

# Weimiao Dong

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6041895/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9  
papers

277  
citations

1307594  
7  
h-index

1474206  
9  
g-index

9  
all docs

9  
docs citations

9  
times ranked

329  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Bone collagen stable isotope analysis of a Bronze Age site of Liushugou and its implication for subsistence strategy in arid northwest China. <i>Holocene</i> , 2021, 31, 194-202.	1.7	8
2	A comprehensive investigation of Bronze Age human dietary strategies from different altitudinal environments in the Inner Asian Mountain Corridor. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2020, 121, 105201.	2.4	16
3	Human diet and subsistence strategies from the Late Bronze Age to historic times at Goukou, Xinjiang, NW China. <i>Holocene</i> , 2018, 28, 640-650.	1.7	16
4	Woodland vegetation composition and prehistoric human fuel collection strategy at the Shannashuzha site, Gansu Province, northwest China, during the middle Holocene. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2017, 26, 213-221.	2.1	7
5	Stable Isotopic Detection of Manual Intervention Among the Faunal Assemblage from a Majiayao Site in NW China. <i>Radiocarbon</i> , 2016, 58, 311-321.	1.8	7
6	Stable isotopic investigations of modern and charred foxtail millet and the implications for environmental archaeological reconstruction in the western Chinese Loess Plateau. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2015, 84, 144-149.	1.7	12
7	Late Quaternary (30.7â€“9.0 cal ka BP) vegetation history in Central Asia inferred from pollen records of Lake Balikun, northwest China. <i>Journal of Paleolimnology</i> , 2013, 49, 145-154.	1.6	27
8	A high-resolution record of Holocene environmental and climatic changes from Lake Balikun (Xinjiang, China): Implications for central Asia. <i>Holocene</i> , 2012, 22, 43-52.	1.7	121
9	Dust variation recorded by lacustrine sediments from arid Central Asia since ~ 15 cal ka BP and its implication for atmospheric circulation. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2011, 75, 566-573.	1.7	63