

Nicholas E Geacintov

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	NMR Solution Structures of Stereoisomeric Covalent Polycyclic Aromatic Carcinogen-DNA Adducts: Principles, Patterns, and Diversity. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1997, 10, 111-146.	3.3	331
2	trans-Lesion Synthesis Past Bulky Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide N2-dG and N6-dA Lesions Catalyzed by DNA Bypass Polymerases. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2002, 277, 30488-30494.	3.4	180
3	Influence of benzo[a]pyrenediol epoxide chirality on solution conformations of DNA covalent adducts: the (-)-trans-anti-[BP]G.C adduct structure and comparison with the (+)-trans-anti-[BP]G.C enantiomer. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1992, 31, 5245-5252.	2.5	176
4	Solution conformation of the (+)-cis-anti-[BP]dG adduct in a DNA duplex: Intercalation of the covalently attached benzo[a]pyrenyl ring into the helix and displacement of the modified deoxyguanosine. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1993, 32, 4145-4155.	2.5	169
5	Translesion Synthesis by Human DNA Polymerase η on a DNA Template Containing a Single Stereoisomer of dG-(+)- or dG-($\hat{\ast}$)-anti-N2-BPDE (7,8-Dihydroxy-anti-9,10-epoxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydrobenzo[a]pyrene). <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2002, 41, 6100-6106.	2.5	155
6	Thermodynamic and structural factors in the removal of bulky DNA adducts by the nucleotide excision repair machinery. <i>Biopolymers</i> , 2002, 65, 202-210.	2.4	128

7 Translesional synthesis on a DNA template containing a single stereoisomer of dG-(+)- or

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19	The Major, N2-dG Adduct of (+)-anti-B[a]PDE Shows a Dramatically Different Mutagenic Specificity (Predominantly, G → A) in a 5'~CGT-3' Sequence Context. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1997, 36, 10256-10261.	2.5	82
20	Sequence Specific Mutagenesis of the Major (+)-anti-Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide~DNA Adduct at a Mutational Hot Spot in Vitro and in <i>Escherichia coli</i> Cells. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1997, 10, 369-377.	3.3	79
21	Oxidation of single-stranded oligonucleotides by carbonate radical anions: generating intrastrand cross-links between guanine and thymine bases separated by cytosines. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2008, 36, 742-755.	14.5	76
22	Structure of a High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Bound to a Benzo[a]pyrene Adduct That Blocks Replication. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 3764-3770.	3.4	74
23	The processing of a Benzo(a)pyrene adduct into a frameshift or a base substitution mutation requires a different set of genes in <i>Escherichia coli</i> . <i>Molecular Microbiology</i> , 2000, 38, 299-307.	2.5	73
24	Structural basis for the recognition of diastereomeric 5~2,8-cyclo-2~deoxypurine lesions by the human nucleotide excision repair system. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2014, 42, 5020-5032.	14.5	69
25	A SINGLE PULSE PICOSECOND LASER STUDY OF EXCITON DYNAMICS IN CHLOROPLASTS. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1977, 26, 629-638.	2.5	68
26	The Sequence Dependence of Human Nucleotide Excision Repair Efficiencies of Benzo[a]pyrene-derived DNA Lesions: Insights into the Structural Factors that Favor Dual Incisions. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2009, 386, 1193-1203.	4.2	67
27	FLUORESCENCE STUDY OF THE PHYSICO~CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF A BENZO(A)PYRENE~8~DIHYDRODIOL~9~10~OXIDE DERIVATIVE BOUND COVALENTLY TO DNA. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1979, 29, 223-232.	2.5	65
28	Resistance of bulky DNA lesions to nucleotide excision repair can result from extensive aromatic lesion~base stacking interactions. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2011, 39, 8752-8764.	14.5	62
29	Nucleotide excision repair of 2-acetylaminofluorene- and 2-aminofluorene-(C8)-guanine adducts: molecular dynamics simulations elucidate how lesion structure and base sequence context impact repair efficiencies. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2012, 40, 9675-9690.	14.5	61
30	How Stereochemistry Affects Mutagenesis by N2-Deoxyguanosine Adducts of 7,8-Dihydroxy-9,10-epoxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydrobenzo[a]pyrene:~ Configuration of the Adduct Bond Is More Important Than Those of the Hydroxyl Groups. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1997, 36, 13263-13269.	2.5	60
31	Combination of Nitrogen Dioxide Radicals with 8-Oxo-7,8-dihydroguanine and Guanine Radicals in DNA:~ Oxidation and Nitration End-Products. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 2005, 127, 2191-2200.	13.7	60
32	Direct Spectroscopic Observation of 8-Oxo-7,8-dihydro-2~deoxyguanosine Radicals in Double-Stranded DNA Generated by One-Electron Oxidation at a Distance by 2-Aminopurine Radicals. <i>Journal of Physical Chemistry B</i> , 2001, 105, 586-592.	2.6	58
33	Methylation of Cytosine at C5 in a CpG Sequence Context Causes a Conformational Switch of a Benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide-N2-guanine Adduct in DNA from a Minor Groove Alignment to Intercalation with Base Displacement. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2005, 346, 951-965.	4.2	56
34	Solution Conformation of the (+)-trans-anti-[BP]dG Adduct Opposite a Deletion Site in a DNA Duplex: Intercalation of the Covalently Attached Benzo[a]pyrene into the Helix with Base Displacement of the Modified Deoxyguanosine into the Major Groove. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1994, 33, 11507-11517.	2.5	55
35	Oxidative Generation of Guanine Radicals by Carbonate Radicals and Their Reactions with Nitrogen Dioxide to Form Site Specific 5-Guanidino-4-nitroimidazole Lesions in Oligodeoxynucleotides. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2003, 16, 966-973.	3.3	55
36	Molecular basis for damage recognition and verification by XPC-RAD23B and TFIIH in nucleotide excision repair. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2018, 71, 33-42.	2.8	55

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37	DNA Adduct Structure–Function Relationships: Comparing Solution with Polymerase Structures. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2008, 21, 45-52.	3.3	52
38	Absolute Configurations of Spiroiminodihydantoin and Allantoin Stereoisomers: Comparison of Computed and Measured Electronic Circular Dichroism Spectra. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2009, 22, 1189-1193.	3.3	52
39	Conformational studies of the (+)-trans, (âˆ™)-trans, (+)-cis, and (âˆ™)-cis adducts of anti-benzo[a]pyrene diolepoxide to N2-dG in duplex oligonucleotides using polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and low-temperature fluorescence spectroscopy. <i>Biophysical Chemistry</i> , 1995, 56, 281-296.	2.8	51
40	Solution Conformation of the (+)-cis-anti-[BP]dG Adduct Opposite a Deletion Site in a DNA Duplex: Intercalation of the Covalently Attached Benzo[a]pyrene into the Helix with Base Displacement of the Modified Deoxyguanosine into the Minor Groove. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1994, 33, 11518-11527.	2.5	50
41	Synthesis and characterization of covalent adducts derived from the binding of benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide to a -GGG- sequence in a deoxyoligonucleotide. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 1995, 16, 357-365.	2.8	50
42	Probing for DNA damage with Î²-hairpins: Similarities in incision efficiencies of bulky DNA adducts by prokaryotic and human nucleotide excision repair systems in vitro. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2011, 10, 684-696.	2.8	49
43	Base and Nucleotide Excision Repair of Oxidatively Generated Guanine Lesions in DNA. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 5309-5319.	3.4	49
44	Energy transfer and fluorescence mechanisms in photosynthetic membranes. <i>Critical Reviews in Plant Sciences</i> , 1987, 5, 1-44.	5.7	48
45	MECHANISMS OF QUENCHING OF THE FLUORESCENCE OF A BENZO[a]PYRENE TETRAOL METABOLITE MODEL COMPOUND BY 2-DEOXYNUCLEOSIDES. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1993, 58, 185-194.	2.5	48
46	Differential Nucleotide Excision Repair Susceptibility of Bulky DNA Adducts in Different Sequence Contexts: Hierarchies of Recognition Signals. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2009, 385, 30-44.	4.2	48
47	Repair-Resistant DNA Lesions. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2017, 30, 1517-1548.	3.3	48
48	Structural and Thermodynamic Features of Spiroiminodihydantoin Damaged DNA Duplexes. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2005, 44, 13342-13353.	2.5	47
49	Dynamics of a Benzo[a]pyrene-derived Guanine DNA Lesion in TGT and CGC Sequence Contexts: Enhanced Mobility in TGT Explains Conformational Heterogeneity, Flexible Bending, and Greater Susceptibility to Nucleotide Excision Repair. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2007, 374, 292-305.	4.2	46
50	Nucleotide Excision Repair Efficiencies of Bulky Carcinogen–DNA Adducts Are Governed by a Balance between Stabilizing and Destabilizing Interactions. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2012, 51, 1486-1499.	2.5	46
51	Ultrafast transient-absorption and steady-state fluorescence measurements on 2-aminopurine substituted dinucleotides and 2-aminopurine substituted DNA duplexes. <i>Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics</i> , 2004, 6, 154.	2.8	45
52	Identification of novel DNA-damage tolerance genes reveals regulation of translesion DNA synthesis by nucleophosmin. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 5437.	12.8	43
53	5-8-Cyclopurine Lesions in DNA Damage: Chemical, Analytical, Biological, and Diagnostic Significance. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 513.	4.1	43
54	Stereochemical Origin of Opposite Orientations in DNA Adducts Derived from Enantiomeric anti-Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxides with Different Tumorigenic Potentials. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1999, 38, 2956-2968.	2.5	42

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55	Synthesis and Characterization of Site-Specific and Stereoisomeric Fjord Dibenzo[a,l]pyrene Diol Epoxide ⁺ N6-Adenine Adducts: Unusual Thermal Stabilization of Modified DNA Duplexes. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2002, 15, 249-261.	3.3	42
56	Removal of oxidatively generated DNA damage by overlapping repair pathways. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2017, 107, 53-61.	2.9	42
57	Opposite stereoselective resistance to digestion by phosphodiesterases I and II of benzo[a]pyrenediol epoxide-modified oligonucleotide adducts. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1993, 32, 11785-11793.	2.5	41
58	Relating repair susceptibility of carcinogen-damaged DNA with structural distortion and thermodynamic stability. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2002, 30, 3422-3432.	14.5	40
59	Generation of Guanine ⁺ Thymidine Cross-Links in DNA by Peroxynitrite/Carbon Dioxide. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2011, 24, 1144-1152.	3.3	40
60	Adenine ⁺ DNA Adducts Derived from the Highly Tumorigenic Dibenzo[a,l]pyrene Are Resistant to Nucleotide Excision Repair while Guanine Adducts Are Not. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2013, 26, 783-793.	3.3	40
61	Differential Hydration Thermodynamics of Stereoisomeric DNA ⁺ Benzo[a]pyrene Adducts Derived from Diol Epoxide Enantiomers with Different Tumorigenic Potentials. <i>Journal of the American Chemical Society</i> , 1996, 118, 3804-3810.	13.7	39
62	Solution Structure of the (+)-cis-anti-Benzo[a]pyrene-dA ([BP]dA) Adduct Opposite dT in a DNA Duplex. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1999, 38, 10831-10842.	2.5	39
63	Generation of Guanine ⁺ Thymine Cross-Links in Human Cells by One-Electron Oxidation Mechanisms. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2013, 26, 1031-1033.	3.3	39
64	Direct Synthesis and Characterization of Site-Specific Adenosyl Adducts Derived from the Binding of a 3,4-Dihydroxy-1,2-epoxybenzo[c]phenanthrene Stereoisomer to an 11-mer Oligodeoxyribonucleotide. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1995, 8, 444-454.	3.3	38
65	Sequence Context- and Temperature-Dependent Nucleotide Excision Repair of a Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide-Guanine DNA Adduct Catalyzed by Thermophilic UvrABC Proteins. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2007, 46, 7006-7015.	2.5	37
66	Spiroiminodihydantoin Lesions Derived from Guanine Oxidation: Structures, Energetics, and Functional Implications. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2005, 44, 6043-6051.	2.5	35
67	Stereoselective Covalent Binding of Anti-benzo(a)pyrene Diol Epoxide to DNA Conformation of Enantiomer Adducts. <i>Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics</i> , 1984, 1, 1473-1484.	3.5	34
68	Solution Conformation of the (â ⁺)-trans-anti-[BP]dG Adduct Opposite a Deletion Site in a DNA Duplex: Intercalation of the Covalently Attached Benzo[a]pyrene into the Helix with Base Displacement of the Modified Deoxyguanosine into the Minor Groove. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1997, 36, 13780-13790.	2.5	34
69	Bending and Circularization of Site-Specific and Stereoisomeric Carcinogen ⁺ DNA Adducts. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1998, 37, 769-778.	2.5	34
70	Distant Neighbor Base Sequence Context Effects in Human Nucleotide Excision Repair of a Benzo[a]pyrene-derived DNA Lesion. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2010, 399, 397-409.	4.2	34
71	Assignment of Absolute Configurations of the Enantiomeric Spiroiminodihydantoin Nucleobases by Experimental and Computational Optical Rotatory Dispersion Methods. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2006, 19, 908-913.	3.3	33
72	Base Sequence Context Effects on Nucleotide Excision Repair. <i>Journal of Nucleic Acids</i> , 2010, 2010, 1-9.	1.2	33

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73	The relationships between XPC binding to conformationally diverse DNA adducts and their excision by the human NER system: Is there a correlation?. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2014, 19, 55-63.	2.8	33
74	Base Sequence Dependence of in Vitro Translesional DNA Replication past a Bulky Lesion Catalyzed by the Exo-Klenow Fragment of Pol I. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2001, 40, 6660-6669.	2.5	32
75	Exocyclic amino groups of flanking guanines govern sequence-dependent adduct conformations and local structural distortions for minor groove-aligned benzo[a]pyrenyl-guanine lesions in a GG mutation hotspot context. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2007, 35, 1555-1568.	14.5	32
76	Nucleotide Excision Repair Lesion-Recognition Protein Rad4 Captures a Pre-Flipped Partner Base in a Benzo[a]pyrene-Derived DNA Lesion: How Structure Impacts the Binding Pathway. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2017, 30, 1344-1354.	3.3	32
77	Sequence Dependence and Characteristics of Bends Induced by Site-Specific Polynuclear Aromatic Carcinogen-Deoxyguanosine Lesions in Oligonucleotides. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 1998, 37, 4993-5000.	2.5	31
78	Origins of Conformational Differences between Cis and Trans DNA Adducts Derived from Enantiomeric anti-Benzo[a]Pyrene Diol Epoxides. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1999, 12, 597-609.	3.3	31
79	Human RNA polymerase II is partially blocked by DNA adducts derived from tumorigenic benzo[c]phenanthrene diol epoxides: relating biological consequences to conformational preferences. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2003, 31, 6004-6015.	14.5	31
80	Proton-coupled electron transfer in the oxidation of guanines by an aromatic pyrenyl radical cation in aqueous solutions. <i>Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics</i> , 2000, 2, 1531-1535.	2.8	30
81	Simulating Structural and Thermodynamic Properties of Carcinogen-Damaged DNA. <i>Biophysical Journal</i> , 2003, 84, 2137-2148.	0.5	30
82	Base Selectivity and Effects of Sequence and DNA Secondary Structure on the Formation of Covalent Adducts Derived from the Equine Estrogen Metabolite 4-Hydroxyequilenin. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2005, 18, 1737-1747.	3.3	29
83	Structural, energetic and dynamic properties of guanine(C8)-thymine(N3) cross-links in DNA provide insights on susceptibility to nucleotide excision repair. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2012, 40, 2506-2517.	14.5	29
84	PRINCIPLES AND APPLICATIONS OF FLUORESCENCE TECHNIQUES IN BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY*. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1987, 45, 547-553.	2.5	28
85	Stereochemistry-dependent bending in oligonucleotide duplexes induced by site-specific covalent benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide-guanine lesions. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 1995, 23, 2314-2319.	14.5	28
86	Intercalative Conformations of the 14 <i>R</i> (+)- and 14 <i>S</i> ($\hat{\alpha}$)- <i>trans-anti</i> -DB[<i>a</i> , <i>i</i>]P- <i>N</i> ⁶ -dA Adducts: Molecular Modeling and MD Simulations. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2011, 24, 522-531.	3.3	28
87	Thermodynamic Profiles and Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Studies of Oligonucleotide Duplexes Containing Single Diastereomeric Spiroiminodihydroantoin Lesions. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 52, 1354-1363.	2.5	28
88	Role of Hydrophobic Effects in the Reaction of a Polynuclear Aromatic Diol Epoxide with Oligodeoxynucleotides in Aqueous Solutions. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1998, 11, 381-388.	3.3	27
89	Oxidation of Guanine by Carbonate Radicals Derived from Photolysis of Carbonatotetramminecobalt(III) Complexes and the pH Dependence of Intrastrand DNA Cross-Links Mediated by Guanine Radical Reactions. <i>ChemBioChem</i> , 2008, 9, 1985-1991.	2.6	26
90	Recognition of Damaged DNA for Nucleotide Excision Repair: A Correlated Motion Mechanism with a Mismatched <i>cis-syn</i> Thymine Dimer Lesion. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 54, 5263-5267.	2.5	26

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91	Base Sequence-Dependent Bends in Site-Specific Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide-Modified Oligonucleotide Duplexes. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 1996, 9, 255-261.	3.3	25
92	Differential Incision of Bulky Carcinogen-DNA Adducts by the UvrABC Nuclease: Comparison of Incision Rates and the Interactions of Uvr Subunits with Lesions of Different Structures. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2000, 39, 12252-12261.	2.5	25
93	ACRYLAMIDE AND MOLECULAR OXYGEN FLUORESCENCE QUENCHING AS A PROBE OF SOLVENT ACCESSIBILITY OF AROMATIC FLUOROPHORES COMPLEXED WITH DNA IN RELATION TO THEIR CONFORMATIONS: CORONENE-DNA AND OTHER COMPLEXES. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1988, 47, 181-188.	2.5	24
94	Differences in unwinding of supercoiled DNA induced by the two enantiomers of anti-benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 1992, 20, 6167-6176.	14.5	24
95	Trapping of DNA nucleotide excision repair factors by nonrepairable carcinogen adducts. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2002, 62, 4229-35.	0.9	23
96	Fluorescence Characteristics of Site-Specific and Stereochemically Distinct Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide-DNA Adducts as Probes of Adduct Conformation. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2002, 15, 118-126.	3.3	21
97	Absolute configurations of DNA lesions determined by comparisons of experimental ECD and ORD spectra with DFT calculations. <i>Chirality</i> , 2009, 21, E231-41.	2.6	21
98	Nucleotide Excision Repair and Transcription-coupled DNA Repair Abrogate the Impact of DNA Damage on Transcription. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 848-861.	3.4	21
99	Interference of benzo[a]pyrene diol epoxide-deoxyguanosine adducts in a GC box with binding of the transcription factor Sp1. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 1996, 16, 44-52.	2.7	20
100	Role of Base Sequence Context in Conformational Equilibria and Nucleotide Excision Repair of Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide-Adenine Adducts. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2003, 42, 2339-2354.	2.5	20
101	Characterization of the interactions of PARP-1 with UV-damaged DNA in vivo and in vitro. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 19020.	3.3	20
102	Mechanism of error-free replication across benzo[a]pyrene stereoisomers by Rev1 DNA polymerase. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2017, 8, 965.	12.8	20
103	Lesion Sensing during Initial Binding by Yeast XPC/Rad4: Toward Predicting Resistance to Nucleotide Excision Repair. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2018, 31, 1260-1268.	3.3	20
104	Conformational Determinants of Structures in Stereoisomeric Cis-Opened anti-Benzo[a]pyrene Diol Epoxide Adducts to Adenine in DNA. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2000, 13, 811-822.	3.3	19
105	Ribonucleotides as nucleotide excision repair substrates. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2014, 13, 55-60.	2.8	19
106	Excision of Oxidatively Generated Guanine Lesions by Competing Base and Nucleotide Excision Repair Mechanisms in Human Cells. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2019, 32, 753-761.	3.3	19
107	Mechanisms of Interaction of Polycyclic Aromatic Diol Epoxides with DNA and Structures of the Adducts. <i>ACS Symposium Series</i> , 1985, , 107-124.	0.5	18
108	Conformations of Stereoisomeric Base Adducts to 4-Hydroxyequilenin. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2003, 16, 695-707.	3.3	18

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109	Human DNA polymerase β catalyzes lesion bypass across benzo[a]pyrene-derived DNA adduct during base excision repair. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2012, 11, 367-373.	2.8	18
110	Free Energy Profiles of Base Flipping in Intercalative Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon-Damaged DNA Duplexes: Energetic and Structural Relationships to Nucleotide Excision Repair Susceptibility. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2013, 26, 1115-1125.	3.3	18
111	Nucleotide Excision Repair and Impact of Site-Specific 5 β ,8-Cyclopurine and Bulky DNA Lesions on the Physical Properties of Nucleosomes. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2019, 58, 561-574.	2.5	18
112	A LINEAR DICHROISM STUDY OF THE ORIENTATION OF AROMATIC PROTEIN RESIDUES IN MAGNETICALLY ORIENTED BOVINE ROD OUTER SEGMENTS. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1978, 27, 51-54.	2.5	17
113	Linear dichroism characteristics of ethidium-and proflavine-supercoiled DNA complexes. <i>Biopolymers</i> , 1990, 29, 1735-1744.	2.4	17
114	A Bulky DNA Lesion Derived from a Highly Potent Polycyclic Aromatic Tumorigen Stabilizes Nucleosome Core Particle Structure. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2010, 49, 9943-9945.	2.5	17
115	Resistance to Nucleotide Excision Repair of Bulky Guanine Adducts Opposite Abasic Sites in DNA Duplexes and Relationships between Structure and Function. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0137124.	2.5	17
116	Photoaddition to DNA by Nonintercalated Chlorpromazine Molecules. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1998, 68, 692-697.	2.5	16
117	Following an environmental carcinogen N2-dG adduct through replication: elucidating blockage and bypass in a high-fidelity DNA polymerase. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2007, 35, 4275-4288.	14.5	16
118	Oxidatively Generated Guanine(C8)-Thymine(N3) Intrastrand Cross-links in Double-stranded DNA Are Repaired by Base Excision Repair Pathways. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 14610-14617.	3.4	16
119	5-Formylcytosine-induced DNA-peptide cross-links reduce transcription efficiency, but do not cause transcription errors in human cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2019, 294, 18387-18397.	3.4	16
120	FLUORESCENCE SPECTROSCOPY OF BENZO[a]PYRENE DIOL EPOXIDE-DNA ADDUCTS. CONFORMATION-SPECIFIC EMISSION SPECTRA. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1989, 50, 327-337.	2.5	15
121	Photoinduced electron transfer and strand cleavage in pyrenyl-DNA complexes and adducts. <i>Journal of Physical Organic Chemistry</i> , 1998, 11, 561-565.	1.9	15
122	Transcription of DNA containing the 5-guanidino-4-nitroimidazole lesion by human RNA polymerase II and bacteriophage T7 RNA polymerase. <i>DNA Repair</i> , 2008, 7, 1276-1288.	2.8	15
123	PSORALEN-MEDIATED VIRUS PHOTOINACTIVATION IN PLATELET CONCENTRATES: ENHANCED SPECIFICITY OF VIRUS KILL IN THE ABSENCE OF SHORTER UVA WAVELENGTHS. <i>Photochemistry and Photobiology</i> , 1995, 62, 917-922.	2.5	15
124	Role of Structural and Energetic Factors in Regulating Repair of a Bulky DNA Lesion with Different Opposite Partner Bases. <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 52, 5517-5521.	2.5	15
125	Total Synthesis, Mass Spectrometric Sequencing, and Stabilities of Oligonucleotide Duplexes with Singletrans-anti-BPDE-N6-dA Lesions in theN-rascodon 61 and Other Sequence Contexts. <i>Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds</i> , 1999, 17, 1-10.	2.6	14
126	The Nonbulky DNA Lesions Spiroiminodihydantoin and 5-Guanidinohydantoin Significantly Block Human RNA Polymerase II Elongation <i>in Vitro</i> . <i>Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 56, 3008-3018.	2.5	14

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