Theodore Garland Jr

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#	Paper	IF	Citations
282	Testing for phylogenetic signal in comparative data: behavioral traits are more labile. <i>Evolution;</i> International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2003 , 57, 717-45	3.8	2956
281	Using the Past to Predict the Present: Confidence Intervals for Regression Equations in Phylogenetic Comparative Methods. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2000 , 155, 346-364	3.7	694
280	PHYLOGENETIC ANALYSES OF THE CORRELATED EVOLUTION OF CONTINUOUS CHARACTERS: A SIMULATION STUDY. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1991 , 45, 534-557	3.8	602
279	Why tropical forest lizards are vulnerable to climate warming. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2009 , 276, 1939-48	4.4	566
278	Why Not to Do Two-Species Comparative Studies: Limitations on Inferring Adaptation. <i>Physiological Zoology</i> , 1994 , 67, 797-828		543
277	Phylogenetic approaches in comparative physiology. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2005 , 208, 3015-3	53	526
276	An Introduction to Phylogenetically Based Statistical Methods, with a New Method for Confidence Intervals on Ancestral Values. <i>American Zoologist</i> , 1999 , 39, 374-388		488
275	Integrating Function and Ecology in Studies of Adaptation: Investigations of Locomotor Capacity as a Model System. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2001 , 32, 367-396		341
274	Within-species variation and measurement error in phylogenetic comparative methods. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 2007 , 56, 252-70	8.4	334
273	The biological control of voluntary exercise, spontaneous physical activity and daily energy expenditure in relation to obesity: human and rodent perspectives. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2011 , 214, 206-29	3	314
272	Phylogenetic logistic regression for binary dependent variables. Systematic Biology, 2010 , 59, 9-26	8.4	295
271	Artificial selection for increased wheel-running behavior in house mice. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 1998 , 28, 227	'- 3 .72	291
270	Performance, personality, and energetics: correlation, causation, and mechanism. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2012 , 85, 543-71	2	283
269	Evolution of Sprint Speed in Lacertid Lizards: Morphological, Physiological and Behavioral Covariation. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1995 , 49, 848	3.8	276
268	The primate semicircular canal system and locomotion. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007 , 104, 10808-12	11.5	272
267	Testing Hypotheses of Correlated Evolution Using Phylogenetically Independent Contrasts: Sensitivity to Deviations from Brownian Motion. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 1996 , 45, 27-47	8.4	246
266	TESTING FOR PHYLOGENETIC SIGNAL IN COMPARATIVE DATA: BEHAVIORAL TRAITS ARE MORE LABILE. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2003 , 57, 717	3.8	222

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265	Morphometrics of the avian small intestine compared with that of nonflying mammals: a phylogenetic approach. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2008 , 81, 526-50	2	221
264	Phenotypic plasticity and experimental evolution. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2006 , 209, 2344-61	3	220
263	Does metatarsal/femur ratio predict maximal running speed in cursorial mammals?. <i>Journal of Zoology</i> , 1993 , 229, 133-151	2	211
262	Scaling the Ecological Cost of Transport to Body Mass in Terrestrial Mammals. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 1983 , 121, 571-587	3.7	209
261	Rate tests for phenotypic evolution using phylogenetically independent contrasts. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 1992 , 140, 509-19	3.7	204
2 60	Effects of branch length errors on the performance of phylogenetically independent contrasts. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 1998 , 47, 654-72	8.4	203
259	Exercise increases hippocampal neurogenesis to high levels but does not improve spatial learning in mice bred for increased voluntary wheel running. <i>Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2003 , 117, 1006-16	2.1	201
258	Patterns of brain activity associated with variation in voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2003 , 117, 1243-56	2.1	199
257	Predictors of avian and mammalian translocation success: reanalysis with phylogenetically independent contrasts. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 1998 , 86, 243-255	6.2	194
256	Procedures for the Analysis of Comparative Data Using Phylogenetically Independent Contrasts. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 1992 , 41, 18	8.4	193
255	THE EVOLUTION OF ENDOTHERMY: TESTING THE AEROBIC CAPACITY MODEL. <i>Evolution;</i> International Journal of Organic Evolution, 1995 , 49, 836-847	3.8	186
254	Effects of voluntary activity and genetic selection on aerobic capacity in house mice (Mus domesticus). <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 1998 , 84, 69-76	3.7	170
253	AMP-activated protein kinase is involved in endothelial NO synthase activation in response to shear stress. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology,</i> 2006 , 26, 1281-7	9.4	169
252	Locomotor performance and social dominance in male Anolis cristatellus. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2004 , 67, 37-47	2.8	169
251	Climatic adaptation and the evolution of basal and maximum rates of metabolism in rodents. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2004 , 58, 1361-74	3.8	166
250	Neurobiology of Mice Selected for High Voluntary Wheel-running Activity. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2005 , 45, 438-55	2.8	156
249	Aquatic insect ecophysiological traits reveal phylogenetically based differences in dissolved cadmium susceptibility. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2008 , 105, 8321-6	11.5	152
248	Sprint performance of phrynosomatid lizards, measured on a high-speed treadmill, correlates with hindlimb length. <i>Journal of Zoology</i> , 1999 , 248, 255-265	2	146

247	Experimental Evolution 2009,		139
246	LIZARD HOME RANGES REVISITED: EFFECTS OF SEX, BODY SIZE, DIET, HABITAT, AND PHYLOGENY. <i>Ecology</i> , 2002 , 83, 1870-1885	4.6	136
245	GENETIC BASIS OF ACTIVITY METABOLISM. I. INHERITANCE OF SPEED, STAMINA, AND ANTIPREDATOR DISPLAYS IN THE GARTER SNAKE THAMNOPHIS SIRTALIS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1988 , 42, 335-350	3.8	134
244	Phylogenetic analysis of coadaptation in behavior, diet, and body size in the African antelope. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2000 , 11, 452-463	2.3	128
243	Time Budgets, Thermoregulation, and Maximal Locomotor Performance: Are Reptiles Olympians or Boy Scouts?. <i>American Zoologist</i> , 1988 , 28, 927-938		126
242	Locomotor performance of hatchling fence lizards (Sceloporus occidentalis): Quantitative genetics and morphometric correlates. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 1989 , 3, 240-252	1.8	123
241	Evolution of a small-muscle polymorphism in lines of house mice selected for high activity levels. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2002 , 56, 1267-75	3.8	122
240	Effects of voluntary activity and genetic selection on muscle metabolic capacities in house mice Mus domesticus. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2000 , 89, 1608-16	3.7	122
239	PHYLOGENY AND COADAPTATION OF THERMAL PHYSIOLOGY IN LIZARDS: A REANALYSIS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1991 , 45, 1969-1975	3.8	121
238	Behaviour of house mice artificially selected for high levels of voluntary wheel running. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 1999 , 58, 1307-1318	2.8	117
237	Polytomies and phylogenetically independent contrasts: examination of the bounded degrees of freedom approach. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 1999 , 48, 547-58	8.4	113
236	Circadian pattern of total and free corticosterone concentrations, corticosteroid-binding globulin, and physical activity in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>General and Comparative Endocrinology</i> , 2008 , 156, 210-7	3	105
235	Baseline and stress-induced plasma corticosterone concentrations of mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2007 , 80, 146-56	2	104
234	Developmental regulation of skull morphology. I. Ontogenetic dynamics of variance. <i>Evolution & Development</i> , 2004 , 6, 194-206	2.6	100
233	Trade-offs. Current Biology, 2014 , 24, R60-R61	6.3	97
232	The quantitative genetics of maximal and basal rates of oxygen consumption in mice. <i>Genetics</i> , 2001 , 159, 267-77	4	95
231	Phylogenetic Analysis of Covariance by Computer Simulation. <i>Systematic Biology</i> , 1993 , 42, 265	8.4	93
230	Did genetic drift drive increases in genome complexity?. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2010 , 6, e1001080	6	91

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229	Behavioral despair and home-cage activity in mice with chronically elevated baseline corticosterone concentrations. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2009 , 39, 192-201	3.2	88
228	The evolution of high summit metabolism and cold tolerance in birds and its impact on present-day distributions. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2009 , 63, 184-94	3.8	88
227	Limb and tail lengths in relation to substrate usage in Tropidurus lizards. <i>Journal of Morphology</i> , 2001 , 248, 151-64	1.6	88
226	Quantitative Genetics of Locomotor Speed and Endurance in the Lizard Lacerta vivipara. <i>Physiological Zoology</i> , 1995 , 68, 698-720		83
225	Maximal metabolic rates during voluntary exercise, forced exercise, and cold exposure in house mice selectively bred for high wheel-running. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2005 , 208, 2447-58	3	78
224	Dopaminergic dysregulation in mice selectively bred for excessive exercise or obesity. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2010 , 210, 155-63	3.4	77
223	How to run far: multiple solutions and sex-specific responses to selective breeding for high voluntary activity levels. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2011 , 278, 574-81	4.4	77
222	Voluntary running in deer mice: speed, distance, energy costs and temperature effects. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2004 , 207, 3839-54	3	77
221	Laboratory endurance capacity predicts variation in field locomotor behaviour among lizard species. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 1999 , 58, 77-83	2.8	77
220	Individual variation in locomotor behavior and maximal oxygen consumption in mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 1992 , 52, 97-104	3.5	76
219	Endurance capacity of mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2009 , 212, 2908-17	3	75
218	Experimental evolution and phenotypic plasticity of hindlimb bones in high-activity house mice. Journal of Morphology, 2006 , 267, 360-74	1.6	74
217	Effects of size, sex, and voluntary running speeds on costs of locomotion in lines of laboratory mice selectively bred for high wheel-running activity. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2006 , 79, 83-99	2	74
216	Effects of a Full Stomach on Locomotory Performance of Juvenile Garter Snakes (Thamnophis elegans). <i>Copeia</i> , 1983 , 1983, 1092	1.1	74
215	TESTING SYMMORPHOSIS: DOES STRUCTURE MATCH FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS?. <i>Evolution;</i> International Journal of Organic Evolution, 1987 , 41, 1404-1409	3.8	73
214	Diet, phylogeny, and basal metabolic rate in phyllostomid bats. <i>Zoology</i> , 2001 , 104, 49-58	1.7	71
213	Island tameness: living on islands reduces flight initiation distance. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2014 , 281, 20133019	4.4	70
212	Open-field behavior of house mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2001 , 31, 309-16	3.2	70

211	QUANTITATIVE GENETICS OF SPRINT RUNNING SPEED AND SWIMMING ENDURANCE IN LABORATORY HOUSE MICE (MUS DOMESTICUS). <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1996 , 50, 1688-1701	3.8	69
210	Maximum aerobic performance in lines of Mus selected for high wheel-running activity: effects of selection, oxygen availability and the mini-muscle phenotype. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2006 , 209, 115-27	3	67
209	Glucocorticoid response to forced exercise in laboratory house mice (Mus domesticus). <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 1998 , 63, 279-85	3.5	66
208	Maximal oxygen consumption in relation to subordinate traits in lines of house mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2006 , 101, 477-85	3.7	64
207	Phenotypic and evolutionary plasticity of organ masses in response to voluntary exercise in house mice. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2005 , 45, 426-37	2.8	64
206	Running behavior and its energy cost in mice selectively bred for high voluntary locomotor activity. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2009 , 82, 662-79	2	63
205	Do precocial mammals develop at a faster rate? A comparison of rates of skull development in Sigmodon fulviventer and Mus musculus domesticus. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2003 , 16, 708-20	2.3	63
204	EVOLUTION OF SPRINT SPEED IN LACERTID LIZARDS: MORPHOLOGICAL, PHYSIOLOGICAL, AND BEHAVIORAL COVARIATION. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1995 , 49, 848-863	3.8	63
203	Genetic variations and physical activity as determinants of limb bone morphology: an experimental approach using a mouse model. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2012 , 148, 24-35	2.5	62
202	Repeatability and correlation of swimming performances and size over varying time-scales in the guppy (Poecilia reticulata). <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2009 , 23, 969-978	5.6	62
201	Relationships among running performance, aerobic physiology and organ mass in male Mongolian gerbils. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2007 , 210, 4179-97	3	62
2 00	The Evolution of Endothermy: Testing the Aerobic Capacity Model. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1995 , 49, 836	3.8	62
199	Developmental regulation of skull morphology II: ontogenetic dynamics of covariance. <i>Evolution & Development</i> , 2006 , 8, 46-60	2.6	61
198	Differential response to a selective cannabinoid receptor antagonist (SR141716: rimonabant) in female mice from lines selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behaviour. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2008 , 19, 812-20	2.4	60
197	Limits to behavioral evolution: the quantitative genetics of a complex trait under directional selection. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2013 , 67, 3102-19	3.8	59
196	Kidney mass and relative medullary thickness of rodents in relation to habitat, body size, and phylogeny. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2004 , 77, 346-65	2	57
195	Artificial selection for high activity favors mighty mini-muscles in house mice. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2003 , 284, R433-43	3.2	56
194	Phylogenetic Regression for Binary Dependent Variables 2014 , 231-261		55

193	Locomotory Capacities, Oxygen Consumption, and the Cost of Locomotion of the Shingle-Back Lizard (Trachydosaurus rugosus). <i>Physiological Zoology</i> , 1986 , 59, 523-531		55	
192	A brief opportunity to run does not function as a reinforcer for mice selected for high daily wheel-running rates. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 2007 , 88, 199-213	2.1	54	
191	SELECTIVE BREEDING FOR HIGH ENDURANCE RUNNING INCREASES HINDLIMB SYMMETRY. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2005 , 59, 1851-1854	3.8	54	
190	Phylogeny, ecology, and heart position in snakes. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2010 , 83, 43-54	4 2	53	
189	Latitudinal and climatic variation in body size and dorsal scale counts in Sceloporus lizards:a phylogenetic perspective. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2011 , 65, 3590-607	3.8	52	
188	Western diet increases wheel running in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2010 , 34, 960-9	5.5	52	
187	Genetic Basis of Activity Metabolism. I. Inheritance of Speed, Stamina, and Antipredator Displays in the Garter Snake Thamnophis sirtalis. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1988 , 42, 33.	5 ^{3.8}	52	
186	Genetic architecture of voluntary exercise in an advanced intercross line of mice. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2010 , 42, 190-200	3.6	51	
185	Behavioural and physiological responses to increased foraging effort in male mice. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2007 , 210, 2013-24	3	51	
184	A Generalized Permutation Model for the Analysis of Cross-Species Data. <i>Journal of Classification</i> , 2001 , 18, 109-127	1.2	50	
183	Hormones and the Evolution of Complex Traits: Insights from Artificial Selection on Behavior. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2016 , 56, 207-24	2.8	49	
182	Erythropoietin elevates VO2,max but not voluntary wheel running in mice. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2010 , 213, 510-9	3	49	
181	Sexual size dimorphism in a Drosophila clade, the D. obscura group. Zoology, 2006, 109, 318-30	1.7	49	
180	Contractile abilities of normal and "mini" triceps surae muscles from mice (Mus domesticus) selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2005 , 99, 1308-16	3.7	49	
179	Biological/Genetic Regulation of Physical Activity Level: Consensus from GenBioPAC. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2018 , 50, 863-873	1.2	48	
178	Comparative effectiveness of Longworth and Sherman live traps. Wildlife Society Bulletin, 2005, 33, 101	8 <u>r.14</u> 02	6 47	
177	Predatory aggression, but not maternal or intermale aggression, is associated with high voluntary wheel-running behavior in mice. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2003 , 44, 209-21	3.7	47	
176	Comparative analysis of fiber-type composition in the iliofibularis muscle of phrynosomatid lizards (Squamata). <i>Journal of Morphology</i> , 2001 , 250, 265-80	1.6	47	

175	A multi-megabase copy number gain causes maternal transmission ratio distortion on mouse chromosome 2. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2015 , 11, e1004850	6	46
174	Swimming performance trade-offs across a gradient in community composition in Trinidadian killifish (Rivulus hartii). <i>Ecology</i> , 2011 , 92, 170-9	4.6	46
173	Selection Experiments as a Tool in Evolutionary and Comparative Physiology: Insights into Complex Traitsan Introduction to the Symposium. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2005 , 45, 387-90	2.8	46
172	Effects of voluntary exercise on spontaneous physical activity and food consumption in mice: Results from an artificial selection experiment. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2015 , 149, 86-94	3.5	45
171	Phylogenetic analysis of mammalian maximal oxygen consumption during exercise. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2013 , 216, 4712-21	3	45
170	Glycogen storage and muscle glucose transporters (GLUT-4) of mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2009 , 212, 238-48	3	45
169	Mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running have larger midbrains: support for the mosaic model of brain evolution. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2013 , 216, 515-23	3	44
168	Locomotion in response to shifting climate zones: not so fast. <i>Annual Review of Physiology</i> , 2010 , 72, 167-90	23.1	44
167	Food wasting by house mice: variation among individuals, families, and genetic lines. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2003 , 80, 375-83	3.5	43
166	Leptin levels and body composition of mice selectively bred for high voluntary locomotor activity. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2007 , 80, 568-79	2	42
165	Voluntary exercise and its effects on body composition depend on genetic selection history. <i>Obesity</i> , 2009 , 17, 1402-9	8	41
164	Muscle fiber-type variation in lizards (Squamata) and phylogenetic reconstruction of hypothesized ancestral states. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2005 , 208, 4529-47	3	41
163	Sex differences in cannabinoid receptor-1 (CB1) pharmacology in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 2012 , 101, 528-37	3.9	40
162	Morphological evolution in Tropidurinae squamates: an integrated view along a continuum of ecological settings. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2010 , 23, 98-111	2.3	40
161	QTL underlying voluntary exercise in mice: interactions with the "mini muscle" locus and sex. <i>Journal of Heredity</i> , 2010 , 101, 42-53	2.4	40
160	Chapter 11. Phylogenetic Analyses of Lizard Endurance Capacity in Relation to Body Size and Body Temperature 1994 , 237-260		40
159	R2d2 Drives Selfish Sweeps in the House Mouse. <i>Molecular Biology and Evolution</i> , 2016 , 33, 1381-95	8.3	39
158	Functional significance of genetic variation underlying limb bone diaphyseal structure. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2010 , 143, 21-30	2.5	39

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157	Exercise, weight loss, and changes in body composition in mice: phenotypic relationships and genetic architecture. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2011 , 43, 199-212	3.6	38	
156	Ontogenies in mice selected for high voluntary wheel-running activity. I. Mean ontogenies. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2003 , 57, 646-57	3.8	37	
155	Male superiority in spatial navigation: adaptation or side effect?. <i>Quarterly Review of Biology</i> , 2012 , 87, 289-313	5.4	36	
154	Developmental trait evolution in trilobites. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2012 , 66, 314-29	3.8	36	
153	Fine mapping of "mini-muscle," a recessive mutation causing reduced hindlimb muscle mass in mice. <i>Journal of Heredity</i> , 2008 , 99, 679-87	2.4	36	
152	Evolution of the additive genetic variance-covariance matrix under continuous directional selection on a complex behavioural phenotype. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015 , 282,	4.4	34	
151	Maximal sprint speeds and muscle fiber composition of wild and laboratory house mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 1995 , 58, 869-76	3.5	34	
150	Are voluntary wheel running and open-field behavior correlated in mice? Different answers from comparative and artificial selection approaches. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2012 , 42, 830-44	3.2	33	
149	Phenotypic effects of the "mini-muscle" allele in a large HR x C57BL/6J mouse backcross. <i>Journal of Heredity</i> , 2008 , 99, 349-54	2.4	33	
148	Effects of genetic selection and voluntary activity on the medial gastrocnemius muscle in house mice. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 1999 , 87, 2326-33	3.7	33	
147	Genetic approaches in comparative and evolutionary physiology. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2015 , 309, R197-214	3.2	32	
146	Locomotor trade-offs in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2009 , 212, 2612-8	3	32	
145	Effects of voluntary exercise and genetic selection for high activity levels on HSP72 expression in house mice. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2004 , 96, 1270-6	3.7	32	
144	Nesting behavior of house mice (Mus domesticus) selected for increased wheel-running activity. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2000 , 30, 85-94	3.2	32	
143	Evolutionary patterns in trace metal (cd and zn) efflux capacity in aquatic organisms. <i>Environmental Science & Environmental </i>	10.3	31	
142	Selective breeding as a tool to probe skeletal response to high voluntary locomotor activity in mice. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2008 , 48, 394-410	2.8	31	
141	Morphometry, ultrastructure, myosin isoforms, and metabolic capacities of the "mini muscles" favoured by selection for high activity in house mice. <i>Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - B Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2006 , 144, 271-82	2.3	31	
140	Artificial selection for increased maternal defense behavior in mice. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2006 , 36, 713-22	3.2	31	

139	Protein synthesis and antioxidant capacity in aging mice: effects of long-term voluntary exercise. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2008 , 81, 148-57	2	30
138	Are Megabats Big?. Journal of Mammalian Evolution, 2004, 11, 257-277	2.2	29
137	Opioid-mediated pain sensitivity in mice bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2004 , 83, 515-24	3.5	29
136	A novel intronic single nucleotide polymorphism in the myosin heavy polypeptide 4 gene is responsible for the mini-muscle phenotype characterized by major reduction in hind-limb muscle mass in mice. <i>Genetics</i> , 2013 , 195, 1385-95	4	28
135	Drift and genome complexity revisited. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2011 , 7, e1002092	6	28
134	Basal metabolic rate of aged mice is affected by random genetic drift but not by selective breeding for high early-age locomotor activity or chronic wheel access. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2008 , 81, 288-300	2	28
133	Paternal responsiveness is associated with, but not mediated by reduced neophobia in male California mice (Peromyscus californicus). <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2012 , 107, 65-75	3.5	27
132	Dominance, plasma testosterone levels, and testis size in house mice artificially selected for high activity levels. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2002 , 77, 27-38	3.5	27
131	Quantitative Genetics of Sprint Running Speed and Swimming Endurance in Laboratory House Mice (Mus domesticus). <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1996 , 50, 1688	3.8	27
130	Quantitative Genetics of Scale Counts in the Garter Snake Thamnophis sirtalis. <i>Copeia</i> , 1993 , 1993, 987	1.1	27
129	Metabolic Scope as a Proximate Constraint on Individual Behavioral Variation: Effects on Personality, Plasticity, and Predictability. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2018 , 192, 142-154	3.7	27
128	Functional genomic architecture of predisposition to voluntary exercise in mice: expression QTL in the brain. <i>Genetics</i> , 2012 , 191, 643-54	4	26
127	Wheel-running activity and energy metabolism in relation to ambient temperature in mice selected for high wheel-running activity. <i>Journal of Comparative Physiology B: Biochemical, Systemic, and Environmental Physiology</i> , 2007 , 177, 109-18	2.2	26
126	Mobility as an emergent property of biological organization: Insights from experimental evolution. <i>Evolutionary Anthropology</i> , 2016 , 25, 98-104	4.7	26
125	Circulating levels of endocannabinoids respond acutely to voluntary exercise, are altered in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running, and differ between the sexes. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 170, 141-150	3.5	25
124	New multivariate tests for phylogenetic signal and trait correlations applied to ecophysiological phenotypes of nine Manglietia species. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2009 , 23, 1059-1069	5.6	25
123	Altered fibre types in gastrocnemius muscle of high wheel-running selected mice with mini-muscle phenotypes. <i>Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - B Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2008 , 149, 490-500	2.3	25
122	Revisiting a Key Innovation in Evolutionary Biology: Felsenstein's "Phylogenies and the Comparative Method". <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2019 , 193, 755-772	3.7	23

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121	Effects of early-onset voluntary exercise on adult physical activity and associated phenotypes in mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2015 , 149, 279-86	3.5	23	
120	Effects of leptin treatment and Western diet on wheel running in selectively bred high runner mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2012 , 106, 252-8	3.5	23	
119	Behavioral traits are affected by selective breeding for increased wheel-running behavior in mice. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2010 , 40, 542-50	3.2	23	
118	Shape-shift: semicircular canal morphology responds to selective breeding for increased locomotor activity. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2014 , 68, 3184-98	3.8	22	
117	Anatomic capillarization is elevated in the medial gastrocnemius muscle of mighty mini mice. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2009 , 106, 1660-7	3.7	22	
116	Maternal exposure to Western diet affects adult body composition and voluntary wheel running in a genotype-specific manner in mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 179, 235-245	3.5	21	
115	Locomotion, Energetics, Performance, and Behavior: A Mammalian Perspective on Lizards, and Vice Versa. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2017 , 57, 252-266	2.8	21	
114	Exercising for life? Energy metabolism, body composition, and longevity in mice exercising at different intensities. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2010 , 83, 239-51	2	21	
113	Testing Symmorphosis: Does Structure Match Functional Requirements?. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1987 , 41, 1404	3.8	21	
112	Experimental EvolutionConcepts, Methods, and Applications of Selection Experiments 2009,		21	
111	High motivation for exercise is associated with altered chromatin regulators of monoamine receptor gene expression in the striatum of selectively bred mice. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 16, 328-341	3.6	20	
110	Why do placentas evolve? An evaluation of the life-history facilitation hypothesis in the fish genus Poeciliopsis. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2011 , 25, 757-768	5.6	20	
109	Different effects of intensity and duration of locomotor activity on circadian period. <i>Journal of Biological Rhythms</i> , 2003 , 18, 491-501	3.2	20	
108	Early-Life Effects on Adult Physical Activity: Concepts, Relevance, and Experimental Approaches. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2017 , 90, 1-14	2	19	
107	Age-Related Changes in Locomotor Performance Reveal a Similar Pattern for Caenorhabditis elegans, Mus domesticus, Canis familiaris, Equus caballus, and Homo sapiens. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2017 , 72, 455-463	6.4	19	
106	Myosin heavy chain isoform expression in adult and juvenile mini-muscle mice bred for high-voluntary wheel running. <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2014 , 134, 16-30	1.7	19	
105	The relative importance of genetics and phenotypic plasticity in dictating bone morphology and mechanics in aged mice: evidence from an artificial selection experiment. <i>Zoology</i> , 2008 , 111, 135-47	1.7	19	
104	Phylogenetic comparison and artificial selection. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2001 , 107-132	3.6	19	

103	Caffeine stimulates voluntary wheel running in mice without increasing aerobic capacity. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 170, 133-140	3.5	18
102	Effects of early-life exposure to Western diet and wheel access on metabolic syndrome profiles in mice bred for high voluntary exercise. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2014 , 13, 322-32	3.6	18
101	Mice from lines selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running exhibit lower blood pressure during withdrawal from wheel access. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2013 , 112-113, 49-55	3.5	18
100	Expression of angiogenic regulators and skeletal muscle capillarity in selectively bred high aerobic capacity mice. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2011 , 96, 1138-50	2.4	18
99	Identification of quantitative trait loci influencing skeletal architecture in mice: emergence of Cdh11 as a primary candidate gene regulating femoral morphology. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2011 , 26, 2174-83	6.3	18
98	Effects of activity, genetic selection and their interaction on muscle metabolic capacities and organ masses in mice. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2017 , 220, 1038-1047	3	17
97	Speed and Endurance Do Not Trade Off in Phrynosomatid Lizards. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2015 , 88, 634-47	2	17
96	Parent-of-origin effects on voluntary exercise levels and body composition in mice. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2010 , 40, 111-20	3.6	17
95	Epigenetic Effects on Integration of Limb Lengths in a Mouse Model: Selective Breeding for High Voluntary Locomotor Activity. <i>Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2009 , 36, 88	3	17
94	Lines of mice with chronically elevated baseline corticosterone levels are more susceptible to a parasitic nematode infection. <i>Zoology</i> , 2009 , 112, 316-24	1.7	17
93	Do mice bred selectively for high locomotor activity have a greater reliance on lipids to power submaximal aerobic exercise?. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2012 , 303, R101-11	3.2	17
92	Physiological Variation and Allometry in Western Whiptail Lizards (Cnemidophorus tigris) from a Transect across a Persistent Hybrid Zone. <i>Copeia</i> , 1998 , 1998, 1	1.1	17
91	Locomotor Performance and Activity Energetics of Helodermatid Lizards. <i>Copeia</i> , 1995 , 1995, 577	1.1	17
90	Relationship between Maximal Oxygen Consumption (VO2max) and Home Range Area in Mammals. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2015 , 88, 660-7	2	15
89	Serotonin-mediated central fatigue underlies increased endurance capacity in mice from lines selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2016 , 161, 145-154	3.5	15
88	Cerebellum Transcriptome of Mice Bred for High Voluntary Activity Offers Insights into Locomotor Control and Reward-Dependent Behaviors. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0167095	3.7	15
87	Influence of corticosterone on growth, home-cage activity, wheel running, and aerobic capacity in house mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2019 , 198, 27-41	3.5	15
86	Energetics and behavior: many paths to understanding. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2015 , 30, 365-6	10.9	14

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85	Complex Reproductive Traits and Whole-Organism Performance. <i>Integrative and Comparative Biology</i> , 2017 , 57, 407-422	2.8	14	
84	Determinants of lizard escape performance: decision, motivation, ability, and opportunity287-321		14	
83	Vivid birds do not initiate flight sooner despite their potential conspicuousness. <i>Environmental Epigenetics</i> , 2015 , 61, 773-780	2.4	14	
82	Reduction of type IIb myosin and IIB fibers in tibialis anterior muscle of mini-muscle mice from high-activity lines. <i>Journal of Experimental Zoology</i> , 2009 , 311, 189-98		14	
81	Mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior conserve more fat despite increased exercise. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2018 , 194, 1-8	3.5	14	
80	Selective breeding for high endurance running increases hindlimb symmetry. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2005 , 59, 1851-4	3.8	14	
79	Acute Restraint Stress Alters Wheel-Running Behavior Immediately Following Stress and up to 20 Hours Later in House Mice. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2016 , 89, 546-552	2	13	
78	Quantitative genomics of voluntary exercise in mice: transcriptional analysis and mapping of expression QTL in muscle. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2014 , 46, 593-601	3.6	13	
77	Antioxidant gene expression in active and sedentary house mice (Mus domesticus) selected for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Genetics</i> , 2002 , 161, 1763-9	4	13	
76	Universal metabolic constraints shape the evolutionary ecology of diving in animals. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2020 , 287, 20200488	4.4	12	
75	The evolution of the sexually selected sword in Xiphophorus does not compromise aerobic locomotor performance. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2014 , 68, 1806-23	3.8	12	
74	A Mixed Model Approach to Genome-Wide Association Studies for Selection Signatures, with Application to Mice Bred for Voluntary Exercise Behavior. <i>Genetics</i> , 2017 , 207, 785-799	4	12	
73	Immune response to a Trichinella spiralis infection in house mice from lines selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2013 , 216, 4212-21	3	12	
72	Day-to-day variability in voluntary wheel running among genetically differentiated lines of mice that vary in activity level. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2009 , 106, 613-9	3.4	12	
71	DNA methylation in AgRP neurons regulates voluntary exercise behavior in mice. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019 , 10, 5364	17.4	12	
70	Consequences of Fatherhood in the Biparental California Mouse (Peromyscus californicus): Locomotor Performance, Metabolic Rate, and Organ Masses. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2016 , 89, 130-40	2	11	
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67	Changes in efficiency and myosin expression in the small-muscle phenotype of mice selectively bred for high voluntary running activity. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2009 , 212, 977-85	3	11
66	Within-lifetime trade-offs but evolutionary freedom for hormonal and immunological traits: evidence from mice bred for high voluntary exercise. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2012 , 215, 1651-6	51 ³	11
65	Selective breeding for a behavioral trait changes digit ratio. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008 , 3, e3216	3.7	11
64	Is aquatic life correlated with an increased hematocrit in snakes?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011 , 6, e17077	3.7	11
63	The comparative biology of diving in two genera of European Dytiscidae (Coleoptera). <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2012 , 25, 329-41	2.3	10
62	Gene expression profiling of gastrocnemius of "minimuscle" mice. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2013 , 45, 228	3- 3 .6	10
61	Clostridial enteropathy in lactating outbred swiss-derived (ICR) mice. <i>Journal of the American Association for Laboratory Animal Science</i> , 2006 , 45, 80-7	1.3	10
60	Evolution of hindlimb bone dimensions and muscle masses in house mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Journal of Morphology</i> , 2018 , 279, 766-779	1.6	9
59	Exercise training effects on hypoxic and hypercapnic ventilatory responses in mice selected for increased voluntary wheel running. <i>Experimental Physiology</i> , 2014 , 99, 403-13	2.4	9
58	Early-life effects of juvenile Western diet and exercise on adult gut microbiome composition in mice. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2021 , 224,	3	9
57	Metabolic and affective consequences of fatherhood in male California mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2017 , 177, 57-67	3.5	8
56	Preference for Western diet coadapts in High Runner mice and affects voluntary exercise and spontaneous physical activity in a genotype-dependent manner. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2017 , 135, 56-65	5 1.6	8
55	Ecological and phylogenetic variability in the spinalis muscle of snakes. <i>Journal of Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2017 , 30, 2031-2043	2.3	8
54	As the sword grows: individual variation and ontogenetic effects of a sexually selected trait on locomotor performance in Xiphophorus hellerii. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2012 , 85, 684-93	2	8
53	Trade-Offs (and Constraints) in Organismal Biology <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2022 , 95, 82-112	2	8
52	Limb segment contributions to the evolution of hind limb length in phrynosomatid lizards. Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2016 , 117, 775-795	1.9	8
51	Selective Breeding and Short-Term Access to a Running Wheel Alter Stride Characteristics in House Mice. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2017 , 90, 533-545	2	7
50	Among-Individual Variation in Desert Iguanas (Squamata: Dipsosaurus dorsalis): Endurance Capacity Is Positively Related to Home Range Size. <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2018 , 91, 725-730	2	7

49	Effects of selective breeding for high voluntary wheel-running behavior on femoral nutrient canal size and abundance in house mice. <i>Journal of Anatomy</i> , 2018 , 233, 193-203	2.9	7	
48	Effects of a physical and energetic challenge on male California mice (): modulation by reproductive condition. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2018 , 221,	3	7	
47	Roles of KLF4 and AMPK in the inhibition of glycolysis by pulsatile shear stress in endothelial cells. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021 , 118,	11.5	7	
46	Genetic Basis of Aerobically Supported Voluntary Exercise: Results from a Selection Experiment with House Mice. <i>Genetics</i> , 2020 , 216, 781-804	4	6	
45	I Smell a Mouse: Indirect Genetic Effects on Voluntary Wheel-Running Distance, Duration and Speed. <i>Behavior Genetics</i> , 2019 , 49, 49-59	3.2	6	
44	Effects of short- and long-term cold acclimation on morphology, physiology, and exercise performance of California mice (Peromyscus californicus): potential modulation by fatherhood. Journal of Comparative Physiology B: Biochemical, Systemic, and Environmental Physiology, 2019,	2.2	5	
43	Effects of early-life exposure to Western diet and voluntary exercise on adult activity levels, exercise physiology, and associated traits in selectively bred High Runner mice. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 234, 113389	3.5	5	
42	Predicting the bending properties of long bones: Insights from an experimental mouse model. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2018 , 165, 457-470	2.5	5	
41	Diet-induced obesity resistance of adult female mice selectively bred for increased wheel-running behavior is reversed by single perinatal exposure to a high-energy diet. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2016 , 157, 246-57	3.5	4	
40	Brain region-dependent gene networks associated with selective breeding for increased voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018 , 13, e0201773	3.7	4	
39	High-saturated fat-sucrose feeding affects lactation energetics in control mice and mice selectively bred for high wheel-running behavior. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2013 , 305, R1433-40	3.2	4	
38	Effects of selective breeding for increased wheel-running behavior on circadian timing of substrate oxidation and ingestive behavior. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2010 , 99, 549-54	3.5	4	
37	EVOLUTION OF A SMALL-MUSCLE POLYMORPHISM IN LINES OF HOUSE MICE SELECTED FOR HIGH ACTIVITY LEVELS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2002 , 56, 1267	3.8	4	
36	Electrocardiograms of mice selectively bred for high levels of voluntary exercise: Effects of short-term exercise training and the mini-muscle phenotype. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2019 , 199, 322-3	33 2 ·5	4	
35	Exercise-induced loading increases ilium cortical area in a selectively bred mouse model. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2019 , 168, 543-551	2.5	4	
34	Reply to Heart Position in Snakes Physiological and Biochemical Zoology, 2011 , 84, 102-106	2	3	
33	SELECTIVE BREEDING FOR HIGH ENDURANCE RUNNING INCREASES HINDLIMB SYMMETRY. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 2005 , 59, 1851	3.8	3	
32	Sprint performance of phrynosomatid lizards, measured on a high-speed treadmill, correlates with hindlimb length 1999 , 248, 255		3	

31	Rapid and longer-term effects of selective breeding for voluntary exercise behavior on skeletal morphology in house mice. <i>Journal of Anatomy</i> , 2021 , 238, 720-742	2.9	3
30	Ecophysiology of mammals. <i>Journal of Mammalogy</i> , 2019 , 100, 894-909	1.8	2
29	Contribution of citizen science to improve knowledge on marine biodiversity in the Gulf RegionPeer review under responsibility of University of Bahrain.View all notes. <i>Journal of the Association of Arab Universities for Basic and Applied Sciences</i> , 2017 , 24, 126-135		2
28	Can rodent longevity studies be both short and powerful?. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2011 , 66, 279-86	6.4	2
27	Coadaptation of the chemosensory system with voluntary exercise behavior in mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0241758	3.7	2
26	Long-Term Effects of Fatherhood on Morphology, Energetics, and Exercise Performance in California Mice (). <i>Physiological and Biochemical Zoology</i> , 2020 , 93, 75-86	2	2
25	Phylogenetic analysis of maximal oxygen consumption during exercise (V Omax) and ecological correlates among lizard species. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , 2020 ,	3	2
24	Mitochondrial haplotypes are not associated with mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>Mitochondrion</i> , 2019 , 46, 134-139	4.9	2
23	High-runner mice have reduced incentive salience for a sweet-taste reward when housed with wheel access. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2018 , 146, 46-53	1.6	2
22	Skink ecomorphology: forelimb and hind limb lengths, but not static stability, correlate with habitat use and demonstrate multiple solutions. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2018 ,	1.9	2
21	Translating Preclinical Research for Exercise Oncology: Take It to the VO. <i>Frontiers in Oncology</i> , 2020 , 10, 575657	5.3	1
20	Living on the edge: Glucocorticoid physiology in desert iguanas (Dipsosaurus dorsalis) is predicted by distance from an anthropogenic disturbance, body condition, and population density. <i>General and Comparative Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 294, 113468	3	1
19	Reply to Ruff, Warden, and Karlson. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2018, 167, 190-193	2.5	1
18	Evolutionary physiology at 30+: Has the promise been fulfilled?: Advances in Evolutionary Physiology. <i>BioEssays</i> , 2021 , 44, e2100167	4.1	1
17	Cross-fostering selectively bred High Runner mice affects adult body mass but not voluntary exercise. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 241, 113569	3.5	1
16	Oral antibiotics reduce voluntary exercise behavior in athletic mice <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2022 , 199, 104650	1.6	1
15	Conditioned place preference for cocaine and methylphenidate in female mice from lines selectively bred for high voluntary wheel-running behavior. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 20, e12700	3.6	0
14	Morphological evolution in relationship to sidewinding, arboreality and precipitation in snakes of the family Viperidae. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2021 , 132, 328-345	1.9	O

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

Nature or Nurture? Heritability in the Classroom. *Physiological and Biochemical Zoology*, **2016**, 89, 457-462

12	Effects of Selective Breeding, Voluntary Exercise, and Sex on Endocannabinoid Levels in the Mouse Small-Intestinal Epithelium <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 245, 113675	3.5
11	Fiber capillarization is augmented in the gastrocnemius muscle of mighty mini-muscled mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2008 , 22, 757.18	0.9
10	Selective Breeding and Exercise Affect Midbrain and PAG Volume. FASEB Journal, 2018, 32, 599.1	0.9
9	The Effect of Selective Breeding for High Voluntary Wheel-Running Behavior on Femoral Nutrient Canal Abundance and Size. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2018 , 32, 855.18	0.9
8	An Introduction to Evolutionary Physiology, with an Example of Experimental Evolution. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2019 , 33, 204.1	0.9
7	Comparison of Morphology and Bending Mechanics of Femora in Response to Chronic Exercise in Three Strains of Mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2016 , 30, 368.2	0.9
6	Western diet increases wheel running in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2010 , 24, 805.2	0.9
5	Effects of western diet and wheel access on lipid profiles in mice selectively bred for high voluntary wheel running. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2010 , 24, 1055.6	0.9
4	Voluntary exercise, spontaneous physical activity, and food consumption in High Runner lines of mice. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2011 , 25, 1057.20	0.9
3	Genetics shift the angio-adaptive balance in skeletal muscle of mice selected for high running capacity. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 1142.26	0.9
2	Changes in semicircular canal morphology in response to selective breeding for high voluntary wheel running. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 729.1	0.9
1	Selective breeding of mice for high voluntary exercise alters adaptive plasticity of metabolic phenotypes in skeletal muscle. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2012 , 26, 886.1	0.9