

# Travis A Wearne

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/6015989/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

31  
papers

476  
citations

840585

11  
h-index

752573

20  
g-index

31  
all docs

31  
docs citations

31  
times ranked

600  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Calling on clinicians to get social and emotional. <i>Clinical Neuropsychologist</i> , 2023, 37, 506-544.	1.5	4
2	The complex audio visual emotion assessment task (CAVEAT): development of a shorter version for clinical use. <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> , 2022, 44, 1498-1507.	0.9	3
3	Social cognition in female adults with Anorexia Nervosa: A systematic review. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2022, 132, 197-210.	2.9	16
4	Interpersonal functioning in hoarding: An investigation of the link between hoarding symptoms and social support, social anhedonia, and social rewards. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders Reports</i> , 2022, 8, 100313.	0.9	8
5	Social cognition v. emotional intelligence in first-episode psychosis: are they the same?. <i>Psychological Medicine</i> , 2021, 51, 1229-1230.	2.7	1
6	tDCS effects on task-related activation and working memory performance in traumatic brain injury: A within group randomized controlled trial. <i>Neuropsychological Rehabilitation</i> , 2021, 31, 814-836.	1.0	11
7	Investigating associations between hoarding symptoms and affective and cognitive empathy. <i>British Journal of Clinical Psychology</i> , 2021, 60, 177-193.	1.7	5
8	Regulating emotion following severe traumatic brain injury: a randomized controlled trial of heart-rate variability biofeedback training. <i>Brain Injury</i> , 2021, 35, 1390-1401.	0.6	8
9	The prevalence, predictors, associated symptoms, and outcomes of social disinhibition following moderate-to-severe TBI: A scoping review of quantitative evidence. <i>Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology</i> , 2021, 43, 716-736.	0.8	6
10	Psychosocial functioning following moderate-to-severe pediatric traumatic brain injury: recommended outcome instruments for research and remediation studies. <i>Neuropsychological Rehabilitation</i> , 2020, 30, 973-987.	1.0	7
11	Empathy for people with similar experiences: Can the perception-action model explain empathy impairments after traumatic brain injury?. <i>Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology</i> , 2020, 42, 28-41.	0.8	5
12	Understanding how others feel: Evaluating the relationship between empathy and various aspects of emotion recognition following severe traumatic brain injury.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2020, 34, 288-297.	1.0	12
13	Social and affective neuroscience: an Australian perspective. <i>Social Cognitive and Affective Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 15, 965-980.	1.5	0
14	Inhibitory regulation of the prefrontal cortex following behavioral sensitization to amphetamine and/or methamphetamine psychostimulants: A review of GABAergic mechanisms. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 95, 109681.	2.5	21
15	Anxiety sensitivity moderates the subjective experience but not the physiological response to psychosocial stress. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2019, 141, 76-83.	0.5	17
16	Emotion recognition depends on subjective emotional experience and not on facial expressivity: evidence from traumatic brain injury. <i>Brain Injury</i> , 2019, 33, 12-22.	0.6	15
17	Outcome instruments in moderate-to-severe adult traumatic brain injury: recommendations for use in psychosocial research. <i>Neuropsychological Rehabilitation</i> , 2019, 29, 896-916.	1.0	51
18	Subjective emotional experience and physiological responsivity to posed emotions in people with traumatic brain injury.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2019, 33, 1151-1162.	1.0	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Preserved rapid conceptual processing of emotional expressions despite reduced neuropsychological performance following traumatic brain injury.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2019, 33, 872-882.	1.0	3
20	Elucidating the Role of the Ventrolateral Prefrontal Cortex in Economic Decision-Making. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 38, 4059-4061.	1.7	3
21	A Comparison of Methamphetamine-Induced Psychosis and Schizophrenia: A Review of Positive, Negative, and Cognitive Symptomatology. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2018, 9, 491.	1.3	85
22	Behavioral sensitization to methamphetamine induces specific interneuronal mRNA pathology across the prelimbic and orbitofrontal cortices. <i>Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2017, 77, 42-48.	2.5	11
23	Neurochemistry of neurons in the ventrolateral medulla activated by hypotension: Are the same neurons activated by glucoprivation?. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 2017, 525, 2249-2264.	0.9	12
24	The behavioral effects of chronic sugar and/or caffeine consumption in adult and adolescent rats.. <i>Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 131, 348-358.	0.6	5
25	Quantitative shotgun proteomics reveals extensive changes to the proteome of the orbitofrontal cortex in rats that are hyperactive following withdrawal from a high sugar diet. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2016, 16, 657-673.	1.3	10
26	Effects of acute and chronic systemic methamphetamine on respiratory, cardiovascular and metabolic function, and cardiorespiratory reflexes. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2016, 594, 763-780.	1.3	67
27	Extended exposure to sugar and/or caffeine produces distinct behavioral and neurochemical profiles in the orbitofrontal cortex of rats: Implications for neural function. <i>Proteomics</i> , 2016, 16, 2894-2910.	1.3	2
28	GABAergic mRNA expression is differentially expressed across the prelimbic and orbitofrontal cortices of rats sensitized to methamphetamine: Relevance to psychosis. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 111, 107-118.	2.0	17
29	Quantitative Proteomic Analysis of the Orbital Frontal Cortex in Rats Following Extended Exposure to Caffeine Reveals Extensive Changes to Protein Expression: Implications for Neurological Disease. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2016, 15, 1455-1471.	1.8	8
30	GABAergic mRNA expression is upregulated in the prefrontal cortex of rats sensitized to methamphetamine. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2016, 297, 224-230.	1.2	23
31	Methamphetamine-Induced Sensitization Is Associated with Alterations to the Proteome of the Prefrontal Cortex: Implications for the Maintenance of Psychotic Disorders. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2015, 14, 397-410.	1.8	36