Kimberley A Wade

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5810324/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

42 papers 1,768 citations

20 h-index 302126 39 g-index

44 all docs 44 docs citations

times ranked

44

1083 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	A picture is worth a thousand lies: Using false photographs to create false childhood memories. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2002, 9, 597-603.	2.8	346
2	True Photographs and False Memories. Psychological Science, 2004, 15, 149-154.	3.3	214
3	A mega-analysis of memory reports from eight peer-reviewed false memory implantation studies. Memory, 2017, 25, 146-163.	1.7	125
4	Registered Replication Report. Perspectives on Psychological Science, 2014, 9, 556-578.	9.0	120
5	Actually, a picture is worth less than 45 words: Narratives produce more false memories than photographs do. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2005, 12, 359-366.	2.8	97
6	Abducted by a UFO: prevalence information affects young children's false memories for an implausible event. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2009, 23, 115-125.	1.6	65
7	False claims about false memory research. Consciousness and Cognition, 2007, 16, 18-28.	1.5	64
8	Innocent but proven guilty: Eliciting internalized false confessions using doctoredâ€video evidence. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2009, 23, 624-637.	1.6	64
9	Can people identify original and manipulated photos of real-world scenes?. Cognitive Research: Principles and Implications, 2017, 2, 30.	2.0	64
10	People consider reliability and cost when verifying their autobiographical memories. Acta Psychologica, 2014, 146, 28-34.	1.5	54
11	Unfair Lineups Make Witnesses More Likely to Confuse Innocent and Guilty Suspects. Psychological Science, 2016, 27, 1227-1239.	3.3	53
12	Digitally manipulating memory: Effects of doctored videos and imagination in distorting beliefs and memories. Memory and Cognition, 2009, 37, 414-424.	1.6	46
13	A robust preference for cheap-and-easy strategies over reliable strategies when verifying personal memories. Memory, 2017, 25, 890-899.	1.7	44
14	Deconstructing Rich False Memories of Committing Crime: Commentary on Shaw and Porter (2015). Psychological Science, 2018, 29, 471-476.	3.3	39
15	Why do doctored images distort memory?. Consciousness and Cognition, 2009, 18, 773-780.	1.5	28
16	Detecting morphed passport photos: a training and individual differences approach. Cognitive Research: Principles and Implications, 2018, 3, 27.	2.0	27
17	Strategies for verifying false autobiographical memories. American Journal of Psychology, 2005, 118, 587-602.	0.3	26
18	Creating Fair Lineups for Suspects With Distinctive Features. Psychological Science, 2009, 20, 1448-1453.	3.3	24

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19	Adults' memories of childhood: Affect, knowing, and remembering. Memory, 2004, 12, 27-43.	1.7	23
20	Imagination inflation is a fact, not an artifact: A reply to Pezdek and Eddy. Memory and Cognition, 2001, 29, 719-729.	1.6	21
21	A signal-detection analysis of eyewitness identification across the adult lifespan Psychology and Aging, 2017, 32, 243-258.	1.6	21
22	Creating false memories for events that occurred before versus after the offset of childhood amnesia. Memory, 2008, 16, 475-484.	1.7	20
23	Can fabricated evidence induce false eyewitness testimony?. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2010, 24, 899-908.	1.6	20
24	Nonverbal conjunction errors in recognition memory: Support for familiarity but not for feature bundling. Journal of Memory and Language, 2006, 55, 138-155.	2.1	19
25	Misrepresentations and Flawed Logic About the Prevalence of False Memories. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2017, 31, 31-33.	1.6	19
26	Anchoring effects in the development of false childhood memories. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2010, 17, 66-72.	2.8	14
27	Encouraging eyewitnesses to falsely corroborate allegations: effects of rapport-building and incriminating evidence. Psychology, Crime and Law, 2015, 21, 648-660.	1.0	14
28	Replicating distinctive facial features in lineups: identification performance in young versus older adults. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2013, 20, 289-295.	2.8	12
29	Delay and déjà vu: Timing and repetition increase the power of false evidence. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2013, 20, 812-818.	2.8	12
30	Disfluent difficulties are not desirable difficulties: the (lack of) effect of Sans Forgetica on memory. Memory, 2020, 28, 850-857.	1.7	12
31	Reasons to Doubt the Reliability of Eyewitness Memory: Commentary on Wixted, Mickes, and Fisher (2018). Perspectives on Psychological Science, 2018, 13, 339-342.	9.0	11
32	Filler-Siphoning Theory Does Not Predict the Effect of Lineup Fairness on the Ability to Discriminate Innocent From Guilty Suspects: Reply to Smith, Wells, Smalarz, and Lampinen (2018). Psychological Science, 2018, 29, 1552-1557.	3.3	9
33	Eyewitness Memory Distortion Following Co-Witness Discussion: A Replication of Garry, French, Kinzett, and Mori (2008) in Ten Countries. Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition, 2019, 8, 68-77.	1.1	9
34	Can people detect errors in shadows and reflections?. Attention, Perception, and Psychophysics, 2019, 81, 2917-2943.	1.3	7
35	Nonbelieved memories in the false memory archive Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition, 2019, 8, 429-438.	1.1	7
36	Strategic disclosure of evidence: Perspectives from psychology and law Psychology, Public Policy, and Law, 2016, 22, 306-313.	1.2	7

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
37	How the timing of police evidence disclosure impacts custodial legal advice. International Journal of Evidence and Proof, 2016, 20, 200-216.	0.4	3
38	Truth-tellers stand the test of time and contradict evidence less than liars, even months after a crime Law and Human Behavior, 2018, 42, 145-155.	0.7	3
39	Long retention intervals impair the confidence–accuracy relationship for eyewitness recall Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition, 2022, 11, 384-391.	1.1	3
40	Towards the Ordering of Events from Multiple Textual Evidence Sources. International Journal of Digital Crime and Forensics, 2011, 3, 16-34.	0.7	2
41	The Malleability of Memory. , 2017, , 553-570.		O
42	Providing Eyewitness Confidence Judgments During Versus After Eyewitness Interviews Does Not Affect the Confidence-Accuracy Relationship. Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition, 2021, , .	1,1	0