

Sergei V PetrovskiÇ•

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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122
papers

4,604
citations

94433

37
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118850

62
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132
all docs

132
docs citations

132
times ranked

2677
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A predictive model and a field study on heterogeneous slug distribution in arable fields arising from density dependent movement. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 2274.	3.3	2
2	Effect of Slow–Fast Time Scale on Transient Dynamics in a Realistic Prey-Predator System. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2022, 10, 699.	2.2	6
3	Knowledge gaps and missing links in understanding mass extinctions: Can mathematical modeling help?. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2022, 41, 22-57.	2.8	13
4	Canards, relaxation oscillations, and pattern formation in a slow-fast ratio-dependent predator-prey system. <i>Applied Mathematical Modelling</i> , 2022, 109, 519-535.	4.2	9
5	Analysis of simulated trap counts arising from correlated and biased random walks. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2022, 470, 110016.	2.5	2
6	Spatiotemporal pattern formation in 2D prey-predator system with nonlocal intraspecific competition. <i>Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation</i> , 2021, 93, 105478.	3.3	12
7	Management implications of long transients in ecological systems. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 5, 285-294.	7.8	44
8	Nonlocal Reaction–Diffusion Models of Heterogeneous Wealth Distribution. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2021, 9, 351.	2.2	6
9	Stability of a planetary climate system with the biosphere species competing for resources. <i>Physical Review E</i> , 2021, 103, 022202.	2.1	5
10	Global Warming Can Result in Global Anoxia by Disrupting Phytoplankton Photosynthesis. , 2021, , 243-249.		0
11	Turing instability in an economic–demographic dynamical system may lead to pattern formation on a geographical scale. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2021, 18, 20210034.	3.4	15
12	Effects of stochasticity on the length and behaviour of ecological transients. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2021, 18, 20210257.	3.4	25
13	Oscillations and Pattern Formation in a Slow–Fast Prey–Predator System. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2021, 83, 110.	1.9	10
14	Metapopulation Persistence and Extinction in a Fragmented Random Habitat: A Simulation Study. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2021, 9, 2202.	2.2	1
15	Towards Building a Sustainable Future: Positioning Ecological Modelling for Impact in Ecosystems Management. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2021, 83, 107.	1.9	14
16	Stability of Patches of Higher Population Density within the Heterogenous Distribution of the Gray Field Slug <i>Deroceras reticulatum</i> in Arable Fields in the UK. <i>Insects</i> , 2021, 12, 9.	2.2	3
17	Long transients in ecology: Theory and applications. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2020, 32, 1-40.	2.8	126
18	Long living transients: Enfant terrible of ecological theory?. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2020, 32, 55-58.	2.8	2

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19	Movement patterns of the grey field slug (<i>Deroceras reticulatum</i>) in an arable field. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 17970.	3.3	6
20	Numerical Analysis for the Fractional Ambartsumian Equation via the Homotopy Perturbation Method. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2020, 8, 2247.	2.2	1
21	Rich Bifurcation Structure of Prey-Predator Model Induced by the Allee Effect in the Growth of Generalist Predator. <i>International Journal of Bifurcation and Chaos in Applied Sciences and Engineering</i> , 2020, 30, 2050084.	1.7	20
22	Modelling Population Dynamics of Social Protests in Time and Space: The Reaction-Diffusion Approach. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2020, 8, 78.	2.2	4
23	Locomotor behaviour promotes stability of the patchy distribution of slugs in arable fields: Tracking the movement of individual <i>Deroceras reticulatum</i> . <i>Pest Management Science</i> , 2020, 76, 2944-2952.	3.4	7
24	On the Consistency of the Reaction-Telegraph Process Within Finite Domains. <i>Journal of Statistical Physics</i> , 2019, 177, 569-587.	1.2	12
25	Analysing the impact of trap shape and movement behaviour of ground-dwelling arthropods on trap efficiency. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 10, 1246-1264.	5.2	31
26	Investigation into the Critical Domain Problem for the Reaction-Telegraph Equation Using Advanced Numerical Algorithms. <i>International Journal of Applied and Computational Mathematics</i> , 2019, 5, 1.	1.6	5
27	Effect of density-dependent individual movement on emerging spatial population distribution: Brownian motion vs Levy flights. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2019, 464, 159-178.	1.7	11
28	Effect of complex landscape geometry on the invasive species spread: Invasion with stepping stones. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2019, 464, 85-97.	1.7	13
29	Patterns of invasive species spread in a landscape with a complex geometry. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2018, 33, 93-105.	2.9	5
30	Pattern Formation in a Model Oxygen-Plankton System. <i>Computation</i> , 2018, 6, 59.	2.0	7
31	Progress in Mathematical Ecology. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2018, 6, 167.	2.2	1
32	Transient phenomena in ecology. <i>Science</i> , 2018, 361, .	12.6	359
33	An economic-demographic dynamical system. <i>Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena</i> , 2018, 13, 27.	2.4	5
34	Towards the Development of a More Accurate Monitoring Procedure for Invertebrate Populations, in the Presence of an Unknown Spatial Pattern of Population Distribution in the Field. <i>Insects</i> , 2018, 9, 29.	2.2	7
35	Critical Domain Problem for the Reaction-Telegraph Equation Model of Population Dynamics. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2018, 6, 59.	2.2	16
36	The Lévy or Diffusion Controversy: How Important Is the Movement Pattern in the Context of Trapping?. <i>Mathematics</i> , 2018, 6, 77.	2.2	6

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37	Global Warming Can Lead to Depletion of Oxygen by Disrupting Phytoplankton Photosynthesis: A Mathematical Modelling Approach. <i>Geosciences (Switzerland)</i> , 2018, 8, 201.	2.2	28
38	Catching ghosts with a coarse net: use and abuse of spatial sampling data in detecting synchronization. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2017, 14, 20160855.	3.4	8
39	Regime shifts and ecological catastrophes in a model of plankton-oxygen dynamics under the climate change. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2017, 424, 91-109.	1.7	31
40	Fortune favours the brave: Movement responses shape demographic dynamics in strongly competing populations. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2017, 420, 190-199.	1.7	15
41	A random acceleration model of individual animal movement allowing for diffusive, superdiffusive and superballistic regimes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 14364.	3.3	6
42	Patchy, not patchy, or how much patchy? Classification of spatial patterns appearing in a model of biological invasion. <i>Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena</i> , 2017, 12, 208-225.	2.4	8
43	A random walk description of individual animal movement accounting for periods of rest. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2016, 3, 160566.	2.4	14
44	Reaction-Diffusion Models: Single Species. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , 69-105.	0.3	2
45	How animals move along? Exactly solvable model of superdiffusive spread resulting from animal's decision making. <i>Journal of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2016, 73, 227-255.	1.9	9
46	Delay driven spatiotemporal chaos in single species population dynamics models. <i>Theoretical Population Biology</i> , 2016, 110, 51-62.	1.1	20
47	Long-term transients and complex dynamics of a stage-structured population with time delay and the Allee effect. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2016, 396, 116-124.	1.7	44
48	The Mathematics Behind Biological Invasions. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , .	0.3	126
49	Responding to Invasions: Detection, Control, and Adaptation. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , 287-305.	0.3	0
50	Dynamics of Biological Invasions. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , 19-68.	0.3	11
51	Long-Distance Dispersal and Spread. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , 155-193.	0.3	0
52	Revisiting Brownian motion as a description of animal movement: a comparison to experimental movement data. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 7, 1525-1537.	5.2	20
53	Pattern, process, scale, and model's sensitivity. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2016, 19, 131-134.	2.8	9
54	Invasion in a Multispecies System. <i>Interdisciplinary Applied Mathematics</i> , 2016, , 107-154.	0.3	1

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55	Time Dependent Diffusion as a Mean Field Counterpart of Lévy Type Random Walk. <i>Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena</i> , 2015, 10, 5-26.	2.4	9
56	Mathematical Modelling of Spatiotemporal Dynamics of Oxygen in a Plankton System. <i>Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena</i> , 2015, 10, 96-114.	2.4	29
57	Statistical mechanics of animal movement: Animals's decision-making can result in superdiffusive spread. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2015, 22, 86-92.	2.9	10
58	Patchy Invasion of Stage-Structured Alien Species with Short-Distance and Long-Distance Dispersal. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2015, 77, 1583-1619.	1.9	17
59	On time scale invariance of random walks in confined space. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2015, 367, 230-245.	1.7	14
60	Some analytical and numerical approaches to understanding trap counts resulting from pest insect immigration. <i>Mathematical Biosciences</i> , 2015, 263, 143-160.	1.9	11
61	Mathematical Modelling of Plankton's Oxygen Dynamics Under the Climate Change. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2015, 77, 2325-2353.	1.9	91
62	Multiscale ecology of agroecosystems is an emerging research field that can provide a stronger theoretical background for the integrated pest management. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2014, 11, 536-539.	2.8	2
63	Multiscale approach to pest insect monitoring: Random walks, pattern formation, synchronization, and networks. <i>Physics of Life Reviews</i> , 2014, 11, 467-525.	2.8	56
64	Are time delays always destabilizing? Revisiting the role of time delays and the Allee effect. <i>Theoretical Ecology</i> , 2014, 7, 335-349.	1.0	37
65	Spatiotemporal behavior of a prey-predator system with a group defense for prey. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2013, 14, 37-47.	2.9	77
66	Numerical Study of Pest Population Size at Various Diffusion Rates. <i>Lecture Notes in Mathematics</i> , 2013, , 355-385.	0.2	3
67	Gypsy moth invasion in North America: A simulation study of the spatial pattern and the rate of spread. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2013, 14, 132-144.	2.9	16
68	Synchronized Dynamics of <i>Tipula paludosa</i> Metapopulation in a Southwestern Scotland Agroecosystem: Linking Pattern to Process. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2013, 182, 393-409.	2.1	15
69	Feeding on Multiple Sources: Towards a Universal Parameterization of the Functional Response of a Generalist Predator Allowing for Switching. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e74586.	2.5	47
70	Challenges of ecological monitoring: estimating population abundance from sparse trap counts. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2012, 9, 420-435.	3.4	29
71	Comment on "Lévy Walks Evolve Through Interaction Between Movement and Environmental Complexity". <i>Science</i> , 2012, 335, 918-918.	12.6	84
72	Computational ecology as an emerging science. <i>Interface Focus</i> , 2012, 2, 241-254.	3.0	43

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73	Multi-scale properties of random walk models of animal movement: lessons from statistical inference. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences</i> , 2012, 468, 1428-1451.	2.1	20
74	Estimating insect population density from trap counts. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2012, 10, 69-82.	2.9	43
75	Spatiotemporal complexity of biological invasion in a space- and time-discrete predator-prey system with the strong Allee effect. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2012, 9, 16-32.	2.9	79
76	Pattern formation in a space- and time-discrete predator-prey system with a strong Allee effect. <i>Theoretical Ecology</i> , 2012, 5, 341-362.	1.0	50
77	Collective dynamics: when one plus one does not make two. <i>Mathematical Medicine and Biology</i> , 2011, 28, 85-88.	1.2	2
78	Self-organised spatial patterns and chaos in a ratio-dependent predator-prey system. <i>Theoretical Ecology</i> , 2011, 4, 37-53.	1.0	125
79	Pattern Formation, Long-Term Transients, and the Turing-Hopf Bifurcation in a Space- and Time-Discrete Predator-Prey System. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2011, 73, 1812-1840.	1.9	48
80	Variation in individual walking behavior creates the impression of a Levy flight. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 8704-8707.	7.1	116
81	Noise can prevent onset of chaos in spatiotemporal population dynamics. <i>European Physical Journal B</i> , 2010, 78, 253-264.	1.5	11
82	Noise-induced suppression of periodic travelling waves in oscillatory reaction-diffusion systems. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences</i> , 2010, 466, 1903-1917.	2.1	11
83	The coarse-grid problem in ecological monitoring. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences</i> , 2010, 466, 2933-2953.	2.1	20
84	Excitable Population Dynamics, Biological Control Failure, and Spatiotemporal Pattern Formation in a Model Ecosystem. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2009, 71, 863-887.	1.9	40
85	Dispersal in a Statistically Structured Population: Fat Tails Revisited. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2009, 173, 278-289.	2.1	78
86	Consequences of the Allee Effect and Intraspecific Competition on Population Persistence under Adverse Environmental Conditions. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2008, 70, 412-437.	1.9	12
87	Mathematical Models of Pattern Formation in Planktonic Predation-Diffusion Systems: A Review. , 2008, , 1-26.		1
88	On a possible origin of the fat-tailed dispersal in population dynamics. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2008, 5, 146-150.	2.9	30
89	The importance of census times in discrete-time growth-dispersal models. <i>Journal of Biological Dynamics</i> , 2008, 2, 55-63.	1.7	14
90	A diffusive SI model with Allee effect and application to FIV. <i>Mathematical Biosciences</i> , 2007, 206, 61-80.	1.9	97

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91	Limitation and Regulation of Ecological Populations: a Meta-analysis of <i>Tipula paludosa</i> Field Data. <i>Mathematical Modelling of Natural Phenomena</i> , 2007, 2, 46-62.	2.4	19
92	Towards resolving the paradox of enrichment: The impact of zooplankton vertical migrations on plankton systems stability. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2007, 248, 501-511.	1.7	28
93	Biodiversity measures revisited. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2006, 3, 13-22.	2.9	7
94	Oscillations and waves in a virally infected plankton system. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2006, 3, 200-208.	2.9	28
95	Spatiotemporal complexity of patchy invasion in a predator-prey system with the Allee effect.. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2006, 238, 18-35.	1.7	129
96	An ecological study of a marine plankton community based on the field data collected from Bay of Bengal. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2006, 193, 589-601.	2.5	22
97	Regimes of biological invasion in a predator-prey system with the Allee effect. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2005, 67, 637-661.	1.9	81
98	Invasion of a Top Predator into an Epipelagic Ecosystem can bring a Paradoxical Top-Down Trophic Control. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2005, 7, 845-861.	2.4	13
99	Patterns of Patchy Spread in Deterministic and Stochastic Models of Biological Invasion and Biological Control. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2005, 7, 771-793.	2.4	45
100	An exact solution of a diffusive predator-prey system. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences</i> , 2005, 461, 1029-1053.	2.1	50
101	Transition to spatiotemporal chaos can resolve the paradox of enrichment. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2004, 1, 37-47.	2.9	104
102	Oscillations and waves in a virally infected plankton system. <i>Ecological Complexity</i> , 2004, 1, 211-223.	2.9	49
103	Bifurcations and chaos in a predator-prey system with the Allee effect. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2004, 271, 1407-1414.	2.6	137
104	Behaviourally structured populations persist longer under harsh environmental conditions. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2003, 6, 455-462.	6.4	12
105	Quantification of the Spatial Aspect of Chaotic Dynamics in Biological and Chemical Systems. <i>Bulletin of Mathematical Biology</i> , 2003, 65, 425-446.	1.9	59
106	An exactly solvable model of population dynamics with density-dependent migrations and the Allee effect. <i>Mathematical Biosciences</i> , 2003, 186, 79-91.	1.9	52
107	Patterns in Models of Plankton Dynamics in a Heterogeneous Environment. , 2003, , 401-410.		1
108	Spatio-temporal pattern formation, fractals, and chaos in conceptual ecological models as applied to coupled plankton-fish dynamics. <i>Physics-Usppekhi</i> , 2002, 45, 27-57.	2.2	31

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109	Spatiotemporal Complexity of Plankton and Fish Dynamics. <i>SIAM Review</i> , 2002, 44, 311-370.	9.5	417
110	Numerical study of planktonâ€“fish dynamics in a spatially structured and noisy environment. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2002, 149, 247-255.	2.5	46
111	Allee effect makes possible patchy invasion in a predator-prey system. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2002, 5, 345-352.	6.4	146
112	Dynamical stabilization of an unstable equilibrium in chemical and biological systems. <i>Mathematical and Computer Modelling</i> , 2002, 36, 307-319.	2.0	41
113	Wave of Chaos: New Mechanism of Pattern Formation in Spatio-temporal Population Dynamics. <i>Theoretical Population Biology</i> , 2001, 59, 157-174.	1.1	197
114	Some exact solutions of a generalized Fisher equation related to the problem of biological invasion. <i>Mathematical Biosciences</i> , 2001, 172, 73-94.	1.9	42
115	Diffusive waves, dynamical stabilization and spatio-temporal chaos in a community of three competitive species. <i>Japan Journal of Industrial and Applied Mathematics</i> , 2001, 18, 459-481.	0.9	42
116	Increased Coupling Between Subpopulations in a Spatially Structured Environment Can Lead to Population Outbreaks. <i>Journal of Theoretical Biology</i> , 2001, 212, 549-562.	1.7	11
117	Pattern formation in models of plankton dynamics. A synthesis. <i>Oceanologica Acta: European Journal of Oceanology - Revue Europeene De Oceanologie</i> , 2001, 24, 479-487.	0.7	28
118	SPATIO-TEMPORAL CHAOS IN AN ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITY AS A RESPONSE TO UNFAVOURABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CHANGES. <i>International Journal of Modeling, Simulation, and Scientific Computing</i> , 2001, 04, 227-249.	1.4	12
119	Critical phenomena in plankton communities: KISS model revisited. <i>Nonlinear Analysis: Real World Applications</i> , 2000, 1, 37-51.	1.7	46
120	Spatio-temporal pattern formation in coupled models of plankton dynamics and fish school motion. <i>Nonlinear Analysis: Real World Applications</i> , 2000, 1, 53-67.	1.7	53
121	On the plankton front waves accelerated by marine turbulence. <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 1999, 21, 179-188.	2.1	18
122	Approximate determination of the magnitude of the critical size in the problem of the evolution of an impact. <i>Journal of Engineering Physics and Thermophysics</i> , 1994, 66, 346-352.	0.6	7