AndrÃ©s DÃ-az-LÃ³pez

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

42 papers	1,966 citations	279487 23 h-index	288905 40 g-index
42 all docs	42 docs citations	42 times ranked	3454 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Effect of a Lifestyle Intervention Program With Energy-Restricted Mediterranean Diet and Exercise on Weight Loss and Cardiovascular Risk Factors: One-Year Results of the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 777-788.	4.3	239
2	Effect of the glycemic index of the diet on weight loss, modulation of satiety, inflammation, and other metabolic risk factors: a randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 27-35.	2.2	129
3	Consumption of Yogurt, Low-Fat Milk, and Other Low-Fat Dairy Products Is Associated with Lower Risk of Metabolic Syndrome Incidence in an Elderly Mediterranean Population. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 2308-2316.	1.3	127
4	Dairy product consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes in an elderly Spanish Mediterranean population at high cardiovascular risk. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 349-360.	1.8	122
5	Legume consumption is inversely associated with type 2 diabetes incidence in adults: A prospective assessment from the PREDIMED study. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 906-913.	2.3	108
6	Mediterranean Diet, Retinopathy, Nephropathy, and Microvascular Diabetes Complications: A Post Hoc Analysis of a Randomized Trial. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 2134-2141.	4.3	104
7	Mediterranean diet and quality of life: Baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-PLUS trial. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198974.	1.1	100
8	Effect of a Nutritional and Behavioral Intervention on Energy-Reduced Mediterranean Diet Adherence Among Patients With Metabolic Syndrome. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 322, 1486.	3.8	100
9	Dietary Marine Ï‰-3 Fatty Acids and Incident Sight-Threatening Retinopathy in Middle-Aged and Older Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2016, 134, 1142.	1.4	92
10	Reduced Serum Concentrations of Carboxylated and Undercarboxylated Osteocalcin Are Associated With Risk of Developing Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in a High Cardiovascular Risk Population: A Nested Case-Control Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 98, 4524-4531.	1.8	83
11	Increased Serum Calcium Levels and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in Individuals at High Cardiovascular Risk. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 3084-3091.	4.3	67
12	Effects of Mediterranean Diets on Kidney Function: A Report From the PREDIMED Trial. American Journal of Kidney Diseases, 2012, 60, 380-389.	2.1	59
13	Yogurt and Diabetes: Overview of Recent Observational Studies. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 1452S-1461S.	1.3	59
14	Validity of the energy-restricted Mediterranean Diet Adherence Screener. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 4971-4979.	2.3	57
15	Leisure-time physical activity, sedentary behaviors, sleep, and cardiometabolic risk factors at baseline in the PREDIMED-PLUS intervention trial: A cross-sectional analysis. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0172253.	1.1	48
16	Physical fitness and physical activity association with cognitive function and quality of life: baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus trial. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 3472.	1.6	47
17	Leisure-time physical activity at moderate and high intensity is associated with parameters of body composition, muscle strength and sarcopenia in aged adults with obesity and metabolic syndrome from the PREDIMED-Plus study. Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 38, 1324-1331.	2.3	46
18	Seafood Consumption, Omega-3 Fatty Acids Intake, and Life-Time Prevalence of Depression in the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 2000.	1.7	43

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Dietary Diversity and Nutritional Adequacy among an Older Spanish Population with Metabolic Syndrome in the PREDIMED-Plus Study: A Cross-Sectional Analysis. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 958.	1.7	35
20	Body adiposity indicators and cardiometabolic risk: Cross-sectional analysis in participants from the PREDIMED-Plus trial. Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 38, 1883-1891.	2.3	34
21	Cross-sectional associations between macronutrient intake and chronic kidney disease in a population at high cardiovascular risk. Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 32, 606-612.	2.3	33
22	Diet quality and nutrient density in subjects with metabolic syndrome: Influence of socioeconomic status and lifestyle factors. A cross-sectional assessment in the PREDIMED-Plus study. Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 39, 1161-1173.	2.3	28
23	Variety in fruits and vegetables, diet quality and lifestyle in an older adult mediterranean population. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 1510-1518.	2.3	27
24	Adherence to an Energy-restricted Mediterranean Diet Score and Prevalence of Cardiovascular Risk Factors in the PREDIMED-Plus: A Cross-sectional Study. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed), 2019, 72, 925-934.	0.4	26
25	Serum sTWEAK Concentrations and Risk of Developing Type 2 Diabetes in a High Cardiovascular Risk Population: A Nested Case-Control Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 98, 3482-3490.	1.8	20
26	Association between Iron Status and Incident Type 2 Diabetes: A Population-Based Cohort Study. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3249.	1.7	17
27	Multiple approaches to associations of physical activity and adherence to the Mediterranean diet with all-cause mortality in older adults: the PREvenciÃ³n con DIeta MEDiterrÃ¡nea study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 58, 1569-1578.	1.8	16
28	Sleep Duration is Inversely Associated with Serum Uric Acid Concentrations and Uric Acid to Creatinine Ratio in an Elderly Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 761.	1.7	14
29	Association between dairy product consumption and hyperuricemia in an elderly population with metabolic syndrome. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2020, 30, 214-222.	1.1	14
30	Simple sugar intake and cancer incidence, cancer mortality and all-cause mortality: A cohort study from the PREDIMED trial. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 5269-5277.	2.3	14
31	Dietary Intake in Population with Metabolic Syndrome: Is the Prevalence of Inadequate Intake Influenced by Geographical Area? Cross-Sectional Analysis from PREDIMED-Plus Study. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1661.	1.7	9
32	High and Low Haemoglobin Levels in Early Pregnancy Are Associated to a Higher Risk of Miscarriage: A Population-Based Cohort Study. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 1578.	1.7	9
33	Cross-sectional association between non-soy legume consumption, serum uric acid and hyperuricemia: the PREDIMED-Plus study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 2195-2206.	1.8	8
34	Prevalence and risk factors of hypovitaminosis D in pregnant Spanish women. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 15757.	1.6	7
35	Urinary Resveratrol Metabolites Output: Differential Associations with Cardiometabolic Markers and Liver Enzymes in House-Dwelling Subjects Featuring Metabolic Syndrome. Molecules, 2020, 25, 4340.	1.7	6
36	Mediterranean Diet and White Blood Cell Countâ€"A Randomized Controlled Trial. Foods, 2021, 10, 1268.	1.9	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Fluid and total water intake in a senior mediterranean population at high cardiovascular risk: demographic and lifestyle determinants in the PREDIMED-Plus study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 1595-1606.	1.8	4
38	Supplementation of Infant Formula and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes: a Systematic Review. Current Nutrition Reports, 2022, 11, 283-300.	2.1	4
39	Prospective associations between a priori dietary patterns adherence and kidney function in an elderly Mediterranean population at high cardiovascular risk. European Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 61, 3095-3108.	1.8	3
40	Prevalence and Risk Factors of Food Insecurity among Mexican University Studentsâ€™ Households. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 3426.	1.7	2
41	Mediterranean Diet and Physical Activity Decrease the Initiation of Cardiovascular Drug Use in High Cardiovascular Risk Individuals: A Cohort Study. Antioxidants, 2021, 10, 397.	2.2	1
42	In reply to letter to the editor from Dr. Kawada regarding the publication â€œDairy product consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes in an elderly Spanish Mediterranean population at high cardiovascular riskâ€. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 2337-2338.	1.8	0