Eugene S Tull

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

17 448 9 17 g-index

17 478 3 2.62 ext. papers ext. citations avg, IF L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
17	Spirituality moderates the relationship of psychosocial stress to metabolic risk factors among Afro-Caribbean immigrants in the US Virgin Islands. <i>Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities</i> , 2015 , 2, 132-8	3.5	3
16	The Association of Afro-Caribbean ImmigrantsaFeelings of Disconnection from the Community with the Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health</i> , 2015 , 17, 1848-53	2.2	
15	All-cause mortality in a population-based type 1 diabetes cohort in the U.S. Virgin Islands. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2014 , 103, 504-9	7.4	10
14	The differential gender effect of internalized racism on abdominal obesity in KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa. <i>Social Science Journal</i> , 2013 , 50, 557-564	1.1	7
13	Understanding the relative influence of attitudes and societal norms on dietary intentions among African-Caribbean women. <i>Social Science Journal</i> , 2013 , 50, 583-590	1.1	5
12	An outbreak of dengue fever in St. Croix (US Virgin Islands), 2005. PLoS ONE, 2010 , 5, e13729	3.7	9
11	Education and internalized racism in socio-political context: Zimbabwe and Swaziland. <i>Social Science Journal</i> , 2009 , 46, 644-655	1.1	8
10	Metabolic syndrome among Caribbean-born persons living in the U.S. Virgin Islands. <i>Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2005 , 18, 418-26	4.1	18
9	Relationships between perceived stress, coping behavior and cortisol secretion in women with high and low levels of internalized racism. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2005 , 97, 206-12	2.3	59
8	The relationship of internalized racism to body fat distribution and insulin resistance among African adolescent youth. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2004 , 96, 1594-8	2.3	56
7	Dyslipidemia and insulin resistance in relation to genetic admixture among Hispanics and non-Hispanic blacks of Caribbean origin. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2004 , 96, 332-40	2.3	4
6	Acculturation and psychosocial stress show differential relationships to insulin resistance (HOMA) and body fat distribution in two groups of blacks living in the US Virgin Islands. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2003 , 95, 560-9	2.3	12
5	A preliminary assessment of acculturation and its relationship to body size and glucose intolerance among Blacks in the US Virgin Islands. <i>Ethnicity and Disease</i> , 2003 , 13, 15-21	1.8	10
4	Internalized racism, body fat distribution, and abnormal fasting glucose among African-Caribbean women in Dominica, West Indies. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2002 , 94, 143-8	2.3	47
3	Glucose intolerance by race and ethnicity in the U.S. Virgin Islands. <i>Journal of the National Medical Association</i> , 2002 , 94, 135-42	2.3	5
2	Ascertainment corrected rates: applications of capture-recapture methods. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1993 , 22, 559-65	7.8	159
1	Monitoring the incidence of myocardial infarctions: applications of capture-mark-recapture technology. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 1992 , 21, 258-62	7.8	36