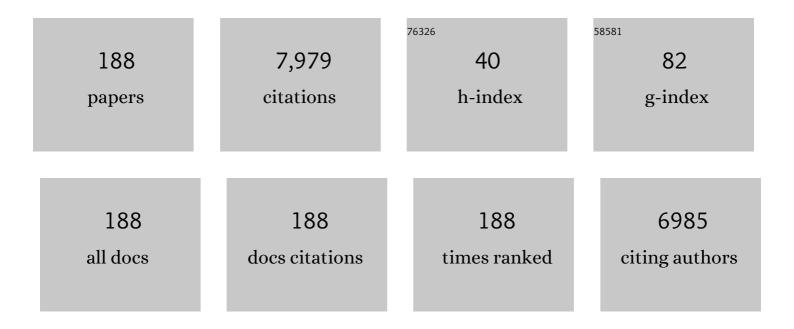
Sherry A Tanumihardjo

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The acute and chronic toxic effects of vitamin A. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2006, 83, 191-201.	4.7	479
2	Maize: A Paramount Staple Crop in the Context of Global Nutrition. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2010, 9, 417-436.	11.7	428
3	History, Global Distribution, and Nutritional Importance of Citrus Fruits. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2012, 11, 530-545.	11.7	391
4	Nutritional Value of Cassava for Use as a Staple Food and Recent Advances for Improvement. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2009, 8, 181-194.	11.7	344
5	β-Carotene–rich orange-fleshed sweet potato improves the vitamin A status of primary school children assessed with the modified-relative-dose-response test1–3. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 1080-1087.	4.7	327
6	Biomarkers of Nutrition for Development (BOND)—Vitamin A Review. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 1816S-1848S.	2.9	317
7	Poverty, Obesity, and Malnutrition: An International Perspective Recognizing the Paradox. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2007, 107, 1966-1972.	1.1	273
8	Vitamin A: biomarkers of nutrition for development. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 658S-665S.	4.7	237
9	Carrots of Many Colors Provide Basic Nutrition and Bioavailable Phytochemicals Acting as a Functional Food. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2010, 9, 223-239.	11.7	207
10	Biofortified orange maize is as efficacious as a vitamin A supplement in Zambian children even in the presence of high liver reserves of vitamin A: a community-based, randomized placebo-controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 1541-1550.	4.7	175
11	Carotenoid Profiles and Consumer Sensory Evaluation of Specialty Carrots (Daucus carota, L.) of Various Colors. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2004, 52, 3417-3421.	5.2	149
12	Vitamin A Supplementation Programs and Country-Level Evidence of Vitamin A Deficiency. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 190.	4.1	148
13	Assessing Vitamin A Status: Past, Present and Future. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 290S-293S.	2.9	145
14	Processing Techniques to Reduce Toxicity and Antinutrients of Cassava for Use as a Staple Food. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2009, 8, 17-27.	11.7	144
15	Quality Protein Maize for Africa: Closing the Protein Inadequacy Gap in Vulnerable Populations. Advances in Nutrition, 2011, 2, 217-224.	6.4	142
16	Antioxidant Phytochemicals and Antioxidant Capacity of Biofortified Carrots (Daucus carota L.) of Various Colors. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2009, 57, 4142-4147.	5.2	138
17	Evaluation of Analytical Methods for Carotenoid Extraction from Biofortified Maize (Zea mayssp.). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2006, 54, 7992-7997.	5.2	121
18	Carotenoid-Biofortified Maize Maintains Adequate Vitamin A Status in Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 2562-2567.	2.9	115

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Metabolic Effects of Inflammation on Vitamin A and Carotenoids in Humans and Animal Models. Advances in Nutrition, 2017, 8, 197-212.	6.4	105
20	Undernutrition, the Acute Phase Response to Infection, and Its Effects on Micronutrient Status Indicators. Advances in Nutrition, 2014, 5, 702-711.	6.4	94
21	Provitamin A Carotenoid Bioavailability:What Really Matters?. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2010, 80, 336-350.	1.5	82
22	Carotenoid Retention of Biofortified Provitamin A Maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.) after Zambian Traditional Methods of Milling, Cooking and Storage. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2014, 62, 6317-6325.	5.2	79
23	Effects of Different Processing Methods on the Micronutrient and Phytochemical Contents of Maize: From A to Z. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2016, 15, 912-926.	11.7	76
24	Vitamin A Status of Indonesian Children Infected with Ascaris lumbricoides after Dosing with Vitamin A Supplements and Albendazole. Journal of Nutrition, 1996, 126, 451-457.	2.9	75
25	Maize agro-food systems to ensure food and nutrition security in reference to the Sustainable Development Goals. Global Food Security, 2020, 25, 100327.	8.1	71
26	Retinol to Retinol-Binding Protein (RBP) Is Low in Obese Adults due to Elevated <i>apo</i> -RBP. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2008, 233, 1255-1261.	2.4	70
27	Serum Carotenoid Concentrations in Postmenopausal Women from the United States with and without Osteoporosis. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2008, 78, 105-111.	1.5	67
28	Factors Influencing the Conversion of Carotenoids to Retinol: Bioavailability to Bioconversion to Bioefficacy. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2002, 72, 40-45.	1.5	66
29	β-Cryptoxanthin from supplements or carotenoid-enhanced maize maintains liver vitamin A in Mongolian gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus) better than or equal to β-carotene supplements. British Journal of Nutrition, 2008, 100, 786-793.	2.3	61
30	Stable isotope dilution techniques for assessing vitamin A status and bioefficacy of provitamin A carotenoids in humans. Public Health Nutrition, 2005, 8, 596-607.	2.2	60
31	Twice the Amount of α-Carotene Isolated from Carrots Is as Effective as β-Carotene in Maintaining the Vitamin A Status of Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 2622-2626.	2.9	56
32	Mining maize diversity and improving its nutritional aspects within agroâ€food systems. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2020, 19, 1809-1834.	11.7	55
33	Vitamin A status and hemoglobin concentrations are improved in Indonesian children with vitamin A and deworming interventions. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 58, 1223-1230.	2.9	52
34	Vitamin A and Iron Status Are Improved by Vitamin A and Iron Supplementation in Pregnant Indonesian Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2002, 132, 1909-1912.	2.9	50
35	Global Concerns with B Vitamin Statuses: Biofortification, Fortification, Hidden Hunger, Interactions, and Toxicity. Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety, 2019, 18, 1968-1984.	11.7	48
36	Cod Liver Oil, Vitamin A Toxicity, Frequent Respiratory Infections, and the Vitamin D Deficiency Epidemic. Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology, 2008, 117, 864-870.	1.1	47

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37	Vitamin A Status Assessment in Rats with 13C4-Retinyl Acetate and Gas Chromatography/Combustion/Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometry. Journal of Nutrition, 2000, 130, 2844-2849.	2.9	45
38	Lutein and β-carotene from lutein-containing yellow carrots are bioavailable in humans. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 80, 131-136.	4.7	45
39	Vitamin A inadequacy in socioeconomically disadvantaged pregnant Iowan women as assessed by the modified relative dose response (MRDR) test. Nutrition Research, 1995, 15, 1263-1276.	2.9	43
40	Approaches to Assess Vitamin A Status in Settings of Inflammation: Biomarkers Reflecting Inflammation and Nutritional Determinants of Anemia (BRINDA) Project. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1100.	4.1	42
41	A Modified Relative Dose-Response Assay Employing 3,4-Didehydroretinol (Vitamin A2) in Rats. Journal of Nutrition, 1988, 118, 598-603.	2.9	41
42	Triple-Fortified Rice Containing Vitamin A Reduced Marginal Vitamin A Deficiency and Increased Vitamin A Liver Stores in School-Aged Thai Children. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 519-524.	2.9	41
43	Comparisons among Equations Used for Retinol Isotope Dilution in the Assessment of Total Body Stores and Total Liver Reserves ,. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 847-854.	2.9	41
44	Sweet Potato β-Carotene Bioefficacy Is Enhanced by Dietary Fat and Not Reduced by Soluble Fiber Intake in Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 44-50.	2.9	40
45	Vitamin A and Bone Health: The Balancing Act. Journal of Clinical Densitometry, 2013, 16, 414-419.	1.2	40
46	High provitamin A carotenoid serum concentrations, elevated retinyl esters, and saturated retinol-binding protein in Zambian preschool children are consistent with the presence of high liver vitamin A stores. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 497-504.	4.7	40
47	The research and implementation continuum of biofortified sweet potato and maize in Africa. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2017, 1390, 88-103.	3.8	39
48	Retention of Carotenoids in Biofortified Maize Flour and β-Cryptoxanthin-Enhanced Eggs after Household Cooking. ACS Omega, 2017, 2, 7320-7328.	3.5	39
49	Simplified methodology to determine breast milk retinol concentrations. Journal of Lipid Research, 2002, 43, 350-355.	4.2	39
50	Comparative Intake of White- versus Orange-Colored Maize by Zambian Children in the Context of Promotion of Biofortified Maize. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2012, 33, 63-71.	1.4	36
51	Biofortified Orange Maize Enhances β-Cryptoxanthin Concentrations in Egg Yolks of Laying Hens Better than Tangerine Peel Fortificant. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2014, 62, 11892-11900.	5.2	36
52	Vitamin A in dietary supplements and fortified foods: Too much of a good thing?. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2003, 103, 1185-1187.	1.1	35
53	The Acute Phase Response Affected Traditional Measures of Micronutrient Status in Rural Zambian Children during a Randomized, Controlled Feeding Trial. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 972-978.	2.9	34
54	Carotenoid accumulation and agronomic performance of maize hybrids involving parental combinations from different marker-based groups. Food Chemistry, 2014, 148, 131-137.	8.2	34

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Consensus recommendations for the use of retinoids in ichthyosis and other disorders of cornification in children and adolescents. Pediatric Dermatology, 2021, 38, 164-180.	0.9	34
56	Anemia, micronutrient deficiencies, malaria, hemoglobinopathies and malnutrition in young children and non-pregnant women in Ghana: Findings from a national survey. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0228258.	2.5	34
57	Evaluation of vitamin A supplementation regimens in Ghanaian postpartum mothers with the use of the modified-relative-dose-response test. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2006, 84, 1344-1349.	4.7	33
58	Current Capabilities and Limitations of Stable Isotope Techniques and Applied Mathematical Equations in Determining Whole-Body Vitamin A Status. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2016, 37, S87-S103.	1.4	33
59	Overlapping vitamin A interventions in the United States, Guatemala, Zambia, and South Africa: case studies. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2019, 1446, 102-116.	3.8	33
60	Bioavailability of β-carotene (βC) from purple carrots is the same as typical orange carrots while high-βC carrots increase βC stores in Mongolian gerbils(Meriones unguiculatus). British Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 96, 258-267.	2.3	32
61	¹³ C Natural Abundance in Serum Retinol Acts as a Biomarker for Increases in Dietary Provitamin A. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2009, 234, 140-147.	2.4	32
62	Strategies to Increase Vegetable or Reduce Energy and Fat Intake Induce Weight Loss in Adults. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2009, 234, 542-552.	2.4	32
63	South African preschool children habitually consuming sheep liver and exposed to vitamin A supplementation and fortification have hypervitaminotic A liver stores: a cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 91-101.	4.7	32
64	Simplified methodology to determine breast milk retinol concentrations. Journal of Lipid Research, 2002, 43, 350-5.	4.2	32
65	Adjustments to the Modified Relative Dose Response (MRDR) Test for Assessment of Vitamin A Status Minimize the Blood Volume Used in Piglets. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 1186-1192.	2.9	31
66	Cassava with enhanced \hat{l}^2 -carotene maintains adequate vitamin A status in Mongolian gerbils (Meriones) Tj ETQc	10 0 0 rgB7	[/Qyerlock 10
67	Lutein absorption is facilitated with cosupplementation of ascorbic acid in young adults. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2005, 105, 114-118.	1.1	30
68	Serum retinol concentrations demonstrate high specificity after correcting for inflammation but questionable sensitivity compared with liver stores calculated from isotope dilution in determining vitamin A deficiency in Thai and Zambian children. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1259-1265.	4.7	30
69	β-Carotene from Red Carrot Maintains Vitamin A Status, but Lycopene Bioavailability Is Lower Relative to Tomato Paste in Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 137, 1395-1400.	2.9	29
70	Vitamin A isotope dilution predicts liver stores in line with long-term vitamin A intake above the current Recommended Dietary Allowance for young adult women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 1192-1199.	4.7	29
71	Changes in micronutrient and inflammation serum biomarker concentrations after a norovirus human challenge. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 1456-1464.	4.7	29

72Synthesis of 10,11,14,15-13C4-and 14,15-13C2-retinyl acetate. Journal of Labelled Compounds and
Radiopharmaceuticals, 2001, 44, 365-372.1.028

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73	Assessing the Safety of Vitamin A Delivered Through Large-Scale Intervention Programs. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2016, 37, S63-S74.	1.4	28
74	One-time vitamin A supplementation of lactating sows enhances hepatic retinol in their offspring independent of dose size. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 427-433.	4.7	27
75	Serum retinyl esters are not elevated in postmenopausal women with and without osteoporosis whose preformed vitamin A intakes are high. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2006, 84, 1350-1356.	4.7	27
76	The Xanthophyll Composition of Biofortified Maize (Zea mays Sp.) Does Not Influence the Bioefficacy of Provitamin A Carotenoids in Mongolian Gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2008, 56, 6745-6750.	5.2	27
77	Mathematical Modeling of Serum 13C-Retinol in Captive Rhesus Monkeys Provides New Insights on Hypervitaminosis A , ,. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 2000-2006.	2.9	27
78	Duration of Retinol Isotope Dilution Studies with Compartmental Modeling Affects Model Complexity, Kinetic Parameters, and Calculated Vitamin A Stores in US Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 148, 1387-1396.	2.9	27
79	Exploiting natural variation in exotic germplasm for increasing provitamin-A carotenoids in tropical maize. Euphytica, 2015, 205, 203-217.	1.2	26
80	Biofortified Carrot Intake Enhances Liver Antioxidant Capacity and Vitamin A Status in Mongolian Gerbils1,. Journal of Nutrition, 2008, 138, 1692-1698.	2.9	25
81	Serum retinyl esters are positively correlated with analyzed total liver vitamin A reserves collected from US adults at time of death. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 997-1005.	4.7	25
82	One-time graded doses of vitamin A to weanling piglets enhance hepatic retinol but do not always prevent vitamin A deficiency. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 1045-1053.	4.7	24
83	α-Retinol Is Distributed through Serum Retinol-Binding Protein-Independent Mechanisms in the Lactating Sow-Nursing Piglet Dyad. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 42-47.	2.9	24
84	Can Lack of Improvement in Vitamin A Status Indicators Be Explained by Little or No Overall Change in Vitamin A Status of Humans?. Journal of Nutrition, 2001, 131, 3316-3318.	2.9	23
85	Maize Genotype and Food Matrix Affect the Provitamin A Carotenoid Bioefficacy from Staple and Carrot-Fortified Feeds in Mongolian Gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2014, 62, 136-143.	5.2	23
86	Nutrient and Nontraditional Food Intakes by Zambian Children in a Controlled Feeding Trial. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2014, 35, 60-67.	1.4	23
87	Dietary Intake Patterns among Lactating and Non-Lactating Women of Reproductive Age in Rural Zambia. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 288.	4.1	23
88	Oral Doses of α-Retinyl Ester Track Chylomicron Uptake and Distribution of Vitamin A in a Male Piglet Model for Newborn Infants. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 1188-1195.	2.9	21
89	Subtoxic Hepatic Vitamin A Concentrations in Captive Rhesus Monkeys (Macaca mulatta). Journal of Nutrition, 2001, 131, 2904-2909.	2.9	20
90	Vitamin A Concentrations in Piglet Extrahepatic Tissues Respond Differently Ten Days after Vitamin A Treatment. Journal of Nutrition, 2008, 138, 1101-1106.	2.9	20

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91	High-Provitamin A Carotenoid (Orange) Maize Increases Hepatic Vitamin A Reserves of Offspring in a Vitamin A-Depleted Sow-Piglet Model during Lactation1–4. Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 143, 1141-1146.	2.9	20
92	Elevated serum concentrations of β-glucuronide metabolites and 4-oxoretinol in lactating sows after treatment with vitamin A: a model for evaluating supplementation in lactating women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 851-858.	4.7	19
93	The Modified-Relative-Dose-Response Values in Serum and Milk Are Positively Correlated over Time in Lactating Sows with Adequate Vitamin A Status. Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 136, 939-945.	2.9	19
94	Carotenoid profiles in provitamin A-containing fruits and vegetables affect the bioefficacy in Mongolian gerbils. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2010, 235, 839-848.	2.4	19
95	High Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency Is Detected by the Modified Relative Dose-Response Test in Six-Month-Old Senegalese Breast-Fed Infants,. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 1991-1996.	2.9	19
96	Vitamin a Fortification Efforts Require Accurate Monitoring of Population Vitamin A Status to Prevent Excessive Intakes. Procedia Chemistry, 2015, 14, 398-407.	0.7	19
97	Single High-Dose Vitamin A Supplementation to Neonatal Piglets Results in a Transient Dose Response in Extrahepatic Organs and Sustained Increases in Liver Stores. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 798-806.	2.9	19
98	Vitamin A deficiency has declined in Malawi, but with evidence of elevated vitamin A in children. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 113, 854-864.	4.7	19
99	α-Retinol and 3,4-didehydroretinol support growth in rats when fed at equimolar amounts and α-retinol is not toxic after repeated administration of large doses. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 111, 1373-1381.	2.3	18
100	The "Super-Child―Approach Is Applied To Estimate Retinol Kinetics and Vitamin A Total Body Stores in Mexican Preschoolers. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 1644-1651.	2.9	17
101	A Theoretical Increase in Infants' Hepatic Vitamin A Is Realized Using a Supplemented Lactating Sow Model. Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 133, 1139-1142.	2.9	16
102	Serum Vitamin A Esters Are High in Captive Rhesus (Macaca mulatta) and Marmoset (Callithrix jacchus) Monkeys. Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 133, 4202-4206.	2.9	15
103	Vitamin A status and body pool size of infants before and after consuming fortified home-based complementary foods. Archives of Public Health, 2016, 74, 10.	2.4	15
104	Provitamin A-biofortified maize consumption increases serum xanthophylls and ¹³ C-natural abundance of retinol in Zambian children. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2017, 242, 1508-1514.	2.4	15
105	Cyp1b1 deletion and retinol deficiency coordinately suppress mouse liver lipogenic genes and hepcidin expression during post-natal development. Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology, 2017, 454, 50-68.	3.2	15
106	Prenatal Vitamin a Deficiency Causes Laryngeal Malformation in Rats. Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology, 2007, 116, 785-792.	1.1	14
107	Anthocyanins in Purpleâ^'Orange Carrots (<i>Daucus carota</i> L.) Do Not Influence the Bioavailability of β-Carotene in Young Women. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2010, 58, 2877-2881.	5.2	14
108	Use of Stable Isotopes to Evaluate Bioefficacy of Provitamin A Carotenoids, Vitamin A Status, and Bioavailability of Iron and Zinc. Advances in Nutrition, 2018, 9, 625-636.	6.4	14

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109	β-Cryptoxanthin and zeaxanthin are highly bioavailable from whole-grain and refined biofortified orange maize in humans with optimal vitamin A status: a randomized, crossover, placebo-controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 108, 793-802.	4.7	14
110	Vitamin A toxicity in wild-caught African green vervet monkeys (Chlorocebus aethiops) after 2 years in captivity. Comparative Medicine, 2006, 56, 421-5.	1.0	14
111	Small quantities of carotenoid-rich tropical green leafy vegetables indigenous to Africa maintain vitamin A status in Mongolian gerbils (<i>Meriones unguiculatus</i>). British Journal of Nutrition, 2010, 103, 1594-1601.	2.3	13
112	Diet-dependent retinoid effects on liver gene expression include stellate and inflammation markers and parallel effects of the nuclear repressor Shp. Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry, 2017, 47, 63-74.	4.2	13
113	Overlapping Vitamin A Interventions with Provitamin A Carotenoids and Preformed Vitamin A Cause Excessive Liver Retinol Stores in Male Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 2912-2923.	2.9	13
114	Risk factors for anaemia among Ghanaian women and children vary by population group and climate zone. Maternal and Child Nutrition, 2021, 17, e13076.	3.0	13
115	Breast Milk–Derived Retinol Is a Potential Surrogate for Serum in the 13C-Retinol Isotope Dilution Test in Zambian Lactating Women with Vitamin A Deficient and Adequate Status. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 255-263.	2.9	13
116	Extra-Hepatic Vitamin A Concentrations in Captive Rhesus (Macaca Mulatta) and Marmoset (Callithrix) Tj ETQqO 2005, 75, 126-132.	0 0 rgBT / 1.5	Overlock 10 ⁻ 12
117	Biological evidence to define a vitamin A deficiency cutoff using total liver vitamin A reserves. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2021, 246, 1045-1053.	2.4	12
118	3, 4-Didehydroretinol Kinetics Differ during Lactation in Sows on a Retinol Depletion Regimen and the Serum:Milk 3, 4-Didehydroretinol:Retinol Ratios Are Correlated1–3. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 554-559.	2.9	11
119	â€~Dose-to-Mother' Deuterium Oxide Dilution Technique: An Accurate Strategy to Measure Vitamin A Intake in Breastfed Infants. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 169.	4.1	11
120	The Dawn of a New Era in Vitamin A Assessment. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 185-187.	2.9	11
121	Cooking Enhances but the Degree of Ripeness Does Not Affect Provitamin A Carotenoid Bioavailability from Bananas in Mongolian Gerbils4. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 2097-2104.	2.9	10
122	Relative vitamin A values of 9-cis- and 13-cis-β-carotene do not differ when fed at physiological levels during vitamin A depletion in Mongolian gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus). British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 162-169.	2.3	10
123	Quantification of food and nutrient intakes in Zambian children with and without malaria under controlled feeding conditions. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2014, 239, 45-51.	2.4	10
124	Vitamin A–fortified rice increases total body vitamin A stores in lactating Thai women measured by retinol isotope dilution: a double-blind, randomized, controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 113, 1372-1380.	4.7	10
125	Ingestion of excessive preformed vitamin A by mothers amplifies storage of retinyl esters in early fetal livers of captive Old World monkeys. Comparative Medicine, 2007, 57, 505-11.	1.0	10
126	Roles of Vitamin a and Macula Flava in Maintaining Vocal Folds. Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology, 2008, 117, 65-73.	1.1	9

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
127	Vitamin a Deficiency Causes Metaplasia in Vocal Fold Epithelium: A Rat Study. Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology, 2008, 117, 153-158.	1.1	9
128	Serum carotenoid interactions in premenopausal women reveal α-carotene is negatively impacted by body fat. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2017, 242, 1262-1270.	2.4	9
129	Cyp1b1 directs Srebp-mediated cholesterol and retinoid synthesis in perinatal liver; Association with retinoic acid activity during fetal development. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0228436.	2.5	9
130	Usefulness of Vitamin A Isotope Methods for Status Assessment: From Deficiency through Excess. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2014, 84, 16-24.	1.5	9
131	Vitamin A intake of captive rhesus monkeys exceeds national research council recommendations. American Journal of Primatology, 2006, 68, 1114-1119.	1.7	8
132	New frontiers in science and technology: nuclear techniques in nutrition. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 691S-695S.	4.7	8
133	Suboptimal Vitamin B Intakes of Zambian Preschool Children: Evaluation of 24-Hour Dietary Recalls. Food and Nutrition Bulletin, 2018, 39, 281-289.	1.4	8
134	Liver retinol estimated by ¹³ C-retinol isotope dilution at 7 versus 14 days in Burkinabe schoolchildren. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2019, 244, 1430-1437.	2.4	8
135	Retinol isotope dilution accurately predicts liver reserves in piglets but overestimates reserves in lactating sows. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2019, 244, 579-587.	2.4	8
136	High-Dose Neonatal Vitamin A Supplementation to Bangladeshi Infants Increases the Percentage of CCR9-Positive Treg Cells in Infants with Lower Birthweight in Early Infancy, and Decreases Plasma sCD14 Concentration and the Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency at Two Years of Age. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 3005-3012.	2.9	8
137	Metabolism of Neonatal Vitamin A Supplementation: A Systematic Review. Advances in Nutrition, 2021, 12, 942-958.	6.4	8
138	Serum α- and β-Carotene Concentrations Qualitatively Respond to Sustained Carrot Feeding. Experimental Biology and Medicine, 2009, 234, 1280-1286.	2.4	7
139	13C Natural Abundance of Serum Retinol Is a Novel Biomarker for Evaluating Provitamin A Carotenoid-Biofortified Maize Consumption in Male Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 1290-1297.	2.9	7
140	Maize Milling Method Affects Growth and Zinc Status but Not Provitamin A Carotenoid Bioefficacy in Male Mongolian Gerbils. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, jn241935.	2.9	7
141	Serum Carotenoids Reveal Poor Fruit and Vegetable Intake among Schoolchildren in Burkina Faso. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1422.	4.1	7
142	Utility of the relative-dose-response and modified-relative-dose-response tests as population indicators of vitamin A status. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 82, 1135-1137.	4.7	6
143	Reply to G Heinz et al. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 82, 1135.	4.7	6
144	Interspecies comparison of stellate cellâ€containing macula flavae and vitamin <scp>A</scp> storage in vocal fold mucosa. Journal of Anatomy, 2014, 225, 298-305.	1.5	6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
145	Nutrient-Wise Review of Evidence and Safety of Fortification. , 2018, , 247-253.		6
146	Metabolomics Reveals Altered Hepatic Bile Acids, Gut Microbiome Metabolites, and Cell Membrane Lipids Associated with Marginal Vitamin A Deficiency in a Mongolian Gerbil Model. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2020, 64, e1901319.	3.3	6
147	Recommendations to adjust national vitamin A intervention policy must follow a consistent framework. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 113, 1707-1708.	4.7	6
148	Research Recommendations for Applying Vitamin A-Labelled Isotope Dilution Techniques to Improve Human Vitamin A Nutrition. International Journal for Vitamin and Nutrition Research, 2014, 84, 52-59.	1.5	6
149	Plasma turnover of 3,4-didehydroretinol (vitamin A2) increases in vitamin A-deficient rats fed low versus high dietary fat. Journal of Lipid Research, 2009, 50, 694-703.	4.2	5
150	Hypervitaminosis A in experimental nonhuman primates: evidence, causes, and the road to recovery. American Journal of Primatology, 2009, 71, 813-816.	1.7	5
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