

# Axel Munnecke

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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118  
papers

4,363  
citations

136885

32  
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114418

63  
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120  
all docs

120  
docs citations

120  
times ranked

2261  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Bryozoan-rich stromatolites (bryostromatolites) from the Silurian of Gotland and their relation to climate-related perturbations of the global carbon cycle. <i>Sedimentology</i> , 2022, 69, 162-198.	1.6	8
2	Modern brackish bryostromatolites (‘‘bryoliths’’) from Zeeland (Netherlands). <i>Palaeobiodiversity and Palaeoenvironments</i> , 2022, 102, 89-101.	0.6	4
3	Osmium and lithium isotope evidence for weathering feedbacks linked to orbitally paced organic carbon burial and Silurian glaciations. <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 2022, 577, 117260.	1.8	15
4	Bryozoans from the lower Silurian (Telychian) Hanchiatien Formation from southern Chongqing, South China. <i>Journal of Paleontology</i> , 2021, 95, 252-267.	0.5	1
5	Hydrocarbon-seep deposits in the lower Permian Angie Formation, Central Lhasa Block, Tibet. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2021, 90, 258-272.	3.0	9
6	Late Jurassic (Oxfordian–Kimmeridgian) brachiopods of the El Bayadh Area (Central Saharan Atlas). <i>Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf s Biology</i> , 2021, 33, 3260-3280.	0.7	4
7	First record of the Middle Darriwilian $\delta^{13}C$ excursion (MDICE) in southern Xizang (Tibet), China, and its implications. <i>Carbonates and Evaporites</i> , 2021, 36, 1.	0.4	4
8	Palaeozoic stromatoporoid diagenesis: a synthesis. <i>Facies</i> , 2021, 67, 1.	0.7	7
9	Paleoenvironment of the Lower–Middle Cambrian Evaporite Series in the Tarim Basin and Its Impact on the Organic Matter Enrichment of Shallow Water Source Rocks. <i>Minerals (Basel, Switzerland)</i> , 2021, 11, 659.	0.8	4
10	High-resolution correlation of the Homeric carbon isotope excursion (Silurian) across the interior of the Midland Platform (Avalonia), UK. <i>Geological Magazine</i> , 2020, 157, 603-620.	0.9	2
11	Algae, calcitarchs and the Late Ordovician Baltic limestone facies of the Baltic Basin. <i>Facies</i> , 2020, 66, 1.	0.7	4
12	Lithological dependence of aragonite preservation in monospecific gastropod deposits of the Miocene Mainz Basin: Implications for the (dia-)genesis of limestone–marl alternations. <i>Journal of Sedimentary Research</i> , 2020, 90, 1500-1509.	0.8	5
13	Interplay of Autogenic and Allogenic Processes On the Formation of Shallow Carbonate Cycles in a Synrift Setting (Lower Pliensbachian, Traras Mountains, NW Algeria). <i>Journal of Sedimentary Research</i> , 2019, 89, 784-807.	0.8	6
14	First documentation of Middle Ordovician warm-water carbonates in the Mount Jolmo Lungma (Mount Everest) area, southern Xizang (Tibet), China, and its paleogeographic implications. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2019, 530, 136-151.	1.0	10
15	The oldest deep-boring bivalves? Evidence from the Silurian of Gotland (Sweden). <i>Facies</i> , 2019, 65, 1.	0.7	4
16	Microbially induced wrinkle structures in Middle Devonian siliciclastics from the Prague Basin, Czech Republic. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2019, 52, 149-164.	0.6	7
17	Carbonate concretions in Miocene mudrocks in NW Algeria: types, geochemistry, and origins. <i>Facies</i> , 2019, 65, 1.	0.7	6
18	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2019, 62, 599-613.	1.0	3

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19	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2019, 62, 599-613.	1.0	0
20	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2019, 62, 599-613.	1.0	3
21	Givetian/Frasnian (Middle/Upper Devonian) transition in the eastern Taurides, Turkey. <i>Turkish Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2019, 28, 207-231.	0.4	1
22	Microfacies, depositional environments and meter-scale cycles of the middle Jurassic Tuwaiq Mountain formation, central Saudi Arabia. <i>Journal of African Earth Sciences</i> , 2018, 145, 80-101.	0.9	8
23	Oxygen isotope analysis of the eyes of pelagic trilobites: Testing the application of sea temperature proxies for the Ordovician. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2018, 57, 157-169.	3.0	9
24	Harnessing stratigraphic bias at the section scale: conodont diversity in the Homerian (Silurian) of the Midland Platform, England. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2018, 61, 57-76.	1.0	9
25	A major anomaly in the carbon cycle during the late Cisuralian (Permian): Timing, underlying triggers and implications. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2018, 491, 112-122.	1.0	19
26	Evidence for Palaeozoic orthoconic cephalopods with bimineralic shells. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2018, 61, 173-181.	1.0	5
27	REVEALING THE GENESIS OF LIMESTONE-MARL ALTERNATIONS: A TAPHONOMIC APPROACH. <i>Palaios</i> , 2018, 34, 15-31.	0.6	16
28	Early Silurian (Telychian) bryozoan reefs in the epeiric sea of South China: Are heterotrophic metazoan buildups promoted by internal waves?. <i>Sedimentary Geology</i> , 2018, 376, 50-59.	1.0	2
29	Distinguishing Biologically Controlled Calcareous Biomineralization in Fossil Organisms Using Electron Backscatter Diffraction (EBSD). <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , 2018, 6, .	0.8	7
30	Understanding Palaeozoic stromatoporoid growth. <i>Earth-Science Reviews</i> , 2018, 187, 53-76.	4.0	28
31	Windward and leeward margins of an Upper Ordovician carbonate platform in the Central Tarim Uplift, Xinjiang, northwestern China. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 474, 79-88.	1.0	11
32	Prevailing anoxia in the Kungurian (Permian) of South China: Possible response to divergent climate trends between the tropics and Gondwana. <i>Gondwana Research</i> , 2017, 49, 81-93.	3.0	20
33	Chitinozoan biostratigraphy and carbon isotope stratigraphy from the Upper Ordovician Skogerholmen Formation in the Oslo Region. A new perspective for the Hirnantian lower boundary in Baltica. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2017, 246, 109-119.	0.8	7
34	Conodonts in Silurian hypersaline environments: Specialized and unexpectedly diverse. <i>Geology</i> , 2017, 45, 3-6.	2.0	9
35	Stratigraphical and $\delta^{13}C$ records of Permo-Carboniferous platform carbonates, South China: Responses to late Paleozoic icehouse climate and icehouse "greenhouse" transition. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 474, 113-129.	1.0	39
36	Dissecting Calathium-microbial frameworks: The significance of calathids for the Middle Ordovician reefs in the Tarim Basin, northwestern China. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2017, 474, 66-78.	1.0	22

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37	Faunal and facies changes through the mid Homerian (late Wenlock, Silurian) positive carbon isotope excursion in Podolia, western Ukraine. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2016, 49, 170-198.	0.6	19
38	The nature of Ordovician limestone-marl alternations in the Oslo-Asker District (Norway): witnesses of primary glacio-eustasy or diagenetic rhythms?. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 18787.	1.6	24
39	Late Wenlock carbon isotope excursions and associated conodont fauna in the Podlasie Depression, eastern Poland: a not-so-big crisis?. <i>Geological Journal</i> , 2016, 51, 683-703.	0.6	19
40	End-Wenlock terminal Mulde carbon isotope excursion in Gotland, Sweden: Integration of stratigraphy and taphonomy for correlations across restricted facies and specialized faunas. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 457, 304-322.	1.0	14
41	First report of <i>Archaeoscyphia rectilinearis</i> (Porifera) from the Wenlock of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Gff</i> , 2016, 138, 424-429.	0.4	1
42	Mass occurrence of the large solitary rugose coral <i>Phaulactis angusta</i> at the boundary Lower/Upper Visby Formation in the Silurian of Gotland, Sweden: palaeoecology and depositional implications. <i>Gff</i> , 2016, 138, 393-409.	0.4	4
43	The onset of the "Ordovician Plankton Revolution" in the late Cambrian. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 458, 12-28.	1.0	116
44	Ordovician stable carbon isotope stratigraphy in the Tarim Basin, NW China. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 458, 154-175.	1.0	66
45	Ramp morphology controlling the facies differentiation of a Late Ordovician reef complex at Bachu, Tarim Block, NW China. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2015, 48, 509-521.	0.6	16
46	Exceptional bryozoan assemblage of a microbial-dominated reef from the early Wenlock of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Gff</i> , 2015, 137, 102-125.	0.4	11
47	Diagenesis makes the impossible come true: intersecting beds in calcareous turbidites. <i>Facies</i> , 2015, 61, 1.	0.7	11
48	Microfacies and carbon isotope records of Mississippian carbonates from the isolated Bama Platform of Youjiang Basin, South China: Possible responses to climate-driven upwelling. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2015, 438, 96-112.	1.0	19
49	Metal-induced malformations in early Palaeozoic plankton are harbingers of mass extinction. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 7966.	5.8	66
50	Silurian carbonate high-energy deposits of potential tsunami origin: Distinguishing lateral redeposition and time averaging using carbon isotope chemostratigraphy. <i>Sedimentary Geology</i> , 2015, 315, 14-28.	1.0	7
51	Possible oceanic circulation patterns, surface water currents and upwelling zones in the Early Palaeozoic. <i>Gff</i> , 2014, 136, 229-233.	0.4	54
52	Graptoloid evolutionary rates track Ordovician-Silurian global climate change. <i>Geological Magazine</i> , 2014, 151, 349-364.	0.9	91
53	An unusual microbial-rostroconch assemblage from the Mulde Event (Homerian, middle Silurian) in Podolia, Western Ukraine. <i>Gff</i> , 2014, 136, 120-124.	0.4	10
54	Gypsum evaporites in a patch reef of the upper Slite Group in the Silurian (Wenlock) of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Gff</i> , 2014, 136, 75-79.	0.4	3

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55	The Paleozoic problematica <i>Wetheredella</i> and <i>Allonema</i> are two aspects of the same organism. <i>Facies</i> , 2014, 60, 651-662.	0.7	26
56	Late Ordovician microbial reefs in the Lianglitag Formation (Bachu, Tarim, NW China). <i>Facies</i> , 2014, 60, 663-684.	0.7	18
57	Tubes or cell sheet? A 3-D reconstruction of <i>Halysis</i> Häg, 1932, from the Upper Ordovician of South China. <i>Facies</i> , 2013, 59, 113-132.	0.7	5
58	Reconstructing the environmental conditions around the Silurian Ireviken Event using the carbon isotope composition of bulk and palynomorph organic matter. <i>Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems</i> , 2013, 14, 86-101.	1.0	22
59	Systematic occurrences of malformed (teratological) acritarchs in the run-up of Early Palaeozoic $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ isotope excursions. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2012, 367-368, 137-146.	1.0	25
60	Abnormal forms of acritarchs (phytoplankton) in the upper Hirnantian (Upper Ordovician) of Anticosti Island, Canada. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2012, 173, 46-56.	0.8	17
61	Stable carbon isotope stratigraphy in the Ordovician of South China. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2011, 307, 17-43.	1.0	103
62	Phytoplankton dynamics across the Ordovician/Silurian boundary at low palaeolatitudes: Correlations with carbon isotopic and glacial events. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2011, 312, 79-97.	1.0	47
63	Biostratigraphic and Chemostratigraphic Correlation for the Base of the Middle Ordovician between Yichang and Western Zhejiang Areas, South China. <i>Acta Geologica Sinica</i> , 2011, 85, 320-329.	0.8	8
64	A Revised $^{87}\text{Sr}/^{86}\text{Sr}$ Curve for the Silurian: Implications for Global Ocean Chemistry and the Silurian Timescale. <i>Journal of Geology</i> , 2011, 119, 335-349.	0.7	25
65	Revised correlation of Silurian Provincial Series of North America with global and regional chronostratigraphic units and $\delta^{13}\text{C}_{\text{carb}}$ chemostratigraphy. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2011, 44, 185-202.	0.6	176
66	Concluding IGCP 503: Towards a holistic view of Ordovician and Silurian Earth systems. <i>Episodes</i> , 2011, 34, 32-38.	0.8	14
67	Carbon isotope development in the Ordovician of the Yangtze Gorges region (South China) and its implication for stratigraphic correlation and paleoenvironmental change. <i>Journal of Earth Science (Wuhan, China)</i> , 2010, 21, 70-74.	1.1	7
68	Stable carbon isotope development and sea-level changes during the Late Ludlow (Silurian) of the $\text{Ångström}$ region (Rzepin section, Holy Cross Mountains, Poland). <i>Facies</i> , 2010, 56, 615-633.	0.7	24
69	An assessment of the suitability of individual rhythmic carbonate successions for astrochronological application. <i>Earth-Science Reviews</i> , 2010, 99, 19-30.	4.0	68
70	Paleobiogeography, high-resolution stratigraphy, and the future of Paleozoic biostratigraphy: Fine-scale diachroneity of the Wenlock (Silurian) conodont <i>Kockelella walliseri</i> . <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2010, 294, 232-241.	1.0	30
71	Ordovician and Silurian seawater chemistry, sea level, and climate: A synopsis. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2010, 296, 389-413.	1.0	296
72	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society</i> , 2010, 136, 599-613.	1.0	0

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73	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society</i> , 2010, 136, 599-613.	1.0	0
74	Remarks on the Permian dasycladalean alga <i>Sinoporella leei</i> Yabe, 1949. <i>Geobios</i> , 2009, 42, 221-231.	0.7	2
75	A DISCUSSION AND PROPOSAL CONCERNING THE USE OF THE TERM CALCISPHERES. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2009, 52, 343-348.	1.0	36
76	Silurian calcispheres ( <i>Calcitarcha</i> ) of Gotland (Sweden): Comparisons with calcareous dinoflagellates. <i>Comptes Rendus - Palevol</i> , 2009, 8, 527-534.	0.1	12
77	A Hirnantian (latest Ordovician) reefal bryozoan fauna from Anticosti Island, eastern Canada: taxonomy and chemostratigraphy. <i>Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2009, 46, 207-229.	0.6	19
78	Understanding the Great Ordovician Biodiversification Event (GOBE): Influences of paleogeography, paleoclimate, or paleoecology. <i>GSA Today</i> , 2009, 19, 4.	1.1	129
79	Early Silurian positive $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ excursions and their relationship to glaciations, sea-level changes and extinction events: discussion. <i>Geological Journal</i> , 2008, 43, 517-519.	0.6	17
80	Effects of diagenesis on the astrochronological approach of defining stratigraphic boundaries in calcareous rhythmites: The Tortonian GSSP. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2008, 41, 461-476.	0.6	15
81	Palaeozoic calcareous plankton: evidence from the Silurian of Gotland. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2008, 41, 185-194.	0.6	36
82	The Ordovician Biodiversification: revolution in the oceanic trophic chain. <i>Lethaia</i> , 2008, 41, 99-109.	0.6	175
83	Diagenesis of plattenkalk: examples from the Solnhofen area (Upper Jurassic, southern Germany). <i>Sedimentology</i> , 2008, 55, 1931-1946.	1.6	32
84	A Giant Boring in a Silurian Stromatoporoid Analysed by Computer Tomography. <i>Acta Palaeontologica Polonica</i> , 2008, 53, 149-160.	0.4	26
85	Fabric transitions from shell accumulations to reefs: an introduction with Palaeozoic examples. <i>Geological Society Special Publication</i> , 2007, 275, 1-16.	0.8	5
86	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ records across the late Silurian Lau event: New data from middle palaeo-latitudes of northern peri-Gondwana (Prague Basin, Czech Republic). <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2007, 245, 227-244.	1.0	56
87	What caused the Ordovician biodiversification?. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2007, 245, 1-4.	1.0	9
88	Calcium isotope record of Phanerozoic oceans: Implications for chemical evolution of seawater and its causative mechanisms. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 2007, 71, 5117-5134.	1.6	211
89	Assessing mechanisms of environmental change: Palynological signals across the Late Ludlow (Silurian) positive isotope excursion ( $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ , $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ ) on Gotland, Sweden. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2006, 230, 1-31.	1.0	54
90	Variations in primary aragonite, calcite, and clay in fine-grained calcareous rhythmites of Cambrian to Jurassic age – an environmental archive?. <i>Facies</i> , 2005, 51, 592-607.	0.7	26

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91	Marine Sepiolite in Middle Permian Carbonates of South China: Implications for Secular Variation of Phanerozoic Seawater Chemistry. <i>Journal of Sedimentary Research</i> , 2005, 75, 328-338.	0.8	24
92	NEW SEM OBSERVATIONS OF KERIOTHECAL WALLS: IMPLICATIONS FOR THE EVOLUTION OF FUSULINIDA. <i>Journal of Foraminiferal Research</i> , 2004, 34, 232-242.	0.1	46
93	Acritarch distribution along an inshore-offshore transect in the Gorstian (lower Ludlow) of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2004, 130, 195-216.	0.8	48
94	Multiproxy approach to understanding the origin of Cretaceous pelagic limestone-marl alternations (DSDP site 391, Blake-Bahama Basin). <i>Sedimentology</i> , 2004, 51, 109-126.	1.6	33
95	Shallow-water aragonite recorded in bundles of limestone-marl alternations in the Upper Jurassic of SW Germany. <i>Sedimentary Geology</i> , 2004, 164, 191-202.	1.0	38
96	The Ireviken Event in the lower Silurian of Gotland, Sweden - relation to similar Palaeozoic and Proterozoic events. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2003, 195, 99-124.	1.0	180
97	Limestone-marl alternations: A warm-water phenomenon?. <i>Geology</i> , 2003, 31, 263.	2.0	46
98	Questioning carbonate diagenetic paradigms: evidence from the Neogene of the Bahamas. <i>Marine Geology</i> , 2002, 185, 27-53.	0.9	233
99	New findings and stratigraphical distribution of the Ovummuridae (Palaeozoic calcareous) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 De La Terre Et Des PlanÃtes =, 2001, 333, 179-185.	0.2	1
100	Shell succession, assemblage and species dependent effects on the C/O-isotopic composition of brachiopods - examples from the Silurian of Gotland. <i>Chemical Geology</i> , 2001, 175, 61-107.	1.4	67
101	The mineralogical composition of precursor sediments of calcareous rhythmites: a new approach. <i>International Journal of Earth Sciences</i> , 2001, 90, 795-812.	0.9	57
102	Halysia HÃeg, 1932 - a problematic Cyanophyceae: new evidence from the Silurian of Gotland (Sweden). <i>Neues Jahrbuch FÃ¼r Geologie Und PalÃontologie</i> , 2001, 2001, 21-42.	0.3	8
103	A New Family Of Calcareous Microfossils From The Silurian Of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Palaeontology</i> , 2000, 43, 1153-1172.	1.0	17
104	Differential Diagenesis of Rhythmic Limestone Alternations Supported by Palynological Evidence. <i>Journal of Sedimentary Research</i> , 2000, 70, 715-725.	0.8	67
105	Development of facies and C/O-isotopes in transects through the Ludlow of Gotland: Evidence for global and local influences on a shallow-marine environment. <i>Facies</i> , 2000, 43, 1-38.	0.7	102
106	Sem-observation of calcareous micro- and nanofossils incertae sedis from the Silurian of Gotland, Sweden: Preliminary results. <i>Geobios</i> , 1999, 32, 307-314.	0.7	17
107	Paleoenvironmental changes in the Silurian indicated by stable isotopes in brachiopod shells from Gotland, Sweden. <i>Geochimica Et Cosmochimica Acta</i> , 1997, 61, 2717-2730.	1.6	156
108	Mechanical compaction versus early cementation in fine-grained limestones: differentiation by the preservation of organic microfossils. <i>Sedimentary Geology</i> , 1997, 112, 33-42.	1.0	32



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109	Microspar development during early marine burial diagenesis: a comparison of Pliocene carbonates from the Bahamas with Silurian limestones from Gotland (Sweden). <i>Sedimentology</i> , 1997, 44, 977-990.	1.6	112
110	The formation of micritic limestones and the development of limestone-marl alternations in the Silurian of Gotland, Sweden. <i>Facies</i> , 1996, 34, 159-176.	0.7	134
111	Scanning electron microscopy of polished, slightly etched rock surfaces: A method to observe palynomorphs <i>in situ</i> . <i>Palynology</i> , 1996, 20, 163-176.	0.7	28
112	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Art History</i> , 1978, 1, 599-613.	0.3	0
113	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Art History</i> , 1978, 1, 599-613.	0.3	0
114	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Journal of Microscopy</i> , 1969, 89, 599-613.	0.8	0
115	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Journal of Microscopy</i> , 1969, 89, 599-613.	0.8	0
116	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 1888, 1, 599-613.	1.6	0
117	Coralline red algae from the Silurian of Gotland indicate that the order Corallinales (Corallinophycidae, Rhodophyta) is much older than previously thought. <i>Angewandte Chemie</i> , 1888, 1, 599-613.	1.6	0
118	Morphological variability of peteinoid acritarchs from the Middle Ordovician of Å–land, Sweden, and implications for acritarch classification. <i>Palynology</i> , 0, , 1-15.	0.7	4