Chiara Nosarti

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

5,694 38 131 74 h-index g-index citations papers 6,553 148 5.4 5.35 avg, IF L-index ext. citations ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
131	Neonatal amygdala resting-state functional connectivity and socio-emotional development in very preterm children <i>Brain Communications</i> , 2022 , 4, fcac009	4.5	1
130	Network Topology and Psychopathology Following Very Preterm Birth <i>Biological Psychiatry:</i> Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2022 , 7, 349-351	3.4	
129	Neonatal multi-modal cortical profiles predict 18-month developmental outcomes <i>Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience</i> , 2022 , 54, 101103	5.5	1
128	Emotion Recognition in Preterm and Full-Term School-Age Children. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022 , 19, 6507	4.6	1
127	Psychiatric disorders in individuals born very preterm / very low-birth weight: An individual participant data (IPD) meta-analysis <i>EClinicalMedicine</i> , 2021 , 42, 101216	11.3	2
126	Individualized brain development and cognitive outcome in infants with congenital heart disease. <i>Brain Communications</i> , 2021 , 3, fcab046	4.5	3
125	Exploring the relationship between maternal prenatal stress and brain structure in premature neonates. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0250413	3.7	2
124	Adult outcome of preterm birth: Implications for neurodevelopmental theories of psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 ,	3.6	3
123	Harmonized Segmentation of Neonatal Brain MRI. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2021, 15, 662005	5.1	4
122	Association of Very Preterm Birth or Very Low Birth Weight With Intelligence in Adulthood: An Individual Participant Data Meta-analysis. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2021 , 175, e211058	8.3	11
121	Cognitive function in toddlers with congenital heart disease: The impact of a stimulating home environment. <i>Infancy</i> , 2021 , 26, 184-199	2.4	5
120	Advances in functional and diffusion neuroimaging research into the long-term consequences of very preterm birth. <i>Journal of Perinatology</i> , 2021 , 41, 689-706	3.1	3
119	Investigating the brain structural connectome following working memory training in children born extremely low birth weight. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2021 , 99, 2340-23	50 ^{1.4}	1
118	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes following Intrauterine Growth Restriction and Very Preterm Birth. Journal of Pediatrics, 2021 , 238, 135-144.e10	3.6	1
117	Associations Between Neonatal Brain Structure, the Home Environment, and Childhood Outcomes Following Very Preterm Birth. <i>Biological Psychiatry Global Open Science</i> , 2021 , 1, 146-155		3
116	Neonatal White Matter Microstructure and Emotional Development during the Preschool Years in Children Who Were Born Very Preterm. <i>ENeuro</i> , 2021 , 8,	3.9	5
115	Effects of gestational age at birth on perinatal structural brain development in healthy term-born babies <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2021 ,	5.9	1

(2018-2020)

114	Association of Intrauterine Growth Restriction and Small for Gestational Age Status With Childhood Cognitive Outcomes: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2020 , 174, 772-781	8.3	42
113	ADHD symptoms and their neurodevelopmental correlates in children born very preterm. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0224343	3.7	3
112	Altered Cortical Gyrification in Adults Who Were Born Very Preterm and Its Associations With Cognition and Mental Health. <i>Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging</i> , 2020 , 5, 640-650	3.4	8
111	The neurobiological correlates of cognitive outcomes in adolescence and adulthood following very preterm birth. <i>Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2020 , 25, 101117	3.7	6
110	Working memory training and brain structure and function in extremely preterm or extremely low birth weight children. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2020 , 41, 684-696	5.9	6
109	Early postnatal maternal trait anxiety is associated with the behavioural outcomes of children born preterm. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2020 , 131, 160-168	5.2	5
108	Maternal Prenatal Stress Is Associated With Altered Uncinate Fasciculus Microstructure in Premature Neonates. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 87, 559-569	7.9	31
107	Working Memory Training Is Associated with Changes in Resting State Functional Connectivity in Children Who Were Born Extremely Preterm: a Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Cognitive Enhancement: Towards the Integration of Theory and Practice</i> , 2019 , 3, 376-387	2.4	2
106	Child Motivation and Family Environment Influence Outcomes of Working Memory Training in Extremely Preterm Children. <i>Journal of Cognitive Enhancement: Towards the Integration of Theory and Practice</i> , 2019 , 3, 396-404	2.4	1
105	Efficiency of structural connectivity networks relates to intrinsic motivation in children born extremely preterm. <i>Brain Imaging and Behavior</i> , 2019 , 13, 995-1008	4.1	1
104	Social Relationships, Preterm Birth or Low Birth Weight, and the Brain. <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2019 , 2, e196960	10.4	3
103	Systematic assessment of perinatal and socio-demographic factors associated with IQ from childhood to adult life following very preterm birth. <i>Intelligence</i> , 2019 , 77, 101401	3	4
102	Verbal Fluency Is Affected by Altered Brain Lateralization in Adults Who Were Born Very Preterm. <i>ENeuro</i> , 2019 , 6,	3.9	6
101	Increased hippocampal engagement during learning as a marker of sensitivity to psychotomimetic effects of ED-THC. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2018 , 48, 2748-2756	6.9	10
100	Intrinsic motivation and academic performance in school-age children born extremely preterm: The contribution of working memory. <i>Learning and Individual Differences</i> , 2018 , 64, 22-32	3.1	9
99	A dimensional approach to assessing psychiatric risk in adults born very preterm. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2018 , 48, 1738-1744	6.9	9
98	Long-Term Academic Functioning Following Cogmed Working Memory Training for Children Born Extremely Preterm: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2018 , 202, 92-97.e4	3.6	22
97	The effect of the DISC1 Ser704Cys polymorphism on striatal dopamine synthesis capacity: an [18F]-DOPA PET study. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2018 , 27, 3498-3506	5.6	5

96	Early development of structural networks and the impact of prematurity on brain connectivity. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2017 , 149, 379-392	7.9	125
95	White matter alterations to cingulum and fornix following very preterm birth and their relationship with cognitive functions. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2017 , 150, 373-382	7.9	24
94	Real-Life Impact of Executive Function Impairments in Adults Who Were Born Very Preterm. Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society, 2017 , 23, 381-389	3.1	27
93	Volumetric grey matter alterations in adolescents and adults born very preterm suggest accelerated brain maturation. <i>Neurolmage</i> , 2017 , 163, 379-389	7.9	39
92	A multimodal imaging study of recognition memory in very preterm born adults. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2017 , 38, 644-655	5.9	14
91	The effect of perinatal brain injury on dopaminergic function and hippocampal volume in adult life. <i>ELife</i> , 2017 , 6,	8.9	21
90	Reinforcement of the Brainß Rich-Club Architecture Following Early Neurodevelopmental Disruption Caused by Very Preterm Birth. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2016 , 26, 1322-35	5.1	57
89	Socio-Emotional Development Following Very Preterm Birth: Pathways to Psychopathology. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2016 , 7, 80	3.4	115
88	Altered resting-state functional connectivity in emotion-processing brain regions in adults who were born very preterm. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2016 , 46, 3025-3039	6.9	24
87	Alterations in development of hippocampal and cortical memory mechanisms following very preterm birth. <i>Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology</i> , 2016 , 58 Suppl 4, 35-45	3.3	39
86	Subregional Hippocampal Morphology and Psychiatric Outcome in Adolescents Who Were Born Very Preterm and at Term. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0130094	3.7	11
85	Alterations in cortical thickness development in preterm-born individuals: Implications for high-order cognitive functions. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2015 , 115, 64-75	7.9	52
84	Very Early Brain Damage Leads to Remodeling of the Working Memory System in Adulthood: A Combined fMRI/Tractography Study. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015 , 35, 15787-99	6.6	30
83	Eating disorder psychopathology, brain structure, neuropsychological correlates and risk mechanisms in very preterm young adults. <i>European Eating Disorders Review</i> , 2015 , 23, 147-55	5.3	17
82	The case of late preterm birth: sliding forwards the critical window for cognitive outcome risk. <i>Translational Pediatrics</i> , 2015 , 4, 214-8	4.2	5
81	Motor fMRI and cortical grey matter volume in adults born very preterm. <i>Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience</i> , 2014 , 10, 1-9	5.5	13
80	Neural compensation in adulthood following very preterm birth demonstrated during a visual paired associates learning task. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2014 , 6, 54-63	5.3	12
79	Preterm birth and structural brain alterations in early adulthood. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2014 , 6, 180-91	5.3	114

(2010-2014)

78	Dysconnectivity of neurocognitive networks at rest in very-preterm born adults. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2014 , 4, 352-65	5.3	63
77	Road work on memory lanefunctional and structural alterations to the learning and memory circuit in adults born very preterm. <i>Neurolmage</i> , 2014 , 102 Pt 1, 152-61	7.9	29
76	Functional neuroanatomy of executive function after neonatal brain injury in adults who were born very preterm. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e113975	3.7	26
75	Preventing academic difficulties in preterm children: a randomised controlled trial of an adaptive working memory training intervention - IMPRINT study. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2013 , 13, 144	2.6	22
74	Preterm birth and adolescent social functioning-alterations in emotion-processing brain areas. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2013 , 163, 1596-604	3.6	55
73	Structural and functional brain correlates of behavioral outcomes during adolescence. <i>Early Human Development</i> , 2013 , 89, 221-7	2.2	14
72	Ectodermal markers of early developmental impairment in very preterm individuals. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2012 , 200, 715-8	9.9	3
71	Preterm birth and psychiatric disorders in young adult life. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2012, 69, E1-	-8	286
70	Neonatal brain injury and neuroanatomy of memory processing following very preterm birth in adulthood: an fMRI study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e34858	3.7	25
69	COMT gene polymorphism and corpus callosum morphometry in preterm born adults. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2011 , 54, 148-53	7.9	9
68	White matter and cognition in adults who were born preterm. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24525	3.7	104
67	Very preterm adolescents show gender-dependent alteration of the structural brain correlates of spelling abilities. <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , 2011 , 49, 2685-93	3.2	8
66	Structural covariance in the cortex of very preterm adolescents: a voxel-based morphometry study. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2011 , 32, 1615-25	5.9	37
65	Neonatal ultrasound results following very preterm birth predict adolescent behavioral and cognitive outcome. <i>Developmental Neuropsychology</i> , 2011 , 36, 118-35	1.8	35
64	The impact of second language learning on semantic and nonsemantic first language reading. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2010 , 20, 315-27	5.1	45
63	The corpus callosum and empathy in adults with a history of preterm birth. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2010 , 16, 716-20	3.1	4
62	EFFECTS OF CATECHOL-O-METHYLTRANSFERASE VAL158MET ON GREY MATTER VOLUME IN ADOLESCENTS BORN PRETERM. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2010 , 117, 343	3.6	
61	Opposite effects of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol and cannabidiol on human brain function and psychopathology. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2010 , 35, 764-74	8.7	481

60	The very preterm brain in young adulthood: the neural correlates of verbal paired associate learning. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2010 , 156, 889-895	3.6	34
59	Subregional hippocampal deformations in major depressive disorder. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2010 , 126, 272-7	6.6	77
58	Modulation of mediotemporal and ventrostriatal function in humans by Delta9-tetrahydrocannabinol: a neural basis for the effects of Cannabis sativa on learning and psychosis. <i>Archives of General Psychiatry</i> , 2009 , 66, 442-51		199
57	The neural basis of response inhibition and attention allocation as mediated by gestational age. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2009 , 30, 1038-50	5.9	50
56	Amygdala, hippocampal and corpus callosum size following severe early institutional deprivation: the English and Romanian Adoptees study pilot. <i>Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry and Allied Disciplines</i> , 2009 , 50, 943-51	7.9	350
55	Neural substrates of visual paired associates in young adults with a history of very preterm birth: alterations in fronto-parieto-occipital networks and caudate nucleus. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2009 , 47, 1884-93	7.9	72
54	Neural substrates of letter fluency processing in young adults who were born very preterm: alterations in frontal and striatal regions. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2009 , 47, 1904-13	7.9	51
53	Diffusion tensor MRI of the corpus callosum and cognitive function in adults born preterm. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2009 , 20, 424-8	1.7	64
52	Functional neuro-imaging in schizophrenia. Psychiatry (Abingdon, England), 2008, 7, 430-434		
51	Psychiatric disorder in young adults born very preterm: role of family history. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2008 , 23, 527-31	6	36
50	Cognitive maturation in preterm and term born adolescents. <i>Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry</i> , 2008 , 79, 381-6	5.5	86
49	Grey and white matter distribution in very preterm adolescents mediates neurodevelopmental outcome. <i>Brain</i> , 2008 , 131, 205-17	11.2	312
48	Cerebellar growth and behavioural & neuropsychological outcome in preterm adolescents. <i>Brain</i> , 2008 , 131, 1344-51	11.2	103
47	Effects of very low birthweight on brain structure in adulthood. <i>Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology</i> , 2007 , 46, 46-53	3.3	87
46	Impaired executive functioning in young adults born very preterm. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2007 , 13, 571-81	3.1	122
45	Growth of the corpus callosum in adolescents born preterm. <i>JAMA Pediatrics</i> , 2007 , 161, 1183-9		46
44	Cerebral asymmetry in 14 year olds born very preterm. Brain Research, 2006, 1093, 33-40	3.7	14
43	Progressive increase of frontostriatal brain activation from childhood to adulthood during event-related tasks of cognitive control. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2006 , 27, 973-93	5.9	458

42	Altered functional neuroanatomy of response inhibition in adolescent males who were born very preterm. <i>Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology</i> , 2006 , 48, 265-71	3.3	62
41	Hyperactivity in adolescents born very preterm is associated with decreased caudate volume. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2005 , 57, 661-6	7.9	42
40	Vermis and lateral lobes of the cerebellum in adolescents born very preterm. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2005 , 16, 1821-4	1.7	53
39	Who benefits?: distress, adjustment and benefit-finding among breast cancer survivors. <i>Journal of Psychosocial Oncology</i> , 2005 , 23, 45-64	2.8	15
38	Injection Phobia: A Systematic Review of Psychological Treatments. <i>Behavioural and Cognitive Psychotherapy</i> , 2005 , 33, 343-349	2.1	8
37	Corpus callosum size and very preterm birth: relationship to neuropsychological outcome. <i>Brain</i> , 2004 , 127, 2080-9	11.2	189
36	Brain volumes in adult survivors of very low birth weight: a sibling-controlled study. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2004 , 114, 367-71	7.4	83
35	Effects of very low birthweight on brain structure in adulthood. <i>Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology</i> , 2004 , 46, 46-53	3.3	39
34	Brain plasticity and long-term function after early cerebral insult: the example of very preterm birth 2004 , 89-108		
33	The Neurodevelopmental Consequences of Very Preterm Birth: Brain Plasticity and Its Limits 2003, 34	-61	
32	Adolescents who were born very preterm have decreased brain volumes. <i>Brain</i> , 2002 , 125, 1616-23	11.2	300
31	Early psychological adjustment in breast cancer patients: a prospective study. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2002 , 53, 1123-30	4.1	93
30	Cognitive and motor function and the size of the cerebellum in adolescents born very pre-term. <i>Brain</i> , 2001 , 124, 60-6	11.2	305
29	Delay in presentation of symptomatic referrals to a breast clinic: patient and system factors. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2000 , 82, 742-8	8.7	86
28	Reduction of hippocampal volume in very preterm adolescents: A model for schizophrenia. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2000 , 41, 119	3.6	2
27	Delay in diagnosis in breast cancer. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 1999 , 353, 2154; author reply 2155	40	1
26	Delay in diagnosis in breast cancer. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 1999 , 353, 2154; author reply 2155 Delay in diagnosis in breast cancer. <i>The BMJ</i> , 1980 , 281, 146-7	40	4

24	Clinical outcome: neurological sequelae following preterm birth30-38	2
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2	Postnatal maternal depressive symptoms and behavioural outcomes in term- and preterm-born toddlers	1
1	A systematic review and meta-analysis investigating thelimpact of childhood adversities on the mental health of LGBT+lyouth. <i>JCPP Advances</i> ,	1