

Annette M PrÃ¼ss-UstÃ¼n

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

38
papers

6,756
citations

126708

33
h-index

315357

38
g-index

38
all docs

38
docs citations

38
times ranked

9149
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Worldwide burden of disease from exposure to second-hand smoke: a retrospective analysis of data from 192 countries. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2011, 377, 139-146.	6.3	1,418
2	Burden of disease from inadequate water, sanitation and hygiene in low- and middle-income settings: a retrospective analysis of data from 145 countries. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 894-905.	1.0	785
3	Estimation of the global burden of disease attributable to contaminated sharps injuries among health-care workers. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2005, 48, 482-490.	1.0	562
4	Burden of disease from inadequate water, sanitation and hygiene for selected adverse health outcomes: An updated analysis with a focus on low- and middle-income countries. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2019, 222, 765-777.	2.1	396
5	Systematic review: Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 928-942.	1.0	351
6	Systematic review: Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 906-916.	1.0	324
7	Global assessment of exposure to faecal contamination through drinking water based on a systematic review. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 917-927.	1.0	322
8	Impact of drinking water, sanitation and handwashing with soap on childhood diarrhoeal disease: updated meta-analysis and meta-regression. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2018, 23, 508-525.	1.0	275
9	Knowns and unknowns on burden of disease due to chemicals: a systematic review. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2011, 10, 9.	1.7	265
10	The implications of three major new trials for the effect of water, sanitation and hygiene on childhood diarrhea and stunting: a consensus statement. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2019, 17, 173.	2.3	166
11	The global burden of selected occupational diseases and injury risks: Methodology and summary. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2005, 48, 400-418.	1.0	158
12	Global, regional, and national burdens of ischemic heart disease and stroke attributable to exposure to long working hours for 194 countries, 2000–2016: A systematic analysis from the WHO/ILO Joint Estimates of the Work-related Burden of Disease and Injury. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021, 154, 106595.	4.8	155
13	HIV Due to Female Sex Work: Regional and Global Estimates. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e63476.	1.1	127
14	Climate change, air pollution and noncommunicable diseases. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2019, 97, 160-161.	1.5	115
15	The impact of the environment on health by country: a meta-synthesis. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2008, 7, 7.	1.7	104
16	The global burden of non-malignant respiratory disease due to occupational airborne exposures. <i>American Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 2005, 48, 432-445.	1.0	101
17	How Much Disease Burden can be Prevented by Environmental Interventions?. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 18, 167-178.	1.2	97
18	Estimating the impact of unsafe water, sanitation and hygiene on the global burden of disease: evolving and alternative methods. <i>Tropical Medicine and International Health</i> , 2014, 19, 884-893.	1.0	78

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19	Effectiveness of interventions to improve drinking water, sanitation, and handwashing with soap on risk of diarrhoeal disease in children in low-income and middle-income settings: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2022, 400, 48-59.	6.3	77
20	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of occupational exposure to dusts and/or fibres and of the effect of occupational exposure to dusts and/or fibres on pneumoconiosis. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018, 119, 174-185.	4.8	75
21	The Global Burden of Disease Assessmentsâ€”WHO Is Responsible?. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2007, 1, e161.	1.3	75
22	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of occupational exposure to solar ultraviolet radiation and of the effect of occupational exposure to solar ultraviolet radiation on melanoma and non-melanoma skin cancer. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 126, 804-815.	4.8	71
23	Air Pollution in the Mega-cities. <i>Current Environmental Health Reports</i> , 2014, 1, 185-191.	3.2	70
24	Environmental risks and non-communicable diseases. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2019, 364, l265.	2.4	67
25	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to occupational ergonomic risk factors and of the effect of exposure to occupational ergonomic risk factors on osteoarthritis of hip or knee and selected other musculoskeletal diseases. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 125, 554-566.	4.8	61
26	Handwashing with soap after potential faecal contact: global, regional and country estimates. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2019, 48, 1204-1218.	0.9	57
27	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of occupational exposure to solar ultraviolet radiation and of the effect of occupational exposure to solar ultraviolet radiation on cataract. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 125, 542-553.	4.8	48
28	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to occupational noise and of the effect of exposure to occupational noise on cardiovascular disease. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 125, 567-578.	4.8	46
29	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on stroke. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018, 119, 366-378.	4.8	44
30	Towards Climate Resilient and Environmentally Sustainable Health Care Facilities. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 8849.	1.2	41
31	A Faecal Contamination Index for interpreting heterogeneous diarrhoea impacts of water, sanitation and hygiene interventions and overall, regional and country estimates of community sanitation coverage with a focus on low- and middle-income countries. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2019, 222, 270-282.	2.1	40
32	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on ischaemic heart disease. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018, 119, 558-569.	4.8	39
33	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on depression. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019, 125, 515-528.	4.8	34
34	An exploration of multilevel modeling for estimating access to drinking-water and sanitation. <i>Journal of Water and Health</i> , 2013, 11, 64-77.	1.1	31
35	Have We Substantially Underestimated the Impact of Improved Sanitation Coverage on Child Health? A Generalized Additive Model Panel Analysis of Global Data on Child Mortality and Malnutrition. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0164571.	1.1	27
36	WHO/ILO work-related burden of disease and injury: Protocol for systematic reviews of exposure to long working hours and of the effect of exposure to long working hours on alcohol consumption and alcohol use disorders. <i>Environment International</i> , 2018, 120, 22-33.	4.8	26

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37	Reduce air pollution to beat NCDs: from recognition to action. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 1178-1179.	6.3	25
38	Towards a healthier and safer environment. Lancet, The, 2018, 391, 408-410.	6.3	3