

Shuying Yang

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57
papers

1,978
citations

279701

23
h-index

289141

40
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62
all docs

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docs citations

62
times ranked

2461
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Macrophage RGS12 contributes to osteoarthritis pathogenesis through enhancing the ubiquitination. <i>Genes and Diseases</i> , 2022, 9, 1357-1367.	1.5	24
2	RGS12 inhibits the progression and metastasis of multiple myeloma by driving M1 macrophage polarization and activation in the bone marrow microenvironment. <i>Cancer Communications</i> , 2022, 42, 60-64.	3.7	19
3	Verteporfin Inhibits the Progression of Spontaneous Osteosarcoma Caused by Trp53 and Rb1 Deficiency in Ctsk-Expressing Cells via Impeding Hippo Pathway. <i>Cells</i> , 2022, 11, 1361.	1.8	11
4	Deletion of Trp53 and Rb1 in Ctsk-expressing cells drives osteosarcoma progression by activating glucose metabolism and YAP signaling. <i>MedComm</i> , 2022, 3, .	3.1	9
5	Effect of Regulator of G Protein Signaling Proteins on Bone. <i>Frontiers in Endocrinology</i> , 2022, 13, 842421.	1.5	7
6	Type II collagen-positive progenitors are important stem cells in controlling skeletal development and vascular formation. <i>Bone Research</i> , 2022, 10, .	5.4	8
7	IFT80 negatively regulates osteoclast differentiation via association with Cbl-b to disrupt TRAF6 stabilization and activation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	3.3	6
8	IFT20 governs mesenchymal stem cell fate through positively regulating TGF- β -Smad2/3-Glut1 signaling mediated glucose metabolism. <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2022, 54, 102373.	3.9	5
9	Mice with Trp53 and Rb1 deficiency in chondrocytes spontaneously develop chondrosarcoma via overactivation of YAP signaling. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2022, 13, .	2.7	3
10	Trp53 controls chondrogenesis and endochondral ossification by negative regulation of TAZ activity and stability via β -TrCP-mediated ubiquitination. <i>Cell Death Discovery</i> , 2022, 8, .	2.0	2
11	Bone marrow adipogenic lineage precursors promote osteoclastogenesis in bone remodeling and pathologic bone loss. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2021, 131, .	3.9	101
12	The Role of the Immune Response in the Development of Medication-Related Osteonecrosis of the Jaw. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2021, 12, 606043.	2.2	25
13	RGS12 is a novel tumor suppressor in osteosarcoma that inhibits YAP-TEAD1-Ezrin signaling. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2021, 40, 2553-2566.	2.6	19
14	Macrophage regulator of G-protein signaling 12 contributes to inflammatory pain hypersensitivity. <i>Annals of Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 9, 448-448.	0.7	25
15	TAZ is required for chondrogenesis and skeletal development. <i>Cell Discovery</i> , 2021, 7, 26.	3.1	25
16	Type II Collagen-Positive Embryonic Progenitors are the Major Contributors to Spine and Intervertebral Disc Development and Repair. <i>Stem Cells Translational Medicine</i> , 2021, 10, 1419-1432.	1.6	7
17	Identification of Cilia in Different Mouse Tissues. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 1623.	1.8	12
18	SAG therapy restores bone growth and reduces enchondroma incidence in a model of skeletal chondrodysplasias caused by Ihh deficiency. <i>Molecular Therapy - Methods and Clinical Development</i> , 2021, 23, 461-475.	1.8	3

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19	Diabetes impairs fracture healing through disruption of cilia formation in osteoblasts. <i>Bone</i> , 2021, 153, 116176.	1.4	12
20	IFT80 Is Required for Fracture Healing Through Controlling the Regulation of TGF α signaling in Chondrocyte Differentiation and Function. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2020, 35, 571-582.	3.1	35
21	RGS12 is required for the maintenance of mitochondrial function during skeletal development. <i>Cell Discovery</i> , 2020, 6, 59.	3.1	31
22	RGS12 Is a Novel Critical NF- κ B Activator in Inflammatory Arthritis. <i>IScience</i> , 2020, 23, 101172.	1.9	38
23	Primary cilia control cell alignment and patterning in bone development via ceramide-PKC ζ - β -catenin signaling. <i>Communications Biology</i> , 2020, 3, 45.	2.0	28
24	Ciliary IFT80 is essential for intervertebral disc development and maintenance. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020, 34, 6741-6756.	0.2	25
25	Gli1 Defines a Subset of Fibro-adipogenic Progenitors that Promote Skeletal Muscle Regeneration With Less Fat Accumulation. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2020, 36, 1159-1173.	3.1	20
26	IFT80 is required for stem cell proliferation, differentiation, and odontoblast polarization during tooth development. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2019, 10, 63.	2.7	19
27	Ciliary IFT80 regulates dental pulp stem cells differentiation by FGF/FGFR1 and Hh/BMP2 signaling. <i>International Journal of Biological Sciences</i> , 2019, 15, 2087-2099.	2.6	19
28	Extracellular Matrix and Adhesion Molecule Gene Expression in the Normal and Injured Murine Intervertebral Disc. <i>American Journal of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation</i> , 2019, 98, 35-42.	0.7	14
29	Regulator of G Protein Signaling Protein 12 (Rgs12) Controls Mouse Osteoblast Differentiation via Calcium Channel/Oscillation and Ca^{2+} -ERK Signaling. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019, 34, 752-764.	3.1	19
30	Regulator of G protein signaling 12 enhances osteoclastogenesis by suppressing Nrf2-dependent antioxidant proteins to promote the generation of reactive oxygen species. <i>ELife</i> , 2019, 8, .	2.8	33
31	Antimicrobial Peptide Combined with BMP2-Modified Mesenchymal Stem Cells Promotes Calvarial Repair in an Osteolytic Model. <i>Molecular Therapy</i> , 2018, 26, 199-207.	3.7	39
32	Application of Stem Cells for Bone Regeneration in Critical-Sized Defects. <i>Current Oral Health Reports</i> , 2018, 5, 286-294.	0.5	0
33	Comparative Characterization of Osteoclasts Derived From Murine Bone Marrow Macrophages and RAW 264.7 Cells Using Quantitative Proteomics. <i>JBMR Plus</i> , 2018, 2, 328-340.	1.3	35
34	The combination of nano-calcium sulfate/platelet rich plasma gel scaffold with BMP2 gene-modified mesenchymal stem cells promotes bone regeneration in rat critical-sized calvarial defects. <i>Stem Cell Research and Therapy</i> , 2017, 8, 122.	2.4	38
35	Application of platelet-rich plasma with stem cells in bone and periodontal tissue engineering. <i>Bone Research</i> , 2016, 4, 16036.	5.4	114
36	Hybrid Biomaterial with Conjugated Growth Factors and Mesenchymal Stem Cells for Ectopic Bone Formation. <i>Tissue Engineering - Part A</i> , 2016, 22, 928-939.	1.6	24

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37	Ciliary IFT80 balances canonical versus non-canonical hedgehog signalling for osteoblast differentiation. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 11024.	5.8	106
38	Heparan Sulfate Regulates the Structure and Function of Osteoprotegerin in Osteoclastogenesis. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 24160-24171.	1.6	35
39	Influence of <i>MC3T-E1</i> preosteoblast culture on the corrosion of a <i>T602</i> treated <i>AZ91</i> alloy. <i>Journal of Biomedical Materials Research - Part B Applied Biomaterials</i> , 2016, 104, 253-262.	1.6	17
40	Combination of Controlled Release Platelet-Rich Plasma Alginate Beads and Bone Morphogenetic Protein-2 Genetically Modified Mesenchymal Stem Cells for Bone Regeneration. <i>Journal of Periodontology</i> , 2016, 87, 470-480.	1.7	29
41	Cilia Ift protein and motor -related bone diseases and mouse models. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2015, 20, 515-555.	3.0	29
42	Role of Regulators of G Protein Signaling Proteins in Bone Physiology and Pathophysiology. <i>Progress in Molecular Biology and Translational Science</i> , 2015, 133, 47-75.	0.9	20
43	Hydrophilic polyurethane matrix promotes chondrogenesis of mesenchymal stem cells. <i>Materials Science and Engineering C</i> , 2015, 54, 182-195.	3.8	22
44	Function and regulation of primary cilia and intraflagellar transport proteins in the skeleton. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2015, 1335, 78-99.	1.8	86
45	Deletion of IFT80 Impairs Epiphyseal and Articular Cartilage Formation Due to Disruption of Chondrocyte Differentiation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0130618.	1.1	41
46	Role of regulator of G protein signaling proteins in bone. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Landmark</i> , 2014, 19, 634.	3.0	20
47	Deletion of IFT20 in early stage T lymphocyte differentiation inhibits the development of collagen-induced arthritis. <i>Bone Research</i> , 2014, 2, 14038.	5.4	20
48	Integration of a Novel Injectable Nano Calcium Sulfate/Alginate Scaffold and <i>BMP2</i> Gene-Modified Mesenchymal Stem Cells for Bone Regeneration. <i>Tissue Engineering - Part A</i> , 2013, 19, 508-518.	1.6	47
49	IFT80 is essential for chondrocyte differentiation by regulating Hedgehog and Wnt signaling pathways. <i>Experimental Cell Research</i> , 2013, 319, 623-632.	1.2	45
50	<i>Mx1-Cre</i> mediated <i>Rgs12</i> conditional knockout mice exhibit increased bone mass phenotype. <i>Genesis</i> , 2013, 51, 201-209.	0.8	22
51	<i>BMP2</i> Genetically Engineered MSCs and EPCs Promote Vascularized Bone Regeneration in Rat Critical-Sized Calvarial Bone Defects. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e60473.	1.1	85
52	The intraflagellar transport protein IFT80 is required for cilia formation and osteogenesis. <i>Bone</i> , 2012, 51, 407-417.	1.4	47
53	<i>RGS10</i> -null mutation impairs osteoclast differentiation resulting from the loss of $[Ca^{2+}]_i$ oscillation regulation. <i>Genes and Development</i> , 2007, 21, 1803-1816.	2.7	125
54	Specificity of <i>RGS10A</i> as a key component in the <i>RANKL</i> signaling mechanism for osteoclast differentiation. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2007, 120, 3362-3371.	1.2	40

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55	RGS12 Is Essential for RANKL-Evoked Signaling for Terminal Differentiation of Osteoclasts In Vitro. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2006, 22, 45-54.	3.1	53
56	Multiple Signaling Pathways Converge on the Cbfa1/Runx2 Transcription Factor to Regulate Osteoblast Differentiation. Connective Tissue Research, 2003, 44, 109-116.	1.1	178
57	Multiple Signaling Pathways Converge on the Cbfa1/Runx2 Transcription Factor to Regulate Osteoblast Differentiation. Connective Tissue Research, 2003, 44, 109-116.	1.1	49