Jens Friis Lund

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

236925 223800 2,161 51 25 46 h-index citations g-index papers 52 52 52 1797 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Democratic decentralization in sub-Saharan Africa: its contribution to forest management, livelihoods, and enfranchisement. Environmental Conservation, 2010, 37, 35-44.	1.3	166
2	Revisiting the Issue of Elite Capture of Participatory Initiatives. World Development, 2013, 46, 104-112.	4.9	157
3	Promising Change, Delivering Continuity: REDD+ as Conservation Fad. World Development, 2017, 89, 124-139.	4.9	154
4	Are We Getting There? Evidence of Decentralized Forest Management from the Tanzanian Miombo Woodlands. World Development, 2008, 36, 2780-2800.	4.9	136
5	Negative emissions and the long history of carbon removal. Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews: Climate Change, 2020, 11, e671.	8.1	114
6	Roots of inequity: How the implementation of REDD+ reinforces past injustices. Land Use Policy, 2016, 50, 202-213.	5.6	102
7	Community-based Monitoring of Natural Resource Use and Forest Quality in Montane Forests and Miombo Woodlands of Tanzania. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2005, 14, 2653-2677.	2.6	93
8	The importance of local forest benefits: Economic valuation of Non-Timber Forest Products in the Eastern Arc Mountains in Tanzania. Global Environmental Change, 2014, 24, 295-305.	7.8	74
9	Territoriality by Conservation in the Selous–Niassa Corridor in Tanzania. World Development, 2018, 101, 453-465.	4.9	67
10	Neither fast, nor easy: the prospect of Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and Degradation (REDD) in Ghana. International Forestry Review, 2009, 11, 439-455.	0.6	65
11	Paradoxes of participation: The logic of professionalization in participatory forestry. Forest Policy and Economics, 2015, 60, 1-6.	3.4	60
12	Where and How Can Participatory Forest Management Succeed? Learning From Tanzania, Mozambique, and Laos. Society and Natural Resources, 2009, 23, 31-44.	1.9	59
13	The public finance potential of community forestry in Nepal. Ecological Economics, 2012, 73, 113-121.	5.7	57
14	Between dependence and deprivation: The interlocking nature of land alienation in Tanzania. Journal of Agrarian Change, 2018, 18, 806-830.	1.8	57
15	Towards transferable functions for extraction of Non-timber Forest Products: A case study on charcoal production in Tanzania. Ecological Economics, 2012, 80, 48-62.	5.7	53
16	Trends in research on forestry decentralization policies. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability, 2018, 32, 17-22.	6.3	53
17	Tenure and Forest Income: Observations from a Global Study on Forests and Poverty. World Development, 2014, 64, S43-S55.	4.9	52
18	Is small beautiful? Village level taxation of natural resources in Tanzania. Public Administration and Development, 2007, 27, 307-318.	1.8	47

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19	The politics of expertise in participatory forestry: a case from Tanzania. Forest Policy and Economics, 2015, 60, 27-34.	3.4	47
20	Do intermediary institutions promote inclusiveness in PES programs? The case of Costa Rica. Geoforum, 2013, 49, 50-60.	2.5	40
21	Does participatory forest management promote sustainable forest utilisation in Tanzania?. International Forestry Review, 2014, 16, 23-38.	0.6	37
22	Factors affecting certification uptake â€" Perspectives from the timber industry in Ghana. Forest Policy and Economics, 2012, 25, 83-92.	3.4	34
23	Who benefits from taxation of forest products in Nepal's community forests?. Forest Policy and Economics, 2014, 38, 119-125.	3.4	33
24	What's in a name? Unpacking & Department of the second sec	2.3	33
25	Impact of Tanzania's Wildlife Management Areas on household wealth. Nature Sustainability, 2020, 3, 226-233.	23.7	28
26	The political economy of timber taxation: The case of Chana. Forest Policy and Economics, 2011, 13, 630-641.	3.4	26
27	Policy persistence: REDD+ between stabilization and contestation. Journal of Political Ecology, 2020, 27, .	0.7	26
28	The use and usefulness of inventory-based management planning to forest management: Evidence from community forestry in Nepal. Forest Policy and Economics, 2015, 60, 35-49.	3.4	25
29	Mixed method approaches to evaluate conservation impact: evidence from decentralized forest management in Tanzania. Environmental Conservation, 2015, 42, 162-170.	1.3	23
30	Unpacking the impacts of â€~participatory' forestry policies: Evidence from Kenya. Forest Policy and Economics, 2016, 69, 45-52.	3.4	23
31	Curse or blessing? Local elites in Joint Forest Management in India's Shiwaliks. International Journal of the Commons, 2010, 4, 707.	1.4	23
32	Accounting matters: Revisiting claims of decoupling and genuine green growth in Nordic countries. Ecological Economics, 2021, 187, 107101.	5.7	21
33	Forest Rights: The Hard Currency of REDD+. Conservation Letters, 2014, 7, 278-284.	5.7	20
34	Perception-based Methods to Evaluate Conservation Impact in Forests Managed Through Popular Participation. Ecology and Society, 2010, 15, .	2.3	18
35	Against all policies: Landscape level forest restoration in Tanzania. World Development Perspectives, 2016, 3, 35-37.	2.0	17
36	Imagined Forestry: The History of the Scientific Management of Ghana's High Forest Zone. Environment and History, 2017, 23, 3-38.	0.3	17

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37	Targeting the poor: Taxation of marketed forest products in developing countries. Journal of Forest Economics, 2008, 14, 197-224.	0.2	16
38	WHAT ROLE FOR GOVERNMENT? THE PROMOTION OF CIVIL SOCIETY THROUGH FORESTRYâ€RELATED CLIMATE CHANGE INTERVENTIONS IN POSTâ€CONFLICT NEPAL. Public Administration and Development, 2014, 34, 406-421.	1.8	14
39	Towards a more balanced view on the potentials of locally-based monitoring. Biodiversity and Conservation, 2014, 23, 237-239.	2.6	12
40	Bringing back complex socio-ecological realities to the study of CBNRM impacts: a response to Lee and Bond (2018). Journal of Mammalogy, 2018, 99, 1539-1542.	1.3	11
41	A quasi-experimental study of impacts of Tanzania's wildlife management areas on rural livelihoods and wealth. Scientific Data, 2018, 5, 180087.	5.3	11
42	Is recreational hunting important for landscape multi-functionality? Evidence from Denmark. Land Use Policy, 2017, 61, 389-397.	5.6	8
43	Decolonizing forestry: overcoming the symbolic violence of forestry education in Tanzania. Critical African Studies, 2020, 12, 354-371.	0.9	8
44	Forestry taxation for sustainability: theoretical ideals and empirical realities. Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability, 2018, 32, 23-28.	6.3	7
45	Landowners' wildlife value orientations, attitudes and behaviour in relation to game management practices. European Journal of Wildlife Research, 2019, 65, 1.	1.4	7
46	When conservation research goes awry: A reply to Mascia and Mills (2018). Conservation Letters, 2018, 11, e12461.	5.7	4
47	In search of conservation impact. A comment on Schusser 2012: Who determines biodiversity? An analysis of actors' power and interests in community forestry in Namibia. Forest Policy and Economics, 2014, 38, 227-228.	3.4	3
48	Of mice and men: Why the unintended consequences of carbon markets matter. Land Use Policy, 2017, 61, 99-102.	5.6	3
49	Africa, Tropical Timber, Turfs, and Trade: Geographic Perspectives on Ghana's Timber Industry and Development by J. H. Owusu Lanham, MD: Lexington Books, 2012. Pp. 282. £44.95 (hbk) Journal of Modern African Studies, 2013, 51, 375-376.	0.6	O
50	Things Fall Apart? The Political Ecology of Forest Governance in Southern Nigeria by Pauline von Hellermann New York: Berghahn, 2013. Pp. 206. US\$70.00 (hbk). Journal of Modern African Studies, 2014, 52, 686-687.	0.6	0
51	Appadurai on <i>The dawn of everything</i> Anthropology Today, 2022, 38, 28-28.	0.5	O