

Mhairi Copland

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

54
papers

2,760
citations

279487

23
h-index

182168

51
g-index

58
all docs

58
docs citations

58
times ranked

3658
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Dasatinib (BMS-354825) targets an earlier progenitor population than imatinib in primary CML but does not eliminate the quiescent fraction. <i>Blood</i> , 2006, 107, 4532-4539.	0.6	590
2	Dual targeting of p53 and c-MYC selectively eliminates leukaemic stem cells. <i>Nature</i> , 2016, 534, 341-346.	13.7	204
3	The leukaemia stem cell: similarities, differences and clinical prospects in CML and AML. <i>Nature Reviews Cancer</i> , 2020, 20, 158-173.	12.8	181
4	EZH2 in normal and malignant hematopoiesis. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 44-49.	3.3	147
5	De-escalation of tyrosine kinase inhibitor therapy before complete treatment discontinuation in patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia (DESTINY): a non-randomised, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2019, 6, e375-e383.	2.2	129
6	Personalized synthetic lethality induced by targeting RAD52 in leukemias identified by gene mutation and expression profile. <i>Blood</i> , 2013, 122, 1293-1304.	0.6	125
7	Bone marrow niche trafficking of miR-126 controls the self-renewal of leukemia stem cells in chronic myelogenous leukemia. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2018, 24, 450-462.	15.2	123
8	Targeting hedgehog in hematologic malignancy. <i>Blood</i> , 2012, 119, 2196-2204.	0.6	120
9	BMS-214662 potently induces apoptosis of chronic myeloid leukemia stem and progenitor cells and synergizes with tyrosine kinase inhibitors. <i>Blood</i> , 2008, 111, 2843-2853.	0.6	117
10	De-escalation of tyrosine kinase inhibitor dose in patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia with stable major molecular response (DESTINY): an interim analysis of a non-randomised, phase 2 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2017, 4, e310-e316.	2.2	97
11	Intermittent Exposure of Primitive Quiescent Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Cells to Granulocyte-Colony Stimulating Factor In vitro Promotes their Elimination by Imatinib Mesylate. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2006, 12, 626-633.	3.2	86
12	Deregulated hedgehog pathway signaling is inhibited by the smoothed antagonist LDE225 (Sonidegib) in chronic phase chronic myeloid leukaemia. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 25476.	1.6	66
13	Improving outcomes in chronic myeloid leukemia through harnessing the immunological landscape. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2021, 35, 1229-1242.	3.3	64
14	A randomised phase II trial of hydroxychloroquine and imatinib versus imatinib alone for patients with chronic myeloid leukaemia in major cytogenetic response with residual disease. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 1775-1786.	3.3	49
15	CD93 is expressed on chronic myeloid leukemia stem cells and identifies a quiescent population which persists after tyrosine kinase inhibitor therapy. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2020, 34, 1613-1625.	3.3	46
16	BRD4-mediated repression of p53 is a target for combination therapy in AML. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 241.	5.8	43
17	How I manage priapism in chronic myeloid leukaemia patients. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2012, 158, 155-164.	1.2	42
18	Hedgehog signaling in cancer stem cells: a focus on hematological cancers. <i>Stem Cells and Cloning: Advances and Applications</i> , 2015, 8, 27.	2.3	41

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19	Evolving molecular therapy for chronic myeloid leukaemia—“are we on target?”. <i>Hematology</i> , 2005, 10, 349-359.	0.7	38
20	Longitudinal dynamics of clonal hematopoiesis identifies gene-specific fitness effects. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2022, 28, 1439-1446.	15.2	36
21	A “telomere-associated secretory phenotype”™ cooperates with BCR-ABL to drive malignant proliferation of leukemic cells. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2014, 28, 2028-2039.	3.3	35
22	Implementing the EffTox dose-finding design in the Matchpoint trial. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2017, 17, 112.	1.4	29
23	Chronic myeloid leukemia stem cells display alterations in expression of genes involved in oxidative phosphorylation. <i>Leukemia and Lymphoma</i> , 2012, 53, 2474-2478.	0.6	27
24	ULK1 inhibition promotes oxidative stress—“induced differentiation and sensitizes leukemic stem cells to targeted therapy. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 13, eabd5016.	5.8	26
25	Is There a Role for Dose Modification of TKI Therapy in CML?. <i>Current Hematologic Malignancy Reports</i> , 2019, 14, 337-345.	1.2	25
26	The application of BH3 mimetics in myeloid leukemias. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2021, 12, 222.	2.7	25
27	Chronic myelogenous leukemia stem cells: What’s new?. <i>Current Hematologic Malignancy Reports</i> , 2009, 4, 66-73.	1.2	23
28	Dasatinib Plus Smoothed (SMO) Inhibitor BMS-833923 in Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) with Resistance or Suboptimal Response to a Prior Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor (TKI): Phase I Study CA180323. <i>Blood</i> , 2014, 124, 4539-4539.	0.6	22
29	Ponatinib with fludarabine, cytarabine, idarubicin, and granulocyte colony-stimulating factor chemotherapy for patients with blast-phase chronic myeloid leukaemia (MATCHPOINT): a single-arm, multicentre, phase 1/2 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2022, 9, e121-e132.	2.2	21
30	The role of the bone morphogenetic proteins in leukaemic stem cell persistence. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 2014, 42, 809-815.	1.6	18
31	Addition of four doses of rituximab to standard induction chemotherapy in adult patients with precursor B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukaemia (UKALL14): a phase 3, multicentre, randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2022, 9, e262-e275.	2.2	14
32	Heterogeneous leukemia stem cells in myeloid blast phase chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2016, 1, 160-169.	2.5	12
33	Approaches for targeting self-renewal pathways in cancer stem cells: implications for hematological treatments. <i>Expert Opinion on Drug Discovery</i> , 2017, 12, 465-474.	2.5	12
34	Chronic myeloid leukaemia cells require the bone morphogenic protein pathway for cell cycle progression and self-renewal. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018, 9, 927.	2.7	12
35	In-vivo T-cell depleted reduced-intensity conditioned allogeneic haematopoietic stem-cell transplantation for patients with acute lymphoblastic leukaemia in first remission: results from the prospective, single-arm evaluation of the UKALL14 trial. <i>Lancet Haematology</i> , 2022, 9, e276-e288.	2.2	12
36	Targeting Chronic Myeloid Leukemia Stem Cells. <i>Current Hematologic Malignancy Reports</i> , 2013, 8, 14-21.	1.2	11

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37	Consensus on <i>BCR-ABL1</i> reporting in chronic myeloid leukaemia in the UK. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 2018, 182, 777-788.	1.2	11
38	Interrogation of novel CDK2/9 inhibitor fadraciclib (CYC065) as a potential therapeutic approach for AML. <i>Cell Death Discovery</i> , 2021, 7, 137.	2.0	10
39	Spirit 2: Final 5 Year Analysis of the UK National Cancer Research Institute Randomized Study Comparing Imatinib with Dasatinib in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Chronic Phase CML. <i>Blood</i> , 2018, 132, 457-457.	0.6	10
40	In a 12-allele analysis HLA-DPB1 matching is associated with improved OS in leukaemic and myelodysplastic patients receiving myeloablative T-cell-depleted PBSCT from unrelated donors. <i>Bone Marrow Transplantation</i> , 2014, 49, 657-663.	1.3	9
41	CD93 Is a Novel Biomarker of Leukemia Stem Cells in Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 49-49.	0.6	9
42	Combined Population Dynamics and Entropy Modelling Supports Patient Stratification in Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 24057.	1.6	8
43	Defining niche interactions to target chronic myeloid leukemia stem cells. <i>Haematologica</i> , 2020, 105, 2-4.	1.7	5
44	Spred1 deficit promotes treatment resistance and transformation of chronic phase CML. <i>Leukemia</i> , 2022, 36, 492-506.	3.3	5
45	Dasatinib for the treatment of chronic phase chronic myeloid leukemia. <i>Clinical Practice (London, England)</i> 1 0.784314 rgBT ₄ /Overlo	0.1	4
46	Exploring Stem Cell Heterogeneity in Chronic Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Trends in Cancer</i> , 2018, 4, 167-169.	3.8	3
47	Ikaros deletions are associated with poor prognosis in acute lymphoblastic leukemia. <i>Future Oncology</i> , 2009, 5, 455-458.	1.1	2
48	Allogeneic stem cell transplantation for chronic myeloid leukaemia is safe and effective in high risk patients following second generation tyrosine kinase inhibitors: A single centre's experience. <i>Leukemia Research Reports</i> , 2013, 2, 47-50.	0.2	2
49	Combination of CYC065, a Second Generation CDK2/9 Inhibitor, with Venetoclax or Standard Chemotherapies - a Novel Therapeutic Approach for Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML). <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 3938-3938.	0.6	2
50	Dual Inhibition of MDM2 and BET Cooperate to Eradicate Acute Myeloid Leukemia. <i>Blood</i> , 2015, 126, 674-674.	0.6	1
51	Notch Pathway Activation Targets Leukemic Stem Cells in Chronic-Phase Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CP-CML). <i>Blood</i> , 2016, 128, 3057-3057.	0.6	1
52	Developing collaborations to establish a low-cost advanced diagnostic hematology laboratory in Peshawar, Pakistan. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2017, 1, 36-38.	2.5	0
53	Effect of Dasatinib on BCR-ABL and Src Mediated Growth Signaling in Primary CML Hematopoietic Progenitors.. <i>Blood</i> , 2007, 110, 2944-2944.	0.6	0
54	Interim Analysis of a Prospective Multicentre Study Using Next Generation Sequencing for Kinase Domain Mutational Analysis in CML Patients on First or Subsequent TKI Therapy. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 2935-2935.	0.6	0