | 2.5 | 36 |
| 82 | Impacts of insecticide treated bed nets on <i>Anopheles gambiae</i> s.l. populations in Mbita district and Suba district, Western Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 63. | 2.5 | 19 |
| 83 | Push by a net, pull by a cow: can zooprophylaxis enhance the impact of insecticide treated bed nets on malaria control?. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 52. | 2.5 | 62 |
| 84 | Soil-Transmitted Helminth Infection and Nutritional Status Among Urban Slum Children in Kenya. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2014, 90, 299-305. | 1.4 | 45 |
| 85 | Preventive effect of permethrin-impregnated long-lasting insecticidal nets on the blood feeding of three major pyrethroid-resistant malaria vectors in western Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 383. | 2.5 | 16 |
| 86 | Insecticidal and repellent activities of pyrethroids to the three major pyrethroid-resistant malaria vectors in western Kenya. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2014, 7, 208. | 2.5 | 56 |
| 87 | A survey for <i>Echinococcus</i> spp. of carnivores in six wildlife conservation areas in Kenya. <i>Parasitology International</i> , 2014, 63, 604-611. | 1.3 | 36 |
| 88 | Monitoring and evaluating the impact of national school-based deworming in Kenya: study design and baseline results. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2013, 6, 198. | 2.5 | 62 |
| 89 | Global spread and genetic variants of the two CYP9M10 haplotype forms associated with insecticide resistance in <i>Culex quinquefasciatus</i> Say. <i>Heredity</i> , 2013, 111, 216-226. | 2.6 | 19 |
| 90 | Cluster-randomised controlled trials of individual and combined water, sanitation, hygiene and nutritional interventions in rural Bangladesh and Kenya: the WASH Benefits study design and rationale. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013, 3, e003476. | 1.9 | 188 |

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|-----|---|-----|-----------|
| 91 | Evaluation of the European Foundation Initiative into African Research in Neglected Tropical Diseases by the African Fellows. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2013, 7, e2019. | 3.0 | 1 |
| 92 | Use of Rapid Diagnostic Tests in Malaria School Surveys in Kenya: Does their Under-performance Matter for Planning Malaria Control?. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2012, 87, 1004-1011. | 1.4 | 19 |
| 93 | Reconsideration of <i>Anopheles rivulorum</i> as a vector of <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> in western Kenya: some evidence from biting time, blood preference, sporozoite positive rate, and pyrethroid resistance. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2012, 5, 230. | 2.5 | 48 |
| 94 | Malaria Vectors in Lake Victoria and Adjacent Habitats in Western Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e32725. | 2.5 | 82 |
| 95 | Factors associated with the motivation of community drug distributors in the lymphatic Filariasis Elimination Programme in Kenya. <i>The Southern African Journal of Epidemiology & Infection: Official Journal of the Sexually Transmitted Diseases, Infectious Diseases and Epidemiological Societies of Southern Africa</i> . 2012, 27, 66-70. | 0.2 | 19 |
| 96 | The Role of Personal Opinions and Experiences in Compliance with Mass Drug Administration for Lymphatic Filariasis Elimination in Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e48395. | 2.5 | 37 |
| 97 | Preliminary Evaluation of Insecticide-Impregnated Ceiling Nets with Coarse Mesh Size as a Barrier against the Invasion of Malaria Vectors. <i>Japanese Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2012, 65, 243-246. | 1.2 | 16 |
| 98 | Effects of <i>Bacillus thuringiensis israelensis</i> on <i>Anopheles arabiensis</i> . <i>Journal of the American Mosquito Control Association</i> , 2011, 27, 81-83. | 0.7 | 6 |
| 99 | Sustained reduction in prevalence of lymphatic filariasis infection in spite of missed rounds of mass drug administration in an area under mosquito nets for malaria control. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2011, 4, 90. | 2.5 | 47 |
| 100 | Multimodal Pyrethroid Resistance in Malaria Vectors, <i>Anopheles gambiae</i> s.s., <i>Anopheles arabiensis</i> , and <i>Anopheles funestus</i> s.s. in Western Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e22574. | 2.5 | 85 |
| 101 | Adult population as potential reservoir of NTD infections in rural villages of Kwale district, Coastal Kenya: implications for preventive chemotherapy interventions policy. <i>Parasites and Vectors</i> , 2011, 4, 175. | 2.5 | 50 |
| 102 | Research and Capacity Building for Control of Neglected Tropical Diseases: The Need for a Different Approach. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2011, 5, e1020. | 3.0 | 15 |
| 103 | Distribution of a Knockdown Resistance Mutation (L1014S) in <i>Anopheles gambiae</i> s.s. and <i>Anopheles arabiensis</i> in Western and Southern Kenya. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e24323. | 2.5 | 40 |
| 104 | Community-directed treatment of lymphatic filariasis in Kenya and its role in the national programmes for elimination of lymphatic filariasis. <i>African Journal of Health Sciences</i> , 2008, 13, 69-79. | 0.1 | 21 |
| 105 | Determinants of Success in National Programs to Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis: A Perspective Identifying Essential Elements and Research Needs. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2008, 79, 480-484. | 1.4 | 72 |
| 106 | Determinants of success in national programs to eliminate lymphatic filariasis: a perspective identifying essential elements and research needs. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2008, 79, 480-4. | 1.4 | 45 |
| 107 | The effect of sodium bicarbonate on a single dose of diethylcarbamazine therapy in patients with bancroftian filariasis in Kenya. <i>Parasitology International</i> , 1997, 46, 171-179. | 1.3 | 1 |