

Yunne-Jai Shin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

74
papers

6,915
citations

81900

39
h-index

79698

73
g-index

80
all docs

80
docs citations

80
times ranked

7758
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Using species distribution models only may underestimate climate change impacts on future marine biodiversity. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2022, 464, 109826. | 2.5 | 19 |
| 2 | Actions to halt biodiversity loss generally benefit the climate. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 2846-2874. | 9.5 | 51 |
| 3 | Can We Avoid Tacit Trade-Offs between Flexibility and Efficiency in Systematic Conservation Planning? The Mediterranean Sea as a Case Study. <i>Diversity</i> , 2022, 14, 9. | 1.7 | 0 |
| 4 | Identifying uncertainties in scenarios and models of socio-ecological systems in support of decision-making. <i>One Earth</i> , 2021, 4, 967-985. | 6.8 | 29 |
| 5 | Contrasted patterns in climate change risk for Mediterranean fisheries. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2021, 27, 5920-5933. | 9.5 | 10 |
| 6 | Making spatial-temporal marine ecosystem modelling better – A perspective. <i>Environmental Modelling and Software</i> , 2021, 145, 105209. | 4.5 | 26 |
| 7 | Next-generation ensemble projections reveal higher climate risks for marine ecosystems. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2021, 11, 973-981. | 18.8 | 96 |
| 8 | Responses of ecological indicators to fishing pressure under environmental change: exploring non-linearity and thresholds. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2020, 77, 1516-1531. | 2.5 | 19 |
| 9 | Incorporating environmental forcing in developing ecosystem-based fisheries management strategies. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2020, 77, 500-514. | 2.5 | 7 |
| 10 | The Cumulative Effects of Fishing, Plankton Productivity, and Marine Mammal Consumption in a Marine Ecosystem. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2020, 7, . | 2.5 | 7 |
| 11 | Set ambitious goals for biodiversity and sustainability. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 370, 411-413. | 12.6 | 225 |
| 12 | The Ocean Decade: A True Ecosystem Modeling Challenge. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2020, 7, . | 2.5 | 46 |
| 13 | Post-2020 biodiversity targets need to embrace climate change. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 30882-30891. | 7.1 | 160 |
| 14 | Evaluating impacts of pulse fishing on the effectiveness of seasonal closure. <i>Acta Oceanologica Sinica</i> , 2020, 39, 89-99. | 1.0 | 7 |
| 15 | Investments' role in ecosystem degradation – Response. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 368, 377-377. | 12.6 | 5 |
| 16 | A Response to Scientific and Societal Needs for Marine Biological Observations. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2019, 6, . | 2.5 | 26 |
| 17 | An End-to-End Model Reveals Losers and Winners in a Warming Mediterranean Sea. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2019, 6, . | 2.5 | 66 |
| 18 | Ecosystem-based reference points under varying plankton productivity states and fisheries management strategies. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2019, 76, 2045-2059. | 2.5 | 14 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Exploring the usefulness of scenario archetypes in science-policy processes: experience across IPBES assessments. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2019, 24, . | 2.3 | 32 |
| 20 | Capturing the big picture of Mediterranean marine biodiversity with an end-to-end model of climate and fishing impacts. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2019, 178, 102179. | 3.2 | 28 |
| 21 | Reference levels of ecosystem indicators at multispecies maximum sustainable yield. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2019, 76, 2070-2081. | 2.5 | 11 |
| 22 | Implementation of an end-to-end model of the Gulf of Lions ecosystem (NW Mediterranean Sea). II. Investigating the effects of high trophic levels on nutrients and plankton dynamics and associated feedbacks. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2019, 405, 51-68. | 2.5 | 5 |
| 23 | Making ecological indicators management ready: Assessing the specificity, sensitivity, and threshold response of ecological indicators. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 105, 16-28. | 6.3 | 41 |
| 24 | Global ensemble projections reveal trophic amplification of ocean biomass declines with climate change. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2019, 116, 12907-12912. | 7.1 | 357 |
| 25 | Implementation of an end-to-end model of the Gulf of Lions ecosystem (NW Mediterranean Sea). I. Parameterization, calibration and evaluation. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2019, 401, 1-19. | 2.5 | 13 |
| 26 | Building bridges between global information systems on marine organisms and ecosystem models. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2019, 398, 1-19. | 2.5 | 2 |
| 27 | Pervasive human-driven decline of life on Earth points to the need for transformative change. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 366, . | 12.6 | 1,213 |
| 28 | An end-to-end model to evaluate the sensitivity of ecosystem indicators to track fishing impacts. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2019, 98, 121-130. | 6.3 | 13 |
| 29 | The specificity of marine ecological indicators to fishing in the face of environmental change: A multi-model evaluation. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2018, 89, 317-326. | 6.3 | 58 |
| 30 | Essential ocean variables for global sustained observations of biodiversity and ecosystem changes. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 2416-2433. | 9.5 | 272 |
| 31 | Risky business: The combined effects of fishing and changes in primary productivity on fish communities. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2018, 368, 265-276. | 2.5 | 67 |
| 32 | Linking Capacity Development to GOOS Monitoring Networks to Achieve Sustained Ocean Observation. <i>Frontiers in Marine Science</i> , 2018, 5, . | 2.5 | 49 |
| 33 | A protocol for the intercomparison of marine fishery and ecosystem models: Fish-MIP v1.0. <i>Geoscientific Model Development</i> , 2018, 11, 1421-1442. | 3.6 | 116 |
| 34 | Evaluating the specificity of ecosystem indicators to fishing in a changing environment: A model comparison study for the southern Benguela ecosystem. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2018, 95, 85-98. | 6.3 | 13 |
| 35 | A sequential approach to calibrate ecosystem models with multiple time series data. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2017, 151, 227-244. | 3.2 | 24 |
| 36 | Spatial and temporal dynamics of predator-prey species interactions off western Canada. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2017, 74, 2107-2119. | 2.5 | 29 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 37 | An individual-based model for simulating the ecosystem dynamics of Jiaozhou Bay, China. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2017, 360, 120-131. | 2.5 | 14 |
| 38 | Ecosystem indicators' accounting for variability in species' trophic levels. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2017, 74, 158-169. | 2.5 | 41 |
| 39 | Strong fisheries management and governance positively impact ecosystem status. <i>Fish and Fisheries</i> , 2017, 18, 412-439. | 5.3 | 54 |
| 40 | Modelling food web structure using an end-to-end approach in the coastal ecosystem of the Gulf of Gabes (Tunisia). <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2016, 339, 45-57. | 2.5 | 32 |
| 41 | Management strategy evaluation using the individual-based, multispecies modeling approach OSMOSE. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2016, 340, 86-105. | 2.5 | 56 |
| 42 | Estimating natural mortality rates and simulating fishing scenarios for Gulf of Mexico red grouper (<i>Epinephelus morio</i>) using the ecosystem model OSMOSE-WFS. <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 2016, 154, 264-279. | 2.1 | 51 |
| 43 | Ecological indicators to capture the effects of fishing on biodiversity and conservation status of marine ecosystems. <i>Ecological Indicators</i> , 2016, 60, 947-962. | 6.3 | 120 |
| 44 | Evaluating changes in marine communities that provide ecosystem services through comparative assessments of community indicators. <i>Ecosystem Services</i> , 2015, 16, 413-429. | 5.4 | 22 |
| 45 | Relationships among fisheries exploitation, environmental conditions, and ecological indicators across a series of marine ecosystems. <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 2015, 148, 101-111. | 2.1 | 42 |
| 46 | Evaluation of the trophic structure of the West Florida Shelf in the 2000s using the ecosystem model OSMOSE. <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 2015, 144, 30-47. | 2.1 | 37 |
| 47 | Combined Fishing and Climate Forcing in the Southern Benguela Upwelling Ecosystem: An End-to-End Modelling Approach Reveals Dampened Effects. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e94286. | 2.5 | 68 |
| 48 | An ecosystem modelling framework for incorporating climate regime shifts into fisheries management. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2013, 115, 53-64. | 3.2 | 31 |
| 49 | Global assessments of the status of marine exploited ecosystems and their management: what more is needed?. <i>Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability</i> , 2012, 4, 292-299. | 6.3 | 24 |
| 50 | Global in scope and regionally rich: an IndiSeas workshop helps shape the future of marine ecosystem indicators. <i>Reviews in Fish Biology and Fisheries</i> , 2012, 22, 835-845. | 4.9 | 55 |
| 51 | Impacts of Fishing Low Trophic Level Species on Marine Ecosystems. <i>Science</i> , 2011, 333, 1147-1150. | 12.6 | 481 |
| 52 | Coupling low and high trophic levels models: Towards a pathways-orientated approach for end-to-end models. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2010, 84, 105-112. | 3.2 | 57 |
| 53 | Comparing data-based indicators across upwelling and comparable systems for communicating ecosystem states and trends. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 807-832. | 2.5 | 50 |
| 54 | Can simple be useful and reliable? Using ecological indicators to represent and compare the states of marine ecosystems. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 717-731. | 2.5 | 100 |

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|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Using indicators for evaluating, comparing, and communicating the ecological status of exploited marine ecosystems. 1. The IndiSeas project. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 686-691. | 2.5 | 103 |
| 56 | Using indicators for evaluating, comparing, and communicating the ecological status of exploited marine ecosystems. 2. Setting the scene. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 692-716. | 2.5 | 156 |
| 57 | The good(ish), the bad, and the ugly: a tripartite classification of ecosystem trends. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 745-768. | 2.5 | 58 |
| 58 | Relating marine ecosystem indicators to fishing and environmental drivers: an elucidation of contrasting responses. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 787-795. | 2.5 | 107 |
| 59 | Ranking the ecological relative status of exploited marine ecosystems. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 769-786. | 2.5 | 60 |
| 60 | Application of an evolutionary algorithm to the inverse parameter estimation of an individual-based model. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2010, 221, 840-849. | 2.5 | 36 |
| 61 | End-to-end Models for the Analysis of Marine Ecosystems: Challenges, Issues, and Next Steps. <i>Marine and Coastal Fisheries</i> , 2010, 2, 115-130. | 1.4 | 202 |
| 62 | Trend analysis of indicators: a comparison of recent changes in the status of marine ecosystems around the world. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2010, 67, 732-744. | 2.5 | 102 |
| 63 | Exploring the effect of Marine Protected Areas on the dynamics of fish communities in the southern Benguela: an individual-based modelling approach. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2009, 66, 378-387. | 2.5 | 31 |
| 64 | Trophic structure of the Peruvian marine ecosystem in 2000–2006: Insights on the effects of management scenarios for the hake fishery using the IBM trophic model Osmose. <i>Journal of Marine Systems</i> , 2009, 75, 290-304. | 2.1 | 39 |
| 65 | Ecosystem oceanography for global change in fisheries. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2008, 23, 338-346. | 8.7 | 259 |
| 66 | Cultivation, Allee effect and resilience of large demersal fish populations. <i>Aquatic Living Resources</i> , 2008, 21, 287-295. | 1.2 | 15 |
| 67 | Modeling environmental effects on the size-structured energy flow through marine ecosystems. Part 2: Simulations. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2007, 74, 500-514. | 3.2 | 46 |
| 68 | Modeling environmental effects on the size-structured energy flow through marine ecosystems. Part 1: The model. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2007, 74, 479-499. | 3.2 | 103 |
| 69 | Towards end-to-end models for investigating the effects of climate and fishing in marine ecosystems. <i>Progress in Oceanography</i> , 2007, 75, 751-770. | 3.2 | 184 |
| 70 | Simulating and testing the sensitivity of ecosystem-based indicators to fishing in the southern Benguela ecosystem. <i>Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2006, 63, 943-956. | 1.4 | 53 |
| 71 | Using size-based indicators to evaluate the ecosystem effects of fishing. <i>ICES Journal of Marine Science</i> , 2005, 62, 384-396. | 2.5 | 423 |
| 72 | Using an individual-based model of fish assemblages to study the response of size spectra to changes in fishing. <i>Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2004, 61, 414-431. | 1.4 | 225 |

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| 73 | A mathematical derivation of size spectra in fish populations. <i>Comptes Rendus - Biologies</i> , 2004, 327, 245-254. | 0.2 | 12 |
| 74 | Interactions trophiques fondées sur la taille et dynamiques des communautés de poissons marins : exploration à l'aide d'un modèle spatial individus-centré. <i>Aquatic Living Resources</i> , 2001, 14, 65-80. | 1.2 | 190 |