

Reiner Rugulies

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

263
papers

10,476
citations

54
h-index

93
g-index

280
ext. papers

12,462
ext. citations

4.8
avg, IF

6.32
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
263	Psychosocial work factors and blood pressure among 63 800 employees from The Netherlands in the Lifelines Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2022 , 76, 60-66	5.1	1
262	The influence of organizational factors, eldercare worker characteristics and care situation on the use of assistive devices during resident handling in eldercare work. <i>Applied Ergonomics</i> , 2022 , 98, 103533	4.2	
261	Influence at work is a key factor for mental health - but what do contemporary employees in knowledge and relational work mean by "influence at work"?. <i>International Journal of Qualitative Studies on Health and Well-being</i> , 2022 , 17, 2054513	2	1
260	Work stress and loss of years lived without chronic disease: an 18-year follow-up of 1.5 million employees in Denmark.. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2022 , 1	12.1	
259	Pain management in eldercare employees - the role of managers in addressing musculoskeletal pain and pain-related sickness absence.. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2022 , 22, 432	4.1	
258	Associations between perceived quantitative work demands at different organisational levels and pain and sickness absence in eldercare workers: a multi-level longitudinal analysis.. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2022 , 1	3.2	0
257	Association of alcohol use with years lived without major chronic diseases: A multicohort study from the IPD-Work consortium and UK Biobank. <i>Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The</i> , 2022 , 19, 100417		0
256	Characteristics of Workplace Psychosocial Resources and Risk of Diabetes: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2021 ,	14.6	1
255	Work factors facilitating working beyond state pension age: Prospective cohort study with register follow-up. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021 , 47, 15-21	4.3	10
254	Work-unit measures of psychosocial job stressors and onset of bullying: a 2-year follow-up study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2021 , 1	3.2	
253	Interrelationships between job demands, low back pain and depression: A four-way decomposition analysis of direct and indirect effects of job demands through mediation and/or interaction. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021 , 282, 219-226	6.6	0
252	Reducing employee turnover in hospitals: estimating the effects of hypothetical improvements in the psychosocial work environment. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021 , 47, 456-465	4.3	1
251	High physical work demands have worse consequences for older workers: prospective study of long-term sickness absence among 69 117 employees. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2021 , 78, 829-834	2.1	5
250	Work-related violence and depressive disorder among 955,573 employees followed for 6.99 million person-years. The Danish Work Life Course Cohort study: Work-related violence and depression. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2021 , 288, 136-144	6.6	4
249	Can leadership quality buffer the association between emotionally demanding work and risk of long-term sickness absence?. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021 , 31, 739-741	2.1	2
248	Maternal life and work stressors during pregnancy and asthma in offspring. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2021 , 49, 1847-1855	7.8	1
247	The effect of exposure to long working hours on alcohol consumption, risky drinking and alcohol use disorder: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021 , 146, 106205	12.9	15

246	Are resident handlings in eldercare wards associated with musculoskeletal pain and sickness absence among the workers? A prospective study based on onsite observations. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021 , 47, 609-618	4.3	0
245	Long working hours and risk of 50 health conditions and mortality outcomes: a multicohort study in four European countries.. <i>Lancet Regional Health - Europe, The</i> , 2021 , 11, 100212		4
244	Exposure to workplace violence and threats and risk of depression: a prospective study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2021 , 47, 582-590	4.3	1
243	Global, regional, and national burdens of ischemic heart disease and stroke attributable to exposure to long working hours for 194 countries, 2000-2016: A systematic analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021 , 154, 106595	12.9	36
242	Importance of the Working Environment for Early Retirement: Prospective Cohort Study with Register Follow-Up. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2021 , 18,	4.6	4
241	Emotional demands at work and risk of long-term sickness absence in 1.5 million employees in Denmark: a prospective cohort study on effect modifiers. <i>Lancet Public Health, The</i> , 2021 , 6, e752-e759	22.4	1
240	The effect of exposure to long working hours on depression: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021 , 155, 106629	12.9	12
239	Organizational justice and long-term metabolic trajectories: a 25-year follow-up of the Whitehall II cohort. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 ,	5.6	1
238	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Peripheral Artery Disease: A Multi-Cohort Study. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020 , 9, e013538	6	5
237	The effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2020 , 142, 105739	12.9	31
236	The effect of exposure to long working hours on stroke: A systematic review and meta-analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2020 , 142, 105746	12.9	26
235	Association of Healthy Lifestyle With Years Lived Without Major Chronic Diseases. <i>JAMA Internal Medicine</i> , 2020 , 180, 760-768	11.5	59
234	Occupational Determinants of Affective Disorders 2020 , 207-234		0
233	Causal inference and evidence-based recommendations in occupational health and safety research. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2020 , 46, 554-556	4.3	
232	Physical workload, long-term sickness absence, and the role of social capital. Multi-level analysis of a large occupation cohort. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2020 , 46, 373-381	4.3	1
231	Work-related exposure to violence or threats and risk of mental disorders and symptoms: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2020 , 46, 339-349	4.3	14
230	Persistent and changing job strain and risk of coronary heart disease. A population-based cohort study of 1.6 million employees in Denmark. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2020 , 46, 498-507	4.3	4
229	Job Demands and Job Control and Future Labor Market Situation: An 11-year Prospective Study of 2.2 Million Employees. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2020 , 62, 403-411	2	3

228	Night work and risk of ischaemic heart disease and anti-hypertensive drug use: a cohort study of 145 861 Danish employees. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2020 , 30, 259-264	2.1	1
227	Effort-reward imbalance at work and risk of type 2 diabetes in a national sample of 50,552 workers in Denmark: A prospective study linking survey and register data. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2020 , 128, 109867	4.1	12
226	Can work-unit social capital buffer the association between workplace violence and long-term sickness absence? A prospective cohort study of healthcare employees. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2020 , 93, 355-364	3.2	4
225	Contribution of income and job strain to the association between education and cardiovascular disease in 1.6 million Danish employees. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2020 , 41, 1164-1178	9.5	17
224	Objectively measured versus self-reported occupational physical activity and multisite musculoskeletal pain: a prospective follow-up study at 20 nursing homes in Denmark. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2020 , 93, 381-389	3.2	7
223	Leadership Quality and Risk of Long-term Sickness Absence Among 53,157 Employees of the Danish Workforce. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2020 , 62, 557-565	2	5
222	Combinations of Job Demands and Job Control and Future Trajectories of Sickness Absence and Disability Pension An 11-year Follow-up of Two Million Employees in Sweden. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2020 , 62, 795-802	2	2
221	Cognitive Ability in Midlife and Labor Market Participation Among Older Workers: Prospective Cohort Study With Register Follow-up. <i>Safety and Health at Work</i> , 2020 , 11, 291-300	4	1
220	Changes in effort-reward imbalance at work and risk of onset of sleep disturbances in a population-based cohort of workers in Denmark. <i>Sleep Medicine: X</i> , 2020 , 2, 100021	3.1	1
219	Onset of Workplace Bullying and Risk of Weight Gain: A Multicohort Longitudinal Study. <i>Obesity</i> , 2020 , 28, 2216-2223	8	0
218	Cumulated and most recent job control and risk of disability pension in the Danish Work Life Course Cohort (DaWCo). <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2020 , 30, 1212-1218	2.1	
217	Systematic review and meta-analysis on exposure to long working hours and risk of ischaemic heart disease - Conclusions are supported by the evidence. <i>Environment International</i> , 2020 , 144, 106118	12.9	3
216	Onset of workplace sexual harassment and subsequent depressive symptoms and incident depressive disorder in the Danish workforce. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2020 , 277, 21-29	6.6	3
215	Work-unit social capital and incident purchase of psychotropic medications: A longitudinal cohort-study of healthcare workers. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2020 , 276, 53-61	6.6	1
214	Job demands and control and sickness absence, disability pension and unemployment among 2,194,692 individuals in Sweden. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2020 , 48, 125-133	3	7
213	Psychosocial working conditions and depressive disorder: disentangling effects of job control from socioeconomic status using a life-course approach. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2020 , 55, 217-228	4.5	8
212	Do organisational and ward-level factors explain the variance in multi-site musculoskeletal pain in eldercare workers? A multi-level cross-sectional study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2020 , 93, 891-898	3.2	1
211	Effort-reward imbalance at work and weight changes in a nationwide cohort of workers in Denmark. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2020 , 63, 634-643	2.7	1

210	Association between Psychosocial Working Conditions and Perceived Physical Exertion among Eldercare Workers: A Cross-Sectional Multilevel Analysis of Nursing Homes, Wards and Workers. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019 , 16,	4.6	5
209	Effect of a participatory organizational workplace intervention on workplace social capital: post-hoc results from a cluster randomized controlled trial. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2019 , 19, 693	4.1	6
208	Night work during pregnancy and preterm birth-A large register-based cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019 , 14, e0215748	3.7	9
207	Emotional demands and exhaustion: cross-sectional and longitudinal associations in a cohort of Danish public sector employees. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2019 , 92, 639-650	3.2	5
206	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on depression. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019 , 125, 515-528	12.9	21
205	The association of vertical and horizontal workplace social capital with employees' job satisfaction, exhaustion and sleep disturbances: a prospective study. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2019 , 92, 883-890	3.2	7
204	Patterns in the Occurrence and Duration of Musculoskeletal Pain and Interference with Work among Eldercare Workers-A One-Year Longitudinal Study with Measurements Every Four Weeks. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019 , 16,	4.6	1
203	Risk of childhood asthma following prenatal exposure to negative life events and job stressors: A nationwide register-based study in Denmark. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2019 , 45, 174-182	4.3	5
202	The Danish Psychosocial Work Environment Questionnaire (DPQ): Development, content, reliability and validity. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2019 , 45, 356-369	4.3	22
201	Physical capability in midlife and risk of disability pension and long-term sickness absence: prospective cohort study with register follow-up. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2019 , 45, 610-621	4.3	2
200	Occupational Determinants of Affective Disorders 2019 , 1-28		
199	Perceived stress and sickness absence: a prospective study of 17,795 employees in Denmark. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2019 , 92, 821-828	3.2	9
198	Cohort profile: the Danish Work Life Course Cohort study (DaWCo). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e029658	3	1
197	Job type and other socio-demographic factors associated with participation in a national, cross-sectional study of Danish employees. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e027056	3	15
196	Multicohort study of change in job strain, poor mental health and incident cardiometabolic disease. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2019 , 76, 785-792	2.1	10
195	Perceived and content-related emotional demands at work and risk of long-term sickness absence in the Danish workforce: a cohort study of 26 410 Danish employees. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2019 , 76, 895-900	2.1	9
194	Individual and Combined Effects of Job Strain Components on Subsequent Morbidity and Mortality. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 30, e27-e29	3.1	3
193	Workplace bullying and workplace violence as risk factors for cardiovascular disease: a multi-cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2019 , 40, 1124-1134	9.5	40

192	Danish Observational Study of Eldercare work and musculoskeletal disorderS (DOSES): a prospective study at 20 nursing homes in Denmark. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e019670	3	19
191	Inter-rater reliability of direct observations of the physical and psychosocial working conditions in eldercare: An evaluation in the DOSES project. <i>Applied Ergonomics</i> , 2018 , 69, 93-103	4.2	8
190	A cohort study on self-reported role stressors at work and poor sleep: does sense of coherence moderate or mediate the associations?. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2018 , 91, 445-456	3.2	12
189	Optimal Cut-Off Points for the Short-Negative Act Questionnaire and Their Association with Depressive Symptoms and Diagnosis of Depression. <i>Annals of Work Exposures and Health</i> , 2018 , 62, 281-294	2.4	22
188	Retrospectively assessed physical work environment during working life and risk of sickness absence and labour market exit among older workers. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018 , 75, 114-123	2.1	40
187	Physical work demands and psychosocial working conditions as predictors of musculoskeletal pain: a cohort study comparing self-reported and job exposure matrix measurements. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018 , 75, 752-758	2.1	28
186	Retrospectively assessed psychosocial working conditions as predictors of prospectively assessed sickness absence and disability pension among older workers. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018 , 18, 149	4.1	13
185	Collaboration among eldercare workers: barriers, facilitators and supporting processes. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Caring Sciences</i> , 2018 , 32, 1127-1137	2.3	3
184	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018 , 119, 558-569	12.9	29
183	Work stress and risk of death in men and women with and without cardiometabolic disease: a multicohort study. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 6, 705-713	18.1	61
182	Work-unit social capital and long-term sickness absence: a prospective cohort study of 32 053 hospital employees. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018 , 75, 623-629	2.1	19
181	Long working hours and depressive symptoms: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2018 , 44, 239-250	4.3	67
180	Can illegitimate job tasks be reduced by a participatory organizational-level workplace intervention? Results of a cluster randomized controlled trial in Danish pre-schools. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2018 , 44, 219-223	4.3	5
179	Managerial Quality and Risk of Depressive Disorders Among Danish Eldercare Workers: A Multilevel Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018 , 60, 120-125	2	6
178	Does Workplace Bullying Affect Long-Term Sickness Absence Among Coworkers?. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018 , 60, 132-137	2	14
177	Workplace bullying and violence as risk factors for type 2 diabetes: a multicohort study and meta-analysis. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2018 , 61, 75-83	10.3	44
176	Does workplace social capital protect against long-term sickness absence? Linking workplace aggregated social capital to sickness absence registry data. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018 , 46, 290-296	3	14
175	Comorbid symptoms of depression and musculoskeletal pain and risk of long term sickness absence. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018 , 18, 981	4.1	14

174	Obesity and loss of disease-free years owing to major non-communicable diseases: a multicohort study. <i>Lancet Public Health, The</i> , 2018 , 3, e490-e497	22.4	138
173	Job strain as a risk factor for clinical depression: systematic review and meta-analysis with additional individual participant data. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2017 , 47, 1342-1356	6.9	195
172	Sexual harassment in care work - Dilemmas and consequences: A qualitative investigation. <i>International Journal of Nursing Studies</i> , 2017 , 70, 122-130	5.8	34
171	The contribution from psychological, social, and organizational work factors to risk of disability retirement: a systematic review with meta-analyses. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017 , 17, 176	4.1	74
170	The association of health and voluntary early retirement pension and the modifying effect of quality of supervision: Results from a Danish register-based follow-up study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017 , 45, 468-475	3	2
169	Effort-Reward Imbalance at Work and Incident Coronary Heart Disease: A Multicohort Study of 90,164 Individuals. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 28, 619-626	3.1	161
168	Overweight, obesity, and risk of cardiometabolic multimorbidity: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 120 813 adults from 16 cohort studies from the USA and Europe. <i>Lancet Public Health, The</i> , 2017 , 2, e277-e285	22.4	214
167	Workplace sexual harassment and depressive symptoms: a cross-sectional multilevel analysis comparing harassment from clients or customers to harassment from other employees amongst 7603 Danish employees from 1041 organizations. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017 , 17, 675	4.1	31
166	The associations between workplace bullying, salivary cortisol, and long-term sickness absence: a longitudinal study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017 , 17, 710	4.1	14
165	Accuracy of a Single Item on Mentally Tiring Work as Proxy Measure of Job Demands and Efforts in the Gazel Cohort. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2017 , 59, e156-e158	2	1
164	Prolonged perceived stress and saliva cortisol in a large cohort of Danish public service employees: cross-sectional and longitudinal associations. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2017 , 90, 835-848	3.2	10
163	Does influence at work modify the relation between high occupational physical activity and risk of heart disease in women?. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2017 , 90, 433-442	3.2	6
162	Long working hours as a risk factor for atrial fibrillation: a multi-cohort study. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2017 , 38, 2621-2628	9.5	49
161	Job strain and informal caregiving as predictors of long-term sickness absence: A longitudinal multi-cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 5-14	4.3	23
160	Does age modify the association between physical work demands and deterioration of self-rated general health?. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 241-249	4.3	21
159	Effort-reward imbalance at work and risk of depressive disorders. A systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective cohort studies. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 294-306	4.3	143
158	Does age modify the association between psychosocial factors at work and deterioration of self-rated health?. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 465-474	4.3	8
157	Temporal relationships between job strain and low-back pain. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 396-404	4.3	8

156	Cumulative occupational mechanical exposures during working life and risk of sickness absence and disability pension: prospective cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2017 , 43, 415-425	4.3	31
155	Emotion work within eldercare and depressive symptoms: A cross-sectional multi-level study assessing the association between externally observed emotion work and self-reported depressive symptoms among Danish eldercare workers. <i>International Journal of Nursing Studies</i> , 2016 , 62, 183-92	5.8	5
154	Exposure to negative acts and risk of turnover: a study of a register-based outcome among employees in three occupational groups. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2016 , 89, 1269-1278	3.2	14
153	Effect of a participatory organizational-level occupational health intervention on job satisfaction, exhaustion and sleep disturbances: results of a cluster randomized controlled trial. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 1210	4.1	8
152	Relationship Between Changes in Workplace Bullying Status and the Reporting of Personality Characteristics. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016 , 58, 902-10	2	13
151	Emotional Demands at Work and the Risk of Clinical Depression: A Longitudinal Study in the Danish Public Sector. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016 , 58, 994-1001	2	13
150	Workplace social capital and risk of long-term sickness absence. Are associations modified by occupational grade?. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016 , 26, 328-33	2.1	21
149	Workplace bullying, sleep problems and leisure-time physical activity: a prospective cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2016 , 42, 26-33	4.3	28
148	Health correlates of workplace bullying: a 3-wave prospective follow-up study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2016 , 42, 17-25	4.3	47
147	Effect of a participatory organizational-level occupational health intervention on short-term sickness absence: a cluster randomized controlled trial. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2016 , 42, 192-200	4.3	10
146	Joint association of sleep problems and psychosocial working conditions with registered long-term sickness absence. A Danish cohort study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2016 , 42, 299-308	4.3	7
145	Effort-Reward Imbalance and Affective Disorders. <i>Aligning Perspectives on Health, Safety and Well-being</i> , 2016 , 103-143	0.2	8
144	Effects of a randomized controlled intervention trial on return to work and health care utilization after long-term sickness absence. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 1149	4.1	8
143	Negative Acts at Work as Potential Bullying Behavior and Depression: Examining the Direction of the Association in a 2-Year Follow-Up Study. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016 , 58, e72-9	2	23
142	Does Perceived Stress Mediate the Association Between Workplace Bullying and Long-Term Sickness Absence?. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2016 , 58, e226-30	2	19
141	Influence of physical and psychosocial work environment throughout life and physical and cognitive capacity in midlife on labor market attachment among older workers: study protocol for a prospective cohort study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016 , 16, 629	4.1	5
140	Work participation and health-related characteristics of sickness absence beneficiaries with multiple somatic symptoms. <i>Public Health</i> , 2016 , 133, 75-82	4	5
139	Effort-reward imbalance at work and the risk of antidepressant treatment in the Danish workforce. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2016 , 196, 248-51	6.6	8

138	The role of poor sleep in the relation between workplace bullying/unwanted sexual attention and long-term sickness absence. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2016 , 89, 967-79	3.2	31
137	Long working hours and cancer risk: a multi-cohort study. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016 , 114, 813-8	8.7	12
136	Risk of depressive disorder following disasters and military deployment: systematic review with meta-analysis. <i>British Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2016 , 208, 330-6	5.4	85
135	Job insecurity and risk of diabetes: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2016 , 188, E447-55	5.55	29
134	Long working hours, socioeconomic status, and the risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis of published and unpublished data from 222 120 individuals. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2015 , 3, 27-34	18.1	141
133	Individual and work-unit measures of psychological demands and decision latitude and the use of antihypertensive medication. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2015 , 88, 311-9	3.2	3
132	Barriers and facilitators for implementation of a return-to-work intervention for sickness absence beneficiaries with mental health problems: Results from three Danish municipalities. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015 , 43, 423-31	3	10
131	Reply to Drs Bianchi, Schonfeld & Laurent. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2015 , 69, 7-8	5.2	
130	Depressive symptoms and early retirement intentions among Danish eldercare workers: Cross-sectional and longitudinal analyses. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015 , 15, 677	4.1	10
129	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603,838 individuals. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015 , 386, 1739-46 ⁴⁰		368
128	Struggling at work--a qualitative study of working Danes with depressive symptoms. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2015 , 37, 1674-82	2.4	17
127	Stability of return to work after a coordinated and tailored intervention for sickness absence compensation beneficiaries with mental health problems: results of a two-year follow-up study. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2015 , 37, 2107-13	2.4	12
126	A multilevel study on the association of observer-assessed working conditions with depressive symptoms among female eldercare workers from 56 work units in 10 care homes in Denmark. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015 , 5, e008713	3	8
125	Medically unexplained symptoms and the risk of loss of labor market participation--a prospective study in the Danish population. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015 , 15, 844	4.1	10
124	Job strain and the risk of stroke: an individual-participant data meta-analysis. <i>Stroke</i> , 2015 , 46, 557-9	6.7	75
123	Burnout as a risk factor for antidepressant treatment - a repeated measures time-to-event analysis of 2936 Danish human service workers. <i>Journal of Psychiatric Research</i> , 2015 , 65, 47-52	5.2	20
122	A multisite randomized controlled trial on time to self-support among sickness absence beneficiaries. The Danish national return-to-work programme. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015 , 25, 96-102	2.1	11
121	Does retirement reduce the risk of mental disorders? A national registry-linkage study of treatment for mental disorders before and after retirement of 245,082 Danish residents. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2015 , 72, 366-72	2.1	20

120	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2015 , 350, g7772	5.9	102
119	IPD-Work consortium: pre-defined meta-analyses of individual-participant data strengthen evidence base for a link between psychosocial factors and health. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2015 , 41, 312-21	4.3	8
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