M Todd Greene

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5829465/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

567281 454955 1,030 33 15 30 citations h-index g-index papers 33 33 33 1252 citing authors docs citations times ranked all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A Program to Prevent Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection in Acute Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2016, 374, 2111-2119.	27.0	223
2	Preventing Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection in the United States. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2013, 173, 874.	5.1	110
3	Assessing the Caprini Score for Risk Assessment of Venous Thromboembolism in Hospitalized Medical Patients. American Journal of Medicine, 2016, 129, 528-535.	1.5	87
4	Hospital Performance for Pharmacologic Venous Thromboembolism Prophylaxis and Rate of Venous Thromboembolism. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2014, 174, 1577.	5.1	85
5	A National Implementation Project to Prevent Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection in Nursing Home Residents. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2017, 177, 1154.	5.1	74
6	The Association Between PICC Use and Venous Thromboembolism in Upper and Lower Extremities. American Journal of Medicine, 2015, 128, 986-993.e1.	1.5	73
7	Validation of Risk Assessment Models of Venous Thromboembolism in Hospitalized Medical Patients. American Journal of Medicine, 2016, 129, 1001.e9-1001.e18.	1.5	69
8	Predictors of Hospital-Acquired Urinary Tract–Related Bloodstream Infection. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2012, 33, 1001-1007.	1.8	44
9	Regional Variation in Urinary Catheter Use and Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection: Results from a National Collaborative. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, S99-S106.	1.8	38
10	Evaluation of the association between Hospital Survey on Patient Safety Culture (HSOPS) measures and catheter-associated infections: results of two national collaboratives. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2017, 26, 226-235.	3.7	38
11	Health care–associated infection prevention in Japan: The role of safety culture. American Journal of Infection Control, 2014, 42, 888-893.	2.3	26
12	Do Safety Culture Scores in Nursing Homes Depend on Job Role and Ownership? Results from a National Survey. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2017, 65, 2244-2250.	2.6	22
13	Infection Prevention Practices in Japan, Thailand, and the United States: Results From National Surveys. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2017, 64, S105-S111.	5.8	20
14	Evaluation of the association between Nursing Home Survey on Patient Safety culture (NHSOPS) measures and catheter-associated urinary tract infections: results of a national collaborative. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2018, 27, 464-473.	3.7	19
15	Psychological safety and infection prevention practices: Results from a national survey. American Journal of Infection Control, 2020, 48, 2-6.	2.3	16
16	National survey of practices to prevent health care-associated infections in Thailand: The role of prevention bundles. American Journal of Infection Control, 2017, 45, 805-810.	2.3	9
17	Clostridium Difficile Infection in the United States: A National Study Assessing Preventive Practices Used and Perceptions of Practice Evidence. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2015, 36, 969-971.	1.8	8
18	Changes in health care-associated infection prevention practices in Japan: Results from 2 national surveys. American Journal of Infection Control, 2019, 47, 65-68.	2.3	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Preventing healthcare-associated infection in Switzerland: Results of a national survey. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2020, 41, 597-600.	1.8	8
20	Epidemiology of Hospital-Acquired Urinary Tract–Related Bloodstream Infection at a University Hospital. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2011, 32, 1127-1129.	1.8	8
21	Urinary Catheter Indications in the United States: Results from a National Survey of Acute Care Hospitals. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, S96-S98.	1.8	7
22	Urinary Catheter Indications in the United States: Results from a National Survey of Acute Care Hospitals. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2014, 35, S96-S98.	1.8	6
23	Influenza Vaccination Requirements for Healthcare Personnel in U.S. Hospitals: Results of a National Survey. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 485-487.	1.8	6
24	Followership characteristics among infection preventionists in U.S. hospitals: Results of a national survey. American Journal of Infection Control, 2016, 44, 343-345.	2.3	6
25	Potential Misclassification of Urinary Tract–Related Bacteremia Upon Applying the 2015 Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection Surveillance Definition From the National Healthcare Safety Network. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 469-471.	1.8	6
26	Infection prevention practices in the United States, the Netherlands, Switzerland, and Japan: Results from national surveys. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2021, 42, 1206-1214.	1.8	5
27	Infection prevention practices in the Netherlands: results from a National Survey. Antimicrobial Resistance and Infection Control, 2020, 9, 7.	4.1	4
28	The epidemiology of hospital-acquired urinary tract-related bloodstream infection in veterans. American Journal of Infection Control, 2018, 46, 747-750.	2.3	3
29	Prevention of Clostridium difficile infection in rural hospitals. American Journal of Infection Control, 2014, 42, 311-315.	2.3	1
30	Role of transfusions in the development of hospital-acquired urinary tract–related bloodstream infection among United States Veterans. American Journal of Infection Control, 2019, 47, 381-386.	2.3	1
31	Response to Allen-Bridson and Pollock. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, 2016, 37, 1122-1122.	1.8	0
32	Preventing Catheter-Associated Urinary Tract Infection in Nursing Home Residents: Preliminary Results From a National Collaborative. Open Forum Infectious Diseases, 2016, 3, .	0.9	0
33	The Reply. American Journal of Medicine, 2016, 129, e267.	1.5	o