

Muammer TÃ¼n

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5802800/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

9
papers

118
citations

1684188
5
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1588992
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g-index

9
all docs

9
docs citations

9
times ranked

96
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	An investigation into the bedrock depth in the Eskisehir Quaternary Basin (Turkey) using the microtremor method. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2016, 207, 589-607.	2.4	53
2	Determining the main strand of the EskiÄŦehir strike-slip fault zone using subsidiary structures and seismicity: a hypothesis tested by seismic reflection studies. <i>Turkish Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2015, 24, 1-20.	1.0	31
3	Integrated seismic risk analysis using simple weighting method: the case of residential EskiÄŦehir, Turkey. <i>Natural Hazards and Earth System Sciences</i> , 2015, 15, 1123-1133.	3.6	11
4	Investigation of correlations between shear wave velocities and CPT data: a case study at Eskisehir in Turkey. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2018, 77, 225-236.	3.5	7
5	A missing-link in the tectonic configuration of the AlmacÄŦk Block along the North Anatolian Fault Zone (NW Turkey): Active faulting in the Bolu plain based on seismic reflection studies. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2015, 201, 1814-1833.	2.4	6
6	Exploration of S-wave velocity profiles at strong motion stations in Eskisehir, Turkey, using microtremor phase velocity and S-wave amplification. <i>Journal of Seismology</i> , 2018, 22, 1127-1137.	1.3	6
7	Vegetation record of the last three millennia in central Anatolia: Archaeological and palaeoclimatic insights from Mogan Lake (Ankara, Turkey). <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2021, 262, 106973.	3.0	3
8	The depth of alluvial sediments and subsurface profiling along the EskiÄŦehir Basin in Central Turkey using microtremor observations. <i>Bulletin of Engineering Geology and the Environment</i> , 2022, 81, 1.	3.5	1
9	Prediction of shearâ€wave velocity from CPT data at EskiÄŦehir (Turkey), using a polynomial modelâ€™. <i>Near Surface Geophysics</i> , 2016, 14, 565-566.	1.2	0