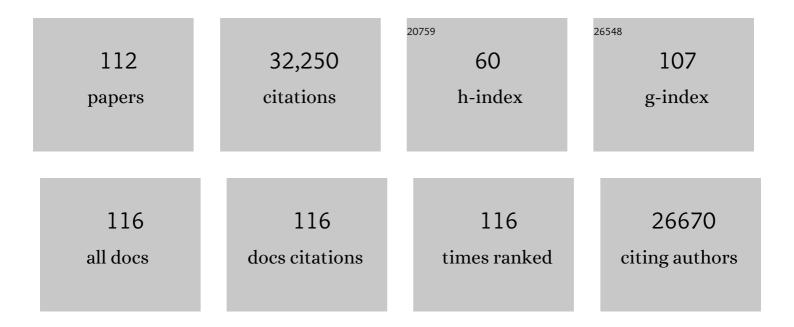
## **Richard P Troiano**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Physical Activity in the United States Measured by Accelerometer. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2008, 40, 181-188.	0.2	6,026
2	World Health Organization 2020 guidelines on physical activity and sedentary behaviour. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2020, 54, 1451-1462.	3.1	4,050
3	The Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2018, 320, 2020.	3.8	3,455
4	Amount of Time Spent in Sedentary Behaviors in the United States, 2003-2004. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 167, 875-881.	1.6	2,093
5	Overweight Prevalence and Trends for Children and Adolescents. JAMA Pediatrics, 1995, 149, 1085.	3.6	1,312
6	Overweight Children and Adolescents: Description, Epidemiology, and Demographics. Pediatrics, 1998, 101, 497-504.	1.0	946
7	Using Intake Biomarkers to Evaluate the Extent of Dietary Misreporting in a Large Sample of Adults: The OPEN Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 1-13.	1.6	856
8	Evolution of accelerometer methods for physical activity research. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2014, 48, 1019-1023.	3.1	710
9	Structure of Dietary Measurement Error: Results of the OPEN Biomarker Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 14-21.	1.6	704
10	Television Watching, Energy Intake, and Obesity in US Children. JAMA Pediatrics, 2001, 155, 360.	3.6	648
11	Accelerometer Use in Physical Activity: Best Practices and Research Recommendations. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2005, 37, S582-S588.	0.2	603
12	Amount of time spent in sedentary behaviors and cause-specific mortality in US adults. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 437-445.	2.2	542
13	Physical Activity in Cancer Prevention and Survival: A Systematic Review. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1252-1261.	0.2	480
14	The Influence of Smoking Cessation on the Prevalence of Overweight in the United States. New England Journal of Medicine, 1995, 333, 1165-1170.	13.9	432
15	Sedentary Activity Associated With Metabolic Syndrome Independent of Physical Activity. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 497-503.	4.3	412
16	Association of Daily Step Count and Step Intensity With Mortality Among US Adults. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 323, 1151.	3.8	365
17	A comparison of a food frequency questionnaire with a 24-hour recall for use in an epidemiological cohort study: results from the biomarker-based Observing Protein and Energy Nutrition (OPEN) study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 32, 1054-1062.	0.9	353
18	Patterns of health behavior in U.S. adults. Preventive Medicine, 2003, 36, 615-623.	1.6	347

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19	Sedentary Behavior and Health: Update from the 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines Advisory Committee. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1227-1241.	0.2	311
20	Physical Activity, All-Cause and Cardiovascular Mortality, and Cardiovascular Disease. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1270-1281.	0.2	311
21	Psychosocial predictors of energy underreporting in a large doubly labeled water study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 79, 795-804.	2.2	280
22	Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans From the US Department of Health and Human Services. Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes, 2018, 11, e005263.	0.9	249
23	Prevalence and trends in physical activity among older adults in the United States: A comparison across three national surveys. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 89, 37-43.	1.6	237
24	Levels and Patterns of Objectively Assessed Physical ActivityA Comparison Between Sweden and the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 171, 1055-1064.	1.6	235
25	Comparison of self-reported dietary intakes from the Automated Self-Administered 24-h recall, 4-d food records, and food-frequency questionnaires against recovery biomarkers. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 107, 80-93.	2.2	233
26	Benefits of Physical Activity during Pregnancy and Postpartum: An Umbrella Review. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1292-1302.	0.2	229
27	Accelerometer-measured dose-response for physical activity, sedentary time, and mortality in US adults. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 104, 1424-1432.	2.2	226
28	Utilization and Harmonization of Adult Accelerometry Data. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2015, 47, 2129-2139.	0.2	222
29	A Catalog of Rules, Variables, and Definitions Applied to Accelerometer Data in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 2003–2006. Preventing Chronic Disease, 2012, 9, E113.	1.7	219
30	The association between urban form and physical activity in U.S. adults. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2002, 23, 74-79.	1.6	210
31	Associations of Relative Handgrip Strength and Cardiovascular Disease Biomarkers in U.S. Adults, 2011–2012. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2016, 50, 677-683.	1.6	191
32	Assessment of Physical Activity Using Wearable Monitors. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2012, 44, S1-S4.	0.2	183
33	The 24-Hour Activity Cycle: A New Paradigm for Physical Activity. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 454-464.	0.2	182
34	Daily Step Counts for Measuring Physical Activity Exposure and Its Relation to Health. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1206-1212.	0.2	179
35	Reliability and Validity of the Past Year Total Physical Activity Questionnaire. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 163, 959-970.	1.6	169
36	Advancing the global physical activity agenda: recommendations for future research by the 2020 WHO physical activity and sedentary behavior guidelines development group. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 143.	2.0	166

3

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37	Large-Scale Applications of Accelerometers. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2007, 39, 1501.	0.2	146
38	Association between Bout Duration of Physical Activity and Health: Systematic Review. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1213-1219.	0.2	145
39	Self-Reported and Objectively Measured Activity Related to Biomarkers Using NHANES. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2011, 43, 815-821.	0.2	144
40	A comparison of two dietary instruments for evaluating the fat–breast cancer relationship. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 1011-1021.	0.9	140
41	Active Transportation Increases Adherence to Activity Recommendations. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2006, 31, 210-216.	1.6	139
42	Employment and Physical Activity in the U.S American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2011, 41, 136-145.	1.6	135
43	Accelerometer-based Physical Activity. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2015, 47, 833-838.	0.2	135
44	Reported Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior: Why Do You Ask?. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2012, 9, S68-S75.	1.0	129
45	A Timely Meeting: Objective Measurement of Physical Activity. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2005, 37, S487-S489.	0.2	127
46	Stature and pubertal stage assessment in American boys: the 1988–1994 Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey1 1The full text of this article is available via JAH Online at http://www.elsevier.com/locate/jahonline Journal of Adolescent Health, 2002, 30, 205-212.	1.2	121
47	OPEN about obesity: recovery biomarkers, dietary reporting errors and BMI. International Journal of Obesity, 2007, 31, 956-961.	1.6	119
48	High-Intensity Interval Training for Cardiometabolic Disease Prevention. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 1220-1226.	0.2	119
49	Water turnover in 458 American adults 40-79 yr of age. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2004, 286, F394-F401.	1.3	105
50	Moderateâ€ŧoâ€Vigorous Physical Activity and Allâ€Cause Mortality: Do Bouts Matter?. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, .	1.6	105
51	Physical Activity and Acculturation Among Adult Hispanics in the United States. Research Quarterly for Exercise and Sport, 2006, 77, 147-157.	0.8	104
52	Linking the American Time Use Survey (ATUS) and the Compendium of Physical Activities: Methods and Rationale. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2009, 6, 347-353.	1.0	104
53	Physical Activity Assessment with the ActiGraph GT3X and Doubly Labeled Water. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2017, 49, 1935-1944.	0.2	101
54	Adjustments to Improve the Estimation of Usual Dietary Intake Distributions in the Population. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 1836-1843.	1.3	98

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55	Comparison of the ActiGraph 7164 and the ActiGraph GT1M during Self-Paced Locomotion. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2010, 42, 971-976.	0.2	98
56	Measurement of Active and Sedentary Behavior in Context of Large Epidemiologic Studies. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 266-276.	0.2	80
57	The accuracy of the Goldberg method for classifying misreporters of energy intake on a food frequency questionnaire and 24-h recalls: comparison with doubly labeled water. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 66, 569-576.	1.3	78
58	Walking the Dog: Is Pet Ownership Associated With Physical Activity in California?. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2008, 5, 216-228.	1.0	73
59	Total daily energy expenditure among middle-aged men and women: the OPEN Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 382-387.	2.2	72
60	Muscular Grip Strength Estimates of the U.S. Population From the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2011–2012. Journal of Strength and Conditioning Research, 2016, 30, 867-874.	1.0	69
61	How can global physical activity surveillance adapt to evolving physical activity guidelines? Needs, challenges and future directions. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2020, 54, 1468-1473.	3.1	68
62	Precision of the doubly labeled water method in a large-scale application: evaluation of a streamlined-dosing protocol in the Observing Protein and Energy Nutrition (OPEN) study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 57, 1370-1377.	1.3	60
63	Assigning Metabolic Equivalent Values to the 2002 Census Occupational Classification System. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2011, 8, 581-586.	1.0	60
64	Weight Change and the Risk of Late-Onset Breast Cancer in the Original Framingham Cohort. Nutrition and Cancer, 2004, 49, 7-13.	0.9	59
65	Volume of Light Versus Moderateâ€toâ€Vigorous Physical Activity: Similar Benefits for Allâ€Cause Mortality?. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, .	1.6	59
66	Number of accelerometer monitoring days needed for stable group-level estimates of activity. Physiological Measurement, 2016, 37, 1447-1455.	1.2	54
67	Translating accelerometer counts into energy expenditure: advancing the quest. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2006, 100, 1107-1108.	1.2	50
68	Estimated Number of Deaths Prevented Through Increased Physical Activity Among US Adults. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2022, 182, 349.	2.6	50
69	Be Physically Active Each Day. How Can We Know?. Journal of Nutrition, 2001, 131, 451S-460S.	1.3	45
70	A Measurement Error Model for Physical Activity Level as Measured by a Questionnaire With Application to the 1999-2006 NHANES Questionnaire. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 1199-1208.	1.6	44
71	Strategic Priorities for Physical Activity Surveillance in the United States. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2016, 48, 2057-2069.	0.2	43
72	Summary of the 2000 Surgeon General's Listening Session: Toward a National Action Plan on Overweight and Obesity. Obesity, 2002, 10, 1299-1305.	4.0	38

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73	US Population-referenced Percentiles for Wrist-Worn Accelerometer-derived Activity. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2021, 53, 2455-2464.	0.2	37
74	Comparison of estimated renal net acid excretion from dietary intake and body size with urine pH. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2003, 103, 1001-1007.	1.3	36
75	Evaluating the impact of population changes in diet, physical activity, and weight status on population risk for colon cancer (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 2001, 12, 305-316.	0.8	35
76	Sedentary Behavior in U.S. Adults: Fall 2019. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2021, 53, 2512-2519.	0.2	31
77	Can there be a single best measure of reported physical activity?. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 736-737.	2.2	29
78	Relation between holiday weight gain and total energy expenditure among 40- to 69-y-old men and women (OPEN study). American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 726-731.	2.2	29
79	Recall of Physical Activity in the Distant Past: The 32-Year Follow-up of the Prospective Population Study of Women in Goteborg, Sweden. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 304-307.	1.6	28
80	Opportunities for Public Health to Increase Physical Activity Among Youths. American Journal of Public Health, 2015, 105, 421-426.	1.5	27
81	Physical Activity Measures in the Healthy Communities Study. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, 653-659.	1.6	26
82	Influence of Accelerometer Calibration Approach on Moderate–Vigorous Physical Activity Estimates for Adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 2285-2291.	0.2	26
83	BMI and mortality: the limits of epidemiological evidence. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 734-736.	6.3	23
84	Physical Inactivity among Young People. New England Journal of Medicine, 2002, 347, 706-707.	13.9	20
85	Reproducibility of Accelerometer and Posture-derived Measures of Physical Activity. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2020, 52, 876-883.	0.2	19
86	Physical Activity and Physical Fitness. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 42, 486-492.	1.6	16
87	Measurement Error Affecting Web- and Paper-Based Dietary Assessment Instruments: Insights From the Multi-Cohort Eating and Activity Study for Understanding Reporting Error. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 191, 1125-1139.	1.6	16
88	Promises and Pitfalls of Emerging Measures of Physical Activity and the Environment. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2010, 38, 682-683.	1.6	15
89	Multiple imputation of completely missing repeated measures data within person from a complex sample: application to accelerometer data in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Statistics in Medicine, 2016, 35, 5170-5188.	0.8	15
90	Physical Activity and Total Daily Energy Expenditure in Older US Adults: Constrained versus Additive Models. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2022, 54, 98-105.	0.2	14

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91	Effect of smoking status on total energy expenditure. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2010, 7, 81.	1.3	13
92	Reproducibility of physical activity recall over fifteen years: longitudinal evidence from the CARDIA study. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 180.	1.2	11
93	Can socioeconomic health differences be explained by physical activity at work and during leisure time? Rationale and protocol of the active worker individual participant meta-analysis. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e023379.	0.8	11
94	Longâ€Term Effects of Hurricane Andrew: Revisiting Mental Health Indicators. Disasters, 1995, 19, 235-246.	1.1	10
95	Knowledge of energy balance guidelines and associated clinical care practices: The U.S. National Survey of Energy Balance Related Care among Primary Care Physicians. Preventive Medicine, 2012, 55, 28-33.	1.6	10
96	Exploration of Confounding Due to Poor Health in an Accelerometer–Mortality Study. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2020, 52, 2546-2553.	0.2	10
97	Associations of Sedentary Time with Energy Expenditure and Anthropometric Measures. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 2575-2583.	0.2	9
98	Evaluation of Long-term Community Recovery from Hurricane Andrew: Sources of Assistance Received by Population Sub-groups. Disasters, 1995, 19, 338-347.	1.1	8
99	How Many Accelerometer Days are Needed for Stable Population and Individual Weekly Activity Estimates?. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2010, 42, 117-118.	0.2	6
100	Use of population-referenced total activity counts percentiles to assess and classify physical activity of population groups. Preventive Medicine, 2016, 87, 35-40.	1.6	5
101	Within-Person Differences in Physical Activity Measured by Self-Report and Accelerometer in NHANES 2003-2004. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2008, 40, S203.	0.2	3
102	Higher 24-h Total Movement Activity Percentile Is Associated with Better Cognitive Performance in U.S. Older Adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2022, 54, 1317-1325.	0.2	3
103	Amount Of Time Spent In Sedentary Behaviors And Cause-specific Mortality In Us Adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2011, 43, 28.	0.2	1
104	Differences between objective and self-report measures of physical activity. What do they mean?. The Korean Journal of Measurement and Evaluation in Physical Education and Sports Science, 2008, 10, 31-42.	0.2	1
105	A Measurement Error Model for Physical Activity Level with Application to a Physical Activity Questionnaire. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2010, 42, 809.	0.2	0
106	Principal Component Analysis of Accelerometer-Assessed Daily Physical Activity and Inactivity Among Adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2011, 43, 539.	0.2	0
107	Translating Physical Activity Science into Federal Policy. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2016, 48, 234.	0.2	0
108	Exploration of Novel Parameters of Activity Volume Variability and Associations with Cardiometabolic Biomarkers. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2016, 48, 230.	0.2	0

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109	Evaluating Measures of Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior Suitable for Large Epidemiologic Studies. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2017, 49, 530.	0.2	0
110	Evaluating the Science for Physical Activity Policy. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2017, 49, 1011-1012.	0.2	0
111	Strong Evidence from the 2018 Physical Activity Guidelines Advisory Committee. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 634-635.	0.2	0
112	Associations Between Steps Per Day And Mortality In A Representative Sample Of US Adults. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 448-448.	0.2	0