## David Donze

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Genetic screen for suppressors of increased silencing in <i>rpd3</i> mutants in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> identifies a potential role for H3K4 methylation. G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2021, 11, .	1.8	1
2	Transcription factor Reb1 is required for proper transcriptional start site usage at the divergently transcribed TFC6-ESC2 locus in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Gene, 2016, 594, 108-116.	2.2	9
3	Compromised RNA polymerase III complex assembly leads to local alterations of intergenic RNA polymerase II transcription in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. BMC Biology, 2014, 12, 89.	3.8	12
4	Intergenic Transcriptional Interference Is Blocked by RNA Polymerase III Transcription Factor TFIIIB in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . Genetics, 2014, 196, 427-438.	2.9	14
5	TFIIIC localizes budding yeast <i>ETC</i> sites to the nuclear periphery. Molecular Biology of the Cell, 2012, 23, 2741-2754.	2.1	28
6	Extra-transcriptional functions of RNA Polymerase III complexes: TFIIIC as a potential global chromatin bookmark. Gene, 2012, 493, 169-175.	2.2	41
7	Expression of yeast high mobility group protein HMO1 is regulated by TOR signaling. Gene, 2011, 489, 55-62.	2.2	24
8	Autoregulation of an RNA polymerase II promoter by the RNA polymerase III transcription factor III C (TF <sub>III</sub> C) complex. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2011, 108, 8385-8389.	7.1	25
9	Functional Characterization of the Chlamydomonas reinhardtii ERG3 Ortholog, a Gene Involved in the Biosynthesis of Ergosterol. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e8659.	2.5	29
10	TFIIIC Binding Sites Function as both Heterochromatin Barriers and Chromatin Insulators in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . Eukaryotic Cell, 2008, 7, 2078-2086.	3.4	79
11	Requirement of Nhp6 Proteins for Transcription of a Subset of tRNA Genes and Heterochromatin Barrier Function in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2007, 27, 1545-1557.	2.3	40
12	Multiple Bromodomain Genes Are Involved in Restricting the Spread of Heterochromatic Silencing at the Saccharomyces cerevisiae HMR-tRNA Boundary. Genetics, 2005, 171, 913-922.	2.9	55
13	Modulation of Yeast Genome Expression in Response to Defective RNA Polymerase III-Dependent Transcription. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2005, 25, 8631-8642.	2.3	36
14	The Saccharomyces cerevisiae TRT2 tRNAThr gene upstream of STE6 is a barrier to repression in MATÂ cells and exerts a potential tRNA position effect in MATa cells. Nucleic Acids Research, 2004, 32, 5206-5213.	14.5	37
15	Breaking the Histone Code of Silence: The Propagation and Blocking of Heterochromatin. Current Organic Chemistry, 2004, 8, 211-221.	1.6	3
16	Braking the silence: How heterochromatic gene repression is stopped in its tracks. BioEssays, 2002, 24, 344-349.	2.5	69
17	Role of Erythroid Kruppel-like Factor in Human Î <sup>3</sup> - to Î <sup>2</sup> -Globin Gene Switching. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 1995, 270, 1955-1959.	3.4	197
18	Multiple elements in human β-globin locus control region 5′ HS 2 are involved in enhancer activity and position independent, transgene expression. Nucleic Acids Research, 1994, 22, 1006-1011.	14.5	92

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19	Cloning and functional characterization of LCR-F1: a bZIP transcription factor that activates erythroid-specific, human globin gene expression. Nucleic Acids Research, 1994, 22, 2383-2391.	14.5	139
20	Relationships among the bdellovibrios revealed by partial sequences of 16S ribosomal RNA. Current Microbiology, 1991, 23, 115-119.	2.2	19