Vaidotas Lygis

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/57938/publications.pdf

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24 papers 1,087

687220 13 h-index 24 g-index

24 all docs 24 docs citations

times ranked

24

1500 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Response of juveniles of seven forest tree species and their populations to different combinations of simulated climate change-related stressors: spring-frost, heat, drought, increased UV radiation and ozone concentration under elevated CO2 level. Journal of Plant Research, 2019, 132, 789-811.	1.2	7
2	Population genetic analysis of a parasitic mycovirus to infer the invasion history of its fungal host. Molecular Ecology, 2017, 26, 2482-2497.	2.0	25
3	Virulence of the invasive ash pathogen <i>Hymenoscyphus fraxineus</i> in old and recently established populations. Plant Pathology, 2017, 66, 783-791.	1.2	14
4	Alien fungi in Lithuania: list of species, current status and trophic structure. Botanica Lithuanica, 2017, 23, 139-152.	0.4	3
5	Genetic Diversity and Its Spatial Distribution in Self-Regenerating Norway Spruce and Scots Pine Stands. Forests, 2017, 8, 470.	0.9	7
6	New records from Lithuania of fungi alien to Europe. Mycotaxon, 2016, 131, 49-60.	0.1	7
7	Genetic Structure in the Northern Range Margins of Common Ash, Fraxinus excelsior L PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167104.	1.1	15
8	Genetic variation of Fraxinus excelsior half-sib families in response to ash dieback disease following simulated spring frost and summer drought treatments. IForest, 2016, 9, 12-22.	0.5	16
9	Genetic population structure of the invasive ash dieback pathogen Hymenoscyphus fraxineus in its expanding range. Biological Invasions, 2015, 17, 2743-2756.	1.2	40
10	Drainage Impact on Plant Cover and Hydrology of AukÅ _l tumala Raised Bog (Western Lithuania). Botanica Lithuanica, 2015, 20, 109-120.	0.4	1
11	Fungi in living and dead stems and stumps of Pinus mugo on coastal dunes of the Baltic Sea. Plant Protection Science, 2014, 50, 221-226.	0.7	13
12	Forest self-regeneration following clear-felling of dieback-affected Fraxinus excelsior: focus on ash. European Journal of Forest Research, 2014, 133, 501-510.	1.1	37
13	Biogeographical patterns and determinants of invasion by forest pathogens in Europe. New Phytologist, 2013, 197, 238-250.	3.5	458
14	Wound occlusion and decay in Picea abies stems. European Journal of Forest Research, 2012, 131, 1211-1216.	1.1	13
15	Mycorrhization, establishment and growth of outplanted Picea abies seedlings produced under different cultivation systems. Silva Fennica, 2011, 45, .	0.5	9
16	Impact of forest fire on occurrence of Heterobasidion annosum s.s. root rot and other wood-inhabiting fungi in roots of Pinus mugo. Forestry, 2010, 83, 83-92.	1.2	10
17	Genetic variation and relationships in Laetiporus sulphureus s. lat., as determined by ITS rDNA sequences and in vitro growth rate. Mycological Research, 2009, 113, 326-336.	2.5	28
18	Airborne fungal colonisation of coarse woody debris in North Temperate Picea abies forest: impact of season and local spatial scale. Mycological Research, 2005, 109, 487-496.	2.5	31

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19	Wood-inhabiting fungi in stems of Fraxinus excelsior in declining ash stands of northern Lithuania, with particular reference to Armillaria cepistipes. Scandinavian Journal of Forest Research, 2005, 20, 337-346.	0.5	103
20	Clonality in the postfire root rot ascomycete Rhizina undulata. Mycologia, 2005, 97, 788-792.	0.8	5
21	Planting Betula pendula on pine sites infested by Heterobasidion annosum: disease transfer, silvicultural evaluation, and community of wood-inhabiting fungi. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2004, 34, 120-130.	0.8	51
22	Ecology and molecular characterization of dark septate fungi from roots, living stems, coarse and fine woody debris. Mycological Research, 2004, 108, 965-973.	2.5	109
23	Silvicultural and pathological evaluation of Scots pine afforestations mixed with deciduous trees to reduce the infections by Heterobasidion annosum s.s Forest Ecology and Management, 2004, 201, 275-285.	1.4	36
24	Impact of biological (Rotstop) and chemical (urea) treatments on fungal community structure in freshly cut Picea abies stumps. Biological Control, 2004, 31, 405-413.	1.4	49