Yoonho Chung

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

567281 794594 2,064 19 15 19 citations h-index g-index papers 19 19 19 3965 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Intelligence, educational attainment, and brain structure in those at familial highâ€risk for schizophrenia or bipolar disorder. Human Brain Mapping, 2022, 43, 414-430.	3.6	14
2	Progressive reconfiguration of resting-state brain networks as psychosis develops: Preliminary results from the North American Prodrome Longitudinal Study (NAPLS) consortium. Schizophrenia Research, 2020, 226, 30-37.	2.0	36
3	Cortical abnormalities in youth at clinical high-risk for psychosis: Findings from the NAPLS2 cohort. Neurolmage: Clinical, 2019, 23, 101862.	2.7	48
4	The Association Between Familial Risk and Brain Abnormalities Is Disease Specific: An ENIGMA-Relatives Study of Schizophrenia and Bipolar Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 86, 545-556.	1.3	67
5	Adding a neuroanatomical biomarker to an individualized risk calculator for psychosis: A proof-of-concept study. Schizophrenia Research, 2019, 208, 41-43.	2.0	15
6	Altered Brain Activation During Memory Retrieval Precedes and Predicts Conversion to Psychosis in Individuals at Clinical High Risk. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2019, 45, 924-933.	4.3	14
7	Complement Gene Expression Correlates with Superior Frontal Cortical Thickness in Humans. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 43, 525-533.	5.4	32
8	Cerebello-thalamo-cortical hyperconnectivity as a state-independent functional neural signature for psychosis prediction and characterization. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 3836.	12.8	156
9	Use of Machine Learning to Determine Deviance in Neuroanatomical Maturity Associated With Future Psychosis in Youths at Clinically High Risk. JAMA Psychiatry, 2018, 75, 960.	11.0	114
10	Ventricular enlargement and progressive reduction of cortical gray matter are linked in prodromal youth who develop psychosis. Schizophrenia Research, 2017, 189, 169-174.	2.0	32
11	The Role of microRNA Expression in Cortical Development During Conversion to Psychosis. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 2188-2195.	5.4	12
12	Hippocampal volume in subjects at clinical high-risk for psychosis: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews, 2016, 71, 680-690.	6.1	38
13	The Pediatric Imaging, Neurocognition, and Genetics (PING) Data Repository. NeuroImage, 2016, 124, 1149-1154.	4.2	251
14	Brain Imaging During the Transition from Psychosis Prodrome to Schizophrenia. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 2015, 203, 336-341.	1.0	84
15	Prodromal Symptom Severity Predicts Accelerated Gray Matter Reduction and Third Ventricle Expansion among Clinically High-Risk Youth Developing Psychotic Disorders. Molecular Neuropsychiatry, 2015, 1, 13-22.	2.9	27
16	Progressive Reduction in Cortical Thickness as Psychosis Develops: A Multisite Longitudinal Neuroimaging Study of Youth at Elevated Clinical Risk. Biological Psychiatry, 2015, 77, 147-157.	1.3	516
17	Brain volume reductions in adolescent heavy drinkers. Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience, 2014, 9, 117-125.	4.0	122
18	Long-term influence of normal variation in neonatal characteristics on human brain development. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2012, 109, 20089-20094.	7.1	158

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#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
19	Neuroanatomical Assessment of Biological Maturity. Current Biology, 2012, 22, 1693-1698.	3.9	328