## Jason D Sacks

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Particulate Matter–Induced Health Effects: Who Is Susceptible?. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2011, 119, 446-454.	6.0	447
2	Disparities in Distribution of Particulate Matter Emission Sources by Race and Poverty Status. American Journal of Public Health, 2018, 108, 480-485.	2.7	238
3	Attributing health effects to apportioned components and sources of particulate matter: An evaluation of collective results. Atmospheric Environment, 2011, 45, 5655-5663.	4.1	202
4	The Effect of Ambient Air Pollution on Sperm Quality. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2010, 118, 203-209.	6.0	127
5	The Environmental Benefits Mapping and Analysis Program–ÂCommunity Edition (BenMAP–CE): A tool to estimate the health and economic benefits of reducing air pollution. Environmental Modelling and Software, 2018, 104, 118-129.	4.5	122
6	A systematic review of cardiovascular emergency department visits, hospital admissions and mortality associated with ambient black carbon. Environment International, 2017, 107, 154-162.	10.0	92
7	Influence of exposure differences on city-to-city heterogeneity in PM2.5-mortality associations in US cities. Environmental Health, 2017, 16, 1.	4.0	62
8	Current approaches used in epidemiologic studies to examine short-term multipollutant air pollution exposures. Annals of Epidemiology, 2017, 27, 145-153.e1.	1.9	60
9	Susceptibility of older adults to health effects induced by ambient air pollutants regulated by the European Union and the United States. Aging Clinical and Experimental Research, 2013, 25, 3-8.	2.9	52
10	Influence of Urbanicity and County Characteristics on the Association between Ozone and Asthma Emergency Department Visits in North Carolina. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 506-512.	6.0	50
11	Evaluating Potential Response-Modifying Factors for Associations between Ozone and Health Outcomes: A Weight-of-Evidence Approach. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 1166-1176.	6.0	41
12	The Environmental Benefits Mapping and Analysis Program - Community Edition (BenMAP-CE): A tool to estimate the health and economic benefits of reducing air pollution. Environmental Modelling and Software, 2018, 104, 118-129.	4.5	39
13	Quantifying the Public Health Benefits of Reducing Air Pollution: Critically Assessing the Features and Capabilities of WHO's AirQ+ and U.S. EPA's Environmental Benefits Mapping and Analysis Program—Community Edition (BenMAP—CE). Atmosphere, 2020, 11, 516.	2.3	35
14	Examining the effects of air pollution composition on within region differences in PM2.5 mortality risk estimates. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2013, 23, 457-465.	3.9	30
15	Disparities in Distribution of Particulate Matter Emissions from US Coal-Fired Power Plants by Race and Poverty Status After Accounting for Reductions in Operations Between 2015 and 2017. American Journal of Public Health, 2020, 110, 655-661.	2.7	28
16	Impact of Covariate Models on the Assessment of the Air Pollution-Mortality Association in a Single- and Multipollutant Context. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 176, 622-634.	3.4	21
17	Regional variations in particulate matter composition and the ability of monitoring data to represent population exposures. Science of the Total Environment, 2011, 409, 5129-5135.	8.0	17
18	Contribution of Particle-Size-Fractionated Airborne Lead to Blood Lead during the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1999–2008. Environmental Science & Technology, 2014, 48, 1263-1270.	10.0	16

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19	Clustering cities with similar fine particulate matter exposure characteristics based on residential infiltration and in-vehicle commuting factors. Science of the Total Environment, 2014, 470-471, 631-638.	8.0	9
20	Systematic review of differential inorganic arsenic exposure in minority, low-income, and indigenous populations in the United States. Environment International, 2016, 92-93, 707-715.	10.0	9
21	Epidemiology: a foundation of environmental decision making. Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 515-521.	3.9	7
22	Quantitative Characterization of Uncertainty in the Concentration–Response Relationship between Long-Term PM <sub>2.5</sub> Exposure and Mortality at Low Concentrations. Environmental Science & Technology, 2020, 54, 10191-10200.	10.0	7
23	Evaluation of the Health Impacts of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments Using Causal Inference and Machine Learning. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 2020, 1, 1-12.	3.1	6
24	Exploration of PM mass, source, and component-related factors that might explain heterogeneity in daily PM2.5-mortality associations across the United States. Atmospheric Environment, 2021, 262, 118650.	4.1	1
25	Comment on "Co-Benefits to Children's Health of the U.S. Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiativeâ€. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2020, 128, 128001.	6.0	1
26	A Need for Better Studies to Identify Those Populations at Greatest Risk of a Pollutant-Related Health Effect. Journal of Pediatrics, 2016, 168, 11-13.	1.8	0
27	Using Science to Shape Policy. Molecular and Integrative Toxicology, 2015, , 403-436.	0.5	0