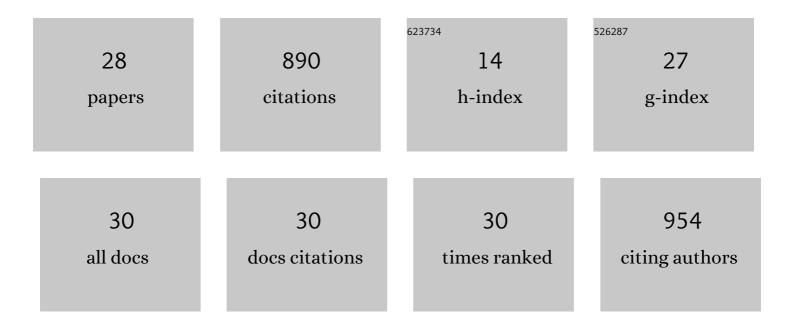
Derick G Wansink

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Imaging of CPP Delivery Mechanisms of Oligonucleotides. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2022, 2383, 197-210. | 0.9 | 2 |
| 2 | A comprehensive atlas of fetal splicing patterns in the brain of adult myotonic dystrophy type 1 patients. NAR Genomics and Bioinformatics, 2022, 4, lqac016. | 3.2 | 2 |
| 3 | Systemic cell therapy for muscular dystrophies. Stem Cell Reviews and Reports, 2021, 17, 878-899. | 3.8 | 11 |
| 4 | 248th ENMC International Workshop: Myotonic dystrophies: Molecular approaches for clinical purposes, framing a European molecular research network, Hoofddorp, the Netherlands, 11–13 October 2019. Neuromuscular Disorders, 2020, 30, 521-531. | 0.6 | 1 |
| 5 | Advanced Fluorescence Imaging to Distinguish Between Intracellular Fractions of Antisense Oligonucleotides. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2020, 2063, 119-138. | 0.9 | 3 |
| 6 | In Vitro Synthesis and RNA Structure Probing of CUG Triplet Repeat RNA. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2020, 2056, 187-202. | 0.9 | 0 |
| 7 | The nuclear concentration required for antisense oligonucleotide activity in myotonic dystrophy cells. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 11314-11325. | 0.5 | 14 |
| 8 | CRISPR/Cas Applications in Myotonic Dystrophy: Expanding Opportunities. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2019, 20, 3689. | 4.1 | 24 |
| 9 | Expanded CUG repeats in <i>DMPK</i> transcripts adopt diverse hairpin conformations without influencing the structure of the flanking sequences. Rna, 2019, 25, 481-495. | 3.5 | 15 |
| 10 | Certainty-based marking in a formative assessment improves student course appreciation but not summative examination scores. BMC Medical Education, 2019, 19, 178. | 2.4 | 6 |
| 11 | (CTG)n repeat-mediated dysregulation of MBNL1 and MBNL2 expression during myogenesis in DM1 occurs already at the myoblast stage. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0217317. | 2.5 | 12 |
| 12 | Recovery in the Myogenic Program of Congenital Myotonic Dystrophy Myoblasts after Excision of the Expanded (CTG)n Repeat. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2019, 20, 5685. | 4.1 | 14 |
| 13 | Assisted delivery of antisense therapeutics in animal models of heritable neurodegenerative and neuromuscular disorders: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 4181. | 3.3 | 9 |
| 14 | Abnormalities in Skeletal Muscle Myogenesis, Growth, and Regeneration in Myotonic Dystrophy. Frontiers in Neurology, 2018, 9, 368. | 2.4 | 51 |
| 15 | Antisense transcription of the myotonic dystrophy locus yields low-abundant RNAs with and without (CAG)n repeat. RNA Biology, 2017, 14, 1374-1388. | 3.1 | 25 |
| 16 | CRISPR/Cas9-Induced (CTGâ‹CAG) n Repeat Instability in the Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1 Locus: Implications for Therapeutic Genome Editing. Molecular Therapy, 2017, 25, 24-43. | 8.2 | 108 |
| 17 | Trinucleotide-repeat expanded and normal DMPK transcripts contain unusually long poly(A) tails despite differential nuclear residence. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Gene Regulatory Mechanisms, 2017, 1860, 740-749. | 1.9 | 7 |
| 18 | Intracellular Distribution and Nuclear Activity of Antisense Oligonucleotides After Unassisted Uptake in Myoblasts and Differentiated Myotubes <i>In Vitro</i> . Nucleic Acid Therapeutics, 2017, 27, 144-158. | 3.6 | 15 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | A low absolute number of expanded transcripts is involved in myotonic dystrophy type 1 manifestation in muscle. Human Molecular Genetics, 2016, 25, 1648-1662. | 2.9 | 31 |
| 20 | Cell Membrane Integrity in Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1: Implications for Therapy. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0121556. | 2.5 | 21 |
| 21 | Design and Analysis of Effects of Triplet Repeat Oligonucleotides in Cell Models for Myotonic Dystrophy. Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids, 2013, 2, e81. | 5.1 | 42 |
| 22 | Abnormal actomyosin assembly in proliferating and differentiating myoblasts upon expression of a cytosolic DMPK isoform. Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Cell Research, 2011, 1813, 867-877. | 4.1 | 14 |
| 23 | DMPK protein isoforms are differentially expressed in myogenic and neural cell lineages. Muscle and Nerve, 2009, 40, 545-555. | 2.2 | 19 |
| 24 | Triplet-repeat oligonucleotide-mediated reversal of RNA toxicity in myotonic dystrophy. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 13915-13920. | 7.1 | 245 |
| 25 | A Tail-Anchored Myotonic Dystrophy Protein Kinase Isoform Induces Perinuclear Clustering of Mitochondria, Autophagy, and Apoptosis. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e8024. | 2.5 | 22 |
| 26 | Transgenic overexpression of human DMPK accumulates into hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, myotonic myopathy and hypotension traits of myotonic dystrophy. Human Molecular Genetics, 2004, 13, 2505-2518. | 2.9 | 55 |
| 27 | Alternative Splicing Controls Myotonic Dystrophy Protein Kinase Structure, Enzymatic Activity, and Subcellular Localization. Molecular and Cellular Biology, 2003, 23, 5489-5501. | 2.3 | 54 |
| 28 | Constitutive and regulated modes of splicing produce six major myotonic dystrophy protein kinase (DMPK) isoforms with distinct properties. Human Molecular Genetics, 2000, 9, 605-616. | 2.9 | 60 |