

Subhasish Das, Mbbs

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

51
papers

704
citations

933264

10
h-index

610775

24
g-index

53
all docs

53
docs citations

53
times ranked

873
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Sunlight, dietary habits, genetic polymorphisms and vitamin D deficiency in urban and rural infants of Bangladesh. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 3623.	1.6	5
2	Plasma Kynurenine to Tryptophan Ratio Is Not Associated with Undernutrition in Adults but Reduced after Nutrition Intervention: Results from a Community-Based Study in Bangladesh. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 1708.	1.7	1
3	Associations of Enteric Protein Loss, Vaccine Response, Micronutrient Deficiency, and Maternal Depressive Symptoms with Deviance in Childhood Linear Growth: Results from a Multicountry Birth Cohort Study. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2022, 106, 1732-1740.	0.6	1
4	Exploratory Analysis of Selected Components of the mTOR Pathway Reveals Potentially Crucial Associations with Childhood Malnutrition. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2022, 14, 1612.	1.7	0
5	COVID-19 among staff and their family members of a healthcare research institution in Bangladesh between March 2020 and April 2021: a test-negative case-control study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e058074.	0.8	1
6	Developing shelf-stable Microbiota Directed Complementary Food (MDCF) prototypes for malnourished children: study protocol for a randomized, single-blinded, clinical study. <i>BMC Pediatrics</i> , 2022, 22, .	0.7	2
7	Aflatoxin exposure was not associated with childhood stunting: results from a birth cohort study in a resource-poor setting of Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2021, 24, 3361-3370.	1.1	10
8	Not water, sanitation and hygiene practice, but timing of stunting is associated with recovery from stunting at 24 months: results from a multi-country birth cohort study. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2021, 24, 1428-1437.	1.1	5
9	Changes in Retinol Binding Protein 4 Level in Undernourished Children After a Nutrition Intervention Are Positively Associated With Mother's Weight but Negatively With Mother's Height, Intake of Whole Milk, and Markers of Systemic Inflammation: Results From a Community-Based Intervention Study. <i>Food and Nutrition Bulletin</i> , 2021, 42, 23-35.	0.5	0
10	Evaluating association of vaccine response to low serum zinc and vitamin D levels in children of a birth cohort study in Dhaka. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2021, 39, 59-67.	1.7	11
11	Asymptomatic Duodenitis and Helicobacter pylori associated Dyspepsia in 2-Year-Old Chronic Malnourished Bangladeshi Slum-Dwelling Children: A Cross-Sectional Study. <i>Journal of Tropical Pediatrics</i> , 2021, 67, .	0.7	4
12	Nutrition and Food Security in Bangladesh: Achievements, Challenges, and Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021, 224, S901-S909.	1.9	7
13	Changing trends in nutritional status of adolescent females: a cross-sectional study from urban and rural Bangladesh. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e044339.	0.8	4
14	Plasma Kynurenine to Tryptophan Ratio Is Negatively Associated with Linear Growth of Children Living in a Slum of Bangladesh: Results from a Community-Based Intervention Study. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2021, 104, 766-773.	0.6	11
15	A Microbiota-Directed Food Intervention for Undernourished Children. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2021, 384, 1517-1528.	13.9	145
16	Melding microbiome and nutritional science with early child development. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2021, 27, 1503-1506.	15.2	5
17	Association of lipocalin-2 and low-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein-1 (LRP1) with biomarkers of environmental enteric dysfunction (EED) among under 2 children in Bangladesh: results from a community-based intervention study. <i>BMJ Paediatrics Open</i> , 2021, 5, e001138.	0.6	5
18	Infection with Blastocystis spp. and its association with enteric infections and environmental enteric dysfunction among slum-dwelling malnourished adults in Bangladesh. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2021, 15, e0009684.	1.3	7

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19	Vibrio cholerae O139 persists in Dhaka, Bangladesh since 1993. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009721.	1.3	7
20	Alterations in the histological features of the intestinal mucosa in malnourished adults of Bangladesh. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 2355.	1.6	8
21	Association of plasma low-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein-1 (LRP1) with undernutrition: a case-control study in Bangladeshi adults. Biomarkers, 2021, 26, 625-631.	0.9	2
22	Taking care of a diarrhea epidemic in an urban hospital in Bangladesh: Appraisal of putative causes, presentation, management, and deaths averted. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009953.	1.3	8
23	Daily Supplementation With Egg, Cow Milk, and Multiple Micronutrients Increases Linear Growth of Young Children with Short Stature. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 394-403.	1.3	16
24	Evidence of gut enteropathy and factors associated with undernutrition among slum-dwelling adults in Bangladesh. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 657-666.	2.2	8
25	Duodenal Microbiota in Stunted Undernourished Children with Enteropathy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2020, 383, 321-333.	13.9	105
26	Gender disparity in care-seeking behaviours and treatment outcomes for dehydrating diarrhoea among under-5 children admitted to a diarrhoeal disease hospital in Bangladesh: an analysis of hospital-based surveillance data. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e038730.	0.8	8
27	Factors and Inequality of Underweight and Overweight among Women of Reproductive Age in Myanmar: Evidence from the Demographic Health Survey 2015-2016. Epidemiologia, 2020, 1, 31-43.	1.1	0
28	Campylobacter infection and household factors are associated with childhood growth in urban Bangladesh: An analysis of the MAL-ED study. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008328.	1.3	9
29	Dietary Magnesium, Vitamin D, and Animal Protein Intake and Their Association to the Linear Growth Trajectory of Children from Birth to 24 Months of Age: Results From MAL-ED Birth Cohort Study Conducted in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2020, 41, 200-210.	0.5	5
30	Impact of early-onset persistent stunting on cognitive development at 5 years of age: Results from a multi-country cohort study. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0227839.	1.1	52
31	Helicobacter pylori infection is associated with fecal biomarkers of environmental enteric dysfunction but not with the nutritional status of children living in Bangladesh. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008243.	1.3	9
32	Acute food insecurity and short-term coping strategies of urban and rural households of Bangladesh during the lockdown period of COVID-19 pandemic of 2020: report of a cross-sectional survey. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e043365.	0.8	46
33	Questing functions and structures of hypothetical proteins from Campylobacter jejuni: a computer-aided approach. Bioscience Reports, 2020, 40, .	1.1	6
34	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008243.		0
35	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008243.		0
36	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008243.		0

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37	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008243.		0
38	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227839.		0
39	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227839.		0
40	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227839.		0
41	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0227839.		0
42	Screening for coeliac disease in children and adults living in a slum of Dhaka, Bangladesh. <i>BMJ Open Gastroenterology</i> , 2019, 6, e000294.	1.1	3
43	Relative contributions of the correlates of stunting in explaining the mean length-for-age z-score difference between 24-month-old stunted and non-stunted children living in a slum of Dhaka, Bangladesh: results from a decomposition analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019, 9, e025439.	0.8	12
44	Why Do Children in Slums Suffer from Anemia, Iron, Zinc, and Vitamin A Deficiency? Results from a Birth Cohort Study in Dhaka. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 3025.	1.7	6
45	Association of faecal pH with childhood stunting: Results from a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Paediatrics Open</i> , 2019, 3, e000549.	0.6	10
46	Prevalence and sociodemographic determinants of household-level double burden of malnutrition in Bangladesh. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 2019, 22, 1425-1432.	1.1	38
47	<i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> infection: Still a threat for iron deficiency anaemia in 2-year-old Bangladeshi slum-dwelling children. <i>Journal of Infection in Developing Countries</i> , 2019, 13, 933-938.	0.5	7
48	Association of intestinal pathogens with faecal markers of environmental enteric dysfunction among slum-dwelling children in the first 2 years of life in Bangladesh. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2018, 23, 1242-1250.	1.0	30
49	Association of Fecal Markers of Environmental Enteric Dysfunction with Zinc and Iron Status among Children at First Two Years of Life in Bangladesh. <i>American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene</i> , 2018, 99, 489-494.	0.6	22
50	Functional Prediction of Hypothetical Proteins from <i>Shigella flexneri</i> and Validation of the Predicted Models by Using ROC Curve Analysis. <i>Genomics and Informatics</i> , 2018, 16, e26.	0.4	11
51	Bangladesh Environmental Enteric Dysfunction (BEED) study: protocol for a community-based intervention study to validate non-invasive biomarkers of environmental enteric dysfunction. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017, 7, e017768.	0.8	47