## SÜleyman Bayram

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effect of HOTAIR rs920778 polymorphism on breast cancer susceptibility and clinicopathologic features in a Turkish population. Tumor Biology, 2015, 36, 3863-3870.	0.8	73
2	No association of pre-microRNA-146a rs2910164 polymorphism and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma development in Turkish population: A case-control study. Gene, 2011, 486, 104-109.	1.0	71
3	G-308A TNF-α polymorphism is associated with an increased risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in the Turkish population: Case-control study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2009, 33, 261-264.	0.8	54
4	A functional HOTAIR rs920778 polymorphism does not contributes to gastric cancer in a Turkish population: a case–control study. Familial Cancer, 2015, 14, 561-567.	0.9	46
5	A functional HOTAIR rs12826786 C>T polymorphism is associated with breast cancer susceptibility and poor clinicopathological characteristics in a Turkish population: a hospital-based case–control study. Tumor Biology, 2016, 37, 5577-5584.	0.8	45
6	Functional polymorphisms of cyclooxygenase-2 gene and risk for hepatocellular carcinoma. Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry, 2011, 347, 201-208.	1.4	32
7	Cyclin D1 G870A polymorphism is associated with an increased risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in the Turkish population: Case–control study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2010, 34, 298-302.	0.8	31
8	The significance of Exonuclease 1 K589E polymorphism on hepatocellular carcinoma susceptibility in the Turkish population: a case–control study. Molecular Biology Reports, 2012, 39, 5943-5951.	1.0	31
9	p53 codon 72 polymorphism is associated with susceptibility to hepatocellular carcinoma in the Turkish population: a case–control study. Molecular Biology Reports, 2012, 39, 1639-1647.	1.0	30
10	The significance of E266K polymorphism in the NOD1 gene on Helicobacter Pylori infection: an effective force on pathogenesis?. Clinical and Experimental Medicine, 2010, 10, 107-112.	1.9	29
11	MDM2 promoter polymorphism is associated with increased susceptibility to hepatocellular carcinoma in Turkish population. Cancer Epidemiology, 2010, 34, 448-452.	0.8	24
12	Lack of an association of programmed cell death-1 PD1.3 polymorphism with risk of hepatocellular carcinoma susceptibility in Turkish population: A case–control study. Gene, 2012, 511, 308-313.	1.0	23
13	The association between the survivin â~'31G/C promoter polymorphism and hepatocellular carcinoma risk in a Turkish population. Cancer Epidemiology, 2011, 35, 555-559.	0.8	22
14	Polymorphisms in human telomerase reverse transcriptase (h TERT ) gene and susceptibility to gastric cancer in a Turkish population: Hospital-based case–control study. Gene, 2016, 585, 84-92.	1.0	19
15	MicroRNA 211 expression is upregulated and associated with poor prognosis in colorectal cancer: a case–control study. Tumor Biology, 2015, 36, 9703-9709.	0.8	17
16	Confirmation of the chromosome damaging effects of lamivudine in in vitro human peripheral blood lymphocytes. Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis, 2008, 49, 328-333.	0.9	13
17	Effect of PON1 gene polymorphisms in Turkish patients with hepatocellular carcinoma. Meta Gene, 2013, 1, 93-101.	0.3	13
18	RASSF1A Ala133Ser polymorphism is associated with increased susceptibility to hepatocellular carcinoma in a Turkish population. Gene, 2012, 498, 264-269.	1.0	11

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19	CHEK2 1100delC, IVS2+1G>A and I157T mutations are not present in colorectal cancer cases from Turkish population. Cancer Epidemiology, 2012, 36, 453-457.	0.8	10
20	The role of interleukin 28B gene polymorphism in Turkish patients with hepatocellular carcinoma. Annals of Hepatology, 2014, 13, 788-95.	0.6	7
21	Prevalence of Beta-Thalassemia Trait and Abnormal Hemoglobins in the Province of Adıyaman, Turkey. Pediatric Hematology and Oncology, 2012, 29, 620-623.	0.3	6
22	Genotoxicity and cytotoxicity of copper oxychloride in cultured human lymphocytes using cytogenetic and molecular tests. Cytotechnology, 2016, 68, 2027-2036.	0.7	6
23	Effect of p53 Arg72Pro polymorphism on the induction of micronucleus by aflatoxin B1 in in vitro in human blood lymphocytes. Drug and Chemical Toxicology, 2016, 39, 331-337.	1.2	6
24	Genetic polymorphisms in human telomerase reverse transcriptase (hTERT) gene polymorphisms do not associated with breast cancer in patients in a turkish population: hospital-based case-control study. Cellular and Molecular Biology, 2018, 64, 108-115.	0.3	5
25	Association between RASSF1A Ala133Ser Polymorphism and Cancer Susceptibility: A Meta-Analysis Involving 8,892 Subjects. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2014, 15, 3691-3698.	0.5	5
26	CHK2 1100delC, IVS2+1G>A and I157T mutations are not present in hepatocellular cancer cases from a Turkish population. Gene, 2013, 512, 232-236.	1.0	3
27	The relationship between the variations in Gγ and Aγ promotors and the Hereditary Persistence of Fetal Hemoglobin (HPFH). Cellular and Molecular Biology, 2018, 64, 32-39.	0.3	3
28	The Exonuclease 1 Glu589Lys Gene Polymorphism and Cancer Susceptibility: Evidence Based on a Meta-analysis. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2014, 15, 2571-2576.	0.5	3
29	No association of the exonuclease 1 T439M polymorphism and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma development in the Turkish population: a case-control study. Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2011, 12, 2455-60.	0.5	2
30	Investigation of XRCC1 Arg399Gln, Arg280His, and Arg194Trp polymorphisms effects on the induction of micronucleus by Aflatoxin B1 in in vitro. Gene Reports, 2017, 9, 1-6.	0.4	1
31	The Effect of Five Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms on Hb F Variation of β-Thalassemia Traits and Hematologically Normal Individuals in Southeast Turkey. Hemoglobin, 2020, 44, 231-239.	0.4	1
32	The prevalence and genotypes of alpha-thalassemia in Adıyaman: two rare alpha variants. Turkish Journal of Biochemistry, 2016, 41, 467-472.	0.3	0