Sarah R Dash

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6077704/sarah-r-dash-publications-by-year.pdf

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

19 926 8 24 g-index

24 1,224 4.3 4.13 ext. papers ext. citations avg, IF L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
19	The Effect of Interventions That Target Multiple Modifiable Health Behaviors on Symptoms of Anxiety and Depression in Young People: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2021 ,	5.8	1
18	Knowledge, Attitudes and Behaviours Related to Physician-Delivered Dietary Advice for Patients with Hypertension. <i>Journal of Community Health</i> , 2020 , 45, 1067-1072	4	5
17	Diet quality, dietary inflammatory index and body mass index as predictors of response to adjunctive -acetylcysteine and mitochondrial agents in adults with bipolar disorder: A sub-study of a randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 54, 159	2.6 -172	8
16	Evaluating the confounding effects of medical therapies on potassium intake assessment in patients with heart failure. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 1005-1013	4.5	
15	Further evidence that methods based on spot urine samples should not be used to examine sodium-disease relationships from the Science of Salt: A regularly updated systematic review of salt and health outcomes (November 2018 to August 2019). <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , 2020 ,	2.3	3
14	Diet and Mental Health During Emerging Adulthood: A Systematic Review. <i>Emerging Adulthood</i> , 2020 , 216769682094302	1.2	7
13	Sex-Specific Lifestyle and Biomedical Risk Factors for Chronic Disease among Early-Middle, Middle and Older Aged Australian Adults. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019 , 16,	4.6	5
12	The Effects of Dietary Improvement on Symptoms of Depression and Anxiety: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2019 , 81, 265-280	3.7	176
11	The role of omega-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid supplementation in the management of type 2 diabetes mellitus: A narrative review. <i>Journal of Nutrition & Intermediary Metabolism</i> , 2018 , 14, 42-51	2.8	22
10	Economic evaluation of a dietary intervention for adults with major depression (the "SMILES" trial). <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018 , 18, 599	4.1	27
9	Sex-Specific Associations in Nutrition and Activity-Related Risk Factors for Chronic Disease: Australian Evidence from Childhood to Emerging Adulthood. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	3
8	The SMILES trial: an important first step. <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2018 , 16, 237	11.4	3
7	A randomised controlled trial of dietary improvement for adults with major depression (the &MILESUrial). <i>BMC Medicine</i> , 2017 , 15, 23	11.4	384
6	Fasting Plasma Glucose, Self-Appraised Diet Quality and Depressive Symptoms: A US-Representative Cross-Sectional Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017 , 9,	6.7	2
5	The Importance of Diet and Gut Health to the Treatment and Prevention of Mental Disorders. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2016 , 131, 325-346	4.4	24
4	Diet and Common Mental Disorders: The Imperative to Translate Evidence into Action. <i>Frontiers in Public Health</i> , 2016 , 4, 81	6	15
3	Leptin in bipolar disorder: A systematic review and meta-analysis. European Psychiatry, 2016, 35, 1-7	6	24

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

2	The gut microbiome and diet in psychiatry: focus on depression. <i>Current Opinion in Psychiatry</i> , 2015 , 28, 1-6	4.9	207
1	Assessing healthy diet affordability in a cohort with major depressive disorders. <i>Journal of Public</i> Health and Epidemiology. 2015 , 7, 159-169	0.3	5