Clarice Weinberg

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

152	14,817	60	121 g-index
papers	citations	h-index	
154	16,247 ext. citations	7.9	6.23
ext. papers		avg, IF	L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
152	A prospective study of type 2 diabetes, metformin use, and risk of breast cancer. <i>Annals of Oncology</i> , 2021 , 32, 351-359	10.3	12
151	Association Between Serum Iron Biomarkers and Breast Cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2021 , 30, 422-425	4	2
150	seropositivity is associated with antinuclear antibodies in US adults, NHANES 1999-2000. <i>Epidemiology and Infection</i> , 2020 , 148, e20	4.3	4
149	Interactions between a Polygenic Risk Score and Non-genetic Risk Factors in Young-Onset Breast Cancer. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020 , 10, 3242	4.9	4
148	Fertility, season and a legitimate role for P-values. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2020 , 35, 488-489	5.7	O
147	Perinatal and postnatal exposures and risk of young-onset breast cancer. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2020 , 22, 88	8.3	2
146	Association of Dietary and Plasma Carotenoids with Urinary F2-isoprostanes (FS15-02-19). <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 3,	0.4	78
145	Pre-conception 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) and fecundability. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2019 , 34, 2163-	25172	6
144	Maternal age at birth and daughters Rsubsequent childlessness. Human Reproduction, 2018, 33, 311-319	5.7	5
143	Simulating autosomal genotypes with realistic linkage disequilibrium and a spiked-in genetic effect. <i>BMC Bioinformatics</i> , 2018 , 19, 2	3.6	7
142	Invited Commentary: Self-Control Is a Virtue. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2017 , 185, 1184-1186	3.8	4
141	Addressing data privacy in matched studies via virtual pooling. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2017 , 17, 136	4.7	2
140	Determinants of host susceptibility to murine respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) disease identify a role for the innate immunity scavenger receptor MARCO gene in human infants. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2016 , 11, 73-84	8.8	19
139	Hormone therapy and young-onset breast cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 181, 799-807	' 3.8	19
138	Re: "analyzing risks of adverse pregnancy outcomes". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2015 , 181, 218	3.8	3
137	Is bad luck the main cause of cancer?. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107,	9.7	27
136	Breast Cancer Risk in Relation to Ambient Air Pollution Exposure at Residences in the Sister Study Cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015 , 24, 1907-9	4	60

135	Risk factors for young-onset invasive and in situ breast cancer. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 177	1288	15
134	Global DNA methylation and one-carbon metabolism gene polymorphisms and the risk of breast cancer in the Sister Study. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2014 , 35, 333-8	4.6	44
133	Reproductive and hormonal risk factors for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) in a representative sample of U.S. women. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2492-502	4	16
132	Length of human pregnancy and contributors to its natural variation. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2013 , 28, 2848-55	5.7	169
131	Case-sibling studies that acknowledge unstudied parents and permit the inclusion of unmatched individuals. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013 , 42, 298-307	7.8	3
130	Interaction and exposure modification: are we asking the right questions?. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 175, 602-5	3.8	20
129	"Toward a clearer definition of confounding" revisited with directed acyclic graphs. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 176, 506-11	3.8	95
128	Commentary: thoughts on assessing evidence for gene by environment interaction. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 41, 705-7	7.8	3
127	Inference from a multiplicative model of joint genetic effects for [corrected] ovarian cancer risk. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2011 , 103, 82-3	9.7	10
126	On the pitfalls of adjusting for gestational age at birth. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 174, 1062-8	3.8	229
125	An Editor Replies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 174, 377-377	3.8	78
124	Re.: "Genetic association and gene-environment interaction: a new method for overcoming the lack of exposure information in controls". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 173, 1346-7; author reply 1347-8	3.8	2
123	The association of maternal factors with delayed implantation and the initial rise of urinary human chorionic gonadotrophin. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 2011 , 26, 920-6	5.7	23
122	Distribution of allele frequencies and effect sizes and their interrelationships for common genetic susceptibility variants. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011 , 108, 18026-31	11.5	185
121	Using cases and parents to study multiplicative gene-by-environment interaction. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2009 , 170, 393-400	3.8	12
120	Testing for violations of the homogeneity needed for conditional logistic regression. <i>Journal of Applied Statistics</i> , 2009 , 36, 1147-1157	1	
119	Less is more, except when less is less: Studying joint effects. <i>Genomics</i> , 2009 , 93, 10-2	4.3	18
118	Making the most of case-mother/control-mother studies. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 168, 541-7	3.8	30

117	Urinary hCG patterns during the week following implantation. Human Reproduction, 2008, 23, 271-7	5.7	33
116	Accuracy of reporting of menstrual cycle length. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 167, 25-33	3.8	80
115	Power calculations for likelihood ratio tests for offspring genotype risks, maternal effects, and parent-of-origin (POO) effects in the presence of missing parental genotypes when unaffected siblings are available. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2007 , 31, 18-30	2.6	38
114	Using risk-based sampling to enrich cohorts for endpoints, genes, and exposures. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2007 , 166, 447-55	3.8	58
113	Bleeding following pregnancy loss before 6 weeksRgestation. Human Reproduction, 2007, 22, 853-7	5.7	12
112	Excess transmission of the NAD(P)H:quinone oxidoreductase 1 (NQO1) C609T polymorphism in families of children with acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2007 , 165, 1248-54	3.8	29
111	An overview of the North American residential radon and lung cancer case-control studies. <i>Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues</i> , 2006 , 69, 599-631	3.2	43
110	Misclassification of gestational age in the study of spontaneous abortion. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 164, 1126-36	3.8	12
109	A combined analysis of North American case-control studies of residential radon and lung cancer. Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health - Part A: Current Issues, 2006, 69, 533-97	3.2	271
108	Residential radon and risk of lung cancer: a combined analysis of 7 North American case-control studies. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 16, 137-45	3.1	452
107	A hybrid design for studying genetic influences on risk of diseases with onset early in life. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2005 , 77, 627-36	11	59
106	A method for identifying genes related to a quantitative trait, incorporating multiple siblings and missing parents. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 29, 155-65	2.6	16
105	Invited commentary: Barker meets Simpson. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 161, 33-5; discussion 36-7	3.8	28
104	A random-periods model for expression of cell-cycle genes. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2004 , 101, 7240-5	11.5	41
103	A case-based evaluation of SRD5A1, SRD5A2, AR, and ADRA1A as candidate genes for severity of BPH. <i>Pharmacogenomics Journal</i> , 2004 , 4, 251-9	3.5	13
102	Gene selection and clustering for time-course and dose-response microarray experiments using order-restricted inference. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2003 , 19, 834-41	7.2	155
101	Vaginal bleeding in very early pregnancy. Human Reproduction, 2003, 18, 1944-7	5.7	39
100	Studying parents and grandparents to assess genetic contributions to early-onset disease. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2003, 72, 438-47	11	22

(2000-2003)

99	Invited commentary: making the most of genotype asymmetries. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 158, 1033-5; discussion 1035-8	3.8	4
98	Invited commentary: Testing for Hardy-Weinberg disequilibrium using a genome single-nucleotide polymorphism scan based on cases only. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 158, 401-3; discussion 404-5	3.8	22
97	A case-control study of tobacco use and other non-occupational risk factors for t(14;18) subtypes of non-Hodgkinß lymphoma (United States). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2002 , 13, 159-68	2.8	31
96	Absence of association of thrombophilia polymorphisms with intrauterine growth restriction. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2002 , 347, 19-25	59.2	219
95	Reporting, appraising, and integrating data on genotype prevalence and gene-disease associations. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2002 , 156, 300-10	3.8	326
94	Natural limits of pregnancy testing in relation to the expected menstrual period. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2001 , 286, 1759-61	27.4	71
93	Assessing human fertility using several markers of ovulation. Statistics in Medicine, 2001, 20, 965-78	2.3	53
92	Efficient use of siblings in testing for linkage and association. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 20, 175-91	2.6	7
91	Use of missing-data methods to correct bias and improve precision in case-control studies in which cases are subtyped but subtype information is incomplete. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 154, 954-62	3.8	10
90	Modelling multiple ovulation, fertilization, and embryo loss in human fertility studies. <i>Biostatistics</i> , 2001 , 2, 131-45	3.7	6
89	Within-cluster resampling. Biometrika, 2001 , 88, 1121-1134	2	159
88	Likelihood of conception with a single act of intercourse: providing benchmark rates for assessment of post-coital contraceptives. <i>Contraception</i> , 2001 , 63, 211-5	2.5	262
87	Agricultural risk factors for t(14;18) subtypes of non-Hodgkinß lymphoma. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 12, 701-	93.1	95
86	Association studies of cytosolic phospholipase A2 polymorphisms and schizophrenia among two independent family-based samples. <i>Psychiatric Genetics</i> , 2001 , 11, 207-12	2.9	38
85	Accounting for unreported and missing intercourse in human fertility studies. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2000 , 19, 665-79	2.3	14
84	Modeling human fertility in the presence of measurement error. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2000 , 56, 288-92	1.8	26
83	Urinary oestrogen patterns in long follicular phases. Human Reproduction, 2000, 15, 11-6	5.7	43
82	Age at menopause and childbearing patterns in relation to mortality. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2000 , 151, 620-3	3.8	48

81	Choosing a retrospective design to assess joint genetic and environmental contributions to risk. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2000 , 152, 197-203	3.8	67
80	The use of case-parent triads to study joint effects of genotype and exposure. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2000 , 66, 251-61	11	124
79	Re: "Distinguishing the effects of maternal and offspring genes through studies of Rase-parent triadsR and "a new method for estimating the risk ratio in studies using case-parental control design". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1999 , 150, 428-9	3.8	9
78	Gene-by-environment interaction for passive smoking and glutathione S-transferase M1?. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 1999 , 91, 1985-6	9.7	8
77	Day-specific probabilities of clinical pregnancy based on two studies with imperfect measures of ovulation. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 1999 , 14, 1835-9	5.7	173
76	Summarizing the motion of self-propelled cells: applications to sperm motility. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1999 , 55, 53	7 -1 48	9
75	Using pooled exposure assessment to improve efficiency in case-control studies. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1999 , 55, 718-26	1.8	65
74	Indoor residential radon exposure and risk of childhood acute myeloid leukaemia. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 1999 , 81, 900-6	8.7	49
73	Calculation of population attributable risk for alcohol and breast cancer (United States). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 1999 , 10, 119-23	2.8	30
72	Potential for bias in estimating human fecundability parameters: a comparison of statistical models. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1999 , 18, 411-22	2.3	17
71	Allowing for missing parents in genetic studies of case-parent triads. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1999 , 64, 1186-93	11	176
70	Methods for detection of parent-of-origin effects in genetic studies of case-parents triads. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1999 , 65, 229-35	11	199
69	Preimplantation urinary hormone profiles and the probability of conception in healthy women. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 1999 , 71, 40-9	4.8	76
68	Time of implantation of the conceptus and loss of pregnancy. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1999 , 340, 1796-9	59.2	75 ²
67	Association between low levels of 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D and breast cancer risk. <i>Public Health Nutrition</i> , 1999 , 2, 283-91	3.3	111
66	Evaluating effects of exposures on embryo viability and uterine receptivity in in vitro fertilization. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1998 , 17, 1601-12	2.3	27
65	A log-linear approach to case-parent-triad data: assessing effects of disease genes that act either directly or through maternal effects and that may be subject to parental imprinting. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1998 , 62, 969-78	11	352
64	Population attributable fraction estimation for established breast cancer risk factors: considering the issues of high prevalence and unmodifiability. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1998 , 147, 826-33	3.8	97

63	Post-ovulatory ageing of the human oocyte and embryo failure. Human Reproduction, 1998, 13, 394-7	5.7	167
62	Distinguishing the effects of maternal and offspring genes through studies of "case-parent triads". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1998 , 148, 893-901	3.8	152
61	Preimplantation hormonal differences between the conception and non-conception menstrual cycles of 32 normal women. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 1997 , 12, 2607-13	5.7	62
60	Model-based approaches to studying fertility and contraceptive efficacy. <i>Advances in Contraception:</i> the Official Journal of the Society for the Advancement of Contraception, 1997 , 13, 97-103		6
59	Designing and analysing case-control studies to exploit independence of genotype and exposure. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1997 , 16, 1731-43	2.3	127
58	Re: "Effects of caffeine consumption on delayed conception". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1996 , 144, 799; author reply 801	3.8	4
57	Vaginal douching and reduced fertility. American Journal of Public Health, 1996, 86, 844-50	5.1	60
56	Statistical evidence for shared transient causes of anatomically distinct birth defects. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1996 , 15, 2029-36	2.3	1
55	Imputation for exposure histories with gaps, under an excess relative risk model. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 1996 , 7, 490-7	3.1	12
54	Potential for bias in epidemiologic studies that rely on glass-based retrospective assessment of radon. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 1995 , 103, 1042-6	8.4	7
53	Application of a method for estimating day of ovulation using urinary estrogen and progesterone metabolites. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 1995 , 6, 547-50	3.1	109
52	Fertility in men exposed prenatally to diethylstilbestrol. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1995 , 332, 1411-6	59.2	233
51	Follicle-stimulating hormone concentrations in relation to active and passive smoking. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 1995 , 85, 407-11	4.9	76
50	Timing of sexual intercourse in relation to ovulation. Effects on the probability of conception, survival of the pregnancy, and sex of the baby. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1995 , 333, 1517-21	59.2	790
49	Nitrous oxide and spontaneous abortion in female dental assistants. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1995 , 141, 531-8	3.8	183
48	The sex of the baby may be related to the length of the follicular phase in the conception cycle. <i>Human Reproduction</i> , 1995 , 10, 304-7	5.7	48
47	A model for estimating the potency and survival of human gametes in vivo. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1995 , 51, 405-12	2 1.8	5
46	When will nondifferential misclassification of an exposure preserve the direction of a trend?. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1994 , 140, 565-71	3.8	79

45	Flexible Maximum Likelihood Methods for Assessing Joint Effects in Case- Control Studies with Complex Sampling. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1994 , 50, 350	1.8	30
44	The effect of occupational exposure to mercury vapour on the fertility of female dental assistants. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 1994 , 51, 28-34	2.1	90
43	Non-hierarchical logistic models and case-only designs for assessing susceptibility in population-based case-control studies. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1994 , 13, 153-62	2.3	384
42	Sources of bias in studies of time to pregnancy. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1994 , 13, 671-81	2.3	171
41	Selection bias associated with contraceptive practice in time-to-pregnancy studies. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1994 , 709, 156-64	6.5	24
40	Bias in retrospective studies of spontaneous abortion based on the outcome of the most recent pregnancy. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 1994 , 709, 280-6	6.5	14
39	Effects on the menstrual cycle of in utero exposure to diethylstilbestrol. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 1994 , 170, 709-15	6.4	28
38	Menstrual cycle patterns and risk of breast cancer. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1994 , 140, 1081-9	90 3.8	64
37	Galactose consumption, metabolism, and follicle-stimulating hormone concentrations in women of late reproductive age. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 1994 , 62, 1168-75	4.8	3
36	Is there a seasonal pattern in risk of early pregnancy loss?. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 1994 , 5, 484-9	3.1	25
35	Flexible maximum likelihood methods for assessing joint effects in case-control studies with complex sampling. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1994 , 50, 350-7	1.8	13
34	Models relating the timing of intercourse to the probability of conception and the sex of the baby. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1994 , 50, 358-67	1.8	12
33	Toward a clearer definition of confounding. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1993, 137, 1-8	3.8	309
32	Re: "Reproductive factors and risk of myocardial infarction". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1993 , 138, 351	3.8	
31	Pitfalls inherent in retrospective time-to-event studies: the example of time to pregnancy. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1993 , 12, 867-79	2.3	41
30	Efficiency and bias in studies of early pregnancy loss. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 1992 , 3, 17-22	3.1	27
29	Reduced fertility among women employed as dental assistants exposed to high levels of nitrous oxide. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1992 , 327, 993-7	59.2	275
28	Reporting errors in time-to-pregnancy data collected with a short questionnaire. Impact on power and estimation of fecundability ratios. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1991 , 133, 1282-90	3.8	94

27	Using the ratio of urinary oestrogen and progesterone metabolites to estimate day of ovulation. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 1991 , 10, 255-66	2.3	134
26	Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and the risk for chronic renal disease. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 1991 , 115, 165-72	8	149
25	Hormonal profiles of natural conception cycles ending in early, unrecognized pregnancy loss. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 1991 , 72, 793-800	5.6	59
24	Randomized recruitment in case-control studies. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1991 , 134, 421-32	3.8	134
23	Design issues in epidemiologic studies of indoor exposure to Rn and risk of lung cancer. <i>Health Physics</i> , 1990 , 59, 807-17	2.3	62
22	Risk factors for early pregnancy loss. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 1990 , 1, 382-5	3.1	75
21	The design and analysis of case-control studies with biased sampling. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1990 , 46, 963-75	1.8	26
20	Analgesic use and chronic renal disease. New England Journal of Medicine, 1989, 320, 1238-43	59.2	206
19	Do women with childhood exposure to cigarette smoking have increased fecundability?. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1079-83	3.8	16
18	Subclinical embryonic loss. Fertility and Sterility, 1989, 51, 907-8	4.8	5
18 17	Subclinical embryonic loss. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 1989 , 51, 907-8 Reduced fecundability in women with prenatal exposure to cigarette smoking. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1072-8	4.8 3.8	185
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17 16	Reduced fecundability in women with prenatal exposure to cigarette smoking. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1072-8 Incidence of early loss of pregnancy. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 319, 189-94 Body fat and the activity of the autonomic nervous system. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 ,	3.8	185 1778
17 16 15	Reduced fecundability in women with prenatal exposure to cigarette smoking. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1072-8 Incidence of early loss of pregnancy. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 319, 189-94 Body fat and the activity of the autonomic nervous system. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 318, 1077-83	3.8 59.2 59.2	185 1778 330
17 16 15	Reduced fecundability in women with prenatal exposure to cigarette smoking. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1072-8 Incidence of early loss of pregnancy. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 319, 189-94 Body fat and the activity of the autonomic nervous system. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 318, 1077-83 Caffeinated beverages and decreased fertility. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 1988 , 2, 1453-6	3.8 59.2 59.2	185 1778 330 132
17 16 15 14	Reduced fecundability in women with prenatal exposure to cigarette smoking. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1989 , 129, 1072-8 Incidence of early loss of pregnancy. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 319, 189-94 Body fat and the activity of the autonomic nervous system. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1988 , 318, 1077-83 Caffeinated beverages and decreased fertility. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 1988 , 2, 1453-6 Incidence rate of implantation in "nonpregnant" patients. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 1988 , 50, 993-5 Sensitivity of R-R variation and Valsalva ratio in assessment of cardiovascular diabetic autonomic	3.8 59.2 59.2 40 4.8	185 1778 330 132

9	Use of time to pregnancy to study environmental exposures. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1986 , 124, 470-80	3.8	260
8	Development of a predictive model for symptomatic neuropathy in diabetes. <i>Diabetes</i> , 1986 , 35, 873-8	0 0.9	17
7	Selecting subpopulations for intervention. <i>Journal of Chronic Diseases</i> , 1986 , 39, 513-9		4
6	Applicability of the simple independent action model to epidemiologic studies involving two factors and a dichotomous outcome. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1986 , 123, 162-73	3.8	35
5	Correlations among autonomic, sensory, and motor neural function tests in untreated non-insulin-dependent diabetic individuals. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 1985 , 8, 576-84	14.6	41
4	Measuring early pregnancy loss: laboratory and field methods. Fertility and Sterility, 1985, 44, 366-74	4.8	25
3	Autonomic neural dysfunction in recently diagnosed diabetic subjects. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 1984 , 7, 447-53	14.6	219
2	Differential changes of autonomic nervous system function with age in man. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 1983 , 75, 249-58	2.4	381
1	Aldose reductase inhibition improves nerve conduction velocity in diabetic patients. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> 1983 , 308, 119-25	59.2	289