

Peter Devilee

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

208
papers

34,133
citations

9756

73
h-index

3903

177
g-index

226
all docs

226
docs citations

226
times ranked

28888
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Risk-Adjusted Cancer Screening and Prevention (RiskAP): Complementing Screening for Early Disease Detection by a Learning Screening Based on Risk Factors. <i>Breast Care</i> , 2022, 17, 208-223.	0.8	6
2	Splicing predictions, minigene analyses, and <sc>ACMG</sc>â€<sc>AMP</sc> clinical classification of 42 germline <sc><i>PALB2</i></sc> spliceâ€site variants. <i>Journal of Pathology</i> , 2022, 256, 321-334.	2.1	16
3	RNF12 is regulated by AKT phosphorylation and promotes TGF-Î² driven breast cancer metastasis. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2022, 13, 44.	2.7	6
4	Rare germline copy number variants (CNVs) and breast cancer risk. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2022, 5, 65.	2.0	6
5	Polygenic risk modeling for prediction of epithelial ovarian cancer risk. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2022, 30, 349-362.	1.4	23
6	Common variants in breast cancer risk loci predispose to distinct tumor subtypes. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2022, 24, 2.	2.2	15
7	Pathology of Tumors Associated With Pathogenic Germline Variants in 9 Breast Cancer Susceptibility Genes. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2022, 8, e216744.	3.4	51
8	Functional Analysis Identifies Damaging <i>CHEK2</i> Missense Variants Associated with Increased Cancer Risk. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2022, 82, 615-631.	0.4	26
9	Assessment of psychosocial difficulties by genetic clinicians and distress in women at high risk of breast cancer: a prospective study. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2022, 30, 1067-1075.	1.4	2
10	Genetic clinicians' confidence in <sc>BOADICEA</sc> comprehensive breast cancer risk estimates and counselees' psychosocial outcomes: A prospective study. <i>Clinical Genetics</i> , 2022, 102, 30-39.	1.0	3
11	Breast cancer risks associated with missense variants in breast cancer susceptibility genes. <i>Genome Medicine</i> , 2022, 14, 51.	3.6	19
12	Minigeneâ€based splicing analysis and <sc>ACMG</sc>/<sc>AMP</sc>â€based tentative classification of 56 <sc><i>ATM</i></sc> variants. <i>Journal of Pathology</i> , 2022, 258, 83-101.	2.1	5
13	Hypothesis: Why Different Types of SDH Gene Variants Cause Divergent Tumor Phenotypes. <i>Genes</i> , 2022, 13, 1025.	1.0	3
14	Uncovering the Contribution of Moderate-Penetrance Susceptibility Genes to Breast Cancer by Whole-Exome Sequencing and Targeted Enrichment Sequencing of Candidate Genes in Women of European Ancestry. <i>Cancers</i> , 2022, 14, 3363.	1.7	2
15	Germline <i>DLST</i> Variants Promote Epigenetic Modifications in Pheochromocytoma-Paraganglioma. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021, 106, 459-471.	1.8	6
16	A case-only study to identify genetic modifiers of breast cancer risk for BRCA1/BRCA2 mutation carriers. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 1078.	5.8	19
17	Breast Cancer Risk Genes â€ Association Analysis in More than 113,000 Women. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2021, 384, 428-439.	13.9	532
18	Personalized Risk Assessment for Prevention and Early Detection of Breast Cancer: Integration and Implementation (PERSPECTIVE I&P). <i>Journal of Personalized Medicine</i> , 2021, 11, 511.	1.1	59

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19	RAD51D Aberrant Splicing in Breast Cancer: Identification of Splicing Regulatory Elements and Minigene-Based Evaluation of 53 DNA Variants. <i>Cancers</i> , 2021, 13, 2845.	1.7	10
20	The predictive ability of the 313 variant-based polygenic risk score for contralateral breast cancer risk prediction in women of European ancestry with a heterozygous BRCA1 or BRCA2 pathogenic variant. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2021, 23, 1726-1737.	1.1	16
21	Functional annotation of the 2q35 breast cancer risk locus implicates a structural variant in influencing activity of a long-range enhancer element. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2021, 108, 1190-1203.	2.6	6
22	Mendelian randomisation study of smoking exposure in relation to breast cancer risk. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2021, 125, 1135-1145.	2.9	9
23	Information needs on breast cancer genetic and non-genetic risk factors in relatives of women with a BRCA1/2 or PALB2 pathogenic variant. <i>Breast</i> , 2021, 60, 38-44.	0.9	6
24	Germline variants and breast cancer survival in patients with distant metastases at primary breast cancer diagnosis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 19787.	1.6	2
25	SDHB variant type impacts phenotype and malignancy in pheochromocytoma-paranglioma. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2021, , jmedgenet-2020-107656.	1.5	3
26	Survey on Physicians' Knowledge and Training Needs in Genetic Counseling in Germany. <i>Breast Care</i> , 2021, 16, 389-395.	0.8	0
27	Variant type is associated with disease characteristics in SDHB, SDHC and SDHD-linked phaeochromocytoma-paranglioma. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2020, 57, 96-103.	1.5	16
28	The "Psychosocial Aspects in Hereditary Cancer" questionnaire in women attending breast cancer genetic clinics: Psychometric validation across French, German and Spanish language versions. <i>European Journal of Cancer Care</i> , 2020, 29, e13173.	0.7	2
29	Fine-mapping of 150 breast cancer risk regions identifies 191 likely target genes. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2020, 52, 56-73.	9.4	120
30	Polygenic risk scores and breast and epithelial ovarian cancer risks for carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 pathogenic variants. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 1653-1666.	1.1	82
31	Breast Cancer Polygenic Risk Score and Contralateral Breast Cancer Risk. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2020, 107, 837-848.	2.6	39
32	Comprehensive Functional Characterization and Clinical Interpretation of 20 Splice-Site Variants of the RAD51C Gene. <i>Cancers</i> , 2020, 12, 3771.	1.7	10
33	Genome-wide association study identifies 32 novel breast cancer susceptibility loci from overall and subtype-specific analyses. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2020, 52, 572-581.	9.4	265
34	Clustering of known low and moderate risk alleles rather than a novel recessive high-risk gene in non-BRCA1 /2 sib trios affected with breast cancer. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2020, 147, 2708-2716.	2.3	2
35	Alternative mRNA splicing can attenuate the pathogenicity of presumed loss-of-function variants in BRCA2. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 1355-1365.	1.1	23
36	Personalized early detection and prevention of breast cancer: ENVISION consensus statement. <i>Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology</i> , 2020, 17, 687-705.	12.5	178

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37	Germline HOXB13 mutations p.G84E and p.R217C do not confer an increased breast cancer risk. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 9688.	1.6	2
38	Validation of the BOADICEA model and a 313-variant polygenic risk score for breast cancer risk prediction in a Dutch prospective cohort. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2020, 22, 1803-1811.	1.1	49
39	Transcriptome-wide association study of breast cancer risk by estrogen-receptor status. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 44, 442-468.	0.6	32
40	A network analysis to identify mediators of germline-driven differences in breast cancer prognosis. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 312.	5.8	30
41	Prediction of contralateral breast cancer: external validation of risk calculators in 20 international cohorts. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2020, 181, 423-434.	1.1	14
42	Advances in paraganglioma pheochromocytoma cell lines and xenografts. <i>Endocrine-Related Cancer</i> , 2020, 27, R433-R450.	1.6	8
43	The functional impact of variants of uncertain significance in BRCA2. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2019, 21, 293-302.	1.1	58
44	Survival after bilateral risk-reducing mastectomy in healthy BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2019, 177, 723-733.	1.1	111
45	Breast Cancer Susceptibility Towards Individualised Risk Prediction. <i>Current Genetic Medicine Reports</i> , 2019, 7, 124-135.	1.9	4
46	The FANCM:p.Arg658* truncating variant is associated with risk of triple-negative breast cancer. <i>Npj Breast Cancer</i> , 2019, 5, 38.	2.3	28
47	Two truncating variants in FANCC and breast cancer risk. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 12524.	1.6	5
48	Psychosocial problems in women attending French, German and Spanish genetics clinics before and after targeted or multigene testing results: an observational prospective study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e029926.	0.8	9
49	Shared heritability and functional enrichment across six solid cancers. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 431.	5.8	88
50	Addition of a 161-SNP polygenic risk score to family history-based risk prediction: impact on clinical management in non-BRCA1/2 breast cancer families. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2019, 56, 581-589.	1.5	35
51	Genome-wide association and transcriptome studies identify target genes and risk loci for breast cancer. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 1741.	5.8	90
52	Alternative splicing and ACMG-AMP-2015-based classification of PALB2 genetic variants: an ENIGMA report. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2019, 56, 453-460.	1.5	30
53	Genome-wide association study of germline variants and breast cancer-specific mortality. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2019, 120, 647-657.	2.9	52
54	Prediction and clinical utility of a contralateral breast cancer risk model. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2019, 21, 144.	2.2	24

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55	Functional analysis of genetic variants in the high-risk breast cancer susceptibility gene PALB2. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 5296.	5.8	45
56	Polygenic Risk Scores for Prediction of Breast Cancer and Breast Cancer Subtypes. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2019, 104, 21-34.	2.6	711
57	Genetic susceptibility to radiation-induced breast cancer after Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 133, 1130-1139.	0.6	29
58	Clinicians' use of breast cancer risk assessment tools according to their perceived importance of breast cancer risk factors: an international survey. <i>Journal of Community Genetics</i> , 2019, 10, 61-71.	0.5	7
59	The <i>BRCA2</i> c.68-7T>A variant is not pathogenic: A model for clinical calibration of spliceogenicity. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2018, 39, 729-741.	1.1	19
60	The association between cancer family history and ovarian cancer risk in BRCA1/2 mutation carriers: can it be explained by the mutation position?. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2018, 26, 848-857.	1.4	5
61	Etiology of hormone receptor positive breast cancer differs by levels of histologic grade and proliferation. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018, 143, 746-757.	2.3	19
62	E-cadherin breast tumor expression, risk factors and survival: Pooled analysis of 5,933 cases from 12 studies in the Breast Cancer Association Consortium. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 6574.	1.6	51
63	The <i>BRCA1</i> c.5096G>A p.Arg1699Gln (R1699Q) intermediate risk variant: breast and ovarian cancer risk estimation and recommendations for clinical management from the ENIGMA consortium. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2018, 55, 15-20.	1.5	50
64	Use of the BOADICEA Web Application in clinical practice: appraisals by clinicians from various countries. <i>Familial Cancer</i> , 2018, 17, 31-41.	0.9	9
65	A transcriptome-wide association study of 229,000 women identifies new candidate susceptibility genes for breast cancer. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2018, 50, 968-978.	9.4	184
66	<i>BRCA2</i> Hypomorphic Missense Variants Confer Moderate Risks of Breast Cancer. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2017, 77, 2789-2799.	0.4	75
67	Genomic analyses identify hundreds of variants associated with age at menarche and support a role for puberty timing in cancer risk. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2017, 49, 834-841.	9.4	426
68	Association analysis identifies 65 new breast cancer risk loci. <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 551, 92-94.	13.7	1,099
69	Identification of ten variants associated with risk of estrogen-receptor-negative breast cancer. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2017, 49, 1767-1778.	9.4	289
70	Genetic modifiers of CHEK2*1100delC-associated breast cancer risk. <i>Genetics in Medicine</i> , 2017, 19, 599-603.	1.1	67
71	Body mass index and breast cancer survival: a Mendelian randomization analysis. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 46, 1814-1822.	0.9	45
72	Loss of maternal chromosome 11 is a signature event in SDHAF2, SDHD, and VHL-related paragangliomas, but less significant in SDHB-related paragangliomas. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 14525-14536.	0.8	21

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73	<i>PHIP</i> - a novel candidate breast cancer susceptibility locus on 6q14.1. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017, 8, 102769-102782.	0.8	9
74	Association of breast cancer risk with genetic variants showing differential allelic expression: Identification of a novel breast cancer susceptibility locus at 4q21. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 80140-80163.	0.8	31
75	Genetically Predicted Body Mass Index and Breast Cancer Risk: Mendelian Randomization Analyses of Data from 145,000 Women of European Descent. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2016, 13, e1002105.	3.9	118
76	Whole Gene Capture Analysis of 15 CRC Susceptibility Genes in Suspected Lynch Syndrome Patients. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0157381.	1.1	12
77	Fine-Mapping of the 1p11.2 Breast Cancer Susceptibility Locus. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0160316.	1.1	12
78	Functional Analysis of Missense Variants in the Putative Breast Cancer Susceptibility Gene <i>XRCC2</i> . <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2016, 37, 914-925.	1.1	12
79	Fine-scale mapping of 8q24 locus identifies multiple independent risk variants for breast cancer. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016, 139, 1303-1317.	2.3	51
80	<i>PALB2</i> , <i>CHEK2</i> and <i>ATM</i> rare variants and cancer risk: data from COGS. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2016, 53, 800-811.	1.5	174
81	Identification of independent association signals and putative functional variants for breast cancer risk through fine-scale mapping of the 12p11 locus. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2016, 18, 64.	2.2	31
82	Genetic predisposition to ductal carcinoma in situ of the breast. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2016, 18, 22.	2.2	43
83	Evidence that the 5p12 Variant rs10941679 Confers Susceptibility to Estrogen-Receptor-Positive Breast Cancer through FGF10 and MRPS30 Regulation. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2016, 99, 903-911.	2.6	59
84	Parent-of-origin tumorigenesis is mediated by an essential imprinted modifier in <i>SDHD</i> -linked paragangliomas: <i>SLC22A18</i> and <i>CDKN1C</i> are candidate tumour modifiers. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2016, 25, 3715-3728.	1.4	15
85	An intergenic risk locus containing an enhancer deletion in 2q35 modulates breast cancer risk by deregulating IGFBP5 expression. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2016, 25, 3863-3876.	1.4	33
86	Comprehensive Mutation Analysis of <i>PMS2</i> in a Large Cohort of Probands Suspected of Lynch Syndrome or Constitutional Mismatch Repair Deficiency Syndrome. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2016, 37, 1162-1179.	1.1	50
87	Genome-Wide Meta-Analyses of Breast, Ovarian, and Prostate Cancer Association Studies Identify Multiple New Susceptibility Loci Shared by at Least Two Cancer Types. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2016, 6, 1052-1067.	7.7	157
88	Identification of four novel susceptibility loci for oestrogen receptor negative breast cancer. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 11375.	5.8	93
89	Functional mechanisms underlying pleiotropic risk alleles at the 19p13.1 breast-ovarian cancer susceptibility locus. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 12675.	5.8	78
90	Fine scale mapping of the 17q22 breast cancer locus using dense SNPs, genotyped within the Collaborative Oncological Gene-Environment Study (COGs). <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 32512.	1.6	19

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91	Prognostic value of automated KI67 scoring in breast cancer: a centralised evaluation of 8088 patients from 10 study groups. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2016, 18, 104.	2.2	56
92	Making sense of big data in health research: Towards an EU action plan. <i>Genome Medicine</i> , 2016, 8, 71.	3.6	190
93	Classification and Clinical Management of Variants of Uncertain Significance in High Penetrance Cancer Predisposition Genes. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2016, 37, 331-336.	1.1	31
94	Combined mismatch repair and POLE/POLD1 defects explain unresolved suspected Lynch syndrome cancers. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2016, 24, 1089-1092.	1.4	110
95	No evidence that protein truncating variants in <i>BRIP1</i> are associated with breast cancer risk: implications for gene panel testing. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2016, 53, 298-309.	1.5	94
96	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate <i>ESR1</i> , <i>RMND1</i> and <i>CCDC170</i> . <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2016, 48, 374-386.	9.4	125
97	BRCA2 Polymorphic Stop Codon K3326X and the Risk of Breast, Prostate, and Ovarian Cancers. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2016, 108, djv315.	3.0	77
98	No clinical utility of KRAS variant rs61764370 for ovarian or breast cancer. <i>Gynecologic Oncology</i> , 2016, 141, 386-401.	0.6	18
99	RAD51B in Familial Breast Cancer. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0153788.	1.1	26
100	An original phylogenetic approach identified mitochondrial haplogroup T1a1 as inversely associated with breast cancer risk in BRCA2 mutation carriers. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2015, 17, 61.	2.2	26
101	Common germline polymorphisms associated with breast cancer-specific survival. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2015, 17, 58.	2.2	26
102	Assessing Associations between the AURKA-HMMR-TPX2-TUBG1 Functional Module and Breast Cancer Risk in BRCA1/2 Mutation Carriers. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0120020.	1.1	34
103	SNP-SNP interaction analysis of NF- κ B signaling pathway on breast cancer survival. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 37979-37994.	0.8	20
104	Prediction of Breast Cancer Risk Based on Profiling With Common Genetic Variants. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2015, 107, .	3.0	428
105	Gene-Panel Sequencing and the Prediction of Breast-Cancer Risk. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2015, 372, 2243-2257.	13.9	764
106	Crowdsourcing the General Public for Large Scale Molecular Pathology Studies in Cancer. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2015, 2, 681-689.	2.7	56
107	Fine-mapping identifies two additional breast cancer susceptibility loci at 9q31.2. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015, 24, 2966-2984.	1.4	40
108	Fine-Scale Mapping of the 5q11.2 Breast Cancer Locus Reveals at Least Three Independent Risk Variants Regulating MAP3K1. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2015, 96, 5-20.	2.6	76

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109	Inherited variants in the inner centromere protein (INCENP) gene of the chromosomal passenger complex contribute to the susceptibility of ER-negative breast cancer. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2015, 36, 256-271.	1.3	14
110	Genome-wide association analysis of more than 120,000 individuals identifies 15 new susceptibility loci for breast cancer. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2015, 47, 373-380.	9.4	513
111	<i>FANCM</i>c.5791C>T nonsense mutation (rs144567652) induces exon skipping, affects DNA repair activity and is a familial breast cancer risk factor. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015, 24, 5345-5355.	1.4	91
112	Polymorphisms in a Putative Enhancer at the 10q21.2 Breast Cancer Risk Locus Regulate NRBF2 Expression. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2015, 97, 22-34.	2.6	37
113	Models of parent-of-origin tumorigenesis in hereditary paraganglioma. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2015, 43, 117-124.	2.3	22
114	Identification of Novel Genetic Markers of Breast Cancer Survival. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2015, 107, .	3.0	56
115	Association of Type and Location of <i>BRCA1</i> and <i>BRCA2</i> Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2015, 313, 1347.	3.8	390
116	Large-scale genomic analyses link reproductive aging to hypothalamic signaling, breast cancer susceptibility and BRCA1-mediated DNA repair. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2015, 47, 1294-1303.	9.4	357
117	Height and Breast Cancer Risk: Evidence From Prospective Studies and Mendelian Randomization. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2015, 107, djv219.	3.0	99
118	Fine-Scale Mapping of the 4q24 Locus Identifies Two Independent Loci Associated with Breast Cancer Risk. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015, 24, 1680-1691.	1.1	24
119	Identification and characterization of novel associations in the CASP8/ALS2CR12 region on chromosome 2 with breast cancer risk. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2015, 24, 285-298.	1.4	38
120	Inactivation of <i>SDH</i> and <i>FH</i> cause loss of 5hmC and increased H3K9me3 in paraganglioma/pheochromocytoma and smooth muscle tumors. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015, 6, 38777-38788.	0.8	90
121	MicroRNA Related Polymorphisms and Breast Cancer Risk. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e109973.	1.1	49
122	Nuclear receptor NR4A1 promotes breast cancer invasion and metastasis by activating TGF- β signalling. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3388.	5.8	156
123	DNA Glycosylases Involved in Base Excision Repair May Be Associated with Cancer Risk in BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2014, 10, e1004256.	1.5	47
124	2q36.3 is associated with prognosis for oestrogen receptor-negative breast cancer patients treated with chemotherapy. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 4051.	5.8	16
125	Common non-synonymous SNPs associated with breast cancer susceptibility: findings from the Breast Cancer Association Consortium. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014, 23, 6096-6111.	1.4	53
126	Paraganglioma and pheochromocytoma upon maternal transmission of SDHD mutations. <i>BMC Medical Genetics</i> , 2014, 15, 111.	2.1	38

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127	Refined histopathological predictors of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation status: a large-scale analysis of breast cancer characteristics from the BCAC, CIMBA, and ENIGMA consortia. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2014, 16, 3419.	2.2	97
128	Breast and ovarian cancer risks in a large series of clinically ascertained families with a high proportion of BRCA1 and BRCA2 Dutch founder mutations. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2014, 51, 98-107.	1.5	74
129	A large-scale assessment of two-way SNP interactions in breast cancer susceptibility using 46 450 cases and 42 461 controls from the breast cancer association consortium. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014, 23, 1934-1946.	1.4	32
130	Rare Mutations in <i>RINT1</i> Predispose Carriers to Breast and Lynch Syndrome—“Spectrum Cancers. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2014, 4, 804-815.	7.7	44
131	Parent-of-origin-specific allelic associations among 106 genomic loci for age at menarche. <i>Nature</i> , 2014, 514, 92-97.	13.7	548
132	Evidence that breast cancer risk at the 2q35 locus is mediated through IGFBP5 regulation. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 4999.	5.8	105
133	CHEK2*1100delC homozygosity in the Netherlands—prevalence and risk of breast and lung cancer. <i>European Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2014, 22, 46-51.	1.4	29
134	Population distribution and ancestry of the cancer protective MDM2 SNP285 (rs117039649). <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2014, 5, 8223-8234.	0.8	22
135	Fine-Scale Mapping of the FGFR2 Breast Cancer Risk Locus: Putative Functional Variants Differentially Bind FOXA1 and E2F1. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 93, 1046-1060.	2.6	98
136	Multiple independent variants at the TERT locus are associated with telomere length and risks of breast and ovarian cancer. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013, 45, 371-384.	9.4	493
137	Functional Variants at the 11q13 Risk Locus for Breast Cancer Regulate Cyclin D1 Expression through Long-Range Enhancers. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2013, 92, 489-503.	2.6	201
138	Large-scale genotyping identifies 41 new loci associated with breast cancer risk. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2013, 45, 353-361.	9.4	960
139	Genome-Wide Association Study in BRCA1 Mutation Carriers Identifies Novel Loci Associated with Breast and Ovarian Cancer Risk. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2013, 9, e1003212.	1.5	244
140	Whole Exome Sequencing Suggests Much of Non-BRCA1/BRCA2 Familial Breast Cancer Is Due to Moderate and Low Penetrance Susceptibility Alleles. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e55681.	1.1	95
141	Exome Sequencing of Germline DNA from Non-BRCA1/2 Familial Breast Cancer Cases Selected on the Basis of aCGH Tumor Profiling. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e55734.	1.1	29
142	19p13.1 Is a Triple-Negative—Specific Breast Cancer Susceptibility Locus. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2012, 72, 1795-1803.	0.4	100
143	<i>CHEK2</i> *1100delC Heterozygosity in Women With Breast Cancer Associated With Early Death, Breast Cancer—Specific Death, and Increased Risk of a Second Breast Cancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2012, 30, 4308-4316.	0.8	162
144	The role of genetic breast cancer susceptibility variants as prognostic factors. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2012, 21, 3926-3939.	1.4	80

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145	The Warburg effect in 2012. <i>Current Opinion in Oncology</i> , 2012, 24, 62-67.	1.1	164
146	Genome-wide association analysis identifies three new breast cancer susceptibility loci. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2012, 44, 312-318.	9.4	256
147	Rare variants in XRCC2 as breast cancer susceptibility alleles: Table A1. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2012, 49, 618-620.	1.5	49
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