

Olavi Lindfors

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

36
papers

699
citations

623734

14
h-index

580821

25
g-index

37
all docs

37
docs citations

37
times ranked

530
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ego Impairment Index (EII) as a predictor of outcome in short- and long-term psychotherapy during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychology</i> , 2022, 78, 1739-1751.	1.9	1
2	Predicting the working alliance over the course of long-term psychodynamic psychotherapy with the Rorschach Ego Impairment Index, self-reported defense style, and performance-based intelligence: An evaluation of three methodological approaches. <i>Psychoanalytic Psychology</i> , 2021, 38, 58-67.	0.6	1
3	Predicting improvement of work ability in modalities of short- and long-term psychotherapy: The differential impact of reflective ability and other aspects of patient suitability. <i>Journal of Clinical Psychology</i> , 2021, 77, 1905-1920.	1.9	8
4	Poor suitability for psychotherapy – a risk factor for treatment non-attendance?. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021, 295, 1432-1439.	4.1	4
5	Psychoanalytic psychotherapy in Finland. <i>Psychoanalytic Psychotherapy</i> , 2020, 34, 129-146.	0.7	1
6	The Effectiveness of Three Psychotherapies of Different Type and Length in the Treatment of Patients Suffering from Anxiety Disorders. <i>European Family Therapy Association Series</i> , 2020, , 349-366.	0.3	2
7	Self-Report Dieters: Who Are They?. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 1789.	4.1	9
8	Effectiveness of psychoanalysis and long-term psychodynamic psychotherapy on personality and social functioning 10 years after start of treatment. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2019, 272, 774-783.	3.3	9
9	Associations of early childhood adversities with mental disorders, psychological functioning, and suitability for psychotherapy in adulthood. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2018, 264, 366-373.	3.3	14
10	Childhood adversities as predictors of improvement in psychiatric symptoms and global functioning in solution-focused and short- and long-term psychodynamic psychotherapy during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2018, 235, 525-534.	4.1	7
11	Follow-up of the effectiveness of long-term psychodynamic psychotherapy and psychoanalysis 5 years after the end of psychoanalysis: Minor differences in psychiatric symptoms and work ability. <i>Neurology Psychiatry and Brain Research</i> , 2018, 30, 163-166.	2.0	1
12	Associations between the Rorschach Ego Impairment Index and Measures on Intrapsychic and Interpersonal Functioning. <i>Open Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 08, 1-19.	0.6	2
13	The impact of psychotherapy treatments of different length and type on health behaviour during a five-year follow-up. <i>Psychotherapy Research</i> , 2017, 27, 397-409.	1.8	3
14	The prediction of the level of personality organization on reduction of psychiatric symptoms and improvement of work ability in short- versus long-term psychotherapies during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Psychology and Psychotherapy: Theory, Research and Practice</i> , 2017, 90, 353-376.	2.5	16
15	Dispositional optimism as predictor of outcome in short- and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Psychology and Psychotherapy: Theory, Research and Practice</i> , 2017, 90, 279-298.	2.5	12
16	Patients' pre-treatment interpersonal problems as predictors of therapeutic alliance in long-term psychodynamic psychotherapy. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016, 241, 110-117.	3.3	15
17	Randomized trial on the effectiveness of long- and short-term psychotherapy on psychosocial functioning and quality of life during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2015, 229, 381-388.	3.3	18
18	The effectiveness of short- and long-term psychotherapy on personality functioning during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2015, 173, 31-38.	4.1	35

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19	Self-reported immature defense style as a predictor of outcome in short-term and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Brain and Behavior</i> , 2014, 4, 495-503.	2.2	9
20	Intelligence as a predictor of outcome in short- and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014, 220, 1019-1027.	3.3	9
21	Social support as a predictor of the outcome of depressive and anxiety disorder in short-term and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2014, 216, 44-51.	3.3	37
22	Self-concept and quality of object relations as predictors of outcome in short- and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2014, 152-154, 202-211.	4.1	17
23	Randomized trial on the effectiveness of long- and short-term psychotherapy on psychiatric symptoms and working ability during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Nordic Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 67, 59-68.	1.3	46
24	Psychological predictors of the recovery from mood or anxiety disorder in short-term and long-term psychotherapy during a 3-year follow-up. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2013, 208, 162-173.	3.3	25
25	Concurrent Validity of the Quality of Object Relations Scale (QORS) in Relation to Proxy Assessment of the Theoretical Scale Constituents. <i>Psychopathology</i> , 2013, 46, 111-119.	1.5	7
26	Quality of object relations modifies the effectiveness of short- and long-term psychotherapy on self-concept. <i>Open Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 03, 345-350.	0.6	6
27	The Effectiveness of Solution-Focused Therapy and Short- and Long-Term Psychodynamic Psychotherapy on Self-Concept During a 3-Year Follow-Up. <i>Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease</i> , 2012, 200, 946-953.	1.0	17
28	Association between the Rorschach Ego Impairment Index and the Level of Personality Organization interview assessment in depressive and anxiety disorder patients. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2012, 200, 849-856.	3.3	14
29	Suitability for Psychotherapy Scale (SPS) and its reliability, validity, and prediction. <i>British Journal of Clinical Psychology</i> , 2012, 51, 351-375.	3.5	28
30	Therapists' professional and personal characteristics as predictors of outcome in short- and long-term psychotherapy. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2012, 138, 301-312.	4.1	74
31	The Helsinki Psychotherapy Study: Effectiveness, Sufficiency, and Suitability of Short- and Long-Term Psychotherapy. , 2012, , 71-94.		7
32	Quasi-experimental study on the effectiveness of psychoanalysis, long-term and short-term psychotherapy on psychiatric symptoms, work ability and functional capacity during a 5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2011, 132, 37-47.	4.1	91
33	Use of auxiliary psychiatric treatment during a 5-year follow-up among patients receiving short- or long-term psychotherapy. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2011, 135, 221-230.	4.1	32
34	Outcomes of psychotherapy from the perspective of the users. <i>Psychotherapy Research</i> , 2011, 21, 227-240.	1.8	28
35	Effectiveness of short-term and long-term psychotherapy on work ability and functional capacity – A randomized clinical trial on depressive and anxiety disorders. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2008, 107, 95-106.	4.1	89
36	What Works for Whom: Patients' Psychological Resources and Vulnerabilities as Common and Specific Predictors of Working Alliance in Different Psychotherapies. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 0, 13, .	2.6	4