

Kristine Krakauer

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

23
papers

302
citations

10
h-index

17
g-index

24
ext. papers

394
ext. citations

5.7
avg, IF

3.01
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
23	Are attenuated positive symptoms and cortisol levels associated?. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 228, 621-623	3.6	
22	Generalized neurocognitive impairment in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: The possible key role of slowed processing speed. <i>Brain and Behavior</i> , 2021 , 11, e01962	3.4	3
21	Global fractional anisotropy predicts transition to psychosis after 12 months in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2021 , 144, 448-463	6.5	2
20	Changes in negative symptoms are linked to white matter changes in superior longitudinal fasciculus in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 237, 192-201	3.6	0
19	Associations between facial affect recognition and neurocognition in subjects at ultra-high risk for psychosis: A case-control study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2020 , 290, 112969	9.9	2
18	Cerebral Glutamate and Gamma-Aminobutyric Acid Levels in Individuals at Ultra-high Risk for Psychosis and the Association With Clinical Symptoms and Cognition. <i>Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging</i> , 2020 , 5, 569-579	3.4	7
17	Effectiveness of cognitive remediation in the ultra-high risk state for psychosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 19, 401-402	14.4	7
16	Cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment alone for individuals at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis: Results of the FOCUS randomised clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 224, 151-158	3.6	10
15	No Effects of Cognitive Remediation on Cerebral White Matter in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis-A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 11, 873	5	4
14	Baseline measures of cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis: Implications for clinical outcome after 12 months. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 63, e83	6	3
13	Interview and questionnaire assessment of cognitive impairment in subjects at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Associations with cognitive test performance, psychosocial functioning, and positive symptoms. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2020 , 294, 113498	9.9	3
12	Widespread higher fractional anisotropy associates to better cognitive functions in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2019 , 40, 5185-5201	5.9	13
11	Multiple measures of HPA axis function in ultra high risk and first-episode schizophrenia patients. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2018 , 92, 72-80	5	17
10	Premorbid adjustment in individuals at ultra-high risk for developing psychosis: a case-control study. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 839-847	3.3	11
9	Examining speed of processing of facial emotion recognition in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Associations with symptoms and cognition. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 195, 562-563	3.6	4
8	White matter maturation during 12 months in individuals at ultra-high-risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2018 , 137, 65-78	6.5	18
7	Psychopathology and social functioning of 42 subjects from a Danish ultra high-risk cohort. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2018 , 12, 1181-1187	3.3	6

6	Patterns of white matter microstructure in individuals at ultra-high-risk for psychosis: associations to level of functioning and clinical symptoms. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017 , 47, 2689-2707	6.9	25
5	Negative symptoms mediate the relationship between neurocognition and function in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2017 , 135, 250-258	6.5	17
4	EFFECTIVENESS OF DIALECTICAL BEHAVIOR THERAPY VERSUS COLLABORATIVE ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF SUICIDALITY TREATMENT FOR REDUCTION OF SELF-HARM IN ADULTS WITH BORDERLINE PERSONALITY TRAITS AND DISORDER-A RANDOMIZED OBSERVER-BLINDED CLINICAL TRIAL. <i>Depression and Anxiety</i> , 2016 , 33, 520-30	8.4	64
3	Systemic oxidative DNA and RNA damage are not increased during early phases of psychosis: A case control study. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2016 , 241, 201-6	9.9	17
2	Social cognition in patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: What is the relation to social skills and functioning?. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2016 , 5, 21-27	2.8	37
1	The FOCUS trial: cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment for patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 25	2.8	32