

Laura N Vandenberg

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

107
papers

12,123
citations

46
h-index

110
g-index

119
ext. papers

14,013
ext. citations

5.3
avg, IF

6.7
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|-----|--|------|-----------|
| 107 | Towards a paradigm shift in environmental health decision-making: a case study of oxybenzone.. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2022 , 21, 6 | 6 | 0 |
| 106 | Low Dose Effects and Nonmonotonic Dose Responses for Endocrine Disruptors 2022 , 141-163 | | 0 |
| 105 | UV screening chemicals 2022 , 911-930 | | 0 |
| 104 | Best practices to quantify the impact of reproductive toxicants on development, function, and diseases of the rodent mammary gland. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2022 , | 3.4 | 2 |
| 103 | The science of spin: targeted strategies to manufacture doubt with detrimental effects on environmental and public health. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2021 , 20, 33 | 6 | 8 |
| 102 | Exposure to Propylparaben During Pregnancy and Lactation Induces Long-Term Alterations to the Mammary Gland in Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2021 , 162, | 4.8 | 2 |
| 101 | Endocrine disrupting chemicals: strategies to protect present and future generations. <i>Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2021 , 16, 135-146 | 4.1 | 3 |
| 100 | Influences of sex, rhythm and generation on the obesogenic potential of erythromycin to <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> . <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2021 , 771, 145315 | 10.2 | 5 |
| 99 | Update on the Health Effects of Bisphenol A: Overwhelming Evidence of Harm. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2021 , 162, | 4.8 | 35 |
| 98 | Endocrine disrupting chemicals and the mammary gland. <i>Advances in Pharmacology</i> , 2021 , 92, 237-277 | 5.7 | 0 |
| 97 | Assessing the Public Health Implications of the Food Preservative Propylparaben: Has This Chemical Been Safely Used for Decades. <i>Current Environmental Health Reports</i> , 2021 , 8, 54-70 | 6.5 | 4 |
| 96 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICOLOGY: The male mammary gland: a novel target of endocrine-disrupting chemicals. <i>Reproduction</i> , 2021 , 162, F79-F89 | 3.8 | 3 |
| 95 | Toxicity testing and endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Advances in Pharmacology</i> , 2021 , 92, 35-71 | 5.7 | 2 |
| 94 | Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals and Child Health. <i>Annual Review of Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2021 , | 17.9 | 3 |
| 93 | Agrochemicals with estrogenic endocrine disrupting properties: Lessons Learned?. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 518, 110860 | 4.4 | 14 |
| 92 | Impacts of food contact chemicals on human health: a consensus statement. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2020 , 19, 25 | 6 | 50 |
| 91 | Effects of Benzophenone-3 and Propylparaben on Estrogen Receptor-Dependent R-Loops and DNA Damage in Breast Epithelial Cells and Mice. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2020 , 128, 17002 | 8.4 | 13 |

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| 90 | Obesogenic Effect of Sulfamethoxazole on with Simultaneous Disturbances on Eclosion Rhythm, Glucolipid Metabolism, and Microbiota. <i>Environmental Science & Technology</i> , 2020 , 54, 5667-5675 | 10.3 | 11 |
| 89 | Consensus on the key characteristics of endocrine-disrupting chemicals as a basis for hazard identification. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 16, 45-57 | 15.2 | 224 |
| 88 | The Use and Misuse of Historical Controls in Regulatory Toxicology: Lessons from the CLARITY-BPA Study. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 161, | 4.8 | 11 |
| 87 | Endocrine-disrupting chemicals: economic, regulatory, and policy implications. <i>Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 8, 719-730 | 18.1 | 63 |
| 86 | Thresholds and Endocrine Disruptors: An Endocrine Society Policy Perspective. <i>Journal of the Endocrine Society</i> , 2020 , 4, bvaa085 | 0.4 | 13 |
| 85 | Exposure to low doses of oxybenzone during perinatal development alters mammary gland morphology in male and female mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2020 , 92, 66-77 | 3.4 | 12 |
| 84 | The Mouse Mammary Gland: a Tool to Inform Adolescents About Environmental Causes of Breast Cancer. <i>Journal of Cancer Education</i> , 2020 , 35, 1094-1100 | 1.8 | 3 |
| 83 | Data describing effects of perinatal exposure to bisphenol S on a peripubertal estrogen challenge in intact female CD-1 mice. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2019 , 25, 103862 | 1.2 | 2 |
| 82 | There are good clinical, scientific, and social reasons to strengthen links between biomedical and environmental research. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2019 , 111, 124-126 | 5.7 | 4 |
| 81 | Bisphenol S alters development of the male mouse mammary gland and sensitizes it to a peripubertal estrogen challenge. <i>Toxicology</i> , 2019 , 424, 152234 | 4.4 | 10 |
| 80 | The parental brain and behavior: A target for endocrine disruption. <i>Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology</i> , 2019 , 54, 100765 | 8.9 | 13 |
| 79 | Endocrine disruptors and the future of toxicology testing - lessons from CLARITY-BPA. <i>Nature Reviews Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 15, 366-374 | 15.2 | 82 |
| 78 | Distract, delay, disrupt: examples of manufactured doubt from five industries. <i>Reviews on Environmental Health</i> , 2019 , 34, 349-363 | 3.8 | 9 |
| 77 | CLARITY-BPA academic laboratory studies identify consistent low-dose Bisphenol A effects on multiple organ systems. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2019 , 125 Suppl 3, 14-31 | 3.1 | 52 |
| 76 | Low dose effects challenge the evaluation of endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Trends in Food Science and Technology</i> , 2019 , 84, 58-61 | 15.3 | 19 |
| 75 | Prenatal Exposure to Unconventional Oil and Gas Operation Chemical Mixtures Altered Mammary Gland Development in Adult Female Mice. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2018 , 159, 1277-1289 | 4.8 | 16 |
| 74 | Genetic variation in sensitivity to estrogens and breast cancer risk. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 2018 , 29, 24-37 | 3.2 | 13 |
| 73 | Low dose bisphenol S or ethinyl estradiol exposures during the perinatal period alter female mouse mammary gland development. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2018 , 78, 50-59 | 3.4 | 51 |

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| 72 | Oxybenzone Alters Mammary Gland Morphology in Mice Exposed During Pregnancy and Lactation. <i>Journal of the Endocrine Society</i> , 2018 , 2, 903-921 | 0.4 | 21 |
| 71 | Developmental estrogen exposures and disruptions to maternal behavior and brain: Effects of ethinyl estradiol, a common positive control. <i>Hormones and Behavior</i> , 2018 , 101, 113-124 | 3.7 | 5 |
| 70 | Asymmetric development of the male mouse mammary gland and its response to a prenatal or postnatal estrogen challenge. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2018 , 82, 63-71 | 3.4 | 7 |
| 69 | Nonmonotonic Dose-Response Curves Occur in Dose Ranges That Are Relevant to Regulatory Decision-Making. <i>Dose-Response</i> , 2018 , 16, 1559325818798282 | 2.3 | 55 |
| 68 | Plastic bodies in a plastic world: multi-disciplinary approaches to study endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Journal of Cleaner Production</i> , 2017 , 140, 373-385 | 10.3 | 20 |
| 67 | Is it time to reassess current safety standards for glyphosate-based herbicides?. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2017 , 71, 613-618 | 5.1 | 90 |
| 66 | Handling of thermal paper: Implications for dermal exposure to bisphenol A and its alternatives. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0178449 | 3.7 | 31 |
| 65 | Endocrine Disruptors and Health Effects in Africa: A Call for Action. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2017 , 125, 085005 | 8.4 | 21 |
| 64 | Low doses of 17 β ethinyl estradiol alter the maternal brain and induce stereotypies in CD-1 mice exposed during pregnancy and lactation. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 73, 20-29 | 3.4 | 10 |
| 63 | Bisphenol S Alters the Lactating Mammary Gland and Nursing Behaviors in Mice Exposed During Pregnancy and Lactation. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 3448-3461 | 4.8 | 50 |
| 62 | Data describing lack of effects of 17 β ethinyl estradiol on mammary gland morphology in female mice exposed during pregnancy and lactation. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2017 , 14, 337-343 | 1.2 | 3 |
| 61 | Developmental exposures to bisphenol S, a BPA replacement, alter estrogen-responsiveness of the female reproductive tract: A pilot study. <i>Cogent Medicine</i> , 2017 , 4, 1317690 | 1.4 | 22 |
| 60 | The mouse mammary gland as a sentinel organ: distinguishing control populations with diverse environmental histories. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2017 , 16, 25 | 6 | 10 |
| 59 | Metabolism disrupting chemicals and metabolic disorders. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2017 , 68, 3-33 | 3.4 | 500 |
| 58 | Developmental exposures to bisphenol S, a BPA replacement, alter estrogen-responsiveness of the female reproductive tract: a pilot study. <i>Cogent Medicine</i> , 2017 , 4, | 1.4 | 10 |
| 57 | Bisphenol S (BPS) Alters Maternal Behavior and Brain in Mice Exposed During Pregnancy/Lactation and Their Daughters. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2017 , 158, 516-530 | 4.8 | 64 |
| 56 | A proposed framework for the systematic review and integrated assessment (SYRINA) of endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2016 , 15, 74 | 6 | 70 |
| 55 | The Path Forward on Endocrine Disruptors Requires Focus on the Basics. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2016 , 149, 272 | 4.4 | 3 |

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| 54 | Uppsala Consensus Statement on Environmental Contaminants and the Global Obesity Epidemic. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2016 , 124, A81-3 | 8.4 | 27 |
| 53 | To Cull or Not To Cull? Considerations for Studies of Endocrine-Disrupting Chemicals. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 157, 2586-94 | 4.8 | 25 |
| 52 | Peer-reviewed and unbiased research, rather than sound science should be used to evaluate endocrine-disrupting chemicals. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2016 , 70, 1051-1056 | 5.1 | 22 |
| 51 | Reform of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): An Endocrine Society Policy Perspective. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 157, 4514-4515 | 4.8 | 4 |
| 50 | Concerns over use of glyphosate-based herbicides and risks associated with exposures: a consensus statement. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2016 , 15, 19 | 6 | 436 |
| 49 | Developmental origins of health and disease: a paradigm for understanding disease cause and prevention. <i>Current Opinion in Pediatrics</i> , 2015 , 27, 248-53 | 3.2 | 204 |
| 48 | Beyond a means of exposure: a new view of the mother in toxicology research. <i>Toxicology Research</i> , 2015 , 4, 592-612 | 2.6 | 23 |
| 47 | Manufacturing doubt about endocrine disrupter science--A rebuttal of industry-sponsored critical comments on the UNEP/WHO report "State of the Science of Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals 2012". <i>Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology</i> , 2015 , 73, 1007-17 | 3.4 | 46 |
| 46 | Assessing dose-response relationships for endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs): a focus on non-monotonicity. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2015 , 14, 42 | 6 | 56 |
| 45 | Endocrine disruptors alter social behaviors and indirectly influence social hierarchies via changes in body weight. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2015 , 14, 64 | 6 | 51 |
| 44 | Using systematic reviews for hazard and risk assessment of endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Reviews in Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders</i> , 2015 , 16, 273-87 | 10.5 | 22 |
| 43 | Nonmonotonic Responses in Endocrine Disruption 2015 , 123-140 | | |
| 42 | Low-dose effects of hormones and endocrine disruptors. <i>Vitamins and Hormones</i> , 2014 , 94, 129-65 | 2.5 | 87 |
| 41 | Casting a wide net for endocrine disruptors. <i>Chemistry and Biology</i> , 2014 , 21, 705-6 | | 4 |
| 40 | Left-right patterning in <i>Xenopus</i> conjoined twin embryos requires serotonin signaling and gap junctions. <i>International Journal of Developmental Biology</i> , 2014 , 58, 799-809 | 1.9 | 14 |
| 39 | Non-monotonic dose responses in studies of endocrine disrupting chemicals: bisphenol a as a case study. <i>Dose-Response</i> , 2014 , 12, 259-76 | 2.3 | 194 |
| 38 | Non-monotonic dose responses in EDSP Tier 1 guideline assays. <i>Endocrine Disruptors (Austin, Tex)</i> , 2014 , 2, e964530 | | 11 |
| 37 | A path forward in the debate over health impacts of endocrine disrupting chemicals. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2014 , 13, 118 | 6 | 87 |

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| 36 | A round robin approach to the analysis of bisphenol A (BPA) in human blood samples. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2014 , 13, 25 | 6 | 76 |
| 35 | Rab GTPases are required for early orientation of the left-right axis in <i>Xenopus</i> . <i>Mechanisms of Development</i> , 2013 , 130, 254-71 | 1.7 | 11 |
| 34 | Human exposures to bisphenol A: mismatches between data and assumptions. <i>Reviews on Environmental Health</i> , 2013 , 28, 37-58 | 3.8 | 151 |
| 33 | Light-activated serotonin for exploring its action in biological systems. <i>Chemistry and Biology</i> , 2013 , 20, 1536-46 | | 23 |
| 32 | The male mammary gland: a target for the xenoestrogen bisphenol A. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 37, 15-23 | 3.4 | 45 |
| 31 | Regulatory decisions on endocrine disrupting chemicals should be based on the principles of endocrinology. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2013 , 38, 1-15 | 3.4 | 139 |
| 30 | A unified model for left-right asymmetry? Comparison and synthesis of molecular models of embryonic laterality. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2013 , 379, 1-15 | 3.1 | 114 |
| 29 | It's never too early to get it Right: A conserved role for the cytoskeleton in left-right asymmetry. <i>Communicative and Integrative Biology</i> , 2013 , 6, e27155 | 1.7 | 23 |
| 28 | Low dose effects of bisphenol A. <i>Endocrine Disruptors (Austin, Tex)</i> , 2013 , 1, e26490 | | 139 |
| 27 | Serotonin has early, cilia-independent roles in <i>Xenopus</i> left-right patterning. <i>DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms</i> , 2013 , 6, 261-8 | 4.1 | 27 |
| 26 | Polarity proteins are required for left-right axis orientation and twin-twin instruction. <i>Genesis</i> , 2012 , 50, 219-34 | 1.9 | 15 |
| 25 | Laterality defects are influenced by timing of treatments and animal model. <i>Differentiation</i> , 2012 , 83, 26-37 | 3.5 | 9 |
| 24 | Hormones and endocrine-disrupting chemicals: low-dose effects and nonmonotonic dose responses. <i>Endocrine Reviews</i> , 2012 , 33, 378-455 | 27.2 | 1916 |
| 23 | Bisphenol A 2012 , 381-413 | | 4 |
| 22 | Low frequency vibrations induce malformations in two aquatic species in a frequency-, waveform-, and direction-specific manner. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e51473 | 3.7 | 13 |
| 21 | Urinary, circulating, and tissue biomonitoring studies indicate widespread exposure to bisphenol A. <i>Ciencia E Saude Coletiva</i> , 2012 , 17, 407-34 | 2.2 | 140 |
| 20 | Normalized shape and location of perturbed craniofacial structures in the <i>Xenopus</i> tadpole reveal an innate ability to achieve correct morphology. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2012 , 241, 863-78 | 2.9 | 57 |
| 19 | Low frequency vibrations disrupt left-right patterning in the <i>Xenopus</i> embryo. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011 , 6, e233067 | | 13 |

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| 18 | V-ATPase-dependent ectodermal voltage and pH regionalization are required for craniofacial morphogenesis. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2011 , 240, 1889-904 | 2.9 | 90 |
| 17 | Exposure to bisphenol A in Canada: invoking the precautionary principle. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2011 , 183, 1265-70 | 3.5 | 30 |
| 16 | Biomonitoring studies should be used by regulatory agencies to assess human exposure levels and safety of bisphenol A. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2010 , 118, 1051-4 | 8.4 | 84 |
| 15 | Consistent left-right asymmetry cannot be established by late organizers in <i>Xenopus</i> unless the late organizer is a conjoined twin. <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , 2010 , 137, 1095-105 | 6.6 | 20 |
| 14 | Flawed experimental design reveals the need for guidelines requiring appropriate positive controls in endocrine disruption research. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2010 , 115, 612-3 | 4.4 | 64 |
| 13 | Urinary, circulating, and tissue biomonitoring studies indicate widespread exposure to bisphenol A. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2010 , 118, 1055-70 | 8.4 | 883 |
| 12 | Far from solved: a perspective on what we know about early mechanisms of left-right asymmetry. <i>Developmental Dynamics</i> , 2010 , 239, 3131-46 | 2.9 | 80 |
| 11 | Why public health agencies cannot depend on good laboratory practices as a criterion for selecting data: the case of bisphenol A. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2009 , 117, 309-15 | 8.4 | 212 |
| 10 | Bisphenol-A and the great divide: a review of controversies in the field of endocrine disruption. <i>Endocrine Reviews</i> , 2009 , 30, 75-95 | 27.2 | 1014 |
| 9 | Perspectives and open problems in the early phases of left-right patterning. <i>Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology</i> , 2009 , 20, 456-63 | 7.5 | 49 |
| 8 | Perinatal exposure to the xenoestrogen bisphenol-A induces mammary intraductal hyperplasias in adult CD-1 mice. <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2008 , 26, 210-9 | 3.4 | 137 |
| 7 | Does breast cancer start in the womb?. <i>Basic and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2008 , 102, 125-33.1 | 3.1 | 122 |
| 6 | Perinatal bisphenol A exposure increases estrogen sensitivity of the mammary gland in diverse mouse strains. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2007 , 115, 592-8 | 8.4 | 93 |
| 5 | Human exposure to bisphenol A (BPA). <i>Reproductive Toxicology</i> , 2007 , 24, 139-77 | 3.4 | 1934 |
| 4 | Exposure to environmentally relevant doses of the xenoestrogen bisphenol-A alters development of the fetal mouse mammary gland. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2007 , 148, 116-27 | 4.8 | 216 |
| 3 | Evidence of altered brain sexual differentiation in mice exposed perinatally to low, environmentally relevant levels of bisphenol A. <i>Endocrinology</i> , 2006 , 147, 3681-91 | 4.8 | 260 |
| 2 | The mammary gland response to estradiol: monotonic at the cellular level, non-monotonic at the tissue-level of organization?. <i>Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2006 , 101, 263-74 | 5.1 | 75 |
| 1 | Two cleavage products of the <i>Drosophila</i> accessory gland protein ovulin can independently induce ovulation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005 , 102, 743-8 | 11.5 | 80 |

