

Rosario V Moratalla

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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132
papers

10,514
citations

32410

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9727
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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Restricting feeding to dark phase fails to entrain circadian activity and energy expenditure oscillations in Pitx3-mutant Aphakia mice. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2022, 38, 110241.	2.9	2
2	Sex-specific behavioral and neurogenic responses to cocaine in mice lacking and blocking dopamine D1 or dopamine D2 receptors. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 2021, 529, 1724-1742.	0.9	1
3	Dopamine D2R is Required for Hippocampal-dependent Memory and Plasticity at the CA3-CA1 Synapse. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2021, 31, 2187-2204.	1.6	29
4	The Role of Cholesterol in α -Synuclein and Lewy Body Pathology in GBA1 Parkinson's Disease. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2021, 36, 1070-1085.	2.2	59
5	Behavioral sensitization and cellular responses to psychostimulants are reduced in D2R knockout mice. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2021, 26, e12840.	1.4	14
6	Novel Pharmacotherapies for L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia. , 2021, , 1-19.		2
7	Genetic deletion of dopamine D1 receptors increases the sensitivity to cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist-precipitated withdrawal when compared with wild-type littermates: studies in female mice repeatedly exposed to the Spice cannabinoid HU-210. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 238, 551-557.	1.5	1
8	Amino-Cupric-Silver (A-Cu-Ag) Staining to Detect Neuronal Degeneration in the Mouse Brain: The de Olmos Technique. <i>Neuromethods</i> , 2021, , 3-19.	0.2	0
9	DRD3 (dopamine receptor D3) but not DRD2 activates autophagy through MTORC1 inhibition preserving protein synthesis. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2020, 16, 1279-1295.	4.3	22
10	Dopamine regulates spine density in striatal projection neurons in a concentration-dependent manner. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2020, 134, 104666.	2.1	29
11	Diabetes Causes Dysfunctional Dopamine Neurotransmission Favoring Nigrostriatal Degeneration in Mice. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2020, 35, 1636-1648.	2.2	42
12	Beneficial effects of the phytocannabinoid δ^9 -THCV in L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia in Parkinson's disease. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2020, 141, 104892.	2.1	24
13	Dopamine D1 Receptors Regulate Spines in Striatal Direct and Indirect Pathway Neurons. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2020, 35, 1810-1821.	2.2	24
14	Modeling Parkinson's Disease With the Alpha-Synuclein Protein. <i>Frontiers in Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 11, 356.	1.6	195
15	Generation of an integration-free iPSC line, ICCSi005-A, derived from a Parkinson's disease patient carrying the L444P mutation in the GBA1 gene. <i>Stem Cell Research</i> , 2019, 40, 101578.	0.3	1
16	A collection of integration-free iPSCs derived from Parkinson's disease patients carrying mutations in the GBA1 gene. <i>Stem Cell Research</i> , 2019, 38, 101482.	0.3	3
17	Optostimulation of striatonigral terminals in substantia nigra induces dyskinesia that increases after L-DOPA in a mouse model of Parkinson's disease. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2019, 176, 2146-2161.	2.7	34
18	Hypomorphic Expression of Pitx3 Disrupts Circadian Clocks and Prevents Metabolic Entrainment of Energy Expenditure. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 29, 3678-3692.e4.	2.9	20

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19	Genetic Knockdown of mGluR5 in Striatal D1R-Containing Neurons Attenuates L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia in Aphakia Mice. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2019, 56, 4037-4050.	1.9	13
20	Differential Synaptic Remodeling by Dopamine in Direct and Indirect Striatal Projection Neurons in <i>Pitx3</i> Mice, a Genetic Model of Parkinson's Disease. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 38, 3619-3630.	1.7	54
21	Cholesterol and multilamellar bodies: Lysosomal dysfunction in <i>GBA</i> -Parkinson disease. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2018, 14, 717-718.	4.3	49
22	Dopamine receptors: homomeric and heteromeric complexes in L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia. <i>Journal of Neural Transmission</i> , 2018, 125, 1187-1194.	1.4	19
23	The importance of cholesterol in Parkinson's disease. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2018, 33, 343-344.	2.2	3
24	Genetic enhancement of Ras-ERK pathway does not aggravate L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia in mice but prevents the decrease induced by lovastatin. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 15381.	1.6	11
25	Striatal Reinnervation Process after Acute Methamphetamine-Induced Dopaminergic Degeneration in Mice. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2018, 34, 627-639.	1.3	23
26	Ageing-related dysregulation in enteric dopamine and angiotensin system interactions: implications for gastrointestinal dysfunction in the elderly. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2018, 9, 10834-10846.	0.8	11
27	Dopamine D3 Receptor Modulates L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia by Targeting D1 Receptor-Mediated Striatal Signaling. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2017, 27, bhv231.	1.6	70
28	Amphetamine-related drugs neurotoxicity in humans and in experimental animals: Main mechanisms. <i>Progress in Neurobiology</i> , 2017, 155, 149-170.	2.8	176
29	Striatal activation by optogenetics induces dyskinesias in the 6-hydroxydopamine rat model of Parkinson disease. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2017, 32, 530-537.	2.2	46
30	Human COMT over-expression confers a heightened susceptibility to dyskinesia in mice. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2017, 102, 133-139.	2.1	21
31	Embryonic defence mechanisms against glucose-dependent oxidative stress require enhanced expression of <i>Alx3</i> to prevent malformations during diabetic pregnancy. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 389.	1.6	10
32	<i>GBA1</i> mutation causes lysosomal cholesterol accumulation in Parkinson's disease. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2017, 32, 1409-1422.	2.2	86
33	Morphological Plasticity in the Striatum Associated With Dopamine Dysfunction. <i>Handbook of Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2016, , 755-770.	0.7	4
34	Fragment C Domain of Tetanus Toxin Mitigates Methamphetamine Neurotoxicity and Its Motor Consequences in Mice. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2016, 19, pyw021.	1.0	28
35	L-DOPA Oppositely Regulates Synaptic Strength and Spine Morphology in D1 and D2 Striatal Projection Neurons in Dyskinesia. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2016, 26, 4253-4264.	1.6	102
36	L-DOPA Reverses the Increased Free Amino Acids Tissue Levels Induced by Dopamine Depletion and Rises GABA and Tyrosine in the Striatum. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2016, 30, 67-75.	1.3	23

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37	Role of Nurr1 in the Generation and Differentiation of Dopaminergic Neurons from Stem Cells. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2016, 30, 14-31.	1.3	20
38	Dopaminergic regulation of olfactory type Gα protein β subunit expression in the striatum. <i>Movement Disorders</i> , 2015, 30, 1039-1049.	2.2	27
39	Nurr1 blocks the mitogenic effect of $\text{FGF}\beta$ and EGF , inducing olfactory bulb neural stem cells to adopt dopaminergic and dopaminergic GABAergic neuronal phenotypes. <i>Developmental Neurobiology</i> , 2015, 75, 823-841.	1.5	26
40	Methamphetamine-Induced Toxicity in Indusium Griseum of Mice is Associated with Astro- and Microgliosis. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2015, 27, 209-216.	1.3	22
41	Circuit-specific signaling in astrocyte-neuron networks in basal ganglia pathways. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 349, 730-734.	6.0	251
42	Prolonged treatment with pramipexole promotes physical interaction of striatal dopamine D3 autoreceptors with dopamine transporters to reduce dopamine uptake. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2015, 74, 325-335.	2.1	43
43	Activation of DREAM (Downstream Regulatory Element Antagonistic Modulator), a Calcium-Binding Protein, Reduces L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesias in Mice. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2015, 77, 95-105.	0.7	58
44	Nitric oxide synthase inhibition decreases L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia and the expression of striatal molecular markers in $\text{Pitx3}^{\text{Cre}}/\text{Cre}^{\text{fl/y}}$ aphakia mice. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2015, 73, 49-59.	2.1	64
45	L-DOPA Treatment Selectively Restores Spine Density in Dopamine Receptor D2 β -Expressing Projection Neurons in Dyskinetic Mice. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 75, 711-722.	0.7	155
46	D1 but not D4 Dopamine Receptors are Critical for MDMA-Induced Neurotoxicity in Mice. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2014, 25, 100-109.	1.3	12
47	Methamphetamine Causes Degeneration of Dopamine Cell Bodies and Terminals of the Nigrostriatal Pathway Evidenced by Silver Staining. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 39, 1066-1080.	2.8	127
48	Oleylethanolamide reduces L-DOPA-induced dyskinesia via TRPV1 receptor in a mouse model of Parkinson's disease. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2014, 62, 416-425.	2.1	95
49	Dyskinesia in Parkinson's disease: mechanisms and current non-pharmacological interventions. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2014, 130, 472-489.	2.1	66
50	Neurotoxicity of Methamphetamine. , 2014, , 2207-2230.		5
51	Aging-related dysregulation of dopamine and angiotensin receptor interaction. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2014, 35, 1726-1738.	1.5	75
52	The JNK inhibitor, SP600125, potentiates the glial response and cell death induced by methamphetamine in the mouse striatum. <i>International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2014, 17, 235-246.	1.0	16
53	Cocaine potentiates MDMA-induced oxidative stress but not dopaminergic neurotoxicity in mice: implications for the pathogenesis of free radical-induced neurodegenerative disorders. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2013, 230, 125-135.	1.5	14
54	The role of dopamine receptors in the neurotoxicity of methamphetamine. <i>Journal of Internal Medicine</i> , 2013, 273, 437-453.	2.7	103

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55	A spontaneous deletion of β -Synuclein is associated with an increase in CB1 mRNA transcript and receptor expression in the hippocampus and amygdala: Effects on alcohol consumption. <i>Synapse</i> , 2013, 67, 280-289.	0.6	10
56	Neurobiology of Methamphetamine. , 2013, , 579-591.		1
57	Methamphetamine and Parkinson's Disease. <i>Parkinson's Disease</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-10.	0.6	54
58	Adenosine A2A Receptors in Striatal Glutamatergic Terminals and GABAergic Neurons Oppositely Modulate Psychostimulant Action and DARPP-32 Phosphorylation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e80902.	1.1	64
59	Involvement of Cannabinoid CB1 Receptor in Associative Learning and in Hippocampal CA3-CA1 Synaptic Plasticity. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2012, 22, 550-566.	1.6	32
60	L-DOPA-induced increase in TH-immunoreactive striatal neurons in parkinsonian mice: Insights into regulation and function. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2012, 48, 271-281.	2.1	59
61	Lack or Inhibition of Dopaminergic Stimulation Induces a Development Increase of Striatal Tyrosine Hydroxylase-Positive Interneurons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e44025.	1.1	13
62	Dopamine D1 receptor deletion strongly reduces neurotoxic effects of methamphetamine. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2012, 45, 810-820.	2.1	79
63	New Strategies in Neuroprotection and Neurorepair. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2012, 21, 49-56.	1.3	14
64	The T-box brain 1 (Tbr1) transcription factor inhibits astrocyte formation in the olfactory bulb and regulates neural stem cell fate. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2011, 46, 108-121.	1.0	47
65	Distribution of diacylglycerol lipase alpha, an endocannabinoid synthesizing enzyme, in the rat forebrain. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 192, 112-131.	1.1	28
66	Striatal Signaling in L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia: Common Mechanisms with Drug Abuse and Long Term Memory Involving D1 Dopamine Receptor Stimulation. <i>Frontiers in Neuroanatomy</i> , 2011, 5, 51.	0.9	88
67	Dopamine D2-receptor knockout mice are protected against dopaminergic neurotoxicity induced by methamphetamine or MDMA. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2011, 42, 391-403.	2.1	107
68	Nrf2 deficiency potentiates methamphetamine-induced dopaminergic axonal damage and gliosis in the striatum. <i>Glia</i> , 2011, 59, 1850-1863.	2.5	79
69	Induction of c-Fos in β -panic/defence-related brain circuits following brief hypercarbic gas exposure. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2011, 25, 26-36.	2.0	68
70	Dopamine D1-histamine H3 Receptor Heteromers Provide a Selective Link to MAPK Signaling in GABAergic Neurons of the Direct Striatal Pathway. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 5846-5854.	1.6	109
71	Selective Vulnerability in Striosomes and in the Nigrostriatal Dopaminergic Pathway After Methamphetamine Administration. <i>Neurotoxicity Research</i> , 2010, 18, 48-58.	1.3	75
72	Associative Learning and CA3-CA1 Synaptic Plasticity Are Impaired in D1R Null, <i>Drd1a</i> ^{-/-} Mice and in Hippocampal siRNA Silenced <i>Drd1a</i> Mice. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 30, 12288-12300.	1.7	127

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73	Intra-accumbens rimonabant is rewarding but induces aversion to cocaine in cocaine-treated rats, as does in vivo accumbal cannabinoid CB1 receptor silencing: critical role for glutamate receptors. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 167, 205-215.	1.1	17
74	Genetic inactivation of Pleiotrophin triggers amphetamine-induced cell loss in the substantia nigra and enhances amphetamine neurotoxicity in the striatum. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 170, 308-316.	1.1	49
75	Genetic Inactivation of Dopamine D1 but Not D2 Receptors Inhibits L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia and Histone Activation. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2009, 66, 603-613.	0.7	230
76	The Activity-Regulated Cytoskeletal-Associated Protein Arc Is Expressed in Different Striosome-Matrix Patterns Following Exposure to Amphetamine and Cocaine. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 74, 2074-2078.	2.1	66
77	Early loss of dopaminergic terminals in striosomes after MDMA administration to mice. <i>Synapse</i> , 2008, 62, 80-84.	0.6	57
78	Persistent MDMA-induced dopaminergic neurotoxicity in the striatum and substantia nigra of mice. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 107, 1102-1112.	2.1	96
79	Tyrosine hydroxylase cells appearing in the mouse striatum after dopamine denervation are likely to be projection neurones regulated by DOPA. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 27, 580-592.	1.2	89
80	Neurobiología de la cocaína. <i>Trastornos Adictivos</i> , 2008, 10, 143-150.	0.1	2
81	Expression and Function of CB1 Receptor in the Rat Striatum: Localization and Effects on D1 and D2 Dopamine Receptor-Mediated Motor Behaviors. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2008, 33, 1667-1679.	2.8	135
82	D1 but not D5 Dopamine Receptors Are Critical for LTP, Spatial Learning, and LTP-Induced arc and zif268 Expression in the Hippocampus. <i>Cerebral Cortex</i> , 2008, 18, 1-12.	1.6	178
83	Striatal Adenosine A2A and Cannabinoid CB1 Receptors Form Functional Heteromeric Complexes that Mediate the Motor Effects of Cannabinoids. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 32, 2249-2259.	2.8	229
84	Hypoxia transduction by carotid body chemoreceptors in mice lacking dopamine D2 receptors. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2007, 103, 1269-1275.	1.2	22
85	Metabolic interactions between glutamatergic and dopaminergic neurotransmitter systems are mediated through D1 dopamine receptors. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2007, 85, 3284-3293.	1.3	32
86	Cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonism markedly increases dopamine receptor-mediated stereotypies. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 559, 180-183.	1.7	28
87	ERK Phosphorylation and FosB Expression Are Associated with L-DOPA-Induced Dyskinesia in Hemiparkinsonian Mice. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2006, 59, 64-74.	0.7	298
88	Absence of quasi-morphine withdrawal syndrome in adenosine A2A receptor knockout mice. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 185, 160-168.	1.5	20
89	5-HT1A receptor agonist-mediated protection from MPTP toxicity in mouse and macaque models of Parkinson's disease. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2006, 23, 77-86.	2.1	64
90	Adenosine A2A receptor stimulation potentiates nitric oxide release by activated microglia. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2005, 95, 919-929.	2.1	140

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91	Acute hypercarbic gas exposure reveals functionally distinct subpopulations of serotonergic neurons in rats. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2005, 19, 327-341.	2.0	75
92	Are tuberomammillary histaminergic neurons involved in CO ₂ -mediated arousal?. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2005, 193, 228-233.	2.0	28
93	Absence of hematopoiesis from transplanted olfactory bulb neural stem cells. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2004, 19, 505-512.	1.2	40
94	Chronic treatment with atypical neuroleptics induces striosomal FosB β /FosB expression in rats. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2004, 55, 457-463.	0.7	44
95	Expression of D4 dopamine receptors in striatonigral and striatopallidal neurons in the rat striatum. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2003, 989, 35-41.	1.1	42
96	Neuroanatomical relationship between type 1 cannabinoid receptors and dopaminergic systems in the rat basal ganglia. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 119, 309-318.	1.1	167
97	Inactivation of Adenosine A _{2A} Receptors Selectively Attenuates Amphetamine-Induced Behavioral Sensitization. <i>Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2003, 28, 1086-1095.	2.8	70
98	Distinct Roles of D ₁ and D ₅ Dopamine Receptors in Motor Activity and Striatal Synaptic Plasticity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 8506-8512.	1.7	213
99	Receptor Subtypes Involved in the Presynaptic and Postsynaptic Actions of Dopamine on Striatal Interneurons. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 6245-6254.	1.7	209
100	Adenosine A _{2A} receptors in neuroadaptation to repeated dopaminergic stimulation. <i>Neurology</i> , 2003, 61, S74-81.	1.5	25
101	Molecular dissection of dopamine receptor signaling. <i>Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy</i> , 2002, 23, 237-242.	1.0	24
102	Persistent Behavioral Sensitization to Chronic l-DOPA Requires A _{2A} Adenosine Receptors. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 22, 1054-1062.	1.7	128
103	Endogenous Dopamine Amplifies Ischemic Long-Term Potentiation via D1 Receptors. <i>Stroke</i> , 2002, 33, 2978-2984.	1.0	27
104	Dopamine D4 receptors are heterogeneously distributed in the striosomes/matrix compartments of the striatum. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2002, 80, 219-229.	2.1	104
105	Molecular phenotype of rat striatal neurons expressing the dopamine D5receptor subtype. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 16, 2049-2058.	1.2	103
106	Interaction Between the Serotonergic and Dopaminergic Systems in d-Fenfluramine-Induced Activation of c-fos and jun B Genes in Rat Striatal Neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2002, 74, 1363-1373.	2.1	28
107	5-Hydroxytryptamine (5-HT) _{1A} Autoreceptor Adaptive Changes in Substance P (Neurokinin 1) Receptor Knock-Out Mice Mimic Antidepressant-Induced Desensitization. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2001, 21, 8188-8197.	1.7	133
108	Serotonin 5-HT _{1A} receptor expression is selectively enhanced in the striosomal compartment of chronic parkinsonian monkeys. <i>Synapse</i> , 2001, 39, 288-296.	0.6	94

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109	The role of the D2 dopamine receptor (D2R) in A2A adenosine receptor (A2AR)-mediated behavioral and cellular responses as revealed by A2A and D2 receptor knockout mice. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2001, 98, 1970-1975.	3.3	248
110	Pancreatic Homeodomain Transcription Factor IDX1/IPF1 Expressed in Developing Brain Regulates Somatostatin Gene Transcription in Embryonic Neural Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2000, 275, 19106-19114.	1.6	37
111	Selective attenuation of psychostimulant-induced behavioral responses in mice lacking A2A adenosine receptors. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 97, 195-204.	1.1	121
112	A _{2A} Adenosine Receptor Deficiency Attenuates Brain Injury Induced by Transient Focal Ischemia in Mice. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1999, 19, 9192-9200.	1.7	512
113	Dopamine D3 Receptor Mutant Mice Exhibit Increased Behavioral Sensitivity to Concurrent Stimulation of D1 and D2 Receptors. <i>Neuron</i> , 1997, 19, 837-848.	3.8	306
114	Network-Level Changes in Expression of Inducible Fos/Jun Proteins in the Striatum during Chronic Cocaine Treatment and Withdrawal. <i>Neuron</i> , 1996, 17, 147-156.	3.8	256
115	D1-class dopamine receptors influence cocaine-induced persistent expression of Fos-related proteins in striatum. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 1996, 8, 1-5.	0.6	55
116	Cellular responses to psychomotor stimulant and neuroleptic drugs are abnormal in mice lacking the D1 dopamine receptor. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1996, 93, 14928-14933.	3.3	178
117	Elimination of cocaine-induced hyperactivity and dopamine-mediated neurophysiological effects in dopamine D1 receptor mutant mice. <i>Cell</i> , 1994, 79, 945-955.	13.5	323
118	Dopamine D1 receptor mutant mice are deficient in striatal expression of dynorphin and in dopamine-mediated behavioral responses. <i>Cell</i> , 1994, 79, 729-742.	13.5	474
119	Regional effects of pertussis toxin in vivo and in vitro on GABAB receptor binding in rat brain. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1993, 52, 73-81.	1.1	27
120	Differential vulnerability of primate caudate-putamen and striosome-matrix dopamine systems to the neurotoxic effects of 1-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine.. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1992, 89, 3859-3863.	3.3	136
121	Chronic lesion of corticostriatal fibers reduces GABAB but not GABAA binding in rat caudate putamen: An autoradiographic study. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 1991, 16, 309-315.	1.6	13
122	Amphetamine and cocaine induce drug-specific activation of the c-fos gene in striosome-matrix compartments and limbic subdivisions of the striatum.. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1990, 87, 6912-6916.	3.3	849
123	Flunitrazepam increases the affinity of the GABAA receptor in cryostat-cut rat brain sections. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1990, 184, 339-340.	1.7	3
124	Patterns of Vulnerability of Mesostriatal Neurons. <i>Advances in Behavioral Biology</i> , 1990, , 207-212.	0.2	1
125	Localization and Quantitative Autoradiography of Glutamatergic Ligand Binding Sites in Chick Brain. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1989, 1, 516-523.	1.2	41
126	In vivo stimulation of phosphoinositide metabolism in the brainstem of rats following osmotic stress. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1989, 29, 391-400.	1.1	2

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127	Benzodiazepine receptor autoradiography in corpus striatum of rat after large frontal cortex lesions and chronic treatment with diazepam. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1989, 28, 893-900.	2.0	9
128	Dopamine uptake sites in the striatum are distributed differentially in striosome and matrix compartments.. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 1989, 86, 9020-9024.	3.3	76
129	Vasopressin stimulates inositol phospholipid metabolism in rat medulla oblongata in vivo. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1988, 450, 398-402.	1.1	19
130	Neonatal administration of vasopressin antiserum induces long-term deficits on active and passive avoidance behaviour in rats. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 1987, 23, 231-237.	1.2	9
131	Long-term hyperalgesia in rats induced by neonatal administration of vasopressin antiserum. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1986, 38, 109-115.	2.0	12
132	Potentiation of the analgesia induced in rats by morphine or [D-Ala ²]-metenkephalinamide after inhibition of brain type B monoamine oxidase: The role of phenylethylamine. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1980, 19, 723-729.	2.0	17