

Yinkun Yan

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

26
papers

470
citations

840776

11
h-index

752698

20
g-index

26
all docs

26
docs citations

26
times ranked

662
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Response to Letter to the Editor from Bin Zhou et al: "Association Between Body Weight and Telomere Length Is Predominantly Mediated Through C-reactive Protein" Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2022, 107, e1329-e1330.	3.6	0
2	Central body fat deposits are associated with poor vitamin D status in Chinese children and adolescents. Nutrition, 2022, 99-100, 111651.	2.4	3
3	Differential Roles of Life-Course Cumulative Burden of Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Arterial Stiffness and Thickness. Canadian Journal of Cardiology, 2022, 38, 1253-1262.	1.7	10
4	Prevalence and related factors of hyperuricaemia in Chinese children and adolescents: a pooled analysis of 11 population-based studies. Annals of Medicine, 2022, 54, 1608-1615.	3.8	14
5	Associations between body mass index in different childhood age periods and hyperuricemia in young adulthood: the China Health and Nutrition Survey cohort study. World Journal of Pediatrics, 2022, 18, 680-686.	1.8	3
6	Reference centiles for evaluating total body fat development and fat distribution by dual-energy x-ray absorptiometry among children and adolescents aged 3-18 years. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 1289-1295.	5.0	13
7	High BMI with Adequate Lean Mass Is Not Associated with Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Children and Adolescents. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 1213-1221.	2.9	9
8	Noncommunicable chronic disease prevention should start from childhood. Pediatric Investigation, 2021, 5, 3-5.	1.4	14
9	Palmitoleic Acid Protects against Hypertension by Inhibiting NF- κ B-Mediated Inflammation. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2021, 65, e2001025.	3.3	12
10	Association Between Body Weight and Telomere Length Is Predominantly Mediated Through C-Reactive Protein. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, e4634-e4640.	3.6	10
11	Blood Pressure and Left Ventricular Geometric Changes: A Directionality Analysis. Hypertension, 2021, 78, 1259-1266.	2.7	11
12	Performance of different adiposity measures for predicting left ventricular remodeling in Chinese hypertensive youth. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 21943.	3.3	3
13	Intermediate Effects of Body Mass Index and C-Reactive Protein on the Serum Cotinine- Leukocyte Telomere Length Association. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2021, 13, 827465.	3.4	5
14	Waist-to-height ratio as a screening tool for cardiometabolic risk in children and adolescents: a nationwide cross-sectional study in China. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e037040.	1.9	20
15	Life-Course Cumulative Burden of Body Mass Index and Blood Pressure on Progression of Left Ventricular Mass and Geometry in Midlife. Circulation Research, 2020, 126, 633-643.	4.5	33
16	Adequate 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels are inversely associated with various cardiometabolic risk factors in Chinese children, especially obese children. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2020, 8, e000846.	2.8	20
17	Temporal relationship between inflammation and insulin resistance and their joint effect on hyperglycemia: the Bogalusa Heart Study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2019, 18, 109.	6.8	29
18	Regional Adipose Compartments Confer Different Cardiometabolic Risk in Children and Adolescents. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2019, 94, 1974-1982.	3.0	18

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Long-term childhood body mass index and adult bone mass are linked through concurrent body mass index and body composition. <i>Bone</i> , 2019, 121, 259-266.	2.9	4
20	Abnormal Metabolic Phenotypes Among Urban Chinese Children: Epidemiology and the Impact of DXA-Measured Body Composition. <i>Obesity</i> , 2019, 27, 837-844.	3.0	27
21	Cardiovascular health in urban Chinese children and adolescents. <i>Annals of Medicine</i> , 2019, 51, 88-96.	3.8	23
22	Abdominal visceral and subcutaneous adipose tissues in association with cardiometabolic risk in children and adolescents: the China Child and Adolescent Cardiovascular Health (CCACH) study. <i>BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care</i> , 2019, 7, e000824.	2.8	22
23	Relationship between erythrocyte phospholipid fatty acid composition and obesity in children and adolescents. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2019, 13, 70-79.e1.	1.5	6
24	Long-Term Burden of Higher Body Mass Index and Adult Arterial Stiffness Are Linked Predominantly Through Elevated Blood Pressure. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2019, 73, 229-234.	2.7	20
25	Childhood body mass index and blood pressure in prediction of subclinical vascular damage in adulthood. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2017, 35, 47-54.	0.5	26
26	Childhood obesity affects adult metabolic syndrome and diabetes. <i>Endocrine</i> , 2015, 50, 87-92.	2.3	115