## Frank Berthold

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Advances in Risk Classification and Treatment Strategies for Neuroblastoma. Journal of Clinical
Oncology, 2015, 33, 3008-3017.

Telomerase activation by genomic rearrangements in high-risk neuroblastoma. Nature, 2015, 526, 700-704.
13.7

478
2
3 Neuroblastoma Screening at One Year of Age. New England Journal of Medicine, 2002, 346, 1047-1053. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Myeloablative megatherapy with autologous stem-cell rescue versus oral maintenance chemotherapy } \\ & 4 \text { as consolidation treatment in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma: a randomised controlled trial. }\end{aligned}$ Lancet Oncology, The, 2005, 6, 649-658.

5 Comparison of RNA-seq and microarray-based models for clinical endpoint prediction. Genome
Biology, 2015, 16, 133.

6 Metabolic activity and clinical features of primary ganglioneuromas. Cancer, 2001, 91, 1905-1913.
2.0

281
$7 \quad$ Localized Infant Neuroblastomas Often Show Spontaneous Regression: Results of the Prospective
$7 \quad$ Trials NB95-S and NB97. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2008, 26, 1504-1510.
0.8

263

8 Clinical and Biologic Features Predictive of Survival After Relapse of Neuroblastoma: A Report From
the International Neuroblastoma Risk Group Project. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2011, 29, 3286-3292.
0.8

248

9 Clinical Significance of Tumor-Associated Inflammatory Cells in Metastatic Neuroblastoma. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 3525-3532.
0.8

236

Revisions to the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria: A Consensus Statement From the 10 National Cancer Institute Clinical Trials Planning Meeting. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 2580-2587.

11 A mechanistic classification of clinical phenotypes in neuroblastoma. Science, 2018, 362, 1165-1170.
$6.0 \quad 213$

12 Somatic mutations ofWNT/wingless signaling pathway components in primitive neuroectodermal
12 tumors. International Journal of Cancer, 2001, 93, 445-449.
2.3

161

Consolidation Treatment With Chimeric Anti-GD2-Antibody ch14.18 in Children Older Than 1 Year With
Metastatic Neuroblastoma. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2004, 22, 3549-3557.
0.8

140

Cystic Craniopharyngioma: Long-term Results after Intracavitary Irradiation with Stereotactically
Applied Colloidal ??-Emitting Radioactive Sources. Neurosurgery, 1997, 40, 263-270.
0.6

131

Role of Surgery in the Treatment of Patients With Stage 4 Neuroblastoma Age 18 Months or Older at
$15 \quad$ Diagnosis. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 752-758.
0.8

115

Long term outcome of high-risk neuroblastoma patients after immunotherapy with antibody ch 14.18 or
1.1

113
oral metronomic chemotherapy. BMC Cancer, 2011, 11, 21.

Treatment and outcomes of patients with relapsed, highâ€risk neuroblastoma: Results of German trials.
Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2011, 56, 578-583.
0.8

| 19 | Neuroblastoma. Drugs, 2000, 59, 1261-1277. | 4.9 | 105 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | Changes over three decades in outcome and the prognostic influence of age-at-diagnosis in young patients with neuroblastoma: A report from the International Neuroblastoma Risk Group Project. European Journal of Cancer, 2011, 47, 561-571. | 1.3 | 94 |
| 21 | The prognostic impact of functional imaging with 1231 -mIBG in patients with stage 4 neuroblastoma \> 1 year of age on a high-risk treatment protocol: Results of the German Neuroblastoma Trial NB97. European Journal of Cancer, 2008, 44, 1552-1558. | 1.3 | 88 |
| 22 | Incidence, Survival, and Treatment of Localized and Metastatic Neuroblastoma in Germany 1979â€"2015. Paediatric Drugs, 2017, 19, 577-593. | 1.3 | 86 |
| 23 | Front-line imatinib treatment in children and adolescents with chronic myeloid leukemia: results from a phase III trial. Leukemia, 2018, 32, 1657-1669. | 3.3 | 86 |
| 24 | <i>PHOX2B</i> Is a Novel and Specific Marker for Minimal Residual Disease Testing in Neuroblastoma. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2008, 26, 5443-5449. | 0.8 | 83 |
| 25 | lodine-123 Metaiodobenzylguanidine Scintigraphy Scoring Allows Prediction of Outcome in Patients With Stage 4 Neuroblastoma: Results of the Cologne Interscore Comparison Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 944-951. | 0.8 | 80 |
| 26 | Revised Risk Estimation and Treatment Stratification of Low- and Intermediate-Risk Neuroblastoma Patients by Integrating Clinical and Molecular Prognostic Markers. Clinical Cancer Research, 2015, 21, 1904-1915. | 3.2 | 80 |
| 27 | Intensified External-Beam Radiation Therapy Improves the Outcome of Stage 4 Neuroblastoma in Children > 1 Year with Residual Local Disease. Strahlentherapie Und Onkologie, 2006, 182, 389-394. | 1.0 | 76 |

Lack of immunocytological GD2 expression on neuroblastoma cells in bone marrow at diagnosis, during treatment, and at recurrence*. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2017, 64, 46-56.

FISH analyses for alterations in chromosomes $1,2,3$, and 11 define high-risk groups in neuroblastoma.
1.0

$39 \quad$| Transcription factor activating protein 2 beta (TFAP2B) mediates noradrenergic neuronal |
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| differentiation in neuroblastoma. Molecular Oncology, 2016, 10, 344-359. |

Extended induction chemotherapy does not improve the outcome for high-risk neuroblastoma
40 patients: results of the randomized open-label GPOH trial NB2004-HR. Annals of Oncology, 2020, 31,
422-429.
Metastatic neuroblastoma in infancy: What does the pattern of metastases contribute to prognosis?.
41 Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 2000, 35, 683-687.
$1.0 \quad 35$
Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 2000, 35, 683-687.

Focal nodular hyperplasia of the liver in longterm survivors of neuroblastoma. European Journal of
Radiology, 2010, 74, el-e5.
1.2

35

43 Testicular and paratesticular involvement by metastatic neuroblastoma. Cancer, 2000, 88, 2636-2641.
2.0

33


International Neuroblastoma Risk Group project. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2014, 61, 1932-1939.
Long-term outcomes of the GPOH NB97 trial for children with high-risk neuroblastoma comparing
45 high-dose chemotherapy with autologous stem cell transplantation and oral chemotherapy as
consolidation. British Journal of Cancer, 2018, 119, 282-290.

Telomerase Is a Prognostic Marker of Poor Outcome and a Therapeutic Target in Neuroblastoma. JCO
1.5

29

A nomogram of clinical and biologic factors to predict survival in children newly diagnosed with
47 highâ€risk neuroblastoma: An International Neuroblastoma Risk Group project. Pediatric Blood and
$0.8 \quad 29$
Cancer, 2021, 68, e28794.
Accelerating drug development for neuroblastoma - New Drug Development Strategy: an Innovative
48 Therapies for Children with Cancer, European Network for Cancer Research in Children and
Adolescents and International Society of Paediatric Oncology Europe Neuroblastoma project. Expert
Opinion on Drug Discovery, 2017, 12, 1-11.
The prognostic strength of serum LDH and serum ferritin in children with neuroblastoma: A report
49 from the International Neuroblastoma Risk Group (INRG) project. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2020, 67,
0.8

28
e28359.
Circulating microRNA biomarkers for metastatic disease in neuroblastoma patients. JCI Insight, 2018, 3,
2.3

28
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$2.3-28$

51 Telomerase is a strong indicator for assessing the proneness to progression in neuroblastomas.
1.0

27
Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 2000, 35, 651-655.
ecancermedicalscience. Ecancermedicalscience, 2014, 8, 463.

## Immunotherapeutic strategies in neuroblastoma: Antitumoral activity of deglycosylated ricin A

53 conjugated anti-GD2 antibodies and anti-CD3xanti-GD2 bispecific antibodies. Medical and Pediatric
1.0

Oncology, 2001, 36, 185-189.
55
56

Rapid COJEC versus standard induction therapies for high-risk neuroblastoma. The Cochrane Library, 2016, 2016, CD010774.
1.5

25

Classification of neuroblastoma patients by published gene-expression markers reveals a low
sensitivity for unfavorable courses of MYCN non-amplified disease. Cancer Letters, 2007, 250, 250-267.
3.2

22

57 Minimal residual disease detection in autologous stem cell grafts from patients with high risk neuroblastoma. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2015, 62, 1368-1373.
$0.8 \quad 22$

Proliferation marker KI-S5 discriminates between favorable and adverse prognosis in advanced stages of neuroblastoma with and withoutMYCN amplification. Cancer, 2002, 94, 854-861.
$2.0 \quad 21$
58

Metronomic therapy has low toxicity and is as effective as current standard treatment for recurrent
$59 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Metronomic therapy has low toxicity and is as effective as current standard treatment } \\ & \text { high-risk neuroblastoma. Pediatric Hematology and Oncology, 2017, 34, 308-319. }\end{aligned}$
$0.3 \quad 21$

German neuroblastoma mass screening study at 12 months of age: statistical aspects and preliminary
1.0 results. Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 1998, 31, 435-441.
60

Stereotactic intracavitary brachytherapy with P-32 for cystic craniopharyngiomas in children.
61 Stereotactic intracavitary Straherapie Und Onkologie, 2016, 192, 157-165.
$1.0 \quad 15$

62 Feasibility, Risk Profile and Diagnostic Yield of Stereotactic Biopsy in Children and Young Adults with
Brain Lesions. Klinische Padiatrie, 2017, 229, 133-141.
0.2

14

Biochemical testing for neuroblastoma using plasma free 3â€Oâ€methyldopa, 3â€methoxytyramine, and
normetanephrine. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2020, 67, e28081.
normetanephrine. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2020, 67, e28081.

Lacking immunocytological GD2 expression in neuroblastoma: Report of 3 cases. Pediatric Blood and
64 Cancer, 2005, 45, 195-201.
0.8

13

> Correction factors for self-selection when evaluating screening programmes. Journal of Medical
> Screening, 2016, 23, 44-49.
$1.1 \quad 12$

A new risk score for patients after first recurrence of stage 4 neuroblastoma aged â\%o $¥ 18$ Âmonths at first
1.3

12
diagnosis. Cancer Medicine, 2019, 8, 7236-7243.
$\hat{\beta}$-secretase inhibitor I inhibits neuroblastoma cells, with NOTCH and the proteasome among its targets.
Oncotarget, 2016, 7, 62799-62813.
0.8

12

Neuroblastoma messenger RNA is frequently detected in bone marrow at diagnosis of localised neuroblastoma patients. European Journal of Cancer, 2016, 54, 149-158.
1.3

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Population-based and controlled study to evaluate neuroblastoma screening at one year of age in
Germany: Interim results. Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 2000, 35, 701-704.
1.0

Clinical Presentation. , 2005, , 63-85.
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Lead-time and overdiagnosis estimation in neuroblastoma screening. Statistics in Medicine, 2003, 22,
2877-2892.
0.8

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Are network growth and the contributions to congresses associated with publication success? A
75 Preclinical and clinical aspects on the use of amifostine as chemoprotectorin neuroblastoma
patients. Medical and Pediatric Oncology, 2001, 36, 199-202.

$76 \quad$| Neuroblastoma Screening at 1 Year of Age: The Final Results of a Controlled Trial. JNCI Cancer |
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| Spectrum, 2021, 5, pkab041. |


| 79 | Plasma Neurotensin: Lack of a Differentiation and Tumor Marker in Children with Neuroblastoma. Pediatric Hematology and Oncology, 1992, 9, 269-272. | 0.3 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 | Retrospective analysis of relapsed abdominal high-risk neuroblastoma. Journal of Pediatric Surgery, 2018, 53, 558-566. | 0.8 | 3 |
| 81 | The reliability of bone marrow cytology as response criterion in metastatic neuroblastoma. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2021, 68, e28819. | 0.8 | 2 |
| 82 | Confirmatory adaptive group sequential designs for singleâ€arm phase II studies with multiple timeâ€toâ€event endpoints. Biometrical Journal, 2022, 64, 312-342. | 0.6 | 2 |
| 83 | Metastatic neuroblastoma in infancy: What does the pattern of metastases contribute to prognosis?. , 2000, 35, 683. |  | 2 |
| 84 | Genetic Alterations and Resectability Predict Outcome in Patients with Neuroblastoma Assigned to High-Risk Solely by MYCN Amplification. Cancers, 2021, 13, 4360. | 1.7 | 1 |
| 85 | Hypercalcemia is a frequent side effect of 13 â€ocis â€retinoic acid treatment in patients with highâ€risk neuroblastoma. Pediatric Blood and Cancer, 2021, , e29374. | 0.8 | 1 |

